

West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Quality

Joe Manchin, III
Governor

Randy C. Huffman
Cabinet Secretary

Permit to Operate



Pursuant to
Title V
of the Clean Air Act

Issued to:

E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Inc.
Belle Plant
(Higher Monomers, MAM/MAA, MMA, [SAR](#))
R30-03900001-2009 (3 of 5)

John A. Benedict
Director

Issued: April 21, 2009 • Effective: May 5, 2009
Expiration: April 21, 2014 • Renewal Application Due: October 21, 2013

Permit Number: **R30-03900001-2009 (3 of 5)**
Permittee: **E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Inc.**
Facility Name: **Belle Plant**
Mailing Address: **901 W. DuPont Ave.**
Belle, WV 25015

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45CSR30 — Requirements for Operating Permits. The permittee identified at the above-referenced facility is authorized to operate the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Facility Location:	Belle, Kanawha County, West Virginia
Mailing Address:	901 W. DuPont Ave. Belle, WV 25015
Telephone Number:	304-357-1000
Type of Business Entity:	Corporation
Facility Description:	Manufacture of various organic and agricultural chemicals
SIC Codes:	2869; 2879
UTM Coordinates:	451.90 km Easting • 4232.60 km Northing • Zone 17

Permit Writer: Mike Egnor

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§ 22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.

Issuance of this Title V Operating Permit does not supersede or invalidate any existing permits under 45CSR13, 14 or 19, although all applicable requirements from such permits governing the facility's operation and compliance have been incorporated into the Title V Operating Permit.

Table of Contents

1.0	Emission Units and Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits	4
1.1.	Emission Units	4
1.2.	Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits	8
2.0	General Conditions.....	9
2.1.	Definitions	9
2.2.	Acronyms	9
2.3.	Permit Expiration and Renewal	10
2.4.	Permit Actions	10
2.5.	Reopening for Cause.....	10
2.6.	Administrative Permit Amendments	11
2.7.	Minor Permit Modifications	11
2.8.	Significant Permit Modification.....	11
2.9.	Emissions Trading	11
2.10.	Off-Permit Changes	11
2.11.	Operational Flexibility	12
2.12.	Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios	13
2.13.	Duty to Comply.....	13
2.14.	Inspection and Entry	13
2.15.	Schedule of Compliance	14
2.16.	Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense	14
2.17.	Emergency	14
2.18.	Federally-Enforceable Requirements.....	15
2.19.	Duty to Provide Information.....	15
2.20.	Duty to Supplement and Correct Information.....	15
2.21.	Permit Shield	16
2.22.	Credible Evidence.....	16
2.23.	Severability	16
2.24.	Property Rights	16
2.25.	Acid Deposition Control.....	17
3.0	Facility-Wide Requirements	18
3.1.	Limitations and Standards.....	18
3.2.	Monitoring Requirements	19
3.3.	Testing Requirements	20
3.4.	Recordkeeping Requirements	20
3.5.	Reporting Requirements	21
3.6.	Compliance Plan	23
3.7.	Permit Shield	23
4.0	Source-Specific Requirements [MAm/MAA].....	24
4.1.	Limitations and Standards.....	24
4.2.	Monitoring Requirements	26
4.3.	Testing Requirements	26
4.4.	Recordkeeping Requirements	26
4.5.	Reporting Requirements	27
4.6.	Compliance Plan	28

5.0	Source-Specific Requirements [MMA/Higher Monomers]	29
5.1.	Limitations and Standards.....	29
5.2.	Monitoring Requirements	33
5.3.	Testing Requirements	37
5.4.	Recordkeeping Requirements	38
5.5.	Reporting Requirements	40
5.6.	Compliance Plan	41
6.0	Source-Specific Requirements [SAR]	42
6.1.	Limitations and Standards	42
6.2.	Monitoring Requirements	42
6.3.	Testing Requirements	43
6.4.	Recordkeeping Requirements	44
6.5.	Reporting Requirements	44
6.6.	Compliance Plan	44
	Appendix A (NOx Budget)	415
	Appendix B (Rule 10 Monitoring Plan)	4650

1.0 Emission Units and Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits

1.1 Emission Units

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
<i>Higher Monomers</i>					
ACR001	553.010	Distillation apparatus	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR002	551.001	Distillation apparatus	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR003	552.009	Distillation apparatus	1970	<20,000 gal	None
ACR004	552.001	Distillation apparatus	1935/1973	<20,000 gal	None
ACR005	553.010	Heat exchanger	1936		None
ACR006	551.001	Heat exchanger	1965		None
ACR007	552.009	Heat exchanger	1960		None
ACR008	552.001	Heat exchanger	1956		None
ACR009	553.010	Heat exchanger	1942		None
ACR010	551.001	Heat exchanger	1965		None
ACR011	552.009	Heat exchanger	1965		None
ACR012	552.001	Heat exchanger	1941		None
ACR013	553.010	Vacuum equipment	1964	100 lb/hr dry air	None
ACR014	551.001	Vacuum equipment	1965	100 lb/hr dry air	None
ACR015	552.009	Vacuum equipment	1974	150 lb/hr dry air	None
ACR016	552.001	Vacuum equipment	1974	150 lb/hr dry air	None
ACR017	552.012	Storage tank	1942	<20,000 gal	None
ACR018	552.003	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR019	552.002	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR020	561.0010	Storage tank	1933	>20,000 gal	None
ACR021	561.0015	Storage tank	1957	>20,000 gal	None
ACR022	561.008	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR023	551.002	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR024	551.009	Storage tank	1843	<20,000 gal	None
ACR025	561.007	Storage tank	1933	>20,000 gal	None

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
ACR026	561.001	Storage tank	1933	>20,000 gal	None
ACR027	561.0013	Storage tank	1942	<20,000 gal	None
ACR028	553.003	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR029	561.0014	Storage tank	1970	>20,000 gal	None
ACR030	554.008	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR031	554.004	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR032	554.002	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR033	553.004	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR034	552.014	Storage tank	1940	<20,000 gal	None
ACR035	552.004	Storage tank	1940	<20,000 gal	None
ACR036	551.007	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR037	554.003	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR038	551.005	Storage tank	1937	<20,000 gal	None
ACR039	551.004	Storage tank	1937	<20,000 gal	None
ACR040	565.009	Storage tank	1935	>20,000 gal	None
ACR040A	565.009A	Storage tank	Modified 2008	50,000 gal	Internal Floating Roof
ACR041	551.012	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR042	551.006	Storage tank	1959	<20,000 gal	None
ACR043	565.006	Storage tank	1934	<20,000 gal	None
ACR044	565.008	Storage tank	1947	<20,000 gal	None
ACR045	565.007	Storage tank	1939	<20,000 gal	None
ACR046	565.005	Storage tank	1940	<20,000 gal	None
ACR047	552.013	Storage tank	1939	<20,000 gal	None
ACR048	552.015	Storage tank	1940	<20,000 gal	None
ACR049	551.008	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR050	552.007	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR051	554.006	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
Methacrylic Acid (MAM/MAA)					
ACR101	511.111	Storage tank	1962	>20,000 gal	None
ACR102	511.001	Vessel	1978	<20,000 gal	None
ACR103	511.001	Vessel	1978	<20,000 gal	None

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
ACR104	511.001	Vessel	1978	<20,000 gal	None
ACR105	511.001	Vessel	1978	<20,000 gal	None
ACR106	511.001	Heat exchanger	1978, 1989	N/A	None
ACR107	511.001	Vessel	2000	<20,000 gal	None
ACR108	511.001	Storage vessel	1977	<20,000 gal	None
ACR109	531.101	Vessel	1968	<20,000 gal	None
ACR110	531.101	Vessel	1968	<20,000 gal	None
ACR111	531.101	Heat exchanger	1987		None
ACR112	531.101	Vessel	1968	<20,000 gal	None
ACR113	531.101	Heat exchanger	1994		None
ACR114	531.101	Scrubber	1970	25 gallons	None
ACR115	531.101	Vessel	1968	<20,000 gal	None
ACR116	531.101	Heat exchanger	1985		None
ACR117	531.102	Tank	1993	<20,000 gal	None
ACR118	531.102	Heat exchanger	1987		None
ACR119	531.102	Vacuum system	1977	NA	None
ACR120	531.103	Storage vessel	1995	15444 gallons	None
ACR121	531.102	Purification apparatus	1977	<20,000 gal	None
ACR122	531.101	Purification apparatus	1968	<20,000 gal	None
ACR123	531.101	Heat exchanger	1968		None
ACR124	531.101	Scrubbing column	1968	1550 gallons	None
ACR125	564.106	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR126	564.107	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR127	564.108	Storage tank	1965	<20,000 gal	None
ACR128	564.109	Storage tank	1969	>20,000 gal	None
ACR129	564.110	Storage tank	1975	>20,000 gal	None
ACR130	511.009	Phenothiazine Inhibitor Storage tanks	1989, 1994	<20,000 gal	None
ACR301	562.006	Storage tank	1973	>20,000 gal	None
ACR303	562.007	Storage tank	1973	>20,000 gal	None
ACR325	562.004	Storage tank	1957	>20,000 gal	None
ACR326	562.005	Storage tank	1968	>20,000 gal	None

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
MMA					
ACR201	561.005	Storage tank	1993	>20,000 gal	Floating roof
ACR202	525.002	Storage tank	1936	<20,000 gal	None
ACR203	525.003	Storage tank	1942	<20,000 gal	None
ACR204	525.004	Distillation apparatus	1943	<20,000 gal	None
ACR205	561.003/561.004	Jacketed pipe	1989	NA	None
ACR206	525.004	Heat exchanger	1940	NA	None
ACR207	525.004	Vacuum system	1989	NA	None
ACR208	561.003	Storage tank	1962	>20,000 gal	None
ACR209	561.004	Storage tank	1967	>20,000 gal	None
ACR210	581.001/581.002/581.003	Loading rack	NA	NA	None
SAR					
ACR301	562.006	Storage tank	1973	>20,000 gal	None
ACR302	562.006	Scrubbing Column	1991	275 gallons	None
ACR303	562.007	Storage tank	1973	>20,000 gal	None
ACR304	541.002	Fired heater	1965	NA	None
ACR305	541.001	Furnace	1965	116000 gallons	None
ACR306	541.001	Heat exchanger	1980	NA	None
ACR307	541.01	Storage tank	2001	<20,000 gal	None
ACR308	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1993	1150 gallons	None
ACR309	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1965	32500 gallons	None
ACR310	541.001	Duct	2001	NA	None
ACR311	541.001	Heat exchanger	1965	NA	None
ACR312	541.001	Tank	1985	<20,000 gal	None
ACR313	541.001	Demister	1965	6800 gallons	None
ACR314	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1965	170000 gallons	None
ACR315	541.001	Tank	1999	>20,000 gal	None
ACR316	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1965	3900 gallons	None
ACR317	541.001	Compressor	1965	NA	None

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
ACR318	541.001	Heat exchanger	1965	NA	None
ACR319	541.001	Vessel	1965	<20,000-gal	None
ACR320	541.003	Fired heater	1992	NA	None
ACR321	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1993	39700-gallons	None
ACR322	541.001	Tank	1993	<20,000-gal	None
ACR323	541.001	Tank	1965	<20,000-gal	None
ACR324	541.001	Process stream scrubber	1965	170000-gallons	None
ACR325	562.004	Storage tank	1957	>20,000-gal	None
ACR326	562.005	Storage tank	1968	>20,000-gal	None
ACR327	562.008	Storage Tank	1965	70-tons	None
<i>Control Devices</i>					
ACRCD1	561.005	Floating Roof Tank	1993	> 151m ³	N/A

1.2. Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits

The underlying authority for any conditions from R13, R14, and/or R19 permits contained in this operating permit is cited using the original permit number (e.g. R13-1234). The current applicable version of such permit(s) is listed below.

Permit Number	Date of Issuance
R13-1002D	2/3/05
R13-1628A	7/17/07
R13-2641	12/12/05
R13-2742	4/1/08

2.0 General Conditions

2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the "West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act" or the "Air Pollution Control Act" mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The "Clean Air Act" means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.
- 2.1.4. Unless otherwise specified in a permit condition or underlying rule or regulation, all references to a "rolling yearly total" shall mean the sum of the data, values or parameters being measured, monitored, or recorded, at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

2.2. Acronyms

CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments	NO_x	Nitrogen Oxides
CBI	Confidential Business Information	NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor	PM	Particulate Matter
CES	Certified Emission Statement	PM₁₀	Particulate Matter less than 10µm in diameter
C.F.R. or CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	pph	Pounds per Hour
CO	Carbon Monoxide	ppm	Parts per Million
C.S.R. or CSR	Codes of State Rules	PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
DAQ	Division of Air Quality	psi	Pounds per Square Inch
DEP	Department of Environmental Protection	SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act	SIP	State Implementation Plan
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant	SO₂	Sulfur Dioxide
HON	Hazardous Organic NESHAP	TAP	Toxic Air Pollutant
HP	Horsepower	TPY	Tons per Year
lbs/hr or lb/hr	Pounds per Hour	TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
LDAR	Leak Detection and Repair	TSP	Total Suspended Particulate
m	Thousand	USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology	UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
mm	Million	VEE	Visual Emissions Evaluation
mmBtu/hr	Million British Thermal Units per Hour	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
mmft³/hr or mmcf/hr	Million Cubic Feet Burned per Hour		
NA or N/A	Not Applicable		
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards		
NESHAPS	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants		

2.3. Permit Expiration and Renewal

- 2.3.1. Permit duration. This permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on the cover of this permit, except as provided in 45CSR§30-6.3.b. and 45CSR§30-6.3.c.
[45CSR§30-5.1.b.]
- 2.3.2. A permit renewal application is timely if it is submitted at least six (6) months prior to the date of permit expiration.
[45CSR§30-4.1.a.3.]
- 2.3.3. Permit expiration terminates the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted consistent with 45CSR§30-6.2. and 45CSR§30-4.1.a.3.
[45CSR§30-6.3.b.]
- 2.3.4. If the Secretary fails to take final action to deny or approve a timely and complete permit application before the end of the term of the previous permit, the permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied, and any permit shield granted for the permit shall continue in effect during that time.
[45CSR§30-6.3.c.]

2.4. Permit Actions

- 2.4.1. This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
[45CSR§30-5.1.f.3.]

2.5. Reopening for Cause

- 2.5.1. This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
- a. Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Secretary's legislative rules become applicable to a major source with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 45CSR§§30-6.6.a.1.A. or B.
 - b. Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or other legislative rules of the Secretary. Upon approval by U.S. EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be incorporated into the permit.
 - c. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
 - d. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked and reissued to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

[45CSR§30-6.6.a.]

2.6. Administrative Permit Amendments

- 2.6.1. The permittee may request an administrative permit amendment as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.4.
[45CSR§30-6.4.]

2.7. Minor Permit Modifications

- 2.7.1. The permittee may request a minor permit modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.5.a.
[45CSR§30-6.5.a.]

2.8. Significant Permit Modification

- 2.8.1. The permittee may request a significant permit modification, in accordance with 45CSR§30-6.5.b., for permit modifications that do not qualify for minor permit modifications or as administrative amendments.
[45CSR§30-6.5.b.]

2.9. Emissions Trading

- 2.9.1. No permit revision shall be required, under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in the permit and that are in accordance with all applicable requirements.
[45CSR§30-5.1.h.]

2.10. Off-Permit Changes

- 2.10.1. Except as provided below, a facility may make any change in its operations or emissions that is not addressed nor prohibited in its permit and which is not considered to be construction nor modification under any rule promulgated by the Secretary without obtaining an amendment or modification of its permit. Such changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:
- a. The change must meet all applicable requirements and may not violate any existing permit term or condition.
 - b. The permittee must provide a written notice of the change to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA within two (2) business days following the date of the change. Such written notice shall describe each such change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted, and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.
 - c. The change shall not qualify for the permit shield.
 - d. The permittee shall keep records describing all changes made at the source that result in emissions of regulated air pollutants, but not otherwise regulated under the permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes.
 - e. No permittee may make any change subject to any requirement under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) pursuant to the provisions of 45CSR§30-5.9.

- f. No permittee may make any changes which would require preconstruction review under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act (including 45CSR14 and 45CSR19) pursuant to the provisions of 45CSR§30-5.9.

[45CSR§30-5.9.]

2.11. Operational Flexibility

- 2.11.1. The permittee may make changes within the facility as provided by § 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act. Such operational flexibility shall be provided in the permit in conformance with the permit application and applicable requirements. No such changes shall be a modification under any rule or any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act (including 45CSR14 and 45CSR19) promulgated by the Secretary in accordance with Title I of the Clean Air Act and the change shall not result in a level of emissions exceeding the emissions allowable under the permit.

[45CSR§30-5.8]

- 2.11.2. Before making a change under 45CSR§30-5.8., the permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA, describing the change to be made, the date on which the change will occur, any changes in emissions, and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall thereafter maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Secretary shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. The written notice shall be provided to the Secretary and U.S. EPA at least seven (7) days prior to the date that the change is to be made, except that this period may be shortened or eliminated as necessary for a change that must be implemented more quickly to address unanticipated conditions posing a significant health, safety, or environmental hazard. If less than seven (7) days notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to such unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the Secretary and U.S. EPA as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.

[45CSR§30-5.8.a.]

- 2.11.3. The permit shield shall not apply to changes made under 45CSR§30-5.8., except those provided for in 45CSR§30-5.8.d. However, the protection of the permit shield will continue to apply to operations and emissions that are not affected by the change, provided that the permittee complies with the terms and conditions of the permit applicable to such operations and emissions. The permit shield may be reinstated for emissions and operations affected by the change:

- a. If subsequent changes cause the facility's operations and emissions to revert to those authorized in the permit and the permittee resumes compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit, or
- b. If the permittee obtains final approval of a significant modification to the permit to incorporate the change in the permit.

[45CSR§30-5.8.c.]

- 2.11.4. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" are changes that contravene an express permit term. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements.

[45CSR§30-2.39]

2.12. Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios

- 2.12.1. The following are terms and conditions for reasonably anticipated operating scenarios identified in this permit.
- a. Contemporaneously with making a change from one operating scenario to another, the permittee shall record in a log at the permitted facility a record of the scenario under which it is operating and to document the change in reports submitted pursuant to the terms of this permit and 45CSR30.
 - b. The permit shield shall extend to all terms and conditions under each such operating scenario; and
 - c. The terms and conditions of each such alternative scenario shall meet all applicable requirements and the requirements of 45CSR30.

[45CSR§30-5.1.i.]

2.13. Duty to Comply

- 2.13.1. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.1.]

2.14. Inspection and Entry

- 2.14.1. The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
- a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
 - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

[45CSR§30-5.3.b.]

2.15. Schedule of Compliance

- 2.15.1. For sources subject to a compliance schedule, certified progress reports shall be submitted consistent with the applicable schedule of compliance set forth in this permit and 45CSR§30-4.3.h., but at least every six (6) months, and no greater than once a month, and shall include the following:
- a. Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones or compliance were achieved; and
 - b. An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measure adopted.

[45CSR§30-5.3.d.]

2.16. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense

- 2.16.1. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.2.]

2.17. Emergency

- 2.17.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

[45CSR§30-5.7.a.]

- 2.17.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of 45CSR§30-5.7.c. are met.

[45CSR§30-5.7.b.]

- 2.17.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:

- a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
- b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
- c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and

- d. Subject to the requirements of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.1, the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice, report, and variance request fulfills the requirement of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR§30-5.7.c.]

- 2.17.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.

[45CSR§30-5.7.d.]

- 2.17.5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

[45CSR§30-5.7.e.]

2.18. Federally-Enforceable Requirements

- 2.18.1. All terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit a source's potential to emit and excepting those provisions that are specifically designated in the permit as "State-enforceable only", are enforceable by the Secretary, USEPA, and citizens under the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.2.a.]

- 2.18.2. Those provisions specifically designated in the permit as "State-enforceable only" shall become "Federally-enforceable" requirements upon SIP approval by the USEPA.

2.19. Duty to Provide Information

- 2.19.1. The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.5.]

2.20. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

- 2.20.1. Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

[45CSR§30-4.2.]

2.21. Permit Shield

2.21.1. Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance provided that such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit or the Secretary has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source and this permit includes such a determination or a concise summary thereof.

[45CSR§30-5.6.a.]

2.21.2. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:

- a. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance; or
- b. The applicable requirements of the Code of West Virginia and Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), consistent with § 408 (a) of the Clean Air Act.
- c. The authority of the Administrator of U.S. EPA to require information under § 114 of the Clean Air Act or to issue emergency orders under § 303 of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.6.c.]

2.22. Credible Evidence

2.22.1. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defenses otherwise available to the permittee including but not limited to any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

[45CSR§30-5.3.e.3.B. and 45CSR38]

2.23. Severability

2.23.1. The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining permit terms and conditions or their application to other circumstances shall remain in full force and effect.

[45CSR§30-5.1.e.]

2.24. Property Rights

2.24.1. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.4]

2.25. Acid Deposition Control

- 2.25.1. Emissions shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or rules of the Secretary promulgated thereunder.
- a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the acid deposition control program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision under any other applicable requirement.
 - b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source. The source may not, however, use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement.
 - c. Any such allowance shall be accounted for according to the procedures established in rules promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.1.d.]

- 2.25.2. Where applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act are more stringent than any applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Secretary and U. S. EPA.

[45CSR§30-5.1.a.2.]

3.0 Facility-Wide Requirements

3.1 Limitations and Standards

- 3.1.1. **Open burning.** The open burning of refuse by any person is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1. **[45CSR§6-3.1.]**
- 3.1.2. **Open burning exemptions.** The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause or allow any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible. **[45CSR§6-3.2.]**
- 3.1.3. **Asbestos.** The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management and the Bureau for Public Health - Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them. **[40 C.F.R. §61.145(b) and 45CSR15]**
- 3.1.4. **Odor.** No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public. **[45CSR§4-3.1 State-Enforceable only.]**
- 3.1.5. **Standby plan for reducing emissions.** When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11. **[45CSR§11-5.2]**
- 3.1.6. **Emission inventory.** The permittee is responsible for submitting, on an annual basis, an emission inventory in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. **[W.Va. Code § 22-5-4(a)(14)]**
- 3.1.7. **Ozone-depleting substances.** For those facilities performing maintenance, service, repair or disposal of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
- a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the prohibitions and required practices pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.154 and 82.156.
 - b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.158.

- c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.161.

[40 C.F.R. 82, Subpart F]

- 3.1.8. **Risk Management Plan.** Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 68.3, become subject to Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit a risk management plan (RMP) by the date specified in 40 C.F.R. § 68.10 and shall certify compliance with the requirements of Part 68 as part of the annual compliance certification as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 70 or 71.

[40 C.F.R. 68]

- 3.1.9. **NO_x Budget Trading Program.** The permittee shall comply with the standard requirements set forth in the attached NO_x Budget Permit Application (see Appendix A) and the NO_x Budget Permit requirements set forth in 45CSR1 for each NO_x budget source. The complete NO_x Budget Permit Application shall be the NO_x Budget Permit portion of the Title V permit administered in accordance with 45CSR30.

[45CSR§§1-6.1.b. and 20.1.]

- a. The NO_x Budget portion of this permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the definitions of terms under 45CSR§1-2 and, upon recordation by the Administrator under 45CSR§1-50 through 45CSR§1-57, 45CSR§1-60 through 45CSR§1-62 or 45CSR§1-80 through 45CSR§88, every allocation, transfer or deduction of a NO_x allowance to or from the compliance accounts of the NO_x Budget units covered by the permit or the overdraft account of the NO_x budget source covered by the permit.

[45CSR§1-23.2.]

- b. Except as provided in 45CSR§1-23.2, the Director will revise the NO_x Budget portion of this permit, as necessary, in accordance with the operating permit revision requirements set forth in 45CSR30.

[45CSR§1-24.1.]

- 3.1.10. The permitted facility shall be constructed and operated in accordance with information filed in Permit Applications R13-1002, R13-1002A, R13-1002B, R13-1002C, R13-1002D and R13-1628, and any amendments thereto. The Director may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to.

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1002 – (Condition 2.5.1.), Permit No. R13-1628 - (Condition C.3.)]

- 3.1.11. **Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain all pollution control equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications so as to provide the guaranteed minimum control efficiency, or with any more stringent control requirements as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

[45CSR§13-5.11, Permit No. R13-1002 - (Condition 3.1.8.), Permit No. R13-2742 – (Condition 4.1.2.)]

3.2. Monitoring Requirements

N/A

3.3. Testing Requirements

- 3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:
- a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63, if applicable, in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable.
 - b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit.
 - c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.

[WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(15) and 45CSR13]

3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 3.4.1. **Monitoring information.** The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:
- a. The date, place as defined in this permit and time of sampling or measurements;
 - b. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - e. The results of the analyses; and

f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.A. 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2641 – (Condition 4.4.1), No. R13-2742 – (Condition 4.4.1)]

3.4.2. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, application, or record creation date. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. Where appropriate, records may be maintained in computerized form in lieu of the above records.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.B.]

3.4.3. **Odors.** For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c. State-Enforceable only.]

3.4.4. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.**

a. The permittee shall maintain maintenance records relating to the failure and/or repair of air pollution control devices and fugitive emissions control systems. Such records shall contain, at a minimum, the equipment ID number, a brief description of the equipment, the date of failure and/or repair, the nature of the problem, actions taken, and the name or initials of the person making the record entry. In the event of air pollution control equipment, fugitive emissions control system, or system failure, these records shall document the permittee's effort to maintain proper and effective operation of such equipment and/or systems.

b. Air pollution control equipment maintenance records shall be retained on-site for a period of five (5) years. Certified records, signed by a Responsible Official or an Authorized Representative shall be made available to the Secretary or a duly authorized representative upon request; and

c. Maintenance records required by this section may be kept in electronic format. The document(s) shall be printed and certified by a Responsible Official or Authorized Representative upon request.

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1002D – (Condition 3.4.2.)]

3.5. Reporting Requirements

3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

[45CSR§§30-4.4. and 5.1.c.3.D.]

3.5.2. A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required under 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3. pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.E.]

- 3.5.3. Except in the case of the electronic submittal requirement in 3.5.5, aAll notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, mailed first class or by private carrier with postage prepaid to the address(es) set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

If to the DAQ:

Director
WVDEP
Division of Air Quality
601 57th Street SE
Charleston, WV 25304

Phone: 304/926-0475
FAX: 304/926-0478

If to the US EPA:

Associate Director
Office of Enforcement and Permits Review
(3AP12)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region III
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

- 3.5.4. **Certified emissions statement.** The permittee shall submit a certified emissions statement and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality.
[45CSR§30-8.]
- 3.5.5. **Compliance certification.** The permittee shall certify compliance with the conditions of this permit on the forms provided by the DAQ. In addition to the annual compliance certification, the permittee may be required to submit certifications more frequently under an applicable requirement of this permit. The annual certification shall be submitted to the DAQ and USEPA on or before March 15 of each year, and shall certify compliance for the period ending December 31. The annual certification submitted to USEPA shall be forwarded by e-mail only to: R3 APD Permits@epa.gov. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the certification on site for five (5) years from submittal of the certification.
[45CSR§30-5.3.e.]
- 3.5.6. **Semi-annual monitoring reports.** The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring on or before September 15 for the reporting period January 1 to June 30 and on or before March 15 for the reporting period July 1 to December 31. All instances of deviation from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 45CSR§30-4.4.
[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.A.]
- 3.5.7. **Emergencies.** For reporting emergency situations, refer to Section 2.17 of this permit.
- 3.5.8. **Deviations.**
- a. In addition to monitoring reports required by this permit, the permittee shall promptly submit supplemental reports and notices in accordance with the following:
1. Any deviation resulting from an emergency or upset condition, as defined in 45CSR§30-5.7., shall be reported by telephone or telefax within one (1) working day of the date on which the permittee

becomes aware of the deviation, if the permittee desires to assert the affirmative defense in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.7. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted and certified by a responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.

2. Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety, or the environment shall be reported to the Secretary immediately by telephone or telefax. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviation, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted by the responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.
3. Deviations for which more frequent reporting is required under this permit shall be reported on the more frequent basis.
4. All reports of deviations shall identify the probable cause of the deviation and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.]

- b. The permittee shall, in the reporting of deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in this permit, report the probable cause of such deviations and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken in accordance with any rules of the Secretary.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B.]

- 3.5.9. **New applicable requirements.** If any applicable requirement is promulgated during the term of this permit, the permittee will meet such requirements on a timely basis, or in accordance with a more detailed schedule if required by the applicable requirement.

[45CSR§30-4.3.h.1.B.]

3.6. Compliance Plan

N/A

3.7. Permit Shield

- 3.7.1. The permittee is hereby granted a permit shield in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.6. The permit shield applies provided the permittee operates in accordance with the information contained within this permit.
- 3.7.2. The following requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source based on the determinations set forth below. The permit shield shall apply to the following requirements provided the conditions of the determinations are met.

N/A

4.0 Source-Specific Requirements [MAm/MAA]

4.1. Limitations and Standards

- 4.1.1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air from any source operation an in-stack sulfur dioxide concentration exceeding 2,000 parts per million by volume from existing source operations, except as provided in subdivisions 45CSR§10-4.1.a through 4.1.e.
[45CSR§10-4.1. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.3. (511.009)]
- 4.1.2. Sulfuric acid mist shall not be released in excess of 70 milligrams per dry cubic meter for the methacrylic acid main scrubber (ACR124). As provided in 45CSR§7-10.6., the Director approves an alternative exemption from 45CSR§7-4.2. for the methacrylamide reactor stack (511.001) listed in 4.1.9.
[45CSR§7-4.2, 10.6, and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.2. (511.001, ACR124)]
- 4.1.3. The Permittee shall implement and maintain LDAR programs for the reduction of fugitive VOC emissions in all facility manufacturing process units subject to 45CSR§21-40 producing a product or products intermediate or final, in excess of 1000 megagrams (1100 tons) per year in accordance with 45CSR§21-37 or alternative procedures approved by the Director. This requirement shall apply to all units irrespective of whether or not such units produce as intermediates or final products, substances on the lists contained within 40CFR Part 60, 61, or 63.
- In addition to the other applicable units, these previously exempted units shall also be included in the LDAR programs:
- MBC
 - Benomyl
 - Hexazinone
 - Secondary Butylurea (SBU)
 - Vazo
 - Dimethylacetamide (DMAC)
 - Higher Monomers (nBMA, IBMA, EMA, 2EHMA)
 - [Spent Acid Regeneration \(SAR\)](#)
 - Glycolic Acid (excluding components subject to Regulation 27 Consent Order)
- [CO-R21-97-31, Condition III.2. and CO-R21-C-2001-10A(97), Condition III.1. (Fugitive)]**
- 4.1.4. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any process source operation which is greater than twenty (20%) percent opacity.
[45CSR§7-3.1. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.4. (511.009, 511.111)]
- 4.1.5. The provisions of 4.1.4 above shall not apply to smoke and/or particulate matter emitted from any process source operation which is less than forty (40%) percent opacity for any period or periods aggregating no more than five (5) minutes in any (60)minute period.
[45CSR§7-3.2. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.5.]
- 4.1.6. Any stack serving any process source operation or air pollution control equipment on any process source operation shall contain flow straightening devices or a vertical run of sufficient length to establish flow patterns consistent with acceptable stack sampling procedures.
[45CSR§7-4.12. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.6.]

4.1.7. At such reasonable times as the Director may designate, the operator of any manufacturing process source operation may be required to conduct or have conducted stack tests to determine the particulate matter loading in exhaust gases. Such tests shall be conducted in such manner as the Director may specify and be filed on forms and in a manner acceptable to the Director. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such stack tests. Should the Director exercise his option to conduct such tests, the operator will provide all the necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Director may require,, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment such as scaffolding, railings and ladders to comply with generally accepted good safety practices.

[45CSR§7-8.1. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.7.]

4.1.8 The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may conduct such other tests as he or she may deem necessary to evaluate air pollution emissions.

[45CSR§7-8.2. (511.001, ACR124) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.8.]

4.1.9. Maximum emissions to the atmosphere shall not exceed the following:

Emission Point ID	Emission Unit ID	Pollutant	Maximum Emission Rate	
			Hourly (lb/hr)	Annual (ton/year)
511.111	ACR101	Acetone	0.042	0.183
		Acetone cyanohydrin	0.0114	0.0498
		Hydrogen Cyanide	0.017	0.073
511.001	ACR102 ACR103 ACR104 ACR105 ACR106 ACR107 ACR108	Carbon Monoxide	178.00	779.64
		Sulfuric Acid	0.027	0.118
		Sulfur Dioxide	4.38	19.19
511.009	ACR130	Nitrogen Oxides	0.80	3.51
		Sulfur Dioxide	1.20	5.26

****NOTE**** - Based on analysis and technical review of stack testing protocol in June 2004, EPA Method 8 testing methods were modified and approved by DAQ to address the high water content of the vapor. In August 2004, DAQ approved a second modification of the test methodology. Based on process chemistry, it was determined that 75% of the sulfate compounds present in the stack were not sulfuric or mineral acid components. The sulfuric acid testing results in the above chart were determined by a mass balance that determined the percent of sulfate that was actual sulfuric acid. The results of the sulfuric acid mass balance calculation are listed in the emissions table in 4.1.9.

[45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.1.1.]

4.2. Monitoring Requirements

- 4.2.1. Compliance with the SO₂ concentration limit of Condition 4.1.1 shall be shown by following: the approved 45CSR10 Monitoring Plan, submitted by the Permittee on February 28, 2001. This Plan is attached as Appendix B to this Permit.
[45CSR§10-8.2.c, 45CSR§10A-6.2. (ACR324) and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.2.1. (511.001)]
- 4.2.2. At least monthly, visual emission checks of each emission point subject to an opacity limit shall be conducted. For units emitting directly into the open air from points other than a stack outlet, visible emissions are to include visible fugitive dust emissions that leave the plant site boundaries. These checks shall be conducted during periods of normal facility operation for a sufficient time interval to determine if the unit has visible emissions using procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 22. If sources of visible emissions are identified during the survey, or at any other time, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation as outlined in 45CSR§7A-2.1.a,b within twenty-four (24) hours. However, a 45CSR§7A-2.1.a,b evaluation shall not be required more than once per month per emission unit. A 45CSR§7A-2.1.a,b evaluation shall not be required if the visible emission condition is corrected in a timely manner and the units are operated at normal operating conditions. A record of each visible emission check required above shall be maintained on site for a period of no less than five (5) years. Said record shall include, but not be limited to, the date, time, name of emission unit, the applicable visible emissions requirement, the results of the check, what action(s), if any, was/were taken, and the name of the observer.
[45CSR§7A-2.1a,b and 45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.2.2. (511.001, 511.009, 511.111)]

4.3. Testing Requirements

- 4.3.1. To determine compliance with sulfuric acid emission limits (Emission Point ID# 511.001) set forth under Condition 4.1.9, the permittee shall conduct emission testing once every five (5) years. Prior to conducting emission testing to determine compliance with the sulfuric acid emission limits, the permittee shall submit a test protocol. The initial test shall be conducted within five (5) years from the effective date of this permit. The results of these tests are to be forwarded to the Director. These records shall be certified by a "responsible official" and maintained on site for a period of not less than five (5) years and shall be made available to the Director or a duly authorized representative of the Director upon request.
[45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.3.2. (511.001)]

4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 4.4.1. The permittee shall maintain records of all monitoring data required in Condition 4.2.2 documenting the date and time of each visible emission check, the emission point or equipment/source identification number, the name or means of identification of the observer, the results of the check(s), whether the visible emissions are normal for the process, and, if applicable, all corrective measures taken or planned. The permittee shall also record the general weather conditions (i.e. sunny, approximately 80° F, 6-10 mph NE wind) during the visual emission check(s). Should a visible emission observation be required to be performed per the requirements specified in 45CSR§7A, the data records of each observation shall be maintained per the requirements of 45CSR§7A. For an emission unit out of service during the normal monthly evaluation, the record of observation may note "out of service" (O/S) or equivalent.
[45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.4.2.]
- 4.4.2. In order to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits set forth in Condition 4.1.9 (except sulfuric acid emission limits), the permittee shall keep supporting calculations. Compliance with the hourly limits shall be

determined using monthly average emission calculations. Compliance with the annual limits shall be determined using a twelve month rolling total. A twelve month rolling total shall mean the sum of the emissions at any given month during the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

4.5. Reporting Requirements

4.5.1. Any violation(s) of the allowable visible emission requirement for any emission source discovered during observation using 40CFR60, Appendix A, Method 9 or 45CSR7A must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

[45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.5.1.]

4.5.2. Any violation(s) of the sulfuric acid limits (Emission Point ID# 511.001) set forth in Condition 4.1.9 must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the test, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

[45CSR13, R13-2641, Condition 4.5.2.]

4.5.3. **40CFR63, Subpart FFFF Requirements for Group 2 Emission Points with a TRE index value greater than 1.9.** If a Group 2 emission point becomes a Group 1 emission point after the compliance date for the affected source, the emission point must comply with the Group 1 requirements beginning on the date the switch occurs. An initial compliance demonstration as specified in this subpart must be conducted within 150 days after the switch occurs.

[45CSR34; 40CFR§63.2445(d)]

4.5.4. **40CFR63, Subpart FFFF Requirements for Notification of Process Change.** Except as specified in 4.5.4.2 below, whenever a process change is made or any change to the information submitted in the notification of compliance status report or a previous compliance report that is not within the scope of an existing operating scenario, the change must be documented in the compliance report. A process change does not include moving within a range of conditions identified in the standard batch and a nonstandard batch does not constitute a process change.

4.5.4.1 The notification must include all of the following information:

(A) A description of the process change.

(B) Revisions to any of the information reported in the original notification of compliance status report under 40CFR§63.2520(d).

(C) Information required by the notification of compliance status report under 40CFR§63.2520(d) for changes involving the addition of processes or equipment at the affected source.

4.5.4.2 You must submit a report 60 days before the scheduled implementation date of any of the changes identified below:

(A) Any change to the information contained in the precompliance report.

(B) A change in the status of a control device from small to large.

(C) A change from Group 2 to Group 1 for any emission point except for batch process vents that meet the conditions specified in 40CFR§63.2460(b)(6)(i).

[45CSR34; 40CFR§63.2520(e)(10)]

4.6. Compliance Plan
N/A

5.0 Source-Specific Requirements [MMA/Higher Monomers]

5.1. Limitations and Standards

5.1.1 Emissions to the atmosphere from the following emission points shall not exceed the following:

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Process Unit	Pollutant	Maximum Emissions Rate	
				Lbs/hr	TPY
ACR201	561.005	42A Tank	MMA*	0.19	0.505
ACR203	525.003	372 Tank	MMA	2.0	0.02
ACR202	525.002	48-2 Tank	MMA	1.0	0.43
ACR208	561.003	#1 MMA Tank	MMA	0.38	1.67
ACR209	561.004	#2 MMA Tank	MMA	2.92	2.67
ACR204	525.004	Stripper	MMA	0.089	0.39
ACR210	581.001, 581.002, and 581.003	Shipping	MMA	9.0	2.74

* Methyl Methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)
[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1002 - (Condition 4.1.1.) (ACR201, ACR203, ACR202, ACR208, ACR209, ACR204, ACR210)]

5.1.2. The Permittee shall not exceed a throughput of 90 production units per year of Methyl Methacrylate, based on a rolling 12 month average.

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1002 - (Condition 4.1.2.) (ACR201, ACR203, ACR202, ACR208, ACR209, ACR204, ACR210)]

5.1.3. Volatile organic compound emissions to the atmosphere shall not exceed 0.19 lbs/hr and 0.505 tons per year for the methyl methacrylate storage tank (ACR201).

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1628 - (Condition A.1.) (ACR201)]

5.1.4. The Permittee shall maintain a TRE index value greater than 1.0 without use of VOC emission control devices.

[40CSR16, 40CFR§60.662(c) (ACR204)]

5.1.5. The Permittee shall comply with the following limitations:

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Process Unit	Maximum Theoretical Emissions (MTE) of the Source (lbs/hr)	Control Device Description	Efficiency of Control Device	Maximum Allowable Hours of Operations (hrs/yr)	Maximum Allowable VOC Emissions	
							lb/hr	TPY
ACR201	561.005	42A Tank	19.0	FP/FS*	98.9%	8760	0.19	0.505
ACR040	565.009	Tank (009)	10.0	----	----	8760	10.0	1.42

FP – Floating Roof Primary Seal

FS – Floating Roof Secondary Seal

[CO-R21-97-31, Condition III.1. (ACR201, ACR040)]

5.1.6. Unless otherwise expressly exempted from Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) requirements in this Permit, the Permittee shall implement and maintain LDAR programs for the reduction of fugitive VOC emissions in all facility manufacturing process units subject to 45CSR§21-40 producing a product or products intermediate or final, in excess of 1000 megagrams (1100 tons) per year in accordance with 45CSR§21-37 or alternative procedures approved by the Director. This requirement shall apply to all units irrespective of whether or not such units produce as intermediates or final products, substances on the lists contained within 40CFR Part 60, 61, or 63.

Exempted units include:

MBC

Benomyl

Hexazinone

Secondary Butylurea (SBU)

Vazo

Dimethylacetamide (DMAC)

Higher Monomers (nBMA, IBMA, EMA, 2EHMA)

[Spent Acid Regeneration \(SAR\)](#)

Glycolic Acid (excluding components subject to Regulation 27 Consent Order)

Although the above listed units are exempted from the frequency of testing as described in 45CSR§21-37, LDAR testing of these units will be required every three years, or upon request by the Director or his or her duly authorized representative. Waiver or rescheduling of LDAR testing every three years may be granted by the Director if a written request and justification are submitted by the Permittee. Units exempted from LDAR monitoring as required by 45CSR§21-37, are not exempted from testing which may be required under any other applicable State or Federal regulations, orders, or permits. The Director may periodically require verification by the facility that maintenance and repair procedures associated with approved exemptions are continued and practiced.

[CO-R21-97-31, Condition III.2. (ACR201, ACR040)]

5.1.7. The methyl methacrylate storage tank 42A (Emission Unit ID – ACR201, Emission Point ID – 561.005) shall be equipped as follows:

- (1) A fixed roof in combination with an internal floating roof meeting the following specifications:
- (i) The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.
 - (ii) Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
 - (A) A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - (B) Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - (C) A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
 - (iii) Each opening in a noncontact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
 - (iv) Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
 - (v) Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.
 - (vi) Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
 - (vii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
 - (viii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
 - (ix) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.112b(a)(1), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1628 - (Condition B.1.) (ACR201)]

- 5.1.8. Storage Tank identified as 3A Foreshots Tank (ACR40A) shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the following:

- a. The internal floating roof shall be equipped with a closure device consisting of a metallic shoe seal between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof edge.
[45CSR34, 40CFR §§63.2470(a), 63.1063(a)(1)(i)(B), and 65.43(a)(2)(ii), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.a.) (ACR40A)]
- b. Deck Fittings. Openings through the deck of the floating roof shall be equipped as described in the following:
 - i. Each opening except those for automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents shall have its lower edge below the surface of the stored liquid;
 - ii. Each opening except those for automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents and deck drains shall be equipped with a deck cover. The deck cover shall be equipped with a gasket between the cover and the deck;
 - iii. Each automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasketed lid, pallet, flapper, or other closure device;
 - iv. Each opening for a sample well or deck drain (that empties into the stored liquid) may be equipped with a slit fabric seal or similar device that covers at least 90 percent of the opening, instead of a deck cover; and
 - v. Each cover on access hatches and gauge floats wells shall be designed to be bolted or fastened when closed.
[45CSR34, 40CFR §§63.1063(a)(2)(i) through (iii), (v), and (vi) 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.b.) (ACR40A)]
- c. The floating roof shall float on the stored liquid at all times while the vessel is in service;
[45CSR34, 40CFR §63.1063(b)(1), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.c.) (ACR40A)]
- d. When the vessel is in service, but the liquid is insufficient to float the roof, the process of filling the tank to the point of refloating shall be continuous and shall be performed as soon as practical;
[45CSR34, 40CFR §63.1063(b)(2), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.d.) (ACR40A)]
- e. Each cover over an opening in the floating roof, except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents, shall be closed at all times, except when the cover must be open for access;
[45CSR34, 40CFR §63.1063(b)(3), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.e.) (ACR40A)]
- f. Each automatic bleeder vent (vacuum breaker vent) and rim space vent shall be closed at all times, except when required to be open to relieve excess pressure or vacuum, in accordance with the manufacturer's design;
[45CSR34, 40CFR §63.1063(b)(4), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.f.) (ACR40A)]
- g. Each unslotted guidepole cap shall be closed at all times except when gauging the liquid level or taking samples;
[45CSR34, 40CFR §63.1063(b)(5), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.g.) (ACR40A)]
- h. Conditions that causing inspection failures under Condition 5.2.6 shall be repaired as specified:
 - i. If the inspection is performed while the storage vessel is not storing liquid, repairs shall be completed before the refilling of the storage vessel with liquid; or

- ii. If the inspection is performed while the storage vessel is storing liquid, repairs shall be completed or vessel removed from service within 45 days. If a repair cannot be completed and the vessel cannot be emptied with 45 days, the permittee may use up to 2 extensions of up to 30 additional days each. Documentation of a decision to use an extension shall include a description of the failure, shall document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable, and shall specify a schedule of actions that will ensure that the equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be completely emptied as soon as practical.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§§63.1063(e)(1) and (2), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.1.1.h.) (ACR40A)]

5.2. Monitoring Requirements

- 5.2.1. Compliance with the emissions limits set forth in Condition 5.1.5. shall be demonstrated by test or monitoring data, approved emission factors, material balances, and/or representative calculations in accordance with 45 CSR21.
[CO-R21-97-31, Condition III.1.]
- 5.2.2. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by 5.2.4. for at least 2 years. The record required by 5.2.3. will be kept for the life of the source.
[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.116b(a) (ACR201)]
- 5.2.3. The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in 5.2.2 of this permit shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel.
[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.116b(b), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1628 - (Condition B.2.) (ACR201)]
- 5.2.4. Except as provided in 40 CFR§60.116b(f) and (g), the owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 3.5 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 15.0 kPa shall maintain a record of the VOL stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that VOL during the respective storage period.
[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.116b(c) (ACR201)]
- 5.2.5. For purposes of complying with Condition 5.1.4., the owner or operator of a facility affected by this subpart shall calculate the TRE index value of the vent stream using the equation for incineration in Equation 1 of this Condition for halogenated vent streams. The owner or operator of an affected facility with a nonhalogenated vent stream shall determine the TRE index value by calculating values using both the incinerator equation in Equation 1 and the flare equation in Equation 2 of this Condition and selecting the lower of the two values.
 - (1) The equation for calculating the TRE index value of a vent stream controlled by an incinerator is as follows:

Equation 1:

$$TRE = \frac{1}{E_{ROC}} \left[a + b(Q_s) + c(Q_s)^{0.88} + d(Q_s)(H_T) + e(Q_s)^{0.88}(H_T)^{0.88} + f(Y_s)^{0.5} \right]$$

- (i) where for a vent stream flow rate (scm/min) at a standard temperature of 20 °C that is greater than or equal to 14.2 scm/min:

TRE=TRE index value.

Q_S = Vent stream flow rate (scm/min) at a standard temperature of 20 °C.

H_T = Vent stream net heating value (MJ/scm), where the net enthalpy per mole of vent stream is based on combustion at 25 °C and 760 mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20 °C as in the definition of Q_S .

$Y_S = Q_S$ for all vent stream categories listed in Table 1 except for Category E vent streams where

$$Y_S = (Q_S) (H_T) / 3.6.$$

E_{TOC} = Hourly emissions of TOC reported in kg/hr.

a, b, c, d, e, and f are coefficients.

The set of coefficients that apply to a vent stream can be obtained from Table 1.

TABLE 1. DISTILLATION NSPS TRE COEFFICIENTS FOR VENT STREAMS CONTROLLED BY AN INCINERATOR

DESIGN CATEGORY A1. FOR HALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF $0 \leq$ NET HEATING VALUE (MJ/scm) \leq 3.5.

Q_s = Vent Stream Flow rate (scm/min)	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Q_s \leq 18.8$	19.18370	0.27580	0.75762	-0.13064	0	0.01025
$18.8 < Q_s \leq 699$	20.00563	0.27580	0.30387	-0.13064	0	0.01025
$699 < Q_s \leq 1400$	39.87022	0.29973	0.30387	-0.13064	0	0.01449
$1400 < Q_s \leq 2100$	59.73481	0.31467	0.30387	-0.13064	0	0.01775
$2100 < Q_s \leq 2800$	79.59941	0.32572	0.30387	-0.13064	0	0.02049
$2800 < Q_s \leq 3500$	99.46400	0.33456	0.30387	-0.13064	0	0.02291

DESIGN CATEGORY A2. FOR HALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF NET HEATING VALUE $>$ 3.5 MJ/scm:

Q_s = Vent Stream Flow rate (scm/min)	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Q_s \leq 18.8$	18.84466	0.26742	-0.20044	0	0	0.01025
$18.8 < Q_s \leq 699$	19.66658	0.26742	-0.25332	0	0	0.01025
$699 < Q_s \leq 1400$	39.19213	0.29062	-0.25332	0	0	0.01449
$1400 < Q_s \leq 2100$	58.71768	0.30511	-0.25332	0	0	0.01775
$2100 < Q_s \leq 2800$	78.24323	0.31582	-0.25332	0	0	0.02049
$2800 < Q_s \leq 3500$	97.76879	0.32439	-0.25332	0	0	0.02291

DESIGN CATEGORY B. FOR NONHALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF $0 \leq$ NET HEATING VALUE (MJ/scm) \leq 0.48:

Q_s = Vent Stream Flow rate (scm/min)	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Q_s \leq 1340$	8.54245	0.10555	0.09030	-0.17109	0	0.01025
$1340 < Q_s \leq 2690$	16.94386	0.11470	0.09030	-0.17109	0	0.01449
$2690 < Q_s \leq 4040$	25.34528	0.12042	0.09030	-0.17109	0	0.01775

DESIGN CATEGORY C. FOR NONHALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF $0.48 <$ NET HEATING VALUE (MJ/scm) \leq 1.9:

Q_s = Vent Stream Flow rate (scm/min)	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Q_s \leq 1340$	9.25233	0.06105	0.31937	-0.16181	0	0.01025
$1340 < Q_s \leq 2690$	18.36363	0.06635	0.31937	-0.16181	0	0.01449
$2690 < Q_s \leq 4040$	27.47492	0.06965	0.31937	-0.16181	0	0.01775

DESIGN CATEGORY D. FOR NONHALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF $1.9 <$ NET HEATING VALUE (MJ/scm) \leq 3.6:

Q_s = Vent Stream Flow rate (scm/min)	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Q_s \leq 1180$	6.67868	0.06943	0.02582	0	0	0.01025
$1180 < Q_s \leq 2370$	13.21633	0.07546	0.02582	0	0	0.01449
$2370 < Q_s \leq 3550$	19.75398	0.07922	0.02582	0	0	0.01775

DESIGN CATEGORY E. FOR NONHALOGENATED PROCESS VENT STREAMS, IF NET HEATING VALUE $>$ 3.6 MJ/scm:

Y_s = Dilution Flow rate (scm/min) = $(Q_s)(H_T)/3.6$	a	b	c	d	e	f
$14.2 < Y_s \leq 1180$	6.67868	0	0	-0.00707	0.02220	0.01025
$1180 < Y_s \leq 2370$	13.21633	0	0	-0.00707	0.02412	0.01449
$2370 < Y_s \leq 3550$	19.75398	0	0	-0.00707	0.02533	0.01775

- (ii) where for a vent stream flow rate (scm/min) at a standard temperature of 20 °C that is less than 14.2 scm/min:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TRE} &= \text{TRE index value.} \\ Q_s &= 14.2 \text{ scm/min.} \\ H_T &= (\text{FLOW})(\text{HVAL})/14.2. \end{aligned}$$

where by the following inputs are used:

FLOW=Vent stream flow rate (scm/min), at a standard temperature of 20 °C.
 HVAL=Vent stream net heating value (MJ/ scm), where the net enthalpy per mole of vent stream is based on combustion at 25 °C and 760 mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20 °C as in definition of Qs.
 Ys=14.2 scm/min for all vent stream categories listed in Table 1 except for Category E vent streams, where $Y_s = (14.2)(H_T)/3.6$.
 E_{TOC}=Hourly emissions of TOC reported in hg/hr.
 a, b, c, d, e, and f are coefficients.

The set of coefficients that apply to vent stream can be obtained from Table 1.

- (2) The equation for calculating the TRE index value of a vent stream controlled by a flare is as follows:

$$TRE = \frac{1}{E_{TOC}} \left[a(Q_s) + b(Q_s)^{0.8} + c(Q_s)(H_T) + d(E_{TOC}) + e \right]$$

where:

TRE=TRE index value.
 E_{TOC}=Hourly emission rate of TOC reported in kg/hr.
 Qs=Vent stream flow rate (scm/min) at a standard temperature of 20 °C.
 H_T=Vent stream net heating value (MJ/scm) where the net enthalpy per mole of offgas is based on combustion at 25 °C and 760mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20 °C as in the definition of Qs.
 a, b, c, d, and e are coefficients.

The set of coefficients that apply to a vent stream shall be obtained from Table 2.

Table 2—Distillation NSPS TRE Coefficients for Vent Streams Controlled By a Flare

	a	b	c	d	e
H _T < 11.2 MJ/scm	2.25	0.288	-0.193	-0.0051	2.08
(H _T < 301 Btu/scf)	(0.140)	(0.0367)	(-0.000448)	(-0.0051)	(4.59)
H _T ≥ 11.2 MJ/scm	0.309	0.0619	-0.0043	-0.0034	2.08
(H _T ≥ 301 Btu/scf)	(0.0193)	(0.00788)	(-0.0000010)	(-0.0034)	(4.59)

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.664(f) (ACR204)]

- 5.2.6. For the purpose of ensuring compliance with the emission standards for Group 1 Storage Tank of Table 4 to Subpart FFFF of Part 63 and Condition 5.1.8. of this permit, the permittee shall inspect the internal floating roof before initial filling and thereafter as stipulated in the items a and b. Such inspections shall be conducted in accordance with the following:
- a. Top side inspections shall be conducted once per year for items identified in c.i. through c.iii.;
 - b. Each time the vessel is completely emptied and degassed, or every 10 years, whichever occurs first, items identified in c.i. through c.iv. shall be inspected; and
 - c. The inspection shall be conducted by visually inspecting the floating roof deck, deck fitting, and rim seals from within the storage vessel. The inspection may be performed entirely from the top side of the floating roof, as long as there is visual access to all deck components specified in Condition 5.1.8 of this permit. If any of the following conditions exists during an inspection, this condition constitutes as an inspection failure.
 - i. Stored liquid on the floating roof;
 - ii. Floating roof deck, deck fittings, or rim seals that not functioning as designed (as specified in Condition 5.1.8.);
 - iii. Failure to comply with the operational requirements of Conditions 5.1.8.c through g; and
 - iv. Gaps of more than 0.32 cm (1/8 inch) between any deck fitting gasket, seal, or wiper (as required in Conditions 5.1.8.a and b) and any surface that it is intended to seal.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§§63.1063(d)(1)(i), and (d)(1)(iii) through (d)(1)(v), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.2.1.) (ACR40A)]

5.3. Testing Requirements

- 5.3.1. The permittee shall comply with paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this condition.
- (1) The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
 - (2) The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Administrator in the inspection report required in 40CFR§60.115b(a)(3). Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
 - (3) The permittee shall visually inspect storage tank #42A (ACR201)
 - (i) at least every 5 years; or
 - (ii) as specified in paragraph (2) of this Condition.

- (4) The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, permittee shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in paragraphs (2) and (3)(ii) of this condition and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in paragraph (3)(i) of this condition.
- [45CSR16, 40CFR§60.113b(a)(1), (2), (3), and (4) (ACR204)]**

5.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 5.4.1. Each owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the provisions of Subpart NNN (Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Compound Emissions From Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry Distillation Operations) and seeking to demonstrate compliance with 5.1.4 of this permit shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible records of:
- (1) Any changes in production capacity, feedstock type, or catalyst type, or of any replacement, removal or addition of recovery equipment or a distillation unit;
 - (2) Any recalculation of the TRE index value performed pursuant to Condition 5.2.5; and
 - (3) The results of any performance test performed pursuant to the methods and procedures required by 40CFR §60.664(d).
- [45CSR16, 40CFR§60.665(h) (ACR204)]**
- 5.4.2. For the purposes of determining compliance with Condition 5.1.2. based on production rates, the Permittee shall maintain daily and monthly records of throughput of the MMA Refining Unit. The monthly records shall include the rolling twelve (12) month total throughput for the MMA Refining Unit.
- [45CSR13, Permit No. R13-1002 (Condition 4.4.1.) (ACR201, ACR203, ACR202, ACR208, ACR209, ACR204, ACR210)]**
- 5.4.3. For storage tank #42A (ACR201), the Permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by Condition 5.3.1. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
- [45CSR16, 40CFR§60.115b(2) (ACR201)]**
- 5.4.4. In order to show compliance with Condition 5.1.4. of this Permit, the Permittee shall recalculate the TRE index value whenever process changes are made. Examples of process changes include changes in production capacity, feedstock type, or catalyst type, or whenever there is replacement, removal, or addition of recover equipment. The TRE index value shall be recalculated based on test data, or on best engineering estimates of the effects of the change to the recovery system.
- Where the recalculated TRE index value is less than or equal to 1.0, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator within 1 week of the recalculation and shall conduct a performance test according to the methods and procedures required by 40CFR§60.664 in order to determine compliance with 40CFR§60.662(a). Performance tests shall be conducted as soon as possible after the process change but no later than 180 days from the time of the process change.

Where the initial TRE index value is greater than 8.0 and the recalculated TRE index value is less than or equal to 8.0 but greater than 1.0, the Permittee shall conduct a performance test in accordance with 40CFR§60.8 and 40CFR§60.664 and shall comply with 40CFR§60.663, 40CFR§60.664 and 40CFR§60.665. Performance tests must be conducted as soon as possible after the process change but no later than 180 days from the time of the process change.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.664(g) (ACR204)]

5.4.5. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment associated with Storage Tank ACR40A, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.
[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 (Condition 4.4.2.)]

5.4.6. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment associated with Storage Tank ACR40A, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:

- a. The equipment involved.
- b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.
- c. The duration of the event.
- d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

- e. The cause of the malfunction.
- f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.
- g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 (Condition 4.4.3.) (ACR40A)]

5.4.7. The permittee shall keep records of the dimensions of the storage vessel, an analysis of the capacity of the storage vessel, and an identification of the liquid stored in the 3A Foreshots Tank (ACR40A). Such records shall be maintained as long as liquid is stored in the tank.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§63.1065(a), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.4.4.) (ACR40A)]

5.4.8. The permittee shall keep records of the inspection results. Records of passing inspections shall include items a and b of this condition. Records of inspection failures shall include the items a through e of this condition. All records shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2. of this permit.

- a. Identification of the storage tank that was inspected;
- b. Date of the inspection;
- c. A description of all inspection failures;
- d. A description of all repairs and the dates such repairs were made; and

e. The date the storage tank was removed from service, if applicable.

[45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 (Condition 4.4.5.)]

5.4.9. The Permittee shall keep records of the information specified in paragraphs i through iv of this Condition for each process with Group 2 batch process vents or uncontrolled hydrogen halide and halogen HAP emissions from the sum of all batch and continuous process vents less than 1,000 lb/yr:

i. A record of the day each batch was completed and/or the operating hours per day for continuous operations with hydrogen halide and halogen emissions.

ii. A record of whether each batch operated was considered a standard batch.

iii. The estimated uncontrolled and controlled emissions for each batch that is considered to be a nonstandard batch.

iv. Records of the daily 365-day rolling summations of emissions, or alternative records that correlate to the emissions (e.g., number of batches), calculated no less frequently than monthly.

[45CSR34; 40CFR§63.2525(e)(4)]

5.5. Reporting Requirements

5.5.1. If an owner or operator elects at a later date to use an alternative provision of 40 CFR§60.662 with which he or she will comply, then the Administrator shall be notified by the owner or operator 90 days before implementing a change and, upon implementing the change, a performance test shall be performed as specified by 40CFR§60.664 within 180 days.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.665(a) (ACR204)]

5.5.2. Each owner or operator that seeks to comply with the requirements of Subpart NNN (Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Compound Emissions From Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry Distillation Operations) by complying with the requirements of 40CFR§60.660(c)(4), (c)(5), or (c)(6) or Condition 5.1.4 shall submit to the Administrator semiannual reports of the following recorded information: Any recalculation of the TRE index value, as recorded under Condition 5.4.1.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.665(i)(7) (ACR204)]

5.5.3. If any of the conditions described in Condition 5.3.1.(2) are detected during the annual visual inspection required by Condition 5.3.1.(2), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.115b(a)(3) (ACR201)]

5.5.4. After each inspection required by Condition 5.3.1.(3) that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in 5.3.1.(3)(ii), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of 40CFR§60.112b(a)(1) or Condition 5.3.1.(3), and list each repair made.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.115b(a)(4) (ACR201)]

5.5.5. The permittee shall provide the Director the opportunity to have an observer present during the inspection of the storage tank. The permittee shall notify the Director and/or Administrator at least 30 days before an inspection required by Condition 5.2.6. (40CFR§§63.1063(d)(1) or (d)(3)). If an inspection is unplanned and the permittee

could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance, then the permittee shall notify the Director at least 7 days before the inspection. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, the notification including written documentation may be made in writing and sent so that is received by the Director at least 7 days before the inspection.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§63.1066(b)(1), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.5.1.) (ACR40A)]

- 5.5.6. The permittee shall submit to the Director a copy of the inspection record (as required in Condition 5.4.8.) within 45 days after an inspection failure occurs.

[45CSR34, 40 CFR§63.1066(b)(2), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 – (Condition 4.5.2.) (ACR40A)]

- 5.5.7. Request for extension under Condition 5.1.8.(h)(ii) shall be submitted to the Director in accordance with and contain the documentation per the mentioned condition.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§63.1063(e)(2), 45CSR13, Permit No. R13-2742 - (Condition 4.5.3.) (ACR40A)]

- 5.5.8. **40CFR63, Subpart FFFF Requirements for Group 2 Emission Points with a TRE index value greater than 1.9.** If a Group 2 emission point becomes a Group 1 emission point after the compliance date for the affected source, the emission point must comply with the Group 1 requirements beginning on the date the switch occurs. An initial compliance demonstration as specified in this subpart must be conducted within 150 days after the switch occurs.

[45CSR34; 40CFR§63.2445(d)]

- 5.5.9. **40CFR63, Subpart FFFF Requirements for Notification of Process Change.** Except as specified in 5.5.9.2 below, whenever a process change is made or any change to the information submitted in the notification of compliance status report or a previous compliance report that is not within the scope of an existing operating scenario, the change must be documented in the compliance report. A process change does not include moving within a range of conditions identified in the standard batch and a nonstandard batch does not constitute a process change.

5.5.9.1 The notification must include all of the following information:

- (A) A description of the process change.
- (B) Revisions to any of the information reported in the original notification of compliance status report under 40CFR§63.2520(d).
- (C) Information required by the notification of compliance status report under 40CFR§63.2520(d) for changes involving the addition of processes or equipment at the affected source.

5.5.9.2 You must submit a report 60 days before the scheduled implementation date of any of the changes identified below:

- (A) Any change to the information contained in the precompliance report.
- (B) A change in the status of a control device from small to large.
- (C) A change from Group 2 to Group 1 for any emission point except for batch process vents that meet the conditions specified in 40CFR§63.2460(b)(6)(i).

[45CSR34; 40CFR§63.2520(e)(10)]

5.6. Compliance Plan
N/A

6.0 — Source-Specific Requirements [SAR]

6.1. — Limitations and Standards

- 6.1.1. — No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any process source operation which is greater than twenty (20%) percent opacity.
[45CSR§7 3.1. (ACR308, ACR309, ACR314, ACR316, ACR321, ACR324)]
- 6.1.2. — The provisions of 6.1.1. above shall not apply to smoke and/or particulate matter emitted from any process source operation which is less than forty (40%) percent opacity for any period or periods aggregating no more than five (5) minutes in any (60) minute period.
[45CSR§7 3.2. (ACR324)]
- 6.1.3. — No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air from any source operation an in-stack sulfur dioxide concentration exceeding 2,000 parts per million by volume from existing source operations, except as provided in subdivisions 45CSR§10 4.1.a, b, c, d, and e.
[45CSR§10 4.1. (ACR324)]
- 6.1.4. — Sulfuric acid mist shall not be released from any type source operation or duplicate source operation or from all air pollution control equipment installed on any type source operation or duplicate source operation in excess of 70 milligrams per dry cubic meter.
[45CSR§7 4.2. (ACR324)]
- 6.1.5. — No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit sulfur dioxide tail gas emissions from sulfuric acid manufacturing plants to exceed for plants using other materials as a feed stock, 40 pounds per ton of acid produced.
[45CSR§7 4.1.a.1. (ACR324)]
- 6.1.6. — Any stack serving any process source operation or air pollution control equipment on any process source operation shall contain flow straightening devices or a vertical run of sufficient length to establish flow patterns consistent with acceptable stack sampling procedures.
[45CSR§7 4.12. (ACR324)]

6.2. — Monitoring Requirements

- 6.2.1. — Compliance with the SO₂ concentration and mass limits of Condition 6.1.3. and 6.1.5. shall be shown by following the approved Rule 10 Monitoring Plan, submitted by the Permittee on February 28, 2001. This Plan is attached as Appendix B to this Permit.
[45CSR§10 8.2.c, 45CSR§10A 6.2. (ACR324)]
- 6.2.2. — At least monthly, visual emission checks of each emission point subject to an opacity limit shall be conducted. For units emitting directly into the open air from points other than a stack outlet, visible emissions are to include visible fugitive dust emissions that leave the plant site boundaries. These checks shall be conducted during periods of normal facility operation for a sufficient time interval to determine if the unit has visible emissions using procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 22. If sources of visible emissions are identified during the survey, or at any other time, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation as outlined in 45CSR§7A 2.1.a,b within twenty four (24) hours. However, a 45CSR§7A 2.1.a,b evaluation shall not be required more than once per month per emission unit. A 45CSR§7A 2.1.a,b evaluation shall not be required if the visible emission condition is corrected in a timely manner and the units are operated at normal operating conditions. A

~~record of each visible emission check required above shall be maintained on site. Said record shall include, but not be limited to, the date, time, name of emission unit, the applicable visible emissions requirement, the results of the check, what action(s), if any, was/were taken, and the name of the observer.~~

~~[45CSR§7A-2.1a,b and 45CSR§30-5.1.e]~~

~~6.2.3. The owner or operator of fuel burning unit(s), manufacturing process source(s) or combustion source(s) subject to 45CSR§10-3, 4, or 5 shall maintain on site a record of all required monitoring data as established in a monitoring plan pursuant to 45CSR§10-8.2.c. Such records shall be made available to the Director or his duly authorized representative upon request. Such records shall be retained on site for a minimum of five years.~~

~~[45CSR§10-8.3.a]~~

~~6.2.4. The owner or operator shall submit a periodic exception report to the Director, in a manner specified by the Director. Such an exception report shall provide details of all excursions outside the range of measured emissions or monitored parameters established in an approved monitoring plan and shall include, but not be limited to, the time of the excursion, the magnitude of the excursion, the duration of the excursion, the cause of the excursion and the corrective action taken.~~

~~[45CSR§10-8.3.b]~~

~~6.2.5. The owner or operator of a fuel burning unit(s) or a combustion source(s) shall maintain records of the operating schedule and the quantity and quality of fuel consumed in each unit in a manner specified by the Director. Such records are to be maintained on site and made available to the Director or his duly authorized representative upon request.~~

~~[45CSR§10-8.3.c]~~

6.3. Testing Requirements

~~6.3.1. Compliance with the emissions standards of Section 4.2. of 45CSR7 for mineral acids (Condition 6.1.4.) shall be determined in accordance with the following unless the Director determines that alternative methods are required due to interferences or other factors:~~

~~For sulfuric acid mist: 40CFR§60.85(a) and (b) and 40CFR-60 Appendix A, Methods 1, 2, 3, and 8, as published on July 1, 1997, except that the SO₂ emission rate does not necessarily have to be determined. The sulfuric acid mist concentration shall be expressed in milligrams per dry standard cubic meter.~~

~~[45CSR§7A-3.1.j.1]~~

~~6.3.2. At such reasonable times as the Director may designate, the operator of any manufacturing process source operation may be required to conduct or have conducted stack tests to determine the particulate matter loading in exhaust gases. Such tests shall be conducted in such manner as the Director may specify and be filed on forms and in a manner acceptable to the Director. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such stack tests. Should the Director exercise his option to conduct such tests, the operator will provide all the necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Director may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment such as scaffolding, railings and ladders to comply with generally accepted good safety practices.~~

~~[45CSR§7-8.1. (ACR324)]~~

~~6.3.3. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may conduct such other tests as he or she may deem necessary to evaluate air pollution emissions.~~

~~[45CSR§7-8.2. (ACR324)]~~

6.4. ~~Recordkeeping Requirements~~

~~N/A~~

6.5. ~~Reporting Requirements~~

~~N/A~~

6.6. ~~Compliance Plan~~

~~N/A~~

Appendix A

NO_x Budget

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WV AIR QUALITY

002

Plant Name (from Step 1) DuPont Belle Plant

NO_x Budget Permit Application
Page 2

(b) Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the NO_x authorized account representative of each NO_x Budget source and each NO_x Budget unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements of sections 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with sections 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the NO_x Budget emissions limitation under paragraph (c).

(c) Nitrogen Oxides Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each NO_x Budget source and each NO_x Budget unit at the source shall hold NO_x allowances available for compliance deductions under subsections 45CSR1-54.1, 54.2, 54.5, or 54.6; 45CSR26-54.1, 54.2, 54.5, or 54.6; and/or § 97.54(a), (b), (e), or (f), as applicable, as of the NO_x allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance account and the source's overdraft account in an amount not less than the total NO_x emissions for the ozone season from the unit, as determined in accordance with sections 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26 and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable, plus any amount necessary to account for actual heat input under subsection 42.5 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or § 97.42(e) for the ozone season period or to account for excess emissions for a prior ozone season under subsection 54.4 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or § 97.54(d), or to account for withdrawal from the NO_x Budget Trading Program, or a change in regulatory status of a NO_x Budget option unit under sections 56 or 57 of 45CSR1, and/or § 97.56 or § 97.57, as applicable.
- (2) Each ton of nitrogen oxides emitted in excess of the NO_x Budget emissions limitation shall constitute a separate violation of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, §§26-1 et seq., and/or 40 CFR part 97, and the Clean Air Act.
- (3) A NO_x Budget unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) starting on the later of May 31, 2004 for NO_x Budget units under 45CSR1, 45CSR26 and/or 40 CFR part 97; or the date on which the unit commences operation.
- (4) NO_x allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among NO_x Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with sections 40 through 48, 50 through 57, 60 through 62, and 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; sections 50 through 58 of 45CSR1, and/or subparts E, F, G, and I of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable.
- (5) A NO_x allowance shall not be deducted, in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (c)(1), for an ozone season in a year prior to the year for which the NO_x allowance was allocated.
- (6) A NO_x allowance allocated by the Director or EPA Administrator under the NO_x Budget Trading Program is a limited authorization to emit one ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the NO_x Budget Trading Program. No provision of the NO_x Budget Trading Program, the NO_x Budget permit application, the NO_x Budget permit, or an exemption under subsection 4.2 or section 6 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or § 97.4(b) or § 97.5, as applicable, and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the Division of Environmental Protection or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) A NO_x allowance allocated by the Director or EPA Administrator under the NO_x Budget Trading Program does not constitute a property right.
- (8) Upon recordation by the EPA Administrator, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a NO_x allowance to or from a NO_x Budget unit's compliance account or the overdrift account of the source where the unit is located is incorporated automatically in any NO_x Budget permit of the NO_x Budget unit.

(d) Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of a NO_x Budget unit that has excess emissions in any ozone season shall:
- (i) Surrender the NO_x allowances required for deduction under subdivision 54.4.a of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or § 97.54(c)(1) as applicable; and
 - (ii) Pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed under subdivision 54.4.c of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or § 97.54(d)(1).

(e) Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the NO_x Budget source and each NO_x Budget unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the Director or the EPA Administrator.
- (i) The account certificate of representation under 45CSR1-13 or 45CSR26-13 and/or § 97.13, as applicable, for the NO_x authorized account representative for the source and each NO_x Budget unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the account certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new account certificate of representation under 45CSR1-13 or 45CSR26-13 and/or § 97.13 (as applicable) changing the NO_x authorized account representative.
 - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with sections 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97 (as applicable); provided that to the extent that sections 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97 (as applicable) provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.
 - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the NO_x Budget Trading Program.
 - (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete a NO_x Budget permit application and any other submission under the NO_x Budget Trading Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the NO_x Budget Trading Program.
- (2) The NO_x authorized account representative of a NO_x Budget source and each NO_x Budget unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the NO_x Budget Trading Program, including those under sections 90 and 70 through 76 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; sections 80 through 88 of 45CSR1, and/or subparts O, H, or I of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable.

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Plant Name (from Step 1) DuPont Belle Plant

NO_x Budget Permit Application
Page 3

(f) Liability.

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the NO_x Budget Trading Program, a NO_x Budget permit, or an exemption under subsection 4.2 or section 5 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; and/or § 97.4(b) or § 97.5 shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to W. Va. Code §§22-5-1 et seq. or the Clean Air Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false material statement in any record, submission, or report under the NO_x Budget Trading Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to §§22-5-1 et seq. or the Clean Air Act.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the NO_x Budget Trading Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (4) Each NO_x Budget source and each NO_x Budget unit shall meet the requirements of the NO_x Budget Trading Program.
- (5) Any provision of the NO_x Budget Trading Program that applies to a NO_x Budget source or the NO_x authorized account representative of a NO_x Budget source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the NO_x Budget units at the source.
- (6) Any provision of the NO_x Budget Trading Program that applies to a NO_x Budget unit or the NO_x authorized account representative of a NO_x Budget unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under sections 70 through 78 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26, and/or subpart H of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable, the owners and operators and the NO_x authorized account representative of one NO_x Budget unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other NO_x Budget unit of which they are not owners or operators or the NO_x authorized account representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the NO_x authorized account representative.

(g) Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the NO_x Budget Trading Program, a NO_x Budget permit application, a NO_x Budget permit, or an exemption under subsection 4.2 or section 5 of 45CSR1 or 45CSR26; and/or § 97.4(b) or § 97.5, shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the NO_x authorized account representative of a NO_x Budget source or NO_x Budget unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State Implementation Plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

Certification

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the NO_x Budget sources or NO_x Budget units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name	Rick Hodge - Plant Manager	
Signature	Rick L Hodge	Date 7/30/2002

by: *Kathy Albert*

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Plant Name (from Step 1) DuPont Belle Plant

NO_x Budget Permit Application
Page 4

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FY AIR QUALITY

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STEP 4 (For sources with opt-in units only).

For each unit listed under Step 2 that is an opt-in unit, re-enter the unit ID#, and indicate if this is an initial permit application for that unit by checking the box.

Unit ID#

Not Applicable for Belle
DuPont Plant

Check box if initial permit application

Step 5 (For sources with opt-in units only).

Read the certification, enter the name of the NO_x authorized account representative, sign and date.

I certify that each unit for which this permit application is submitted under 45CSR1-80 and/or subpart I of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable, is not a NO_x Budget unit under 45CSR1-4.1 and/or 40 CFR 97.4(a) and is not covered by an exemption under subsection 4.2 or section 5 of 45CSR1, and/or 40 CFR part 97.4(b) or 97.5 that is in effect.

Name Not applicable	
Signature	Date

STEP 6 (For sources submitting an initial NO_x Budget opt-in permit application).

Read the certification, enter the name of the NO_x authorized account representative, sign and date.

I certify that each unit for which this permit application is submitted under 45CSR1-80 and/or subpart I of 40 CFR part 97, as applicable, is operating, as that term is defined under 45CSR1-2 and/or 40 CFR 97.2.

Name Not applicable	
Signature	Date

NON-CONFIDENTIAL

RECEIVED DATE • 07/29/02 14:40 FROM • 304 926 3739

Appendix B

Rule 10 Monitoring Plan



DuPont Chemical Solutions Enterprise

DuPont Chemical Solutions Enterprise
901 W. DuPont Avenue
Belle, West Virginia 25015

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

RECEIVED FEB 28 2001 EC # 28603

February 28, 2001

RECEIVED

HAND DELIVERED

Mr. Edward L. Kropp, Chief
Office of Air Quality
WV Division of Environmental Protection
7012 MacCorkle Avenue, SE
Charleston, WV 25304

Re: Regulation 2 and 10 Monitoring Plans

Dear Chief Kropp:

In accordance with 45CSR2 Section 8.2.a. and 45CSR10 Section 8.2.c., two plans are being submitted to your office for approval. Both plans follow the information provided in interpretative rules 45CSR2A and 45CSR10A. Since confidential business information is included in the Regulation 10 monitoring plan for the manufacturing sources, the appropriate CBI certification is enclosed.

In addition, a copy of the petitions filed under 45CSR10A is also enclosed.

DuPont looks forward to working with your staff to gain approval of the submitted plans. DuPont would like to meet with your staff at a suitable time to review the proposed plans.

If you have any questions, you can contact me at (304) 357-1171.

Sincerely


Joyce McCune-Gentry
Site Air Coordinator

Enclosures:

45 CSR 10 Monitoring and Recordkeeping Plan

Facility Information:

Facility Name: DuPont Belle Plant
 Facility Address: 901 W. DuPont Avenue
 Belle, WV 25015

Facility Contact: ~~Joyce McCune~~ ~~Gentry LeAnne Schottle~~
 Site Air Coordinator
 (304) 357-1171

45 CSR 10 Monitoring Plan

In accordance with 45 CSR 10-8.2c, the following is the proposed plan for the monitoring compliance with the sulfur dioxide weight emission standards expressed in 45 CSR 10-3.

Facility Description:

DuPont manufactures specialty chemicals and agricultural intermediates at the Belle facility. In addition, the Belle Plant operates an acrylics unit which is owned by ~~Ineos~~ Lucite, Inc. In support of these activities, the plant operates 4 natural gas boilers to produce steam and a limited amount of electricity. In addition to the fuel burning units on site, a number of process sources also have the potential to emit sulfur dioxide. Provided below are tables listing sources, followed by tables that show which sources are exempt.

Table 1 Fuel Burning Units

AEI Id	Title V (Group-Stack)	Description	Process Unit	Source Class	DHI (MMBtu)
611-1	00B-017	Boiler #6	Powerhouse	Fuel Combustion	240
612-1	00B-019	Boiler #10	Powerhouse	Fuel Combustion	275
613-1	00B-018	Boiler #14	Powerhouse	Fuel Combustion	240
614-1	00B-018	Boiler #15	Powerhouse	Fuel Combustion	240

Table 1-A Manufacturing Process Units

AEI Id	Title V (Group-Stack)	Description	Process Unit	SO2 Type	PTE (lb/yr)
542-1	008-01C	SAR Process Pre-heater	INEOS Sulfuric Acid Recovery Facility	Manufacturing	152
543-1	008-01D	SAR Converter Pre-heater	INEOS Sulfuric Acid Recovery Facility	Manufacturing	177
541-1	008-01E	SAR Main Stack	INEOS Sulfuric Acid Recovery Facility	Manufacturing	657000 0
511-1	00N-01T	Amide Rx/Tank	INEOS Methacrylamide Unit	Manufacturing	40880
531-1	00N-01V	Methacrylic Acid	INEOS	Manufacturing	57330

		Main Scrubber	Methacrylamide Unit		
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Table 2 Rule Exemptions – Fuel Burning Units

AEI Id	Unit Name	Exemption Cite	Reason	Exemption
611-1	Boiler #6	45-10A-3.1b	Combusts only natural gas	Rule not applicable
612-1	Boiler #10	45-10A-3.1b	Combusts only natural gas	Rule not applicable
613-1	Boiler #14	45-10A-3.1b	Combusts only natural gas	Rule not applicable
614-1	Boiler #15	45-10A-3.1b	Combusts only natural gas	Rule not applicable

Manufacturing Source(s)

Table 2A Rule Exemptions—Manufacturing Units¹

AEI Id	Unit Name	Exemption Cite	Reason	Exemption
542-1	SAR-Process-Pre-heater	45CSR10A-31.1.e.	PTE<500 lbs/yr	Rule not applicable
543-1	SAR-Converter-Pre-heater	45CSR10A-31.1.e.	PTE<500 lbs/yr	Rule not applicable

Note1: The DME/DMS Flare (AEI 451.001) treats dimethyl sulfate emissions from storage tanks and loading operations. As a result of the treatment of dimethyl sulfate, SO₂ is created. DuPont believes that the flare is exempt based on the definition of “source operation” in 45 CSR 10-2.19.b.

~~(1) — AEI Id (541-1 SAR Main Stack)~~

~~Owner: INEOS~~

~~Operator: DuPont~~

~~The SAR (Spent Acid Recovery) Unit produces sulfuric acid from spent material from the methacrylic acid process. The sulfur acid that is produced is recycled back into the methacrylic acid process. In addition, a small stream of 93% sulfuric acid is sent to the wastewater treatment plant (WTP) to aid in neutralizing of the WTP wastestream before it enters the aeration units. The unit uses elemental sulfur as a supplemental feedstock to make up for processing losses. Elemental sulfur is never used as the only feedstock for the unit. In 1999, approximately 1.0 million pounds of elemental sulfur was used as a supplemental feed. In 2000, approximately 2.3 million pounds of elemental sulfur was used as a supplemental feed. These numbers compare with production of 119.8 MM pounds and 136.1 MM lbs of sulfuric acid in 1999 and 2000 respectively.~~

- ~~1. — Applicable standard: Under 45CSR10-4.1 No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air from any source operation an in-stack sulfur dioxide concentration exceeding 2,000 parts per million by volume from existing source operations, except as provided in subdivisions 4.1.a through 4.1.e.
 4.1.a No person shall cause, suffer allow or permit sulfur dioxide tail gas emissions from sulfuric acid manufacturing plants to exceed the following: —
 4.1.a.1 For plants using elemental sulfur as a feedstock, 30 pounds per ton of acid produced
 4.1.a.2 For plants using other materials as feedstock, 40 pounds per ton of acid produced.~~

~~Based on the limited use of supplemental elemental sulfur (1% of feed), it is our interpretation that 4.1.a.2 (i.e., 40 pounds per ton of acid produced) is the applicable standard for this unit.~~

- ~~2. — Monitoring Method: Under 45CSR10A-6.2.b The owner or operator of a manufacturing process source with a potential to emit 100 tons per year of sulfur dioxide and with the potential to emit sulfur dioxide at a rate~~

~~greater than or equal to 90% of the applicable emission standard shall use CEMS to satisfy the requirements of an approved monitoring plan.~~

~~In a separate petition, DuPont, as operator of the process, has asked under 45CSR10A-6.2.b.1 The owner or operator of a manufacturing process source may for good cause petition the Director for an alternative to the CEMS, “for alternative monitoring method.~~

~~Based on the last two years of production 1999 and 2000, the unit emits more than 100 tons per year. During typical operations, the unit averages 28lbs/ton of acid produced based on SO₂ conversion rates, which is less than 90% of the limit. During process upsets, the unit can exceed 90% of the limit.~~

~~DuPont believe that the current monitoring method detailed in this plan is adequate to show compliance with the standards and also submits that a certified CEM would not improve environmental performance.~~

Start-ups

~~Since the SO₂ limit for the SAR unit is based on production, the lbs SO₂/ton of acid will not be monitored until start up is completed. Start up is completed when the temperature entering the 1st pass and 2nd pass of the converter are above 400C and the inlet temperature entering the 3rd pass is above 375C for four hours. Startup of the SAR unit is typically completed in 24 to 36 hours. During this period, the outlet concentration of SO₂ will be monitored. Conversion rates and SO₂/ton will not be calculated or recorded until startup is complete.~~

Current Monitoring

~~Currently, the converter inlet and outlet SO₂ concentrations are continuously monitored in the area and recorded on a strip chart. Every two hours, the inlet SO₂ concentration, the outlet SO₂ concentration, the calculated SO₂ conversion percentage, and the sulfuric acid production are recorded on the operator log sheet. The SO₂ conversion typically ranges between 98.1% and 97.7%. If the SO₂ conversion drops below 97.7%, the process area would begin to look for the cause. A conversion value of 97.02% represents ~ 40 lb/ton of sulfuric acid. Sulfuric acid production is recorded on the log sheet once a day.~~

~~An approved monitoring plan shall contain, at a minimum, the following items—45SCR 10A-6.4b:~~

- ~~• A list of parameters to be monitored—45CSR10A-6.4.a
 - ~~Inlet SO₂ concentration~~
 - ~~Outlet SO₂ concentration~~
 - ~~SO₂ conversion (by calculations)~~
 - ~~Sulfuric Acid Production~~
 - ~~Lbs SO₂/ton of Acid Produced (by calculations)~~~~

- ~~• The monitoring method and frequency for each parameter to be monitored—45SCR10A-6.4.b
 - ~~Inlet SO₂ concentration—by inline UV analyzer recorded on a strip chart, continuously~~
 - ~~Outlet SO₂ concentration—by inline UV analyzer recorded on a strip chart, continuously~~
 - ~~Sulfuric Acid Production—flow meters are used to measure flow of 20% oleum and 99% sulfuric acid which is recorded by integrators. Flow for each stream is found by subtracting the integrator reading from the day before from the current days reading. The WTP measures the amount of 93% sulfuric acid sent to the WTP sulfuric acid tank by tank level change and reports this value to SAR. Two smaller streams, a weak acid stream to the WTP and a battery acid stream to methacrylamide are not measured.~~~~

- ~~• The compliance range for each parameter to be monitored—45CSR10A-6.4.c
 - ~~Inlet SO₂ concentration 0 to 8%~~
 - ~~Outlet SO₂ concentration 0ppm to 2000ppm~~
 - ~~Sulfuric Acid Production 0 to 450 ton/day~~~~

- ~~• An explanation of how the parameters to be monitored were chosen, and how they are indicative of compliance— 45CSR10A-6.4.d.;~~
~~Inlet SO₂ concentration and outlet SO₂ concentration is proportional to unconverted SO₂ emitted. The ratio is proportional to emission per unit of production.~~
- ~~• An explanation of how the compliance ranges were established—45CSR10A-6.4.e.;~~
~~Inlet SO₂ concentration—based on past operational experience~~
~~Outlet SO₂ concentration—based on past operational experience~~
~~Sulfuric Acid Production—based on design capacity of the unit~~
- ~~• A schedule for installation and operation of any additional monitoring equipment installed for purposes of complying with this rule—45CSR10A-6.4.f.;~~

~~There is no plan to install and operate any additional monitoring equipment.~~
- ~~• A response plan to be implemented during excursions—45CSR10A-6.4.g.;~~

~~If an excursion should occur, the unit will continue to operate to troubleshoot for a problem. The unit will not operate over the lb/ton standard for more than 24 hours without notifying the Office of Air Quality (OAQ). With the OAQ's approval, the unit will continue to operate in order to troubleshoot for a problem. The OAQ will be notified once the problem has been determined.~~
- ~~• A proposed compliance testing schedule for manufacturing process source—45CSR10A-6.4.h.;~~
~~First stack test will be conducted within twelve months of effective date of interpretative rule. Stack test will be performed when there has been a process modification that requires a permit modification (i.e. Regulation 13 or the Title V modification), Title V permit renewal or at the request of the Division of Air Quality Director.~~

(2)(1) AEI Id (511-1 Amide Rx/Tank)

~~Owner: Ineos~~

~~Operator: DuPont~~

The MAA (Methacrylic Acid) Unit produces Methacrylic acid from methacrylamide mix. Methacrylamide mix is produced from acetone cyanohydrin and sulfuric acid. SO₂ is a byproduct of the reactions in the methacrylamide unit.

1. Applicable Standard: Under 45CSR10-4.1 No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air from any source operation an in-stack sulfur dioxide concentration exceeding 2,000 parts per million by volume from existing source operations, except as provided in subdivisions 4.1.a through 4.1.e
2. Monitoring Method: The operating rate is continuously controlled, monitored, and recorded.

Current Monitoring

Currently, the operating rate is continuously monitored in the area and recorded electronically.

An approved monitoring plan shall contain, at a minimum, the following items – 45CSR10A-6.4”

- A list of parameters to be monitored – 45CSR10A-6.4.a.;
- The monitoring method and frequency for each parameter to be monitored – 45CSR10A-6.4.b.;
- Operating rate – by continuously measuring the feed flow of ACH (acetone cyanohydrin) to the methacrylamide unit and

multiplying by the appropriate factor. Flow used to charge the empty amide unit is excluded since it is not indicative of MAA reaction rate.

- The compliance range for each parameter to be monitored were chosen, and how they are indicative of compliance – 45CSR10A-6.4.d.;
Operating rate – 0 to 14000 pounds per hour acetone cyanohydrin flow.
- An explanation of how the parameters to be monitored were chosen, and how they are indicative of compliance – 45CSR10A-6.4.d.;
The rate of byproduct SO₂ generation and emission is inherent in the chemistry and technology of the methacrylamide process and is proportional to operating (reaction) rate. This rate is determined by feed rate of the primary ingredient, acetone cyanohydrin.
- An explanation of how the compliance ranges were established – 45CSR10A-6.4.e.;
The range is based on the design capacity of the unit.
- A schedule for the installation and operation of any additional monitoring equipment installed for purposes of complying with this rule – 45CSR10A, section 6.4.f.;

There is no plan to install and operate any additional monitoring equipment.

- A response plan to be implemented during excursions – 45CSR10A-6.4.g.;
If an excursion should occur, the unit will continue to operate to troubleshoot for a problem. The unit will not exceed the compliance range for more than 24 hours without notifying the Office of Air Quality. With the ~~OAQDAQ~~'s approval, the unit will continue to operate in order to troubleshoot for a problem. The ~~OAQDAQ~~ will be notified once the problem has been determined.
- A proposed compliance testing schedule for manufacturing process sources – 45CSR10A-6.4.h.;
First stack test will be conducted within twelve months of the effective date of the interpretative rule. Stack test will be performed when there has been a process modification that requires a permit modification (i.e. Regulation 13 or Title V modification), Title V Permit renewal or at the request of the Division of Air Quality Director.

~~(3)(2)~~ AEI Id (531-1 Methacrylic Acid Main Scrubber)

~~Owner: Ineos~~

~~Operator: DuPont~~

The MAA (Methacrylic Acid) unit produces Methacrylic acid from methacrylamide mix. The Methacrylic acid that is produced is stored and marketed. ~~Spent sulfuric acid is recycled back to SAR for regeneration into sulfuric acid for reuse.~~

1. Applicable standard: Under 45CSR10-4.1 No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air from any source operation an in-stack sulfur dioxide concentration exceeding 2,000 parts per million by volume from an existing source operations, except as provided in subdivisions 4.1.a through 4.1.e
2. Monitoring method: the operating rate is continuously controlled, monitored, and recorded.

Current Monitoring

Currently, the MAA operating rate is continuously monitored in the area and recorded electronically.

An approved monitoring plan shall contain, at a minimum, the following items – 45CSR10A-6.4.b.;

- A list of parameters to be monitored – 45CSR10A-6.4.a.;
MAA operating rates
- The monitoring method and frequency for each parameter to be monitored – 45CSR10A-6.4.b.;
MAA operating rate – by continuously measuring the feed flow of ACH (acetone cyanohydrin) to the methacrylamide unit and multiplying by the appropriate factor. Flow used to charge the empty amide unit is excluded since it is not indicative of MAA reaction rate.
- The compliance range for each parameter to be monitored – 45CSR10A-6.4.c.;
Operating rate – 0 to 14000 pounds per hour acetone cyanohydrin flow.
- An explanation of how the parameters to be monitored were chosen, and how they are indicative of compliance – 45CSR10A-6.4.d.;
The rate of byproduct SO₂ generation and emission is inherent in the chemistry and technology of the MAA process and is proportional to operating (reaction) rate. This rate is determined by feed rate of the primary ingredient, acetone cyanohydrin.
- An explanation of how the compliance ranges were established – 45CSR10A-6.4.e.;
The compliance range is the design capacity of the unit.
- A schedule for installation and operation of any additional monitoring equipment installed for purposes of complying with this rule – 45CSR10A, section 6.4.f.;
There is no plan to install and operate any additional monitoring equipment.
- A response plan to be implemented during excursions – 45CSR10A-6.4.g.;
If an excursion should occur, the unit will continue to operate to troubleshoot for a problem. The unit will not exceed the compliance range for more than 24 hours without notifying the Office of Air Quality. With the ~~QAQDAQ~~'s approval, the unit will continue to operate in order to troubleshoot for a problem. The ~~QAQDAQ~~ will be notified once the problem has been determined.
- A proposed compliance testing schedule for manufacturing process source – 45CSR10A-6.4.h.;
First stack test will be conducted within twelve months of the effective date of the interpretative rule. Stack test will be performed when there has been a process modification that requires a permit modification (i.e. Regulation 13 or Title V modification), Title V permit renewal or at the request of the Division of Air Quality Director.

Revisions of Monitoring Plan:

The Belle Plant reserves the right to periodically revise the conditions of this monitoring plan. Any revised plan will become effective only after approval by the ~~QAQDAQ~~.

Implementation of Monitoring Plan:

Upon approval of this monitoring plan or any subsequent revisions to the plan, it is certain that a period of time will be necessary to implement new testing, monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting commitments.

While some of the commitments will be implemented immediately, others may require a significant amount of implementation work (including training of personnel) that will not necessarily be undertaken until the plan has been approved by ~~QAQDAQ~~. The reason for delaying such implementation is so that the facility can be assured that the implementation work is not being spent on a commitment that will not be approved by the ~~QAQDAQ~~. The Belle Plant is proposing that the requirements under this initial monitoring plan be implemented during a period of 3 months (at a minimum) after approval by ~~QAQDAQ~~ with the actual effective date coinciding with the start of a quarterly reporting period. However, if the final monitoring plan requires significant equipment revisions or installation of new equipment, more time may be required. In any case, we ask that the ~~QAQDAQ~~ work with the Belle Plant to reach a workable implementation date. Likewise, Belle Plant and DuPont are committed to working with the ~~QAQDAQ~~

on a successful implantation.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Plan

Record Maintenance

For manufacturing process sources, records of all required monitoring data as established in an approved monitoring plan and support information shall be maintained on-site for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring, sampling, measurement or reporting. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all required reports – 45CSR10A-7.1.d.

Exempt Reporting

Non-CEMS Based Monitoring – Each owner or operator employing monitoring pursuant to subsection 6.4 shall submit a “Monitoring Summary Report” and an “Excursion and Monitoring Plan Performance Report” to the Director on a quarterly basis; the Director may, on a case-by-case basis, require more frequent reporting if the Director deems it necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the fuel burning unit(s). All reports shall be postmarked by the thirtieth (30th) day following the end of each calendar quarter. The Monitoring Summary Report shall contain the information and be in a format approved by the Director – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.

- a. If the total number of excursions for the reporting period is four percent (4%) or greater of the total number of readings for the reporting period and the number of readings missing for the reporting period is less than five percent (5%) of the total number of readings agreed upon in the monitoring plan for the reporting period, the Monitoring Summary Report shall be submitted to the Director; the Excursion and Monitoring Plan Performance Report shall be maintained on-site and shall be submitted to the Director upon request – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.1.
- b. If the number of excursions for the reporting period is four percent (4%) of the total number of readings for the reporting period or the number of readings missing for the reporting period is five percent (5%) or greater of the total number of readings agreed upon in the monitoring plan for the reporting period, the Monitoring Summary Report and the Excursion and Monitoring Plan Performance Report shall both be submitted to the Director – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.2.
- c. The Excursion and Monitoring Plan Performance Report shall be in the format specified in an approved monitoring plan and shall include, but not be limited to, the following information – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.

The magnitude of each excursion, and the date and time, including starting and ending times, of each excursion – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.A.

Specific identification of each excursion that occurs during start-ups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the facility – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.B.

The nature and cause of any excursion (if known), and the corrective action taken and preventative measures adopted (if any) – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.C.

The date and time identifying each period during when data is unavailable, and the reason for data unavailability and the corrective action taken – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.D.

When no excursions have occurred or there were no periods of data unavailability, such information shall be stated in the report – 45CSR10A-7.2.b.3.E.