



October 21, 2016
Kleinfelder Project No.: 20172357

Assistant Director for Permitting
WV Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Quality
601 57th Street, SE
Charleston, WV 25304

**SUBJECT: Antero Midstream LLC – Middlebourne III Compressor Station
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air
Quality, 45CSR13 Air Permit Application**

On behalf of Antero Midstream LLC, please find attached the 45CSR13 Air Permit Application for the proposed Middlebourne III Compressor Station located in Tyler County, West Virginia. Middlebourne III Compressor Station is a new source. Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be built in two phases. Phase I will install eight of the twelve compressor engines and Phase II will install all expected equipment shown in this application. Based on the calculated potential emissions for the full buildout of the Facility, the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be a major source under the Title V program for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Therefore, within 12 months of commencement of operation of the full buildout of the Facility, a 45CSR30 application (Title V operating permit application) will be submitted to WVDEP. Middlebourne III Compressor Station is not subject to the requirements of 45CSR14 since the facility is not a PSD source nor the requirements of 45CSR19 since the facility will not be located in a nonattainment county.

Enclosed are one hardcopy and two CDs containing the entire permit application including the application form and required attachments. Per 45CSR22, a \$4,500 application fee is also enclosed, which covers the base 45CSR13 \$1,000 application fee, an additional \$1,000 for NSPS requirements, and an additional \$2,500 for Hazardous Air Pollutant requirements.

A copy of the Air Quality Permit Notice for the advertisement is included as Attachment P. As the Notice is being submitted simultaneously with the application, the official affidavit of publication will be submitted to the Division of Air Quality separately once it is completed.

Please call if you have any questions or if I can be of further assistance. I can be reached at (719)632-3593 or by email at kmeszaros@kleinfelder.com.

Sincerely,

KLEINFELDER

Kaitlin Meszaros
Air Quality Professional

Enclosure: Middlebourne III Compressor Station Air Permit Application

Antero Midstream LLC

Middlebourne III Compressor Station

**45CSR13 Permit Application
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Quality**

Tyler County, West Virginia

October 2016

Prepared by:



**1801 California Street, Suite 1100
Denver, CO 80202
(303) 237-6601
Fax (303) 237-6602
www.kleinfelder.com**

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WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY

601 57th Street, SE
Charleston, WV 25304
(304) 926-0475
www.dep.wv.gov/daq

**APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT
AND
TITLE V PERMIT REVISION
(OPTIONAL)**

PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO **NSR (45CSR13)** (IF KNOWN):

- ☒ **CONSTRUCTION** ☐ **MODIFICATION** ☐ **RELOCATION**
☐ **CLASS I ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE** ☐ **TEMPORARY**
☐ **CLASS II ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE** ☐ **AFTER-THE-FACT**

PLEASE CHECK TYPE OF **45CSR30 (TITLE V)** REVISION (IF ANY):

- ☐ **ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENT** ☐ **MINOR MODIFICATION**
☐ **SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION**

IF ANY BOX ABOVE IS CHECKED, INCLUDE TITLE V REVISION INFORMATION AS **ATTACHMENT S** TO THIS APPLICATION

FOR TITLE V FACILITIES ONLY: Please refer to "Title V Revision Guidance" in order to determine your Title V Revision options (Appendix A, "Title V Permit Revision Flowchart") and ability to operate with the changes requested in this Permit Application.

Section I. General

1. Name of applicant (as registered with the WV Secretary of State's Office): Antero Midstream LLC		2. Federal Employer ID No. (FEIN): 46-5517375	
3. Name of facility (if different from above): Middlebourne III Compressor Station		4. The applicant is the: <input type="checkbox"/> OWNER <input type="checkbox"/> OPERATOR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BOTH	
5A. Applicant's mailing address: 1615 Wynkoop Street Denver, CO 80202		5B. Facility's present physical address: Wick Road Wick, WV 26185	
6. West Virginia Business Registration. Is the applicant a resident of the State of West Virginia? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO – If YES , provide a copy of the Certificate of Incorporation/Organization/Limited Partnership (one page) including any name change amendments or other Business Registration Certificate as Attachment A . – If NO , provide a copy of the Certificate of Authority/Authority of L.L.C./Registration (one page) including any name change amendments or other Business Certificate as Attachment A .			
7. If applicant is a subsidiary corporation, please provide the name of parent corporation:			
8. Does the applicant own, lease, have an option to buy or otherwise have control of the <i>proposed site</i> ? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO – If YES , please explain: Antero Midstream LLC owns the land for the proposed site. – If NO , you are not eligible for a permit for this source.			
9. Type of plant or facility (stationary source) to be constructed, modified, relocated, administratively updated or temporarily permitted (e.g., coal preparation plant, primary crusher, etc.): Natural Gas Compressor Station		10. North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for the facility: 221210	
11A. DAQ Plant ID No. (for existing facilities only):		11B. List all current 45CSR13 and 45CSR30 (Title V) permit numbers associated with this process (for existing facilities only):	

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

12A. – For Modifications, Administrative Updates or Temporary permits at an existing facility, please provide directions to the <i>present location</i> of the facility from the nearest state road; – For Construction or Relocation permits , please provide directions to the <i>proposed new site location</i> from the nearest state road. Include a MAP as Attachment B . From Wick, West Virginia, at the intersection of Hog Run Road and Wick Road, head east on Wick Road for 0.85 miles and turn left into the facility entrance.		
12.B. New site address (if applicable): Wick Road Wick, WV 26185	12C. Nearest city or town: Wick	12D. County: Tyler
12.E. UTM Northing (KM): 4363.005	12F. UTM Easting (KM): 503.135	12G. UTM Zone: 17
13. Briefly describe the proposed change(s) at the facility: New installation		
14A. Provide the date of anticipated installation or change: March 2017 – If this is an After-The-Fact permit application, provide the date upon which the proposed change did happen: / /		14B. Date of anticipated Start-Up if a permit is granted: September 2017
14C. Provide a Schedule of the planned Installation of/Change to and Start-Up of each of the units proposed in this permit application as Attachment C (if more than one unit is involved).		
15. Provide maximum projected Operating Schedule of activity/activities outlined in this application: Hours Per Day 24 Days Per Week 7 Weeks Per Year 52		
16. Is demolition or physical renovation at an existing facility involved? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO		
17. Risk Management Plans. If this facility is subject to 112(r) of the 1990 CAAA, or will become subject due to proposed changes (for applicability help see www.epa.gov/ceppo), submit your Risk Management Plan (RMP) to U. S. EPA Region III.		
18. Regulatory Discussion. List all Federal and State air pollution control regulations that you believe are applicable to the proposed process (<i>if known</i>). A list of possible applicable requirements is also included in Attachment S of this application (Title V Permit Revision Information). Discuss applicability and proposed demonstration(s) of compliance (<i>if known</i>). Provide this information as Attachment D .		
Section II. Additional attachments and supporting documents.		
19. Include a check payable to WVDEP – Division of Air Quality with the appropriate application fee (per 45CSR22 and 45CSR13).		
20. Include a Table of Contents as the first page of your application package.		
21. Provide a Plot Plan , e.g. scaled map(s) and/or sketch(es) showing the location of the property on which the stationary source(s) is or is to be located as Attachment E (Refer to Plot Plan Guidance) . – Indicate the location of the nearest occupied structure (e.g. church, school, business, residence).		
22. Provide a Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) showing each proposed or modified emissions unit, emission point and control device as Attachment F .		
23. Provide a Process Description as Attachment G . – Also describe and quantify to the extent possible all changes made to the facility since the last permit review (if applicable).		
All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.		
24. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all materials processed, used or produced as Attachment H . – For chemical processes, provide a MSDS for each compound emitted to the air.		

25. Fill out the Emission Units Table and provide it as Attachment I .												
26. Fill out the Emission Points Data Summary Sheet (Table 1 and Table 2) and provide it as Attachment J .												
27. Fill out the Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet and provide it as Attachment K .												
28. Check all applicable Emissions Unit Data Sheets listed below: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Haul Road Emissions</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Quarry</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical Processes</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Hot Mix Asphalt Plant</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage Facilities</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Batch Plant</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Incinerator</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storage Tanks</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Grey Iron and Steel Foundry</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Indirect Heat Exchanger</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Emission Unit, specify: Engines, Dehydrators, Generator, Fuel Conditioning Heater	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	<input type="checkbox"/> Haul Road Emissions	<input type="checkbox"/> Quarry	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical Processes	<input type="checkbox"/> Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	<input type="checkbox"/> Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage Facilities	<input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Batch Plant	<input type="checkbox"/> Incinerator	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storage Tanks	<input type="checkbox"/> Grey Iron and Steel Foundry	<input type="checkbox"/> Indirect Heat Exchanger	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	<input type="checkbox"/> Haul Road Emissions	<input type="checkbox"/> Quarry										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical Processes	<input type="checkbox"/> Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	<input type="checkbox"/> Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage Facilities										
<input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Batch Plant	<input type="checkbox"/> Incinerator	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storage Tanks										
<input type="checkbox"/> Grey Iron and Steel Foundry	<input type="checkbox"/> Indirect Heat Exchanger											
Fill out and provide the Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s) as Attachment L .												
29. Check all applicable Air Pollution Control Device Sheets listed below: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Absorption Systems</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Baghouse</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flare</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Adsorption Systems</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Condenser</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Collector</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Afterburner</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Electrostatic Precipitator</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Wet Collecting System</td> </tr> </table> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Collectors, specify : Oxidation catalysts, VRUs	<input type="checkbox"/> Absorption Systems	<input type="checkbox"/> Baghouse	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flare	<input type="checkbox"/> Adsorption Systems	<input type="checkbox"/> Condenser	<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Collector	<input type="checkbox"/> Afterburner	<input type="checkbox"/> Electrostatic Precipitator	<input type="checkbox"/> Wet Collecting System			
<input type="checkbox"/> Absorption Systems	<input type="checkbox"/> Baghouse	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flare										
<input type="checkbox"/> Adsorption Systems	<input type="checkbox"/> Condenser	<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Collector										
<input type="checkbox"/> Afterburner	<input type="checkbox"/> Electrostatic Precipitator	<input type="checkbox"/> Wet Collecting System										
Fill out and provide the Air Pollution Control Device Sheet(s) as Attachment M .												
30. Provide all Supporting Emissions Calculations as Attachment N , or attach the calculations directly to the forms listed in Items 28 through 31.												
31. Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plans. Attach proposed monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting and testing plans in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits and operating parameters in this permit application. Provide this information as Attachment O . ➤ Please be aware that all permits must be practically enforceable whether or not the applicant chooses to propose such measures. Additionally, the DAQ may not be able to accept all measures proposed by the applicant. If none of these plans are proposed by the applicant, DAQ will develop such plans and include them in the permit.												
32. Public Notice. At the time that the application is submitted, place a Class I Legal Advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the source is or will be located (See 45CSR§13-8.3 through 45CSR§13-8.5 and Example Legal Advertisement for details). Please submit the Affidavit of Publication as Attachment P immediately upon receipt.												
33. Business Confidentiality Claims. Does this application include confidential information (per 45CSR31)? <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO </div> ➤ If YES , identify each segment of information on each page that is submitted as confidential and provide justification for each segment claimed confidential, including the criteria under 45CSR§31-4.1, and in accordance with the DAQ's "Precautionary Notice – Claims of Confidentiality" guidance found in the General Instructions as Attachment Q .												

Section III. Certification of Information

34. Authority/Delegation of Authority. Only required when someone other than the responsible official signs the application. Check applicable Authority Form below: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Authority of Corporation or Other Business Entity</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Partnership</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Governmental Agency</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Limited Partnership</td> </tr> </table> Submit completed and signed Authority Form as Attachment R .	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Authority of Corporation or Other Business Entity	<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Partnership	<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Governmental Agency	<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Limited Partnership
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Authority of Corporation or Other Business Entity	<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Partnership			
<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Governmental Agency	<input type="checkbox"/> Authority of Limited Partnership			
<i>All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.</i>				

35A. **Certification of Information.** To certify this permit application, a Responsible Official (per 45CSR§13-2.22 and 45CSR§30-2.28) or Authorized Representative shall check the appropriate box and sign below.

Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness

I, the undersigned ☒ **Responsible Official** / ☐ **Authorized Representative**, hereby certify that all information contained in this application and any supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete based on information and belief after reasonable inquiry I further agree to assume responsibility for the construction, modification and/or relocation and operation of the stationary source described herein in accordance with this application and any amendments thereto, as well as the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality permit issued in accordance with this application, along with all applicable rules and regulations of the West Virginia Division of Air Quality and W.Va. Code § 22-5-1 et seq. (State Air Pollution Control Act). If the business or agency changes its Responsible Official or Authorized Representative, the Director of the Division of Air Quality will be notified in writing within 30 days of the official change.

Compliance Certification

Except for requirements identified in the Title V Application for which compliance is not achieved, I, the undersigned hereby certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all air contaminant sources identified in this application are in compliance with all applicable requirements.

SIGNATURE

Ward McNeilly
(Please use blue ink)

DATE:

10/18/16
(Please use blue ink)

35B. Printed name of signee: Ward McNeilly

35C. Title: Vice President, Reserves Planning and Midstream

35D. E-mail:

wmcneilly@anteroresources.com

36E. Phone: (303) 357-6822

36F. FAX: (303)357-7315

36A. Printed name of contact person (if different from above): Barry Schatz

36B. Title: Senior Environmental and Regulatory Manager

36C. E-mail:

bschatz@anteroresources.com

36D. Phone: (303) 357-7276

36E. FAX: (303)357-7315

PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE ATTACHMENTS INCLUDED WITH THIS PERMIT APPLICATION:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment A: Business Certificate | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment K: Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment B: Map(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment L: Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment C: Installation and Start Up Schedule | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment M: Air Pollution Control Device Sheet(s) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment D: Regulatory Discussion | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment N: Supporting Emissions Calculations |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment E: Plot Plan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment O: Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting/Testing Plans |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment F: Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment P: Public Notice |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment G: Process Description | <input type="checkbox"/> Attachment Q: Business Confidential Claims |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) | <input type="checkbox"/> Attachment R: Authority Forms |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment I: Emission Units Table | <input type="checkbox"/> Attachment S: Title V Permit Revision Information |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attachment J: Emission Points Data Summary Sheet | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Application Fee |

Please mail an original and three (3) copies of the complete permit application with the signature(s) to the DAQ, Permitting Section, at the address listed on the first page of this application. Please DO NOT fax permit applications.

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY – IF THIS IS A TITLE V SOURCE:

- ☐ Forward 1 copy of the application to the Title V Permitting Group and:
- ☐ For Title V Administrative Amendments:
- ☐ NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writer of draft permit,
- ☐ For Title V Minor Modifications:
- ☐ Title V permit writer should send appropriate notification to EPA and affected states within 5 days of receipt,
- ☐ NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writer of draft permit.
- ☐ For Title V Significant Modifications processed in parallel with NSR Permit revision:
- ☐ NSR permit writer should notify a Title V permit writer of draft permit,
- ☐ Public notice should reference both 45CSR13 and Title V permits,
- ☐ EPA has 45 day review period of a draft permit.

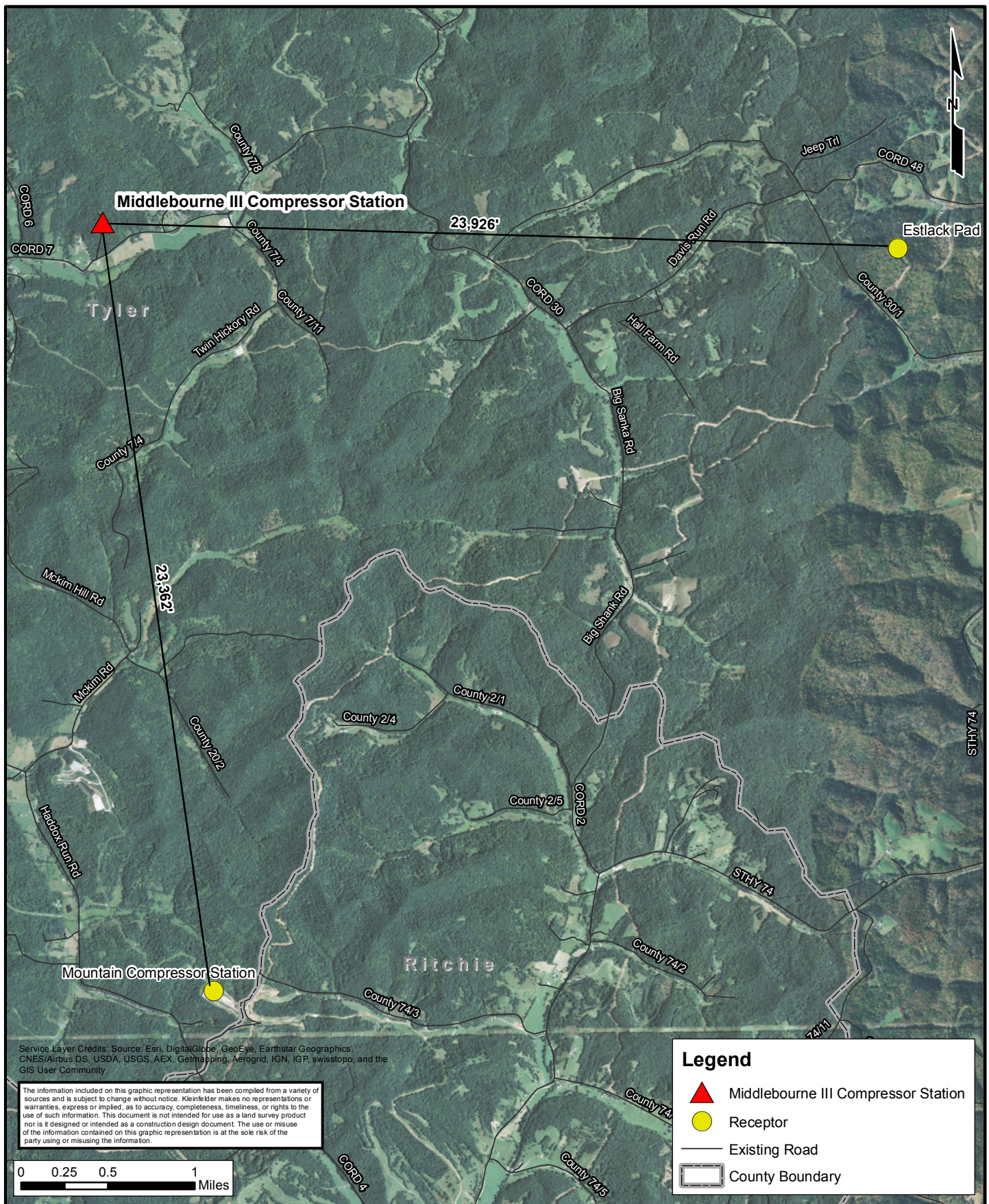
All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.


Discussion of Nearby Facilities

Middlebourne III Compressor Station – Closest Antero Facilities

1. Common Control: Only those facilities that are owned and managed by Antero were included in the aggregation discussion. This includes Antero Resources Corporation production facilities in addition to the Antero Midstream LLC midstream facilities.
2. SIC Code: The Middlebourne III Compressor Station will operate under SIC code 4923 (natural gas distribution). The closest facility owned by Antero Midstream LLC with this SIC code is the Mountain Compressor Station which is 4.4 miles south of the Facility. All Antero Resources Corporation production facilities operate under the SIC code of 1311 (crude petroleum and natural gas extraction). The closest facility operated by Antero Resources Corporation with the SIC code of 1311 is the Estlack Pad 4.5 miles to the east.
3. Contiguous or Adjacent: The land between the Middlebourne III Compressor Station and its nearest facility operating under SIC code 4923 is not owned or managed by Antero Midstream LLC or Antero Resources Corporation. Therefore, the two facilities are not contiguous or adjacent. The land between Middlebourne III Compressor Station and the Estlack Pad is not owned or managed by Antero Midstream LLC or Antero Resources Corporation. Therefore, the two facilities are not contiguous or adjacent.

Based on this three-pronged evaluation, no facilities are required to aggregate emissions with the Middlebourne III Compressor Station.



 KLEINFELDER <i>Bright People. Right Solutions.</i> www.kleinfelder.com	PROJECT NO. 20172357	Antero Midstream LLC	FIGURE
	DRAWN: 10/20/2016		
	DRAWN BY: B. McDavid	Middlebourne III Compressor Station Tyler County, West Virginia	
	CHECKED BY: K.Meszaros		
	FILE NAME: Wick_ClosestReceptor.mxd		

Attachment A.
Business Certificate

State of West Virginia



Certificate

UB

*I, Natalie E. Tennant, Secretary of State of the
State of West Virginia, hereby certify that*

ANTERO MIDSTREAM LLC

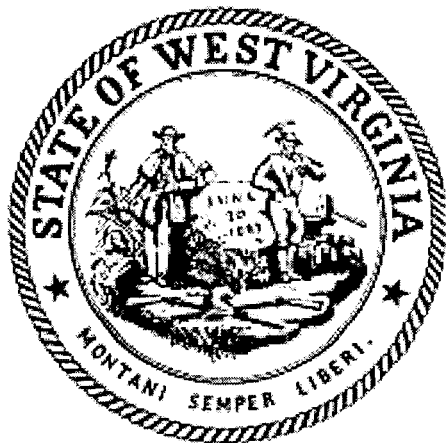
Control Number: 9A5E1

a limited liability company, organized under the laws of the State of Delaware
has filed its "Application for Certificate of Authority" in my office according to the provisions
of West Virginia Code §31B-10-1002. I hereby declare the organization to be registered as a
foreign limited liability company from its effective date of April 29, 2014, until a certificate of
cancellation is filed with our office.

Therefore, I hereby issue this

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY OF A FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

to the limited liability company authorizing it to transact business in West Virginia



*Given under my hand and the
Great Seal of the State of
West Virginia on this day of
April 29, 2014*

Natalie E. Tennant

Secretary of State

FILED

APR 29 2014

IN THE OFFICE OF
WV SECRETARY OF STATESubmitted by:
CT Corporation Rep-Terry Stamper
Terry.Stamper@wolterskluwer.com
304-776-1152

1152

Natalie E. Tennant
Secretary of State
1900 Kanawha Blvd E
Bldg 1, Suite 157-K
Charleston, WV 25305Penney Barker, Manager
Corporations Division
Tel: (304)558-8000
Fax: (304)558-8381
Website: www.wvsos.com
E-mail: business@wvsos.comFILE ONE ORIGINAL.
(Two if you want a filed
stamped copy returned to you)
FEE: \$150WV APPLICATION FOR
CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY OF
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANYOffice Hours: Monday – Friday
8:30 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. ETControl # WABE1

1. The name of the company as registered in its home state is:

Antero Midstream LLC

and the state or country of organization is:

Delaware

**CHECK HERE** to indicate you have obtained and submitted with this application a **CERTIFICATE OF EXISTENCE (GOOD STANDING)**, dated during the current tax year, from your home state of original incorporation as **required** to process your application. The certificate may be obtained by contacting the Secretary of State's Office in the home state of original incorporation.

2. The name to be used in West Virginia will be:
-
- [The name must contain one of the required terms such as limited liability company" or abbreviations such as "LLC" or "PLLC". See instructions for complete list of acceptable terms and requirements for use of trade name.]

Home State name as listed above, if available in WV
(If name is not available, check DBA Name box below and follow special instructions in Section 2. attached.)DBA name _____
(See special instructions in Section 2. Regarding the Letter of Resolution attached to this application.)

3. The company will be a: [See instructions for limitations on professions which may form P.L.L.C. in WV. All members must have WV professional license. In most cases, a Letter of Authorization/Approval from the appropriate State Licensing Board is required to process the application.]



regular L.L.C.



Professional L.L.C. for the profession of _____

4. The street address of the principal office is:

No. & Street: 1625 17th Street, Suite 300

City/State/Zip: Denver, Colorado 80202

and the mailing address (if different) is:

Street/Box: _____

City/State/Zip: _____

5. The address of the designated office of the company in WV, if any, will be:

No. & Street: 5400 D Big Tyler Road

City/State/Zip: Charleston, West Virginia 25313

6. Agent of Process: Properly designated person to whom notice of legal process may be sent, if any:

Name: C T Corporation System

Address: 5400 D Big Tyler Road

City/State/Zip: Charleston, West Virginia 25313

RECEIVED

APR 29 2014

APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Page 2

7. E-mail address where business correspondence may be received: igiannaula@anteroresources.com

8. Website address of the business, if any: N/A

9. The company is: ☒ an at-will company, for an indefinite period
☐ a term company, for the term of _____ years,
which will expire on _____.

10. The company is: ☒ member-managed. [List the names and addresses of all members.]
☐ manager-managed. [List the names and addresses of all managers.]

List the Name(s) and Address(es) of the Member(s)/Manager(s) of the company (attach additional pages if necessary).

<u>Name</u>	<u>Street Address</u>	<u>City, State, Zip</u>
Antero Resources Corporation	1625 17th Street, Suite 300	Denver, Colorado 80202

11. All or specified members of a limited liability company are liable in their capacity as members for all or specified debts, obligations or liabilities of the company.
- ☒ **No**--All debts, obligations and liabilities are those of the company.
- ☐ **Yes**--Those persons who are liable in their capacity as members for all debts, obligations or liability of the company have consented in writing to the adoption of the provision or to be bound by the provision.

12. The purpose for which this limited liability company is formed are as follows:
(Describe the type(s) of business activity which will be conducted, for example, "real estate," "construction of residential and commercial buildings," "commercial printing," "professional practice of architecture.")

Midstream oil and gas operating company

13. Is the business a Scrap Metal Dealer?

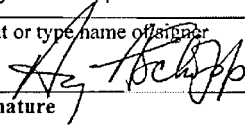
☐ **Yes** [If "Yes," you must complete the Scrap Metal Dealer Registration Form (Form SMD-1) and proceed to question 14.].

☒ **No** [Proceed to question 14.]

14. The number of pages attached and included in this application is: 3

15. The requested effective date is: ☒ the date & time of filing in the Secretary of State's Office
 [Requested date may not be earlier than
filing nor later than 90 days after filing
in our office.]
☐ the following date _____ and time _____

16. Contact and Signature Information* (See below Important Legal Notice Regarding Signature):

- | | | |
|----|---|--|
| a. | Alvyn A. Schopp | (313) 357-7310 |
| | Contact Name | Phone Number |
| b. | Alvyn A. Schopp | Chief Administrative Officer and Regional Vice President |
| | Print or type name of signer | Title / Capacity of Signer |
| c. |  | April 28, 2014 |
| | Signature | Date |

***Important Legal Notice Regarding Signature:** Per West Virginia Code §31B-2-209. Liability for false statement in filed record. If a record authorized or required to be filed under this chapter contains a false statement, one who suffers loss by reliance on the statement may recover damages for the loss from a person who signed the record or caused another to sign it on the person's behalf and knew the statement to be false at the time the record was signed.

Delaware

PAGE 1

The First State

I, JEFFREY W. BULLOCK, SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY "ANTERO MIDSTREAM LLC" IS DULY FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE AND IS IN GOOD STANDING AND HAS A LEGAL EXISTENCE SO FAR AS THE RECORDS OF THIS OFFICE SHOW, AS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF APRIL, A.D. 2014.


AND I DO HEREBY FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THE ANNUAL TAXES HAVE NOT BEEN ASSESSED TO DATE.

5466900 8300

140532521

You may verify this certificate online
at corp.delaware.gov/authver.shtml




Jeffrey W. Bullock, Secretary of State
AUTHENTICATION: 1328067


DATE: 04-29-14

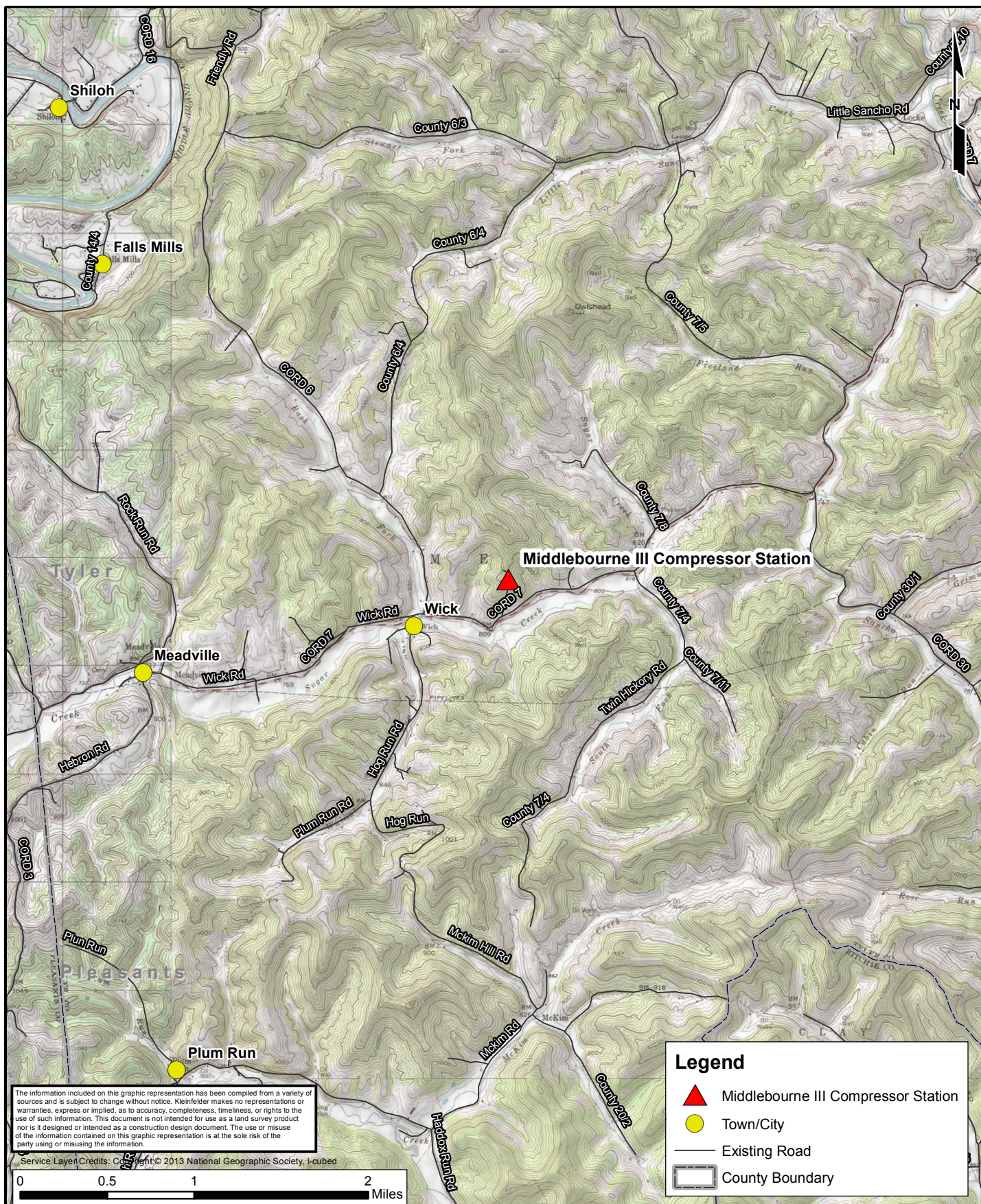
Attachment B.
Area Map


Middlebourne III Compressor Station – Area Maps

The Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be located in Tyler County, northeast of Wick, West Virginia. The following maps depict the location of the planned facility with a topographic and aerial background. The topographic map shows the Middlebourne III Compressor Station in relation to nearby towns. The aerial map shows the current satellite image of the planned location for Middlebourne III Compressor Station along with the distance to its nearest public receptor. The one house to the southwest of the planned location was purchased by Antero Midstream LLC, and therefore is not the nearest public receptor to the facility.



 KLEINFELDER <i>Bright People. Right Solutions.</i> www.kleinfelder.com	PROJECT NO.	20172357	Antero Midstream LLC	FIGURE
	DRAWN:	10/20/2016		
	DRAWN BY:	B. McDavid	Middlebourne III Compressor Station Tyler County, West Virginia	
	CHECKED BY:	K.Meszaros		
	FILE NAME:	WickCompressor_Aerial.mxd		



 <p>KLEINFELDER <i>Bright People. Right Solutions.</i> www.kleinfelder.com</p>	PROJECT NO.	20172357	Antero Midstream LLC	FIGURE
	DRAWN:	10/20/2016		
	DRAWN BY:	B. McDavid	Middlebourne III Compressor Station Tyler County, West Virginia	
	CHECKED BY:	K.Meszaros		
	FILE NAME:	WickCompressor_Topo.mxd		

Attachment C.
Installation and Startup Schedule

Middlebourne III Compressor Station – Installation and Startup Schedule

The Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be a new facility located in Tyler County, WV, approximately 0.6 miles northeast of Wick, West Virginia. The facility will be built in two phases. Ground clearing and other site preparation activities are anticipated to occur starting in December of 2016. Installation of equipment for Phase I is anticipated to begin in March of 2017. Facility Phase I operations are scheduled to begin on or around September of 2017. Facility Phase II operations are scheduled to begin nine to twelve months after Phase I, on or around June 2018.

Attachment D.
Regulatory Discussion

Middlebourne III Compressor Station – Regulatory Discussion

Federal Regulations

40 CFR Part 60 – Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

- I. *Subpart Kb - Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984.*

Applicability: Subpart Kb applies to volatile organic liquid storage tanks with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ (§60.110b(a)). However, Subpart Kb does not apply to storage vessels with a design capacity less than or equal to 1,589.874 m³ that are used for petroleum or condensate storage prior to custody transfer. The storage tanks at Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be less than 1,589.874 m³ and will be used for storage prior to custody transfer. Therefore, Subpart Kb does not apply to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station.

- II. *Subpart GG - Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines*

Applicability: Subpart GG applies to all stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10 million BTU per hour based on the lower heating value of the fuel (§60.330(a)). Since the microturbine generator at the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will have a heat input rating less than 10 million Btu per hour, Subpart GG does not apply.

- III. *Subpart KKK - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC from Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After January 20, 1984, and on or Before August 23, 2011.*

Applicability: Subpart KKK applies to facilities built or modified before August 23, 2011. Subpart KKK will not apply as the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is not yet built.

- IV. *Subpart LLL - Standards of Performance for SO₂ Emissions from Onshore Natural Gas Processing for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After January 20, 1984, and on or Before August 23, 2011.*

Applicability: Subpart LLL applies to facilities built or modified before August 23, 2011. Subpart LLL will not apply as the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is not yet built.

- V. *Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*

Applicability: Subpart JJJJ applies to lean burn engines that were ordered after June 12, 2006 and manufactured on or after July 1, 2007 for engines with maximum power greater than or equal to 500 hp (§60.4230(a)(4)(i)). Thus, Subpart JJJJ applies to the

Middlebourne III Compressor Station as the compressor engines will be ordered after June 12, 2006 and manufactured after July 1, 2007.

VI. Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines

Applicability: Subpart KKKK applies to all stationary combustion turbines with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10 million BTU per hour based on the higher heating value of the fuel (§60.4305(a)). Since the microturbine generator at the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will have a heat input rating less than 10 million Btu per hour, Subpart KKKK does not apply.

VII. Subpart OOOO - Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution

Applicability: Subpart OOOO applies to facilities that were constructed, modified, or reconstructed after August 23, 2011 and on or before September 18, 2015 (§60.5365). Therefore, Subpart OOOO does not apply as the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is not yet constructed.

VIII. Subpart OOOOa – Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities for which Construction, Modification, or Reconstruction Commenced after September 18, 2015

Applicability: Subpart OOOOa applies to reciprocating compressor facilities that were constructed, modified, or reconstructed after September 18, 2015 (§60.5365a(c)). Also, Subpart OOOOa applies to storage vessel affected facilities with individual tank emissions greater than 6 tons per year (§60.5365a(e)). Lastly, the collection of fugitive emissions components at a compressor station is an affected facility under this Subpart (§60.5365a(j)). Since the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be built after September 18, 2015 and will be a compressor station with reciprocating compressors, Subpart OOOOa does apply. The pneumatic devices that will be installed at Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be air-actuated or electric and therefore exempt from the requirements of this Subpart. The storage tank affected facility applicability for the onsite storage tanks will be determined within the first 30 days of production, per Subpart OOOOa.

40 CFR Part 61 – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

I. Subpart V – National Emission Standard for Equipment Leaks (Fugitive Emission Sources)

Applicability: Subpart V applies to components such as compressors, valves, and pumps that are intended to operate in volatile hazardous air pollutant (VHAP) service (§61.240(a)). VHAP service means that a component contains or contacts a fluid that is at least 10 percent by weight a VHAP. Subpart V does not apply to the Middlebourne III

Compressor Station because none of the components will have fluid (natural gas, water, or condensate) that is over 10 percent by weight of any VHAP.

40 CFR Part 63 – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories

I. Subpart HH – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities

Applicability: Subpart HH applies to oil and natural gas production facilities that are a major or area source of HAP emissions, and that process, upgrade, or store hydrocarbon liquids or natural gas prior to the transmission and storage source category (§63.760(a)). Subpart HH does apply to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station, and because it is an area source of HAP emissions, the three (3) TEG dehydrators are applicable sources under Subpart HH (§63.760(b)(2)). However, actual benzene emissions from each of the dehydrators at the Middlebourne III Compressor Station are estimated to be less than 1 ton per year, so the dehydrators are exempt from all requirements except recordkeeping (§63.764(e)(1)(ii)).

II. Subpart HHH – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

Applicability: Subpart HHH applies to natural gas transmission and storage facilities that are a major source of HAP emissions (§63.1270(a)). Subpart HHH does not apply to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station as it is not a major source of HAP emissions. Further, the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is prior to the gas transmission and storage phase.

III. Subpart EEEE – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Organic Liquids Distribution (Non-Gasoline)

Applicability: Subpart EEEE applies to organic liquids distribution operations that are located at major source of HAP emissions (§63.2334(a)). Subpart EEEE does not apply to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station as it is not a major source of HAP emissions.

IV. Subpart YYYY – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines

Applicability: Subpart YYYY applies to stationary combustion turbines located at major sources of HAP emissions (§63.6085(a)). Since the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is not a major source of HAP emissions, Subpart YYYY does not apply.

V. *Subpart ZZZZ - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines*

Applicability: Subpart ZZZZ applies to stationary RICE at a major or area source of HAP emissions (§63.6585). Subpart ZZZZ applies to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station as the compressor engines will be new RICE. The engines will meet Subpart ZZZZ by meeting 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ as the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is an area source of HAP emissions (§63.6590(c)(1)).

VI. *Subpart DDDDD – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters*

Applicability: Subpart DDDDD applies to process heaters at a major source of HAP emissions (§63.7485). Subpart DDDDD does not apply to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station as it is not a major source of HAP emissions.

Prevention of Significant deterioration and Title V Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule

Applicability: The Tailoring Rule was published into the Federal Register starting in 2010 in three steps. Step 1 of the Tailoring Rule stated that Title V or PSD requirements would apply to greenhouse gas (GHG) sources only if the sources were subject to Title V or PSD because of other regulated pollutants. Due to court proceedings in 2014, the facility is required to follow Step 1 of the Tailoring Rule. The potential CO₂e emissions from the Middlebourne III Compressor Station are greater than 100,000 tons per year. Because the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is also a major source under the Title V program due to VOC emissions, GHG emissions may also be subject to Title V, but not PSD, requirements.

West Virginia State Regulations

Title 45 Legislative Rule – Division of Environmental Protection, Office of Air Quality

The following Title 45 Legislative Rules will be applicable to the Middlebourne III Compressor Station:

- I. 45CSR2 – To Prevent and Control Particulate Air Pollution from Combustion of Fuel in Indirect Heat Exchangers*
- II. 45CSR4 – To Prevent and Control the Discharge of Air Pollutants into the Open Air Which Causes or Contributes to an Objectionable Odor or Odors*
- III. 45CSR6 – Control of Air Pollution from Combustion of Refuse*
- IV. 45CSR8 – Ambient Air Quality Standards*
- V. 45CSR11 – Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes*
- VI. 45CSR13 – Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Administrative Updates, Temporary Permits, General Permits, Permission to Commence Construction, and Procedures for Evaluation*
- VII. 45CSR14 – Permits for Construction and Major Modification of Major Stationary Sources for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality*

45CSR14 establishes a preconstruction permit program for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Program under the Clean Air Act. According to Section 2.43 of this rule, a Major Stationary Source is defined as any of the twenty six named sources listed in 2.43a which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of any regulated pollutant. Although the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will have the potential to emit over 100 tons per year of VOCs, it is not one of the twenty six named stationary sources and thus not defined a Major Stationary Source under the PSD Program by Section 2.43a. Additionally, Section 2.43b of this rule defines a Major Stationary Source as any stationary source which emits or has the potential to emit, 250 tons per year or more of any regulated pollutant. The Middlebourne III Compressor Station does not have the potential to emit 250 tons per year or more of any regulated pollutant, thus is not a Major Stationary Source under then PSD Program and 45CSR14 does not apply.

- VIII. 45CSR16 – Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources Pursuant to 40 CFR, Part 60*
- IX. 45CSR20 – Good Engineering Practice as Applicable to Stack Heights*
- X. 45CSR22 – Air Quality Management Fee Program*

XI. 45CSR27 – To Prevent and Control the Emissions of Toxic Air Pollutants

XII. 45CSR30 – Requirements for Operating Permits

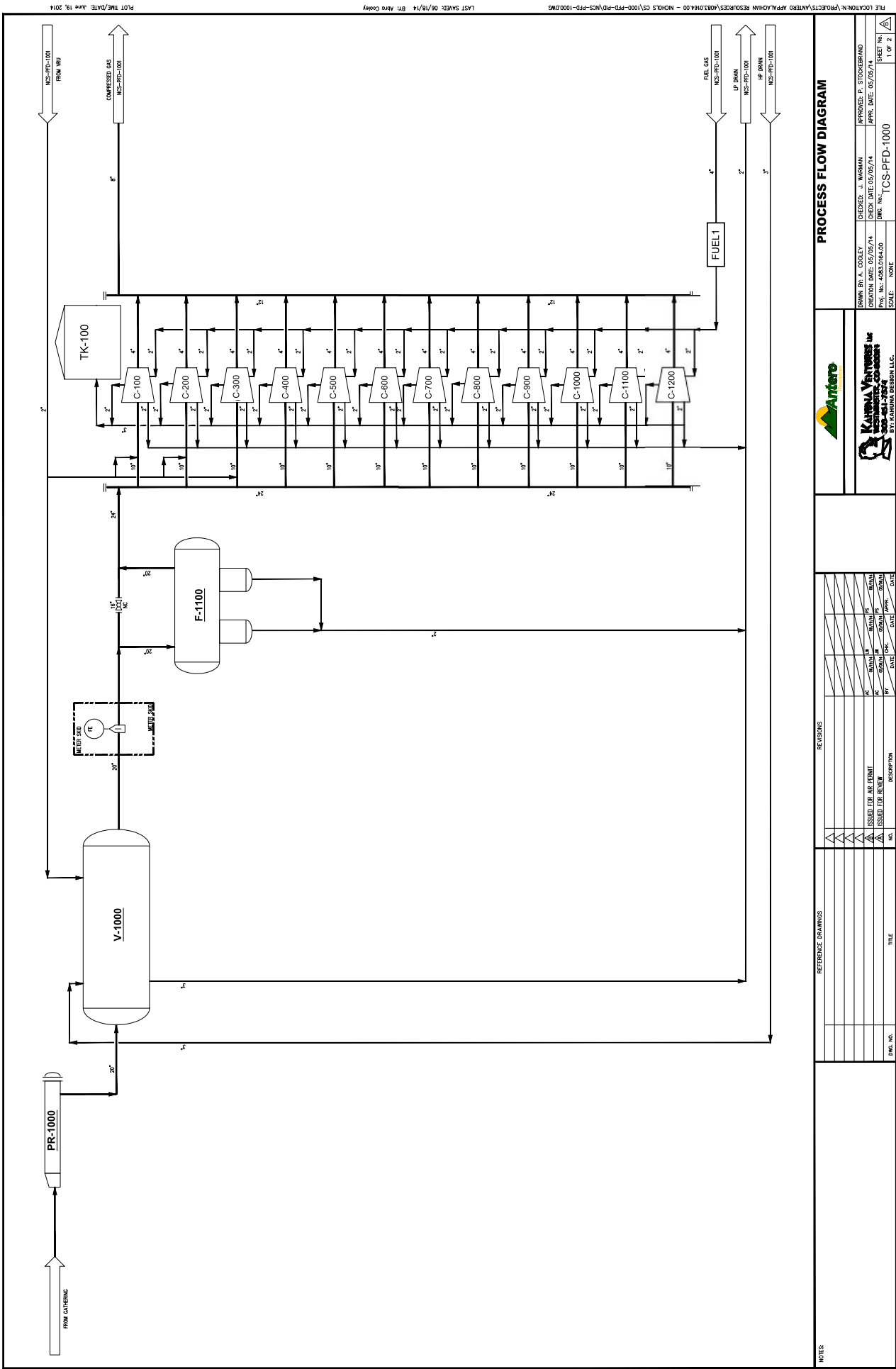
This rule establishes an air permitting program that is consistent with Title V of the Clean Air Act. According to Section 3.1.a.1, any major source as defined by the rule, shall not operate except in compliance with a permit issued under this rule on or after the effective date of the operating permit program. Section 2.26.b defines a major source as any stationary source that directly emits or has the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of any pollutant subject to regulation. However, because a compressor station is not one of the 44 named sources under 2.26.b, fugitives do not need to be included when determining the 100 ton per year threshold. Potential emissions of VOCs from the Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be over 100 tons per year not including fugitive emissions, so the Middlebourne III Compressor Station is a major source as defined by this rule and applicable to 45CSR30. The Middlebourne III Compressor Station will need to apply for a permit under this rule within 12 months of the effective date of the operating permit program per Section 4.1.a.1.F of the rule.

XIII. 45CSR34 – Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories Pursuant to 40 CFR, Part 63

XIV. 45CSR38 – Provisions for Determination of Compliance with Air Quality Management Rules

Attachment E.
Plot Plan

Attachment F.
Process Flow Diagram



NOTES

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REVISIONS

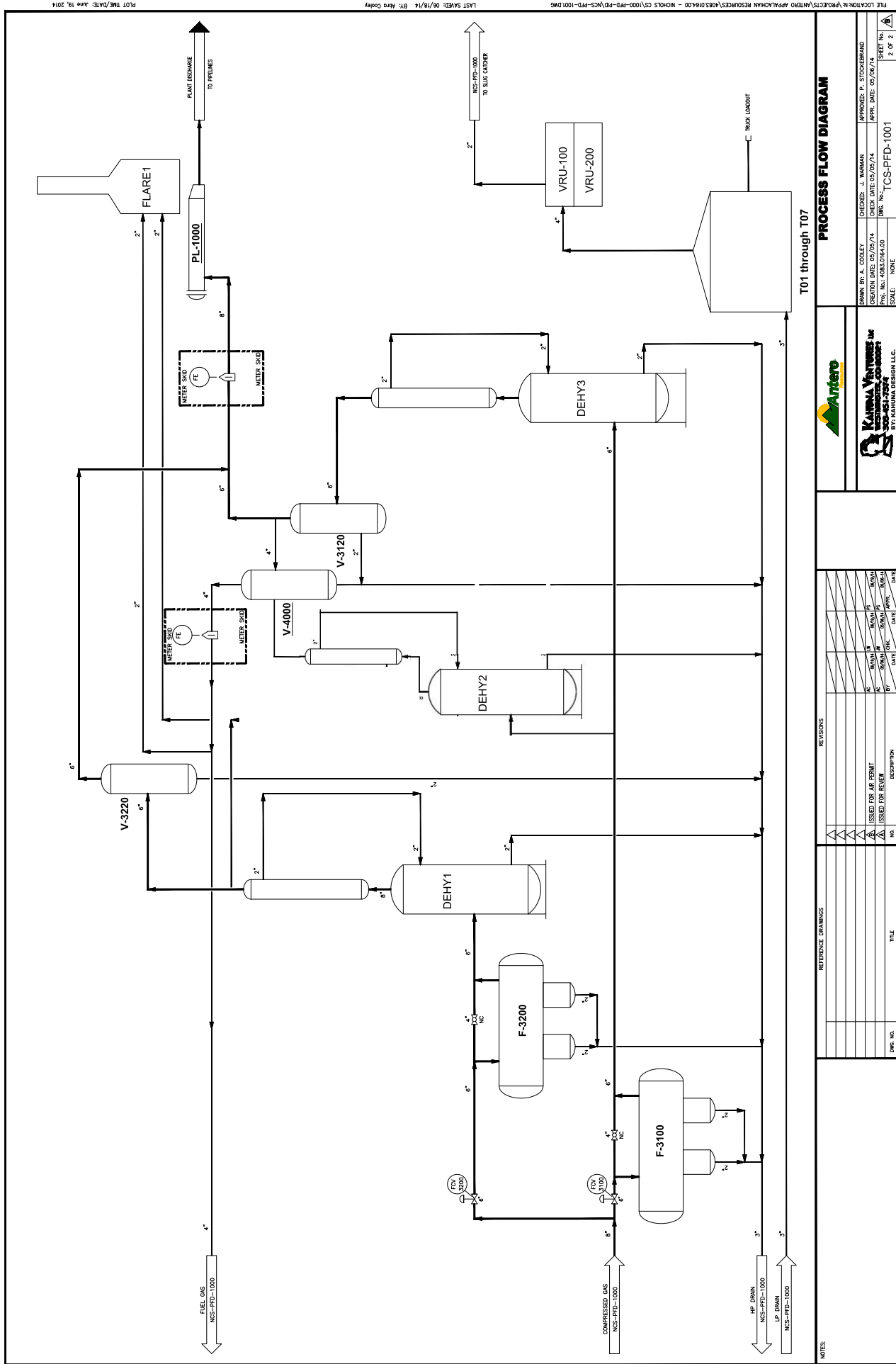
NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT	06/18/14
2	ISSUED FOR REVIEW	06/18/14
3	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	06/18/14



KARMA VERITAS
AN INTEGRATED
ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION
CORPORATION
BY: KATHARINE CROSSLAND, LLC

PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

DRAWN BY: A. COOLEY	CHECKED: J. WARMAN	APPROVED: P. STOCKBRAND
DESIGN DATE: 05/27/14	DESIGN DATE: 05/27/14	APPR. DATE: 05/27/14
SCALE: 1"=1'-0"	SCALE: NONE	SCALE: NONE
TCS-PFD-1000		SHEET NO. 1 OF 2



Attachment G.
Process Description

Middlebourne III Compressor Station – Process Description

The Middlebourne III Compressor Station will be located in Tyler County, West Virginia. The process description below is based on the full buildout of the facility.

Gas from surrounding pipelines enters the facility through receivers and associated slug catcher. From there, the gas is metered and routed through a scrubber and filter separator. Any produced liquids from the scrubber or separator are sent to the 500 barrel settling tank (T04). Gas from the filter separator is sent to one (1) of twelve (12) 2,500 horsepower (hp) Caterpillar G3608 lean burn compressor engines (C-100 through C-1200). The twelve (12) compressor engines are controlled with oxidation catalysts (1C through 12C). Fuel gas for the compressor engines will be treated prior to the engines by a fuel conditioning skid with a 0.5 MMBtu/hr heater (FUEL1) to allow more complete combustion. Produced fluids are routed to the settling tank and gas goes to one of the three (3) TEG dehydrators.

Each TEG dehydrator (DEHY1 through DEHY3) contains a flash gas tank and 1.5 MMBtu/hr reboiler. Each dehydrator has a design rate of 150 million standard cubic feet per day (MMscf/day). Within the dehydrator unit, vent gas from the flash gas tank (DFLSH1 through DFLSH3) is routed to the reboiler (DREB1 through DREB3) and used as fuel. In the case where the flash tank gas cannot be used by the reboiler due to excess gas or the reboiler being offline, the gas will be sent to the VRUs (VRU-100 and VRU-200) via the storage tanks (T01 through T07) and thus controlled by 98%. Emissions from each reboiler are routed to the atmosphere. The dehydrator still vents are controlled by a flare with at least 98% control efficiency (FLARE1). Produced fluids from the dehydrators (DEHY1 through DEHY3) are routed to the settling tank (T04). The dry gas from the dehydration process is either routed to a fuel gas scrubber, metered, and routed to the compressors as fuel gas or metered and sent to plant discharge.

All produced fluids enter one (1) 500 barrel settling tank (T04) where the fluids settle out as either condensate or produced water. The produced water goes to three (3) 400 barrel produced water tanks (T05 through T07) and the condensate goes to three (3) 400 barrel condensate tanks (T01 through T03). Flashing only occurs at the settling tank as the fluids stabilize in the settling tank before going to the other storage tanks. All seven (7) tanks are connected to a vapor recovery unit (VRU-100) where tank vapors are collected and recycled back into the gas system right before the initial filter scrubber. A second vapor recovery unit (VRU-200) is also connected to the tanks as a backup unit. The produced fluids are trucked out via tanker trucks as needed (LDOUT1). The anticipated production is 300 barrels per day of condensate and 90 barrels per day of produced water.

One (1) natural gas microturbine generator rated at 800 kWe supplies power to the facility (GEN1). The 800 kWe generator is actually comprised of four smaller units, each rated at 200 kWe. There are also small storage tanks (1,000 to 4,000 gallons) located at the facility. Their ID number, description, and exact size are listed in the table below.

Fugitive emissions from component leaks and emissions from pigging venting or blowdown events also occur.

Tag Number	Description	Gallons
TK-100	Compressor Skid Oily Water Tank	2,000
TK-101	Used Oil Tank	4,000
TK-102	TEG Make-Up Tank	1,000
TK-103	Compressor Coolant Tank	2,000
TK-104	Engine Lube Oil Tank	2,000
TK-105	Compressor Lube Oil Tank	2,000

Attachment H.
Material Safety Data Sheets



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

SYNONYMS: Produced Brine Water, Brine, Brine Water, Formation Water

*** Section 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION ***

PRODUCT NAME: Produced Water

EMERGENCY PHONE: (800) 878-1373

PRODUCT CODES: Mixture

AFTER HOURS: (800) 878-1373

PRODUCER: Antero Resources

ADDRESS: 1615 Wynkoop Street
Denver, Colorado 80202

CHEMTREC PHONE: (800) 424-9300

*** Section 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ***

GHS Classification:

Eye Irritant – Category 2A.

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on SKIN (or hair): Rinse skin with water / shower. Remove / Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

If in EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Remove Contact Lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If EYE irritation persists, get medical advice / attention.

Storage

Store in a secure area.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with regulations.

***** Section 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS *****

CAS #	Component	Percent
7732-18-5	Water	80
7647-14-5	Sodium Chloride	20

Because brine water is a natural product, composition can vary greatly.

***** Section 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES *****

First Aid: Eyes

Flush eyes with clean running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. If irritation or redness develops from exposure, following flushing, seek medical attention.

First Aid: Skin

First aid is not required, normally. However, it is a good practice to wash any chemical from the skin.

First Aid: Ingestion (Swallowing)

First aid is not required, normally. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, lean the victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Monitor for breathing difficulties. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

First Aid: Inhalation (Breathing)

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

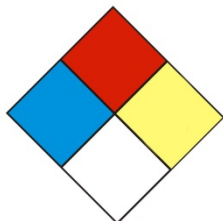
Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

Most important symptoms and effects

None known or anticipated.

*** Section 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES ***



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0 (0=Minimal, 1=Slight, 2=Moderate, 3=Serious, 4=Severe)

General Fire Hazards

No fire hazards are expected.

General Fire Hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards are expected. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Extinguishing Media

The material is non-flammable. Use extinguishing agent suitable for the type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None

Fire Fighting Equipment / Instructions

Small fires in the beginning stage may typically be extinguished using handheld portable fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment. Isolate area around container involved in fire and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from the immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None Anticipated. See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

* * * Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES * * *
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Recovery and Neutralization

Contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios of this material. However, local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

Emergency Measures

The material is not considered hazardous. Nevertheless, evacuate nonessential personnel and secure the area. Stay upwind and uphill, if possible.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Stay upwind and away from the spill/release. Avoid direct contact with the material. For large spillages, notify persons downstream of the spill/release. Isolate the immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Response and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental Precautions

Protect bodies of water by diking or absorbents, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If a spill occurs on water, notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

*** Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE ***

Handling Procedures

Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29 CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

Storage Procedures

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well ventilated areas. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

Incompatibilities

Keep away from excessive heat to prevent rupture of container.

*** Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION ***

Component Exposure Limits

Water (7732-18-5)

ACGIH: Not listed

Sodium Chloride (7647-14-5)

ACGIH: Not listed

Engineering Measures

If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Emergencies or conditions that could result in significant airborne exposures may require the use of NIOSH approved respiratory protection. An industrial hygienist or other appropriate health and safety professional should be consulted for specific guidance under these situations.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Hands

The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of gloves or other appropriate skin protection whenever working with chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses or goggles that meet or exceed ANSI Z-87.1 are recommended where there is a possibility of splashing or spraying.

Hygiene Measures

Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure. Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

***** Section 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES *****

Appearance:	Clear to Brown	Odor:	Salty
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	< 0.36 psia @ 70°F / 21.1°C	Vapor Density:	> 1
Boiling Point:	212°F / 100°C	Melting Point:	2.4°F / -16.5°C
Solubility (H2O):	Complete	Specific Gravity:	1.1 @ 68°F / 20°C
Evaporation Rate:	Variable	VOC:	ND
Octanol / H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	ND
Flash Point Method:	ND	Upper Flammability Limit:	ND
Lower Flammability Limit:	ND	(UFL):	
(LFL):		Burning Rate:	ND
Auto Ignition:	ND		

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

*** Section 10 – CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION ***

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will react with alkali and alkaline metals to form flammable hydrogen gas.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid contact with alkali metals (lithium, sodium, potassium), alkaline metals (beryllium, magnesium, calcium, strontium, and barium), and metallic hydrides like lithium aluminum hydride.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

Hazardous Polymerization

Not known to occur.

*** Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***

Acute Toxicity

A: General Product Information

Unlikely to be harmful.

B. Component Analysis – D50/LC50

Water (7732-18-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 90 g/kg

Sodium Chloride (7647-14-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3 g/kg

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property / Stimulativeness

May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage / Stimulativeness

Contact with eyes may cause moderate irritation.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, and dehydration (thirst).

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

No information available on the mixture. However, none of the components have been classified for respiratory sensitization (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Not expected to cause genetic effects.

Carcinogenicity

General Product Information

Not expected to cause cancer. This substance is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ general toxicity single exposure effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ general toxicity multiple exposure effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

*** Section 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***
--

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and State regulations.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

Persistence / Degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulation

No information available

Mobility in Soil

No information available

*** Section 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ***

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment Recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated so as to properly classify the waste and ensure disposal methods comply with applicable regulations.

This material, if discarded as produced, is not a RCRA "listed" hazardous waste, and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. Consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material. Do not dispose of brine water by draining onto the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations.

Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container rinsate should not be considered a RCRA hazardous waste but must be disposed of with care and in full compliance with federal, state and local regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or to a qualified drum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

*** Section 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ***
--

DOT Information

Shipping Description: Not Regulated

UN #: Not Regulated

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

*** Section 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION ***

CERCLA/SARA – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372,

CERCLA/SARA – Section 313 and 40 CFR 372):

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

State Regulations

Component Analysis

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances list.

California Proposition 65:

This material does not contain any chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

National Chemical Inventories:

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.

U.S. Export control classification Number: EAR99.

*** Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION ***

NFPA® Hazard Rating

Health 1
Fire 0
Reactivity 0

HMIS® Hazard Rating

Health 1 Slight
Fire 0 Minimal
Physical 0 Minimal

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Produced Water

US GHS

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

Date of Preparation: January 28, 2014

Date of Last Revision: March 4, 2014

End of Sheet

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

SYNONYMS: Drips; Condensate; Field Condensate; Gas Well Condensate; High Pressure Inlet Liquids; Lease Condensate; Natural Gas Liquids; Pipeline Liquids

***** Section 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION *****

PRODUCT NAME: Natural Gas Condensate

EMERGENCY PHONE: (800) 878-1373

PRODUCT CODES: 64741-47-5

AFTER HOURS: (800) 878-1373

PRODUCER: Antero Resources

ADDRESS: 1615 Wynkoop Street
Denver, Colorado 80202

CHEMTREC PHONE: (800) 424-9300

***** Section 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION *****

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids – Category 2.

Acute Toxicity Inhalation – Category 3

Germ Cell Mutagenicity – Category 1B

Carcinogenicity – Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) – Single Exposure Category 3

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) – Repeat Exposure Category 1

Aspiration Toxicity – Category 1

Toxic to the Aquatic Environment Acute – Category 3

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Danger

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Toxic if inhaled.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys, blood, nervous system, and skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If on SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove / Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if the victim feels unwell.

If SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison center or doctor / physician. Do not induce vomiting.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use water spray, fog or fire-fighting foam.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store in a secure area.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Disposal

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

*** Section 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ***

CAS #	Component	Percent
111-65-9	Octanes	25 - 95
142-82-5	Heptanes	25 - 95
110-54-3	Hexanes as n-Hexane	25 - 95
109-66-0	Pentanes as n-Pentane	5 - 70
106-97-8	N-butane	0 - 45
74-98-6	Propane	0 - 15
78-84-0	Ethane	0 - 5
71-43-2	Benzene	< 1
108-88-3	Toluene	< 1
1330-20-7	m-,o-,p-Xylene	< 1

Because natural gas condensate is a natural product, composition can vary greatly.

*** Section 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES ***

First Aid: Eyes

Flush eyes with clean running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Following flushing, seek medical attention.

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated areas thoroughly with soap and water or waterless hand cleanser. Obtain medical attention if irritation or redness develops. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First Aid: Ingestion (swallowing)

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give liquids. Obtain immediate medical attention. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, lean the victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Monitor for breathing difficulties. Small amounts of material which enter the mouth should be rinsed out until the taste is dissipated.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

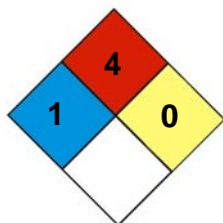
Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

First Aid: Inhalation (breathing)

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

***** Section 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES *****



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 (0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Extremely flammable. Vapors may be ignited rapidly when exposed to heat, spark, open flame, or other source of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical / electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe). Flammable vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Vapors are heavier than air, and may travel distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer systems may cause fire or explosion.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

Extinguishing Media

SMALL FIRES: Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, firefighting foam, water spray, carbon dioxide (CO₂), or other gaseous extinguishing agents. Use caution when applying CO₂ in confined spaces.

LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or fire-fighting foam. Water may be ineffective for fighting the fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Fire Fighting Equipment / Instructions

Small fires in the beginning stage may typically be extinguished using handheld portable fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment. Isolate area around container involved in fire. Cool tanks, shells, and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water. For massive fires the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to minimize personnel exposure. Major fires may require withdrawal, allowing the tank to burn. Large storage tank fires typically require specially trained personnel and equipment to extinguish the fire, often including the need for properly applied firefighting foam.

Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH/MSHA- approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece and full protective clothing.

* * * Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES * * *
--

Recovery and Neutralization

Contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken.

Emergency Measures

Evacuate nonessential personnel and secure all ignition sources. No road flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Consider wind direction. Stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Vapor cloud may be white, but color will dissipate as cloud disperses. Fire and explosion hazard is still present.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Response and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment (see Section 8). Extremely flammable. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release if safe to do so.

The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons downwind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions

Protect bodies of water by diking, absorbents, or absorbent boom, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. The use of firefighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

*** Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE ***

Handling Procedures

Keep away from flame, sparks and excessive temperatures. Bond and ground containers. Use non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Wear protective gloves / clothing and eye / face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Storage Procedures

Store only in approved containers. Bond and ground containers. Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flames. Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose containers to sources of ignition.

Store in a well-ventilated area. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". Avoid storage near incompatible materials. The cleaning of tanks previously containing this product should follow API Recommended Practice (RP) 2013 "Cleaning Mobile Tanks In Flammable and Combustible Liquid Service" and API RP 2015 "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks."

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Incompatibilities

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

*** Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION ***

Component Exposure Limits

Octanes (111-65-9)

ACGIH: 300 ppm TWA (listed under Octane, all isomers)

Heptanes (142-82-5)

ACGIH: 400 ppm TWA (listed under n-Heptane)

n-Hexane (110-54-3)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA (listed under n-Hexane)

n-Pentane (109-66-0)

ACGIH: 600 ppm TWA (listed under Pentane, all isomers)

n-Butane (106-97-8)

ACGIH: 600 ppm TWA (listed under n-Butane)

Propane (74-98-6)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases C1-C4)

Ethane (74-84-0)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases C1-C4)

Benzene (71-43-2)

ACGIH: 0.5 ppm (TWA); NIOSH: 0.1 ppm (TWA); OSHA 1 ppm (TWA)

Toluene (108-88-3)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA (listed under Toluene)

m-, o-, p-Xylene (1330-20-7)

ACGIH: 100 ppm TWA (listed under Xylene o, m & p isomers)

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Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

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Engineering Measures

Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces. Use explosion-proof equipment and lighting in classified / controlled areas.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Use a NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for gas concentrations above occupational exposure limits, for potential for uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are not known, or in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere (oxygen content less than 19.5 percent). A respiratory program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant the use of a respirator.

If benzene concentrations equal or exceed applicable exposure limits, OSHA requirements for personal protective equipment, exposure monitoring, and training may apply (29 CFR 1910.1028 – Benzene).

CAUTION: Flammability limits (i.e., explosion hazard should be considered when assessing the need to expose personnel to concentrations requiring respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Gloves constructed of nitrile or neoprene are recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended where there is a possibility of splashing or spraying. Eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Chemical protective clothing such as of E.I. DuPont TyChem®, Saranex® or equivalent recommended based on degree of exposure. Note: The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

Hygiene Measures

Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure. Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Do not use as a cleaning solvent on the skin. Do not use gasoline or solvents (naphtha, kerosene, etc.) for washing this product from

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

exposed skin areas. Waterless hand cleaners are effective. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use care when laundering to prevent the formation of flammable vapors which could ignite via washer or dryer. Consider the need to discard contaminated leather shoes and gloves.

*** Section 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES ***

Appearance:	Colorless to straw yellow	Odor:	Aromatic, Gasoline;
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	110 – 200 psia (Reid VP) @ 100°F/37.8°C	Vapor Density (air = 1):	> 1
Boiling Point:	Approx. 85 - 437°F (39 – 200°C)	Melting Point:	ND
Solubility (H2O):	Insoluble to slightly soluble	Specific Gravity:	AP 0.62-0.76 (varies)
Evaporation Rate:	High	VOC:	ND
Octanol / H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	-40°F -40°C
Flash Point Method:	Tag Closed Cup (TCC)		
Lower Flammability Limit: (LFL):	ND (NFPA Gasoline 1.4)	Upper Flammability Limit: (UFL):	ND (NFPA Gasoline 7.6)
Auto Ignition:	AP 480°F (250°C)	Burning Rate:	ND

*** Section 10 – CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION ***

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from ignition sources and high temperatures.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

*** Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***
--

Acute Toxicity

A: General Product Information

Harmful if swallowed.

B. Component Analysis – LD50/LC50

Octanes (111-65-9)

Inhalation LC50 rat = 118,000 mg/m³ / 4H

Heptanes (142-82-5)

Inhalation LC50 rat = 103,000 mg/m³ / 4H

Hexanes as n-Hexane (110-53-3)

Inhalation LC50 rat = 48,000 ppm / 4H

Pentanes as n-Pentane (109-66-0)

Inhalation LC50 rat = 364,000 mg/m³ / 4H

Butanes as n-Butane (106-97-8)

Inhalation LC50 rat 658,000 mg/l / 4H

Propane (74-98-6)

Inhalation LC50 Rat > 800,000 ppm / 0.25H

Ethane (74-84-0)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658,000 mg/l / 4H

Benzene (71-43-2)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 44,700 mg/m³ /

Toluene (108-88-3)

Inhalation LD50 Rat 12/5 mg/l / 4H

m-, o-, p-Xylene (1330-20-7)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 5000 ppm / 4H

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property / Stimulativeness

May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are exposed repeatedly.

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Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage / Stimulativeness

Contact with eyes may cause moderate irritation.

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion (swallowing)

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest, and death may occur.

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation (breathing)

Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

Respiratory Organs Sensitization / Skin Sensitization

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects. Some crude oils and crude oil fractions have been positive in mutagenicity studies.

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

May cause cancer.

This product contains benzene, although at very low concentrations. Human health studies indicate that prolonged and/or repeated overexposure to benzene may cause damage to the blood-forming system (particularly bone marrow), and serious blood disorders such as aplastic anemia and leukemia. Benzene is listed as a human carcinogen by the NTP, IARC, OSHA and ACGIH.

Exposure to light hydrocarbons in the same boiling range as this product have been associated in animal studies with effects to the central nervous system, peripheral nervous system, liver, and kidneys. The significance of these animal models to predict similar human response is uncertain. Observing good work practices and personal hygiene procedures (Sections 7 and 8) can minimize potential risks to humans.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

Benzene (71-43-2)

ACGIH:	A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen
OSHA:	5 ppm STEL (Cancer hazard, Flammable, See 29 CFR 1910.1028, 15 min); 0.5 ppm Action Level; 1 ppm TWA
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen
NTP:	Known Human Carcinogen (Select Carcinogen)

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IARC: Monograph 100F [in preparation]; Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 29 [1982] (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))

Reproductive Toxicity

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ general toxicity single exposure effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys, blood, nervous system and skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

***** Section 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION *****

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and State regulations.

B: Component Analysis – Ecotoxicity – Aquatic Toxicity

Benzene (71-43-2)

Test and Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	10.7-14.7 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	5.3 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	22.49 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	28.6 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	22330-41160 µg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	70000-142000 µg/L [static]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	29 mg/L
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	8.76 - 15.6 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10 mg/L

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Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

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Natural Gas condensates (68919-39-1)

Test and Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Alburnus alburnus	119 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinodon variegatus	82 mg/L [static]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	56 mg/L
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	170 mg/L

Persistence / Degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulation

No information available

Mobility in Soil

No information available

*** Section 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ***

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment Recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated so as to properly classify the waste and ensure disposal methods comply with applicable regulations.

This material, if discarded should be fully characterized for ignitability (D001), reactivity (D003) and benzene (D018) prior to disposal (40 CFR261). Use which results in chemical or physical change or contamination may subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Along with properly characterizing all waste materials, consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material. Do not dispose of by draining onto the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations.

Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care and in full compliance with federal, state and local regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or to a qualified drum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

*** Section 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ***

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Petroleum Products, n.o.s. (condensate)

UN #: 1268 Hazard Class: 3

Additional Info.: Dependent on the product's properties, the shipper may also elect to classify as Gasoline UN1203 or Petroleum Crude Oil UN1267 - reference 49 CFR 172.101 for further description (e.g., packing group determination).

Placard:



*** Section 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION ***

Regulatory Information

Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Benzene (71-43-2)

SARA 313: 0.1% de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule); 4.54 kg final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule)

SARA Section 311/312 – Hazard Classes

Acute Health

X

Chronic Health

X

Fire

X

Sudden Release of Pressure

--

Reactive

--

SARA SECTION 313 – SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

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INGREDIENT NAME (CAS NUMBER)	CONCENTRATION PERCENT BY WEIGHT
Benzene (71-43-2)	<0.1 to 2

Canadian Regulatory Information

DSL/NDSL Inventory	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the Regulations.
Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System	B2 - Flammable Liquid D1A – Material Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic Effects - Very Toxic Material D2A: Material Causing Other Toxic Effects Very Toxic D2B - Material Causing Other Toxic Effects - Toxic Material

European Union Regulatory Information

Labeling	Product is dangerous as defined by the European Union Dangerous Substances / Preparations Directives. Contains: Low Boiling Point Naphtha
Symbol	F+ Extremely Flammable T Toxic N Dangerous for the Environment
Risk Phrases	R12-45-38-65-67-51/53 Extremely flammable. May cause cancer. Irritating to skin. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Safety Phrases	S16-53-45-2-23-24-29-43-62 Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking. Avoid exposure – obtain special instructions before use. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Keep out of reach of children. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Do not empty into drains. In case of fire use foam/dry powder/CO2. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

State Regulations

Component Analysis – State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Octanes	111-65-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Heptanes	142-82-5	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
n-Pentane	109-66-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
n-Butane	106-97-8	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Propane	74-98-6	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ethane	78-84-0	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Benzene	71-43-2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Toluene	108-88-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
m-, o-, p-Xylene	1330-20-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause Reproductive / developmental effects.

Component Analysis – WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act

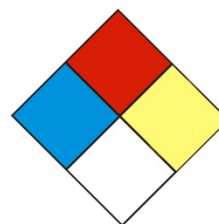
Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1%

* * * Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION * * *

NFPA® Hazard Rating

Health 1
Fire 4
Reactivity 0



HMIS® Hazard Rating

Health 1 Slight
Fire 4 Severe
Physical 0 Minimal
* Chronic

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Natural Gas Condensate

US GHS

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

Date of Preparation: January 29, 2014

Date of Last Revision: March 4, 2014

End of Sheet

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

SYNONYMS: CNG, Natural Gas, Methane.

***** Section 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION *****

PRODUCT NAME: Wet Field Natural Gas **EMERGENCY PHONE:** (800) 878-1373

PRODUCT CODES: CAS Reg. No. 68410-63-9 **AFTER HOURS:** (800) 878-1373

PRODUCER: Antero Resources

ADDRESS: 1615 Wynkoop Street **CHEMTREC PHONE:** (800) 424-9300
Denver, Colorado 80202

***** Section 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION *****

GHS Classification:

Flammable Gas – Category 1.

Gases Under Pressure – Gas.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) – Single Exposure Category 2.

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

May cause damage to central nervous and respiratory systems.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

Response

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

If exposed to gas, or concerned about possible exposure: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store in a secure area.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

*** Section 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ***

CAS #	Component	Percent
74-82-8	Methane	72 - 97
78-84-0	Ethane	2.2 - 14
74-98-6	Propane	0.0 – 8.0
106-97-8	Butanes	0.0 – 3.5
109-66-0	Pentanes	0.0 – 1.4
110-54-3	Hexanes	0.0 – 0.5
7727-37-9	Nitrogen	< 0.4
124-38-9	Carbon Dioxide	< 0.2
7782-44-7	Oxygen	< 0.04

Because natural gas is a natural product, composition can vary greatly.

*** Section 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES ***

First Aid: Eyes

In case of freeze burn, cover eyes to protect from light. Flush eyes with running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Following flushing, seek medical attention.

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. In case of blistering, frostbite or freeze burns, seek immediate medical attention.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

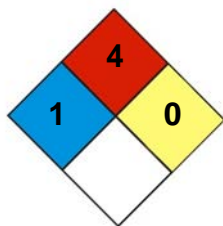
First Aid: Ingestion

Risk of ingestion is extremely low. However, if oral exposure occurs, seek immediate medical assistance.

First Aid: Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

***** Section 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES *****



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: **1** Flammability: **4** Instability: **0** (0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Forms a flammable mixture with air. If released, the resulting vapors will disperse with the prevailing wind. If a source of ignition is present where the vapor exists at a 5 – 15% concentration in air, the vapor will burn along the flame front toward the source of the fuel.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

Extinguishing Media

Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, firefighting foam, CO₂, and other gaseous agents. However, fire should not be extinguished unless flow of gas can be immediately stopped.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

Fire Fighting Equipment / Instructions

Gas fires should not be extinguished unless flow of gas can be immediately stopped. Shut off gas source and allow gas to burn out. If spill or leak has not ignited, determine

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

if water spray may assist in dispersing gas or vapor to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Use water to cool equipment, surfaces and piping exposed to fire and excessive heat. For large fire, the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Isolate area, particularly around piping. Let the fire burn unless leak can be stopped. Concentrate fire-fighting efforts on objects / materials ignited by the initial fire. Withdraw immediately in the event of a rising sound from a venting safety device.

Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH-approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing.

*** Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ***
--

Recovery and Neutralization

Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Consider the use of water spray to disperse gas vapors. Do not use water spray to direct gas vapors toward sewer or drainage systems. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering.

Emergency Measures

Evacuate nonessential personnel and secure all ignition sources. No road flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Consider wind direction. Stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Vapor cloud may be white, but color will dissipate as cloud disperses. Fire and explosion hazard is still present.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Cooling effect of expanding gas from leak may present frostbite / freeze burn hazard. Wear flame retardant (FR) clothing around un-ignited leak. Wear fire protective clothing around an active fire.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush gas vapors toward sewer or drainage systems.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

*** Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE ***

Handling Procedures

Keep away from flame, sparks and excessive temperatures. Bond and ground containers. Use only in well ventilated areas.

Storage Procedures

Natural gas will be contained in the pipeline. Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flames. Empty pipeline segments may contain explosive residues from natural gas liquids. Do not cut, heat, weld or expose containers to sources of ignition sections of pipeline unless the sections have been purged of natural gas residues.

Incompatibilities

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

*** Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION ***

Component Exposure Limits

Methane (74-82-8)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Ethane (74-84-0)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Propane (74-98-6)

ACGIH: 2500 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Butane (106-97-8)

ACGIH: 800 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Pentanes (109-66-0)

ACGIH: 600 ppm TWA (listed under Pentane, all isomers)

Hexanes (110-54-3)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA (listed under n-Hexane)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Simple Asphyxiant

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)

ACGIH: 5000 ppm TWA (listed under Carbon Dioxide)

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

N/A – Necessary for life

Engineering Measures

Use adequate ventilation to keep gas and vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces. Use explosion-proof equipment and lighting in classified / controlled areas.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Use a NIOSH approved positive-pressure, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for gas concentrations above occupational exposure limits, for potential for uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are not known, or in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere. CAUTION: Flammability limits (i.e., explosion hazard should be considered when assessing the need to expose personnel to concentrations requiring respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Use cold-impervious, insulating flame-retardant (FR) gloves where contact with pressurized gas may occur.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Where there is a possibility of pressurized gas contact, wear splash-proof safety goggles and faceshield.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Where contact with pressurized gas may occur, wear flame-retardant (FR) and a faceshield.

*** Section 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES ***

Appearance:	Colorless	Odor:	Odorless to slight petroleum odor
Physical State:	Gas	pH:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	40 atm @ -187°F (-86°C)	Vapor Density:	0.6
Boiling Point:	-259°F (-162°C)	Melting Point:	ND
Solubility (H2O):	3.5%	Specific Gravity:	0.4 @ -263°F (-164°C)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

Evaporation Rate:	ND	VOC:	ND
Octanol / H₂O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	Flammable Gas
Flash Point Method:	N/A		
Lower Flammability Limit:	3.8 – 6.5	Upper Flammability Limit:	13-17
(LFL):		(UFL):	
Auto Ignition:	900-1170°F (482-632°C)	Burning Rate:	ND

*** Section 10 – CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION ***

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

*** Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***

Acute Toxicity

A: General Product Information

Methane and ethane, the main components of natural gas, are considered practically inert in terms of physiological effects. At high concentrations these materials act as simple asphyxiants and may cause death due to lack of oxygen.

B. Component Analysis – LD50/LC50

Methane (74-82-8)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 326 g/m³ 2h

Ethane (74-84-0)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l 4h

Propane (74-98-6)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l 4h

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

Butanes (106-97-8)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 g/m³ 4h

Pentanes (109-66-0)

Inhalation LD50 Rat 364 g/m³ 4h

Hexanes (110-54-3)

Inhalation LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l 4h

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Simple Asphyxiant

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)

Inhalation LC50 Human 100,000 ppm 1 minute

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

N/A – Necessary for life

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property / Stimulativeness

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

This product is not reported to have any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

This product is not reported to have any carcinogenic effects.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

None of this product's components are listed by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA, NIOSH, or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product may cause damage to the heart.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ repeat effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

This product is not reported to have any aspiration hazard effects.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

*** Section 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Keep gas and vapors out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and State regulations.

B: Component Analysis – Ecotoxicity – Aquatic Toxicity

No ecotoxicity data are available for this product's components.

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Soil

No information available.

*** Section 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ***

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment Recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

*** Section 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ***

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Natural Gas, Compressed

UN #: 1971 **Hazard Class:** 2.1

Placard:



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

*** Section 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION ***

Regulatory Information

Component Analysis

None of this products components are listed under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A.

n-hexane is listed under SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65). However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

n-hexane is listed under CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4). However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

SARA Section 311/312 – Hazard Classes

Acute Health

Chronic Health

Fire

X

Sudden Release of Pressure

X

Reactive

SARA Section 313 – Supplier Notification

This product contains one chemical (n-Hexane) that is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372. However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

State Regulations

Component Analysis – State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Methane	74-82-8	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ethane	78-84-0	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Propane	74-98-6	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Butane	106-97-8	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pentanes	109-66-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hexanes	110-54-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	No	No	No	No	No	No
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oxygen	7782-44-7	No	No	No	No	No	No

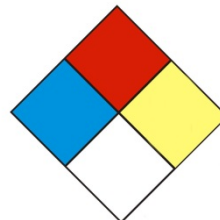
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Wet Field Natural Gas

*** Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION ***

NFPA® Hazard Rating

Health 1
Fire 4
Reactivity 0



HMIS® Hazard Rating

Health 1 Moderate
Fire 4 Severe
Physical 0 Minimal
* Chronic

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

Date of Preparation: February 7, 2014

Date of Last Revision: March 4,, 2014

End of Sheet

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

SYNONYMS: CNG, Natural Gas, Methane.

***** Section 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION *****

PRODUCT NAME: Dry Field Natural Gas **EMERGENCY PHONE:** (800) 878-1373

PRODUCT CODES: CAS Reg. No. 68410-63-9 **AFTER HOURS:** (800) 878-1373

PRODUCER: Antero Resources

ADDRESS: 1615 Wynkoop Street **CHEMTREC PHONE:** (800) 424-9300
Denver, Colorado 80202

***** Section 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION *****

GHS Classification:

Flammable Gas – Category 1.

Gases Under Pressure – Gas.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) – Single Exposure Category 2.

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

May cause damage to central nervous and respiratory systems.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

Response

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

If exposed to gas, or concerned about possible exposure: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store in a secure area.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

*** Section 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ***

CAS #	Component	Percent
74-82-8	Methane	95.01
78-84-0	Ethane	3.99
74-98-6	Propane	0.32
106-97-8	Butanes	0.07
109-66-0	Pentanes	0.02
110-54-3	Hexanes	0.01
7727-37-9	Nitrogen	0.35
124-38-9	Carbon Dioxide	0.19
7782-44-7	Oxygen	0.03

Because natural gas is a natural product, composition can vary greatly.

*** Section 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES ***

First Aid: Eyes

In case of freeze burn, cover eyes to protect from light. Flush eyes with running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Following flushing, seek medical attention.

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. In case of blistering, frostbite or freeze burns, seek immediate medical attention.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

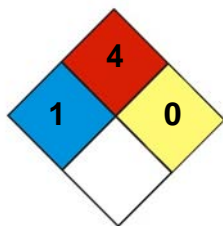
First Aid: Ingestion

Risk of ingestion is extremely low. However, if oral exposure occurs, seek immediate medical assistance.

First Aid: Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

*** * * Section 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES * * ***



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: **1** Flammability: **4** Instability: **0** (0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Forms a flammable mixture with air. If released, the resulting vapors will disperse with the prevailing wind. If a source of ignition is present where the vapor exists at a 5 – 15% concentration in air, the vapor will burn along the flame front toward the source of the fuel.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

Extinguishing Media

Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, fire fighting foam, CO₂, and other gaseous agents. However, fire should not be extinguished unless flow of gas can be immediately stopped.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

Fire Fighting Equipment / Instructions

Gas fires should not be extinguished unless flow of gas can be immediately stopped. Shut off gas source and allow gas to burn out. If spill or leak has not ignited, determine

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

if water spray may assist in dispersing gas or vapor to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Use water to cool equipment, surfaces and piping exposed to fire and excessive heat. For large fire, the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Isolate area, particularly around piping. Let the fire burn unless leak can be stopped. Concentrate fire-fighting efforts on objects / materials ignited by the initial fire. Withdraw immediately in the event of a rising sound from a venting safety device.

Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH-approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing.

*** Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ***
--

Recovery and Neutralization

Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Consider the use of water spray to disperse gas vapors. Do not use water spray to direct gas vapors toward sewer or drainage systems. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering.

Emergency Measures

Evacuate nonessential personnel and secure all ignition sources. No road flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Consider wind direction. Stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Vapor cloud may be white, but color will dissipate as cloud disperses. Fire and explosion hazard is still present.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Cooling effect of expanding gas from leak may present frostbite / freeze burn hazard. Wear flame retardant (FR) clothing around un-ignited leak. Wear fire protective clothing around an active fire.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush gas vapors toward sewer or drainage systems.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

*** Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE ***

Handling Procedures

Keep away from flame, sparks and excessive temperatures. Bond and ground containers. Use only in well ventilated areas.

Storage Procedures

Natural gas will be contained in the pipeline. Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flames. Empty pipeline segments may contain explosive residues from natural gas liquids. Do not cut, heat, weld or expose containers to sources of ignition sections of pipeline unless the sections have been purged of natural gas residues.

Incompatibilities

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

*** Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION ***

Component Exposure Limits

Methane (74-82-8)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Ethane (74-84-0)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Propane (74-98-6)

ACGIH: 2500 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Butane (106-97-8)

ACGIH: 800 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases : Alkane C1-4)

Pentanes (109-66-0)

ACGIH: 600 ppm TWA (listed under Pentane, all isomers)

Hexanes (110-54-3)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA (listed under n-Hexane)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Simple Asphyxiant

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)

ACGIH: 5000 ppm TWA (listed under Carbon Dioxide)

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

N/A – Necessary for life

Engineering Measures

Use adequate ventilation to keep gas and vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces. Use explosion-proof equipment and lighting in classified / controlled areas.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Use a NIOSH approved positive-pressure, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for gas concentrations above occupational exposure limits, for potential for uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are not known, or in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere. CAUTION: Flammability limits (i.e., explosion hazard should be considered when assessing the need to expose personnel to concentrations requiring respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Use cold-impervious, insulating flame-retardant (FR) gloves where contact with pressurized gas may occur.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Where there is a possibility of pressurized gas contact, wear splash-proof safety goggles and faceshield.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Where contact with pressurized gas may occur, wear flame-retardant (FR) and a faceshield.

*** Section 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES ***

Appearance:	Colorless	Odor:	Odorless to slight petroleum odor
Physical State:	Gas	pH:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	40 atm @ -187°F (-86°C)	Vapor Density:	0.6
Boiling Point:	-259°F (-162°C)	Melting Point:	ND
Solubility (H2O):	3.5%	Specific Gravity:	0.4 @ -263°F (-164°C)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

Evaporation Rate:	ND	VOC:	ND
Octanol / H₂O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	Flammable Gas
Flash Point Method:	N/A		
Lower Flammability Limit:	3.8 – 6.5	Upper Flammability Limit:	13-17
(LFL):		(UFL):	
Auto Ignition:	900-1170°F (482-632°C)	Burning Rate:	ND

*** Section 10 – CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION ***

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

*** Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***

Acute Toxicity

A: General Product Information

Methane and ethane, the main components of natural gas, are considered practically inert in terms of physiological effects. At high concentrations these materials act as simple asphyxiants and may cause death due to lack of oxygen.

B. Component Analysis – LD50/LC50

Methane (74-82-8)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 326 g/m³ 2h

Ethane (74-84-0)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l 4h

Propane (74-98-6)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l 4h

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

Butanes (106-97-8)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 g/m³ 4h

Pentanes (109-66-0)

Inhalation LD50 Rat 364 g/m³ 4h

Hexanes (110-54-3)

Inhalation LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l 4h

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Simple Asphyxiant

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)

Inhalation LC50 Human 100,000 ppm 1 minute

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

N/A – Necessary for life

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property / Stimulativeness

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

This product is not reported to have any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

This product is not reported to have any carcinogenic effects.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

None of this product's components are listed by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA, NIOSH, or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product may cause damage to the heart.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ repeat effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

This product is not reported to have any aspiration hazard effects.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

*** Section 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ***

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Keep gas and vapors out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and State regulations.

B: Component Analysis – Ecotoxicity – Aquatic Toxicity

No ecotoxicity data are available for this product's components.

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Soil

No information available.

*** Section 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ***

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment Recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

*** Section 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ***

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Natural Gas, Compressed

UN #: 1971 **Hazard Class:** 2.1

Placard:



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

*** Section 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION ***

Regulatory Information

Component Analysis

None of this products components are listed under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A).

n-hexane is listed under SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65). However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

n-hexane is listed under CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4). However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

SARA Section 311/312 – Hazard Classes

Acute Health

Chronic Health

Fire

X

Sudden Release of Pressure

X

Reactive

SARA Section 313 – Supplier Notification

This product contains one chemical (n-Hexane) that is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372. However the concentration of this component is approximately 0.01 % in compressed natural gas and is therefore far under the reporting threshold for the chemical.

State Regulations

Component Analysis – State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Methane	74-82-8	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ethane	78-84-0	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Propane	74-98-6	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Butane	106-97-8	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pentanes	109-66-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hexanes	110-54-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	No	No	No	No	No	No
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oxygen	7782-44-7	No	No	No	No	No	No

SAFETY DATA SHEET

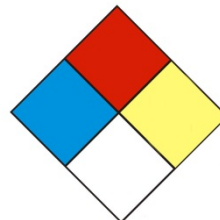
Material Name: Dry Field Natural Gas

US GHS

*** Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION ***

NFPA® Hazard Rating

Health 1
Fire 4
Reactivity 0



HMIS® Hazard Rating

Health 1 Moderate
Fire 4 Severe
Physical 0 Minimal
* Chronic

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

Date of Preparation: January 30, 2014

Date of Last Revision: March 4, 2014

End of Sheet

**Material Safety Data Sheet
(TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG))**

JMN Specialties, Inc.

1100 Victory Drive
Westwego, LA 70094
(504) 341-3749
ISO 9001 Registered

HMIS HEALTH:.....2
HMIS FLAMMABILITY:1
HMIS REACTIVITY:.....0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:C

EMERGENCY NUMBER:800-255-3924

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT

PRODUCT NAME:..... TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG)
EFFECTIVE DATE:..... October 1, 2007
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Glycol
FORMULA: C₆H₁₄O₄
CAS NUMBER: 112-27-6

SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	PERCENT	CAS NUMBER	PEL
TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL	> 99	112-27-6	None Established by ACGIH or OSHA.

The criteria for listing components in the composition section are as follows: Carcinogens are listed when present at 0.1% or greater; components which are otherwise hazardous according to OSHA are listed when present at 1.0% or greater. Non-hazardous components may be listed at 3.0% or greater if not proprietary in nature. This is not intended to be complete compositional disclosure. Refer to section 14 for applicable states right to know and other regulatory information.

SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

APPEARANCE / ODOR: Clear Liquid / Mild Odor

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: **Inhalation:** No adverse health effects expected from inhalation.
Ingestion: No adverse effects expected. **Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. **Eye Contact:** Splashing in eye causes irritation with transitory disturbances of corneal epithelium. However, these effects diminish and no permanent injury is expected. Vapors are non-irritating. **Chronic Exposure:** Possible skin irritation.
Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions: No information found.

OSHA REGULATED: No

LISTED CARCINOGEN: NTP: No IARC MONOGRAPHS: No

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

INHALATION: Unlikely

INGESTION: Irritant

SKIN (DERMAL): Slight Irritant After Prolonged Contact

Material Safety Data Sheet

(TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG))

OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS: **Inhalation:** No adverse health effects expected from inhalation. **Ingestion:** No adverse effects expected. **Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. **Eye Contact:** Splashing in eye causes irritation with transitory disturbances of corneal epithelium. However, these effects diminish and no permanent injury is expected. Vapors are non-irritating. **Chronic Exposure:** Possible skin irritation. **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:** No information found.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID: **SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **EYE CONTACT:** Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water or normal saline solution, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **INGESTION:** Give large amounts of fresh water or milk immediately. Do not give anything by mouth if person is unconscious or otherwise unable to swallow. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. **INHALATION:** Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial resuscitation. Keep person warm and at rest. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. Qualified medical personnel should consider administering oxygen.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Ethylene Glycol (EG) and diethylene glycol (DEG) intoxication may initially produce behavioral changes, drowsiness, vomiting, diarrhea, thirst, and convulsions. EG and DEG are nephrotoxic. End stages of poisoning may include renal damage or failure with acidosis. Supportive measures, supplemented with hemodialysis if indicated, may limit the progression and severity of toxic effects. Primary toxic effects of EG when swallowed are kidney damage and metabolic acidosis. This product may contain trace amounts of Ethylene Glycol (EG) or Diethylene Glycol (DEG).

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT:..... 350°F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog or spray, Foam, Dry Powder, Carbon Dioxide (CO₂).

DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS:..... From fire; Smoke, Carbon dioxide, & Carbon Monoxide

LOWER FLAME LIMIT:..... < 0.9

HIGHER FLAME LIMIT:..... > 9

UNUSUAL FIRE AND

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:..... Toxic levels of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritation aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning. Heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, and ketones.

FIRE FIGHTING

Material Safety Data Sheet

(TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG))

EQUIPMENT: Fire fighters and others exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CHEMTEL EMERGENCY

NUMBER (24 Hour): 1-800-255-3924

SPILL: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer!

RCRA STATUS: None

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND SAFETY PRACTICES. THESE PRACTICES INCLUDE AVOIDING UNNECESSARY EXPOSURE AND PROMPT REMOVAL OF MATERIAL FROM EYES, SKIN, AND CLOTHING.

HANDLING AND STORAGE: .. No special storage requirements. Do not store above 120°F.

PRECAUTIONARY

MEASURES: Provide fresh air ventilation during and after application. Close container after each use. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. After handling this product, wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. If needed, take first aid action shown in Section 4.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment.

EYE PROTECTION:..... Chemical safety goggles meeting the specifications of OSHA 29CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 should be worn whenever there is the possibility of splashing or other contact with the eyes. Wear safety glasses meeting the specifications of OSHA 29CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 where no contact with the eye is anticipated.

RESPIRATORY

PROTECTION:..... Not normally needed. Use NIOSH approved vapor respirator if exposure is unknown or exceeds permissible limits. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Use NIOSH / MSHA approved respiratory protection equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded (see below). Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type of

Material Safety Data Sheet (TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG))

equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH / MSHA or the manufacturer. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134.

WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:..... Wear impervious gloves

VENTILATION: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

MECHANICAL EXHAUST: Desired in closed places

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended

VENTILATION NOTES: Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below Airborne exposure limits (see below). The use of local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: . None Established

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:... HMIS PERSONAL PROTECTION: C: Safety Glasses, Gloves, Apron

The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE / ODOR: Clear Liquid / Mild Odor

BOILING POINT: > 500°F

FREEZING POINT: < 32°F

VAPOR PRESSURE:..... > 1

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): 5.1

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.1

pH: 8.2

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:..... Stable

HAZARDOUS

POLYMERIZATION: Will Not Occur

POLYMERIZATION AVOID:... None

INCOMPATIBILITY: Explosive decomposition may occur if combined with strong acids or strong bases and subjected to elevated temperatures. Therefore, avoid strong acids and strong bases at elevated temperatures. Avoid contamination with strong oxidizing agents and materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. Avoid burning or heating in air. This may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, and ketones.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:..... Excessive heat. Will ignite in air at 700°F

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SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

The eye irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SKIN EFFECTS:

The skin irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

The acute oral toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

The acute respiratory toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data from laboratory studies and from scientific literature is noted below if available.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial and Local Regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Characterization and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the generator. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

SECTION 14- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The data provided in this section is for information only. The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:..... DOT NON-REGULATED - TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG)

REPORTABLE QUANTITY:..... None

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL: NON-REGULATED

UN NUMBER: None

NA NUMBER: None

PACKAGING SIZE:..... Pail, Drum & Bulk

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES:

EPA ACUTE:..... Yes (Eyes)

Material Safety Data Sheet (TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (TEG))

EPA CHRONIC: No
EPA IGNITABILITY: No
EPA REACTIVITY: No
EPA SUDDEN RELEASE
OF PRESSURE: No

CERCLA RQ VALUE: None
SARA TPQ: None
SARA RQ: None
EPA HAZARD WASTE #: None
CLEAN AIR: NA
CLEAN WATER: NA
SARA SECTION 313: No
NFPA HEALTH: 2
NFPA FLAMMABILITY: 1
NFPA REACTIVITY: 0
DEA Chemical Trafficking Act:.. No
TSCA STATUS: All ingredients in this product are on the TSCA Inventory List.

SECTION 16 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FOOT NOTES: NA - NOT APPLICABLE ND - NO DATA AVAILABLE > = GREATER THAN < = LESS THAN

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the ANSI MSDS Standard (Z400.1) by the Company Health and Risk Assessment Unit, PO Box 1519, Gretna, LA 70054-1519.

REVISION STATEMENT: Changes have been made throughout this Material Safety Data Sheet. Please read the entire document.

DISCLAIMER:

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, the Company makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving this MSDS will make their own determination as to its suitability for their intended purposes prior to use. Since the product is within the exclusive control of the user, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of this product. Such conditions should comply with all Federal Regulations concerning the Product. It must be recognized that the physical and chemical properties of any product may not be fully understood and that new, possibly hazardous products may arise from reactions between chemicals. The information given in this data sheet is based on our present knowledge and shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. **NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS.**

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Attachment I.
Emission Units Table

Attachment I
Emission Units Table
(includes all emission units and air pollution control devices
that will be part of this permit application review, regardless of permitting status)

Emission Unit ID ¹	Emission Point ID ²	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed/ Modified	Design Capacity	Type ³ and Date of Change	Control Device ⁴
C-100	1E	Compressor Engine #1	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (1C)
C-200	2E	Compressor Engine #2	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (2C)
C-300	3E	Compressor Engine #3	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (3C)
C-400	4E	Compressor Engine #4	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (4C)
C-500	5E	Compressor Engine #5	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (5C)
C-600	6E	Compressor Engine #6	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (6C)
C-700	7E	Compressor Engine #7	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (7C)
C-800	8E	Compressor Engine #8	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (8C)
C-900	9E	Compressor Engine #9	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (9C)
C-1000	10E	Compressor Engine #10	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (10C)
C-1100	11E	Compressor Engine #11	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (11C)
C-1200	12E	Compressor Engine #12	2017	2,500 hp	New	OxCat (12C)
GEN1	13E	Microturbine Generator	2017	800 kWe	New	None
DEHY1	14E	Dehydrator Still Vent #1	2017	150 MMscfd	New	FLARE1 (13C)
DFLSH1	15E	Dehydrator Flash Tank #1	2017	150 MMscfd	New	DREB1 (16E)
DREB1	16E	Dehydrator Reboiler #1	2017	1.5 mmbtu/hr	New	None
DEHY2	17E	Dehydrator Still Vent #2	2017	150 MMscfd	New	FLARE1 (13C)
DFLSH2	18E	Dehydrator Flash Tank #2	2017	150 MMscfd	New	DREB2 (19E)
DREB2	19E	Dehydrator Reboiler #2	2017	1.5 mmbtu/hr	New	None
DEHY3	20E	Dehydrator Still Vent #3	2017	150 MMscfd	New	FLARE1 (13C)
DFLSH3	21E	Dehydrator Flash Tank #3	2017	150 MMscfd	New	DREB3 (22E)
DREB3	22E	Dehydrator Reboiler #3	2017	1.5 mmbtu/hr	New	None

T01	23E	Condensate Tank #1	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T02	24E	Condensate Tank #2	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T03	25E	Condensate Tank #3	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T04	26E	Settling Tank	2017	500 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T05	27E	Produced Water Tank #1	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T06	28E	Produced Water Tank #2	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
T07	29E	Produced Water Tank #3	2017	400 barrel	New	VRU-100 & VRU-200 (14C & 15C)
FUEL1	30E	Fuel Conditioning Heater	2017	0.5 MMBtu/hr	New	None
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #1	2017	----	New	1C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #2	2017	----	New	2C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #3	2017	----	New	3C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #4	2017	----	New	4C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #5	2017	----	New	5C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #6	2017	----	New	6C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #7	2017	----	New	7C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #8	2017	----	New	8C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #9	2017	----	New	9C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #10	2017	----	New	10C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #11	2017	----	New	11C
----	----	Oxidation Catalyst - Compressor #12	2017	----	New	12C
FLARE1	31E	Flare Combustion Device	2017	4.8 MMBtu/hr	New	13C
VRU-100	----	Vapor Recovery Unit #1	2017	TBD	New	14C

VRU-200	----	Vapor Recovery Unit #2	2017	TBD	New	15C
LDOUT1	32E	Production Liquids Truck Loadout	2017	390 bbl/day	New	None

¹ For Emission Units (or Sources) use the following numbering system: 1S, 2S, 3S,... or other appropriate designation.

² For Emission Points use the following numbering system: 1E, 2E, 3E, ... or other appropriate designation.

³ New, modification, removal

⁴ For Control Devices use the following numbering system: 1C, 2C, 3C,... or other appropriate designation.

Attachment J.
Emission Point Data Summary Sheet

Attachment J
EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

Table 1: Emissions Data

Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)	Emission Point Type ¹	Emission Unit Vented Through This Point (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only)		All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³ (Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ⁵		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions, Solid, Liquid or Gas/Vapor)	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ⁴)
		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr			
1E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-100	Compressor Engine #1	1C	Oxidation Catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
2E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-200	Compressor Engine #2	2C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
3E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-300	Compressor Engine #3	3C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	

4E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-400	Compressor Engine #4	4C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
5E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-500	Compressor Engine #5	5C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
6E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-600	Compressor engine #6	6C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
7E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-700	Compressor Engine #7	7C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	

8E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-800	Compressor Engine #8	8C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
9E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-900	Compressor Engine #9	9C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
10E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-1000	Compressor Engine #10	10C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
11E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-1100	Compressor Engine #11	11C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	

12E	Upward Vertical Stack	C-1200	Compressor Engine #12	12C	Oxidation catalyst	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	1.65 14.44 2.26 0.17 0.010 1.21 0.88 2811	7.24 63.25 9.90 0.75 0.044 5.32 3.86 12311	1.65 0.88 1.49 0.17 0.010 0.33 0.11 2811	7.24 3.86 6.52 0.75 0.044 1.45 0.48 12311	Gas/Vapor	EE	
13E	Upward Vertical Stack	GEN1	Microturbine Generator	----	----	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs Formaldehyde CO2e	0.32 0.88 0.080 0.054 0.028 0.0085 0.0059 1065	1.40 3.85 0.35 0.24 0.12 0.037 0.026 4665	0.32 0.88 0.080 0.054 0.028 0.0085 0.0059 1065	1.40 3.85 0.35 0.24 0.12 0.037 0.026 4665	Gas/Vapor	EE	
14E	Upward Vertical Stack	DEHY1	Dehydrator Still Vent #1	13C	Flare-98% Control	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	16.84 4.46 0.78 2.41 0.15 0.66 0.46 451	73.78 19.55 3.42 10.56 0.68 2.87 2.02 1974	0.34 0.089 0.016 0.048 0.0031 0.013 0.0092 9.2	1.48 0.39 0.068 0.21 0.014 0.057 0.040 40.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	
15E	Used for fuel in 16E	DFLSH1	Dehydrator Flash Tank #1	Used for Fuel in 16E	Reboiler or VRU Backup - 98%	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	56.31 1.41 0.067 0.12 0.0039 0.011 1.21 2864	246.6 6.16 0.29 0.52 0.017 0.046 5.29 12543	1.13 0.028 0.0013 0.0024 0.0001 0.0002 0.024 59.3	4.93 0.12 0.0058 0.010 0.0003 0.0009 0.11 259.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	

16E	Upward Vertical Stack	DREB1	Dehydrator Reboiler #1	---	----	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs CO2e	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	Gas/Vapor	EE	
17E	Upward Vertical Stack	DEHY2	Dehydrator Still Vent #2	13C	Flare-98% Control	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	16.84 4.46 0.78 2.41 0.15 0.66 0.46 451	73.78 19.55 3.42 10.56 0.68 2.87 2.02 1974	0.34 0.089 0.016 0.048 0.0031 0.013 0.0092 9.2	1.48 0.39 0.068 0.21 0.014 0.057 0.040 40.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	
18E	Used for fuel in 19E	DFLSH2	Dehydrator Flash Tank #2	Used for Fuel in 19E	Reboiler or VRU Backup - 98%	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	56.31 1.41 0.067 0.12 0.0039 0.011 1.21 2864	246.6 6.16 0.29 0.52 0.017 0.046 5.29 12543	1.13 0.028 0.0013 0.0024 0.0001 0.0002 0.024 59.3	4.93 0.12 0.0058 0.010 0.0003 0.0009 0.11 259.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	
19E	Upward Vertical Stack	DREB2	Dehydrator Reboiler #2	---	----	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs CO2e	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	Gas/Vapor	EE	

20E	Upward Vertical Stack	DEHY3	Dehydrator Still Vent #3	13C	Flare-98% Control	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	16.84 4.46 0.78 2.41 0.15 0.66 0.46 451	73.78 19.55 3.42 10.56 0.68 2.87 2.02 1974	0.34 0.089 0.016 0.048 0.0031 0.013 0.0092 9.2	1.48 0.39 0.068 0.21 0.014 0.057 0.040 40.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	
21E	Used for fuel in 22E	DFLSH3	Dehydrator Flash Tank #3	Used for Fuel in 22E	Reboiler or VRU Backup - 98%	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	56.31 1.41 0.067 0.12 0.0039 0.011 1.21 2864	246.6 6.16 0.29 0.52 0.017 0.046 5.29 12543	1.13 0.028 0.0013 0.0024 0.0001 0.0002 0.024 59.3	4.93 0.12 0.0058 0.010 0.0003 0.0009 0.11 259.5	Gas/Vapor	EE	
22E	Upward Vertical Stack	DREB3	Dehydrator Reboiler #3	---	----	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs CO2e	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	0.15 0.12 0.0081 0.011 8.8E-4 0.0028 176.1	0.64 0.54 0.035 0.049 0.0039 0.012 771.2	Gas/Vapor	EE	
23E	Upward Vertical Stack	T01	Condensate Tank #1	14C/15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	1.73 0.052 5.1E-4 0.0011 3.7E-4 6.9E-4 0.049 0.52	7.58 0.23 0.0022 0.0050 0.0016 0.0030 0.22 2.26	0.035 0.0010 1.0E-5 2.3E-5 7.4E-6 1.4E-5 9.8E-4 0.060	0.15 0.0046 4.5E-5 9.9E-5 3.2E-5 6.1E-5 4.3E-3 0.26	Gas/Vapor	EE	

24E	Upward Vertical Stack	T02	Condensate Tank #2	14C/ 15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	1.73 0.052 5.1E-4 0.0011 3.7E-4 6.9E-4 0.049 0.52	7.58 0.23 0.0022 0.0050 0.0016 0.0030 0.22 2.26	0.035 0.0010 1.0E-5 2.3E-5 7.4E-6 1.4E-5 9.8E-4 0.060	0.15 0.0046 4.5E-5 9.9E-5 3.2E-5 6.1E-5 4.3E-3 0.26	Gas/Vapor	EE	
25E	Upward Vertical Stack	T03	Condensate Tank #3	14C/ 15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	1.73 0.052 5.1E-4 0.0011 3.7E-4 6.9E-4 0.049 0.52	7.58 0.23 0.0022 0.0050 0.0016 0.0030 0.22 2.26	0.035 0.0010 1.0E-5 2.3E-5 7.4E-6 1.4E-5 9.8E-4 0.060	0.15 0.0046 4.5E-5 9.9E-5 3.2E-5 6.1E-5 4.3E-3 0.26	Gas/Vapor	EE	
26E	Upward Vertical Stack	T04	Settling Tank	14C/ 15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	316.9 8.80 0.13 0.27 0.078 0.18 8.15 1274	1388 38.55 0.58 1.17 0.34 0.77 35.69 5579	6.34 0.18 2.7E-3 5.3E-3 1.6E-3 3.5E-3 0.16 25.9	27.76 0.77 0.012 0.023 0.0068 0.015 0.71 114	Gas/Vapor	EE	
27E	Upward Vertical Stack	T05	Produced Water Tank #1	14C/ 15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	7.7e-5 2.5E-7 1.6E-7 6.7E-8 6.3E-9 1.4E-8 6.0E-9 0.0033	3.4e-4 1.1E-6 6.9E-7 2.9E-7 2.8E-8 6.0E-8 2.6E-8 0.014	1.6E-6 5.0E-9 3.2E-9 1.3E-9 1.3E-10 2.7E-10 1.2E-10 6.6E-5	6.8e-6 2.2E-8 1.4E-8 5.8E-9 5.5E-10 1.2E-9 5.3E-10 2.9E-4	Gas/Vapor	EE	

28E	Upward Vertical Stack	T06	Produced Water Tank #2	14C/15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	7.7e-5 2.5E-7 1.6E-7 6.7E-8 6.3E-9 1.4E-8 6.0E-9 0.0033	3.4e-4 1.1E-6 6.9E-7 2.9E-7 1.3E-9 2.8E-8 6.0E-8 0.014	1.6E-6 5.0E-9 3.2E-9 1.3E-10 2.7E-10 1.2E-10 6.6E-5	6.8e-6 2.2E-8 1.4E-8 5.8E-9 5.5E-10 1.2E-9 5.3E-10 2.9E-4	Gas/Vapor	EE	
29E	Upward Vertical Stack	T07	Produced Water Tank #3	14C/15C	VRUs-98% capture	C	8,760	VOC Total HAPs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes n-Hexane CO2e	7.7e-5 2.5E-7 1.6E-7 6.7E-8 6.3E-9 1.4E-8 6.0E-9 0.0033	3.4e-4 1.1E-6 6.9E-7 2.9E-7 1.3E-9 2.8E-8 6.0E-8 0.014	1.6E-6 5.0E-9 3.2E-9 1.3E-10 2.7E-10 1.2E-10 6.6E-5	6.8e-6 2.2E-8 1.4E-8 5.8E-9 5.5E-10 1.2E-9 5.3E-10 2.9E-4	Gas/Vapor	EE	
30E	Upward Vertical Stack	FUEL1	Fuel Conditioning Heater	---	---	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs CO2e	0.049 0.041 0.0027 0.0037 2.9E-4 9.2E-4 58.7	0.21 0.18 0.012 0.016 0.0013 0.0040 257.1	0.049 0.041 0.0027 0.0037 2.9E-4 9.2E-4 58.7	0.21 0.18 0.012 0.016 0.0013 0.0040 257.1	Gas/Vapor	EE	
31E	Upward Vertical Stack	FLARE1	Flare Combustion Device	---	---	C	8,760	NOx CO VOC PM10 SO2 Total HAPs CO2e	--- --- --- --- --- --- ---	--- --- --- --- --- --- ---	0.33 1.78 1.1E-4 1.5E-4 1.2E-5 3.8E-5 565.8	1.44 7.79 4.8E-4 6.6E-4 5.2E-5 1.6E-4 2478	Gas/Vapor	EE	

The EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of emissions by emission unit. Note that uncaptured process emission unit emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET. Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions). Please complete the FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET for fugitive emission activities.

¹ Please add descriptors such as upward vertical stack, downward vertical stack, horizontal stack, relief vent, rain cap, etc.

² Indicate by "C" if venting is continuous. Otherwise, specify the average short-term venting rate with units, for intermittent venting (ie., 15 min/hr). Indicate as many rates as needed to clarify frequency of venting (e.g., 5 min/day, 2 days/wk).

³ List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. **LIST** Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. **DO NOT LIST** H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

⁴ Give maximum potential emission rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁵ Give maximum potential emission rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁶ Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

⁷ Provide for all pollutant emissions. Typically, the units of parts per million by volume (ppmv) are used. If the emission is a mineral acid (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric or phosphoric) use units of milligram per dry cubic meter (mg/m^3) at standard conditions (68 °F and 29.92 inches Hg) (see 45CSR7). If the pollutant is SO_2 , use units of ppmv (See 45CSR10).

Attachment J
EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

Table 2: Release Parameter Data								
Emission Point ID No.	Inner Diameter (ft.)	Exit Gas			Emission Point Elevation (ft)		UTM Coordinates (km)	
		Temp. (°F)	Volumetric Flow ¹ (acfm) <i>at operating conditions</i>	Velocity (fps)	Ground Level (Height above mean sea level)	Stack Height ²	Northing	Easting
1E/1C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,362.958	503.090
2E/2C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,362.971	503.096
3E/3C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,362.983	503.101
4E/4C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,362.996	503.107
5E/5C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.009	503.113
6E/6C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.021	503.119
7E/7C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.034	503.124
8E/8C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.046	503.130
9E/9C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.059	503.136
10E/10C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.072	503.142
11E/11C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.084	503.147
12E/12C	1.1	818	16086	282	1010	25	4,363.097	503.153
13E	0.5	535	5.3 kg/s mass flow	---	1010	~11	4,363.145	503.145
15E/16E	0.75	350	530	20	1010	~18	4,363.011	503.067
18E/19E	0.75	350	530	20	1010	~18	4,363.038	503.079
21E/22E	0.75	350	530	20	1010	~18	4,363.054	503.095
30E	0.75	350	530	20	1010	~18	4,363.051	503.229
31E	3	1000	2545	6	1010	20	4,362.939	503.061
Note: Points 14E, 17E, and 20E are grouped into 31E. Points 23E-29E are sent to the VRUs in a closed loop.								

¹ Give at operating conditions. Include inerts. ² Release height of emissions above ground level.

Attachment K.
Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet

Attachment K

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

The FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions are those emissions which could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent or other functionally equivalent opening. Note that uncaptured process emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive, and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET.

Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions).

APPLICATION FORMS CHECKLIST - FUGITIVE EMISSIONS
1.) Will there be haul road activities? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If YES, then complete the HAUL ROAD EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
2.) Will there be Storage Piles? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete Table 1 of the NONMETALLIC MINERALS PROCESSING EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
3.) Will there be Liquid Loading/Unloading Operations? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete the BULK LIQUID TRANSFER OPERATIONS EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
4.) Will there be emissions of air pollutants from Wastewater Treatment Evaporation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
5.) Will there be Equipment Leaks (e.g. leaks from pumps, compressors, in-line process valves, pressure relief devices, open-ended valves, sampling connections, flanges, agitators, cooling towers, etc.)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete the LEAK SOURCE DATA SHEET section of the CHEMICAL PROCESSES EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
6.) Will there be General Clean-up VOC Operations? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
7.) Will there be any other activities that generate fugitive emissions? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET or the most appropriate form.
If you answered "NO" to all of the items above, it is not necessary to complete the following table, "Fugitive Emissions Summary."

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY	All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ¹	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ²		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ³		Est. Method Used ⁴
		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	
Haul Road/Road Dust Emissions Paved Haul Roads						
Unpaved Haul Roads	PM-10 PM-2.5	0.14 0.014	0.61 0.061	0.14 0.014	0.61 0.061	EE
Storage Pile Emissions						
Loading/Unloading Operations	VOCs Total HAPs CO ₂ e	72.94 2.02 295.4	15.24 0.42 61.74	72.94 2.02 295.4	15.24 0.42 61.74	EE
Wastewater Treatment Evaporation & Operations						
Equipment Leaks	VOCs Total HAPs CO ₂ e	2.35 0.052 40.41	10.31 0.23 177.0	2.37 0.052 40.41	10.31 0.23 177.0	EE
General Clean-up VOC Emissions						
Other – Venting Episodes	VOCs Total HAPs CO ₂ e	Does not apply	25.80 0.52 2,035	Does not apply	25.80 0.52 2,035	EE

¹ List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. LIST Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. DO NOT LIST H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

² Give rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

³ Give rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁴ Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

Attachment L.
Emission Unit Data Sheets

Compressor Engines

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR/GENERATOR ENGINE DATA SHEET

Source Identification Number ¹		1E		2E		3E	
Engine Manufacturer and Model		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608	
Manufacturer's Rated bhp/rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
Source Status ²		NS		NS		NS	
Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017		March 2017		March 2017	
Engine Manufactured/Reconstruction Date ⁴		TBD		TBD		TBD	
Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵		No		No		No	
Engine, Fuel and Combustion Data	Engine Type ⁶	LB4S		LB4S		LB4S	
	APCD Type ⁷	SCR		SCR		SCR	
	Fuel Type ⁸	RG		RG		RG	
	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0		0		0	
	Operating bhp/rpm	2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	6,850		6,850		6,850	
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	16,500		16,500		16,500	
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	144.54		144.54		144.54	
	Operation (hrs/yr)	8,760		8,760		8,760	
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
MD	NO _x	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24
MD	CO	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86
MD	VOC	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52
AP	SO ₂	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044
AP	PM ₁₀	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75
MD	Formaldehyde	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48

Source Identification Number ¹		4E		5E		6E	
Engine Manufacturer and Model		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608	
Manufacturer's Rated bhp/rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
Source Status ²		NS		NS		NS	
Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017		March 2017		March 2017	
Engine Manufactured/Reconstruction Date ⁴		TBD		TBD		TBD	
Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵		No		No		No	
Engine, Fuel and Combustion Data	Engine Type ⁶	LB4S		LB4S		LB4S	
	APCD Type ⁷	SCR		SCR		SCR	
	Fuel Type ⁸	RG		RG		RG	
	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0		0		0	
	Operating bhp/rpm	2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	6,850		6,850		6,850	
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	16,500		16,500		16,500	
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	144.54		144.54		144.54	
	Operation (hrs/yr)	8,760		8,760		8,760	
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
OT	NO _x	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24
OT	CO	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86
MD	VOC	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52
AP	SO ₂	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044
AP	PM ₁₀	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75
MD	Formaldehyde	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48

Source Identification Number ¹		7E		8E		9E	
Engine Manufacturer and Model		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608	
Manufacturer's Rated bhp/rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
Source Status ²		NS		NS		NS	
Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017		March 2017		March 2017	
Engine Manufactured/Reconstruction Date ⁴		TBD		TBD		TBD	
Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵		No		No		No	
Engine, Fuel and Combustion Data	Engine Type ⁶	LB4S		LB4S		LB4S	
	APCD Type ⁷	SCR		SCR		SCR	
	Fuel Type ⁸	RG		RG		RG	
	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0		0		0	
	Operating bhp/rpm	2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	6,850		6,850		6,850	
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	16,500		16,500		16,500	
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	144.54		144.54		144.54	
	Operation (hrs/yr)	8,760		8,760		8,760	
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
OT	NO _x	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24
OT	CO	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86
MD	VOC	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52
AP	SO ₂	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044
AP	PM ₁₀	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75
MD	Formaldehyde	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48

Source Identification Number ¹		10E		11E		12E	
Engine Manufacturer and Model		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608		Caterpillar G3608	
Manufacturer's Rated bhp/rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
Source Status ²		NS		NS		NS	
Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017		March 2017		March 2017	
Engine Manufactured/Reconstruction Date ⁴		TBD		TBD		TBD	
Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵		No		No		No	
Engine, Fuel and Combustion Data	Engine Type ⁶	LB4S		LB4S		LB4S	
	APCD Type ⁷	SCR		SCR		SCR	
	Fuel Type ⁸	RG		RG		RG	
	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0		0		0	
	Operating bhp/rpm	2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm		2,500 bhp/1,000 rpm	
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	6,850		6,850		6,850	
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	16,500		16,500		16,500	
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	144.54		144.54		144.54	
	Operation (hrs/yr)	8,760		8,760		8,760	
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
OT	NO _x	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24	1.65	7.24
OT	CO	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86	0.88	3.86
MD	VOC	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52	1.49	6.52
AP	SO ₂	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044	0.010	0.044
AP	PM ₁₀	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75	0.17	0.75
MD	Formaldehyde	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48	0.11	0.48

- Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.
- Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS	Construction of New Source (installation)	ES	Existing Source
MS	Modification of Existing Source	RS	Removal of Source

3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.
4. Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
5. Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ. If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance according to 40CFR§60.4243a(2)(i) through (iii), as appropriate.

Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

6. Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:

LB2S Lean Burn Two Stroke
LB4S Lean Burn Four Stroke

RB4S Rich Burn Four Stroke

7. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:

A/F Air/Fuel Ratio
HEIS High Energy Ignition System
PSC Prestratified Charge
NSCR Rich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction

IR Ignition Retard
SIPC Screw-in Precombustion Chambers
LEC Low Emission Combustion
SCR Lean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction

8. Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:

PQ Pipeline Quality Natural Gas

RG Raw Natural Gas

9. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all referenced data to this *Compressor/Generator Data Sheet(s)*.

MD Manufacturer's Data
GR GRI-HAPCalc™

AP AP-42
OT Other Based on typical operating conditions

10. Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.

ENGINE SPEED (rpm): 1000
 COMPRESSION RATIO: 7.6
 AFTERCOOLER TYPE: SCAC
 AFTERCOOLER - STAGE 2 INLET (°F): 130
 AFTERCOOLER - STAGE 1 INLET (°F): 174
 JACKET WATER OUTLET (°F): 190
 ASPIRATION: TA
 COOLING SYSTEM: JW+1AC, OC+2AC
 CONTROL SYSTEM: ADEM4
 EXHAUST MANIFOLD: DRY
 COMBUSTION: LOW EMISSION
 NOx EMISSION LEVEL (g/bhp-hr NOx): 0.3
 SET POINT TIMING: 17

RATING STRATEGY: STANDARD
 RATING LEVEL: CONTINUOUS
 FUEL SYSTEM: GAV
 WITH AIR FUEL RATIO CONTROL
SITE CONDITIONS:
 FUEL: Gas Analysis
 FUEL PRESSURE RANGE (psig): 58.0-70.3
 FUEL METHANE NUMBER: 65.1
 FUEL LHV (Btu/scf): 1039
 ALTITUDE (ft): 1140
 MAXIMUM INLET AIR TEMPERATURE (°F): 100
 STANDARD RATED POWER: 2500 bhp@1000rpm

			MAXIMUM RATING	SITE RATING AT MAXIMUM INLET AIR TEMPERATURE		
RATING	NOTES	LOAD	100%	100%	75%	50%
ENGINE POWER (WITHOUT FAN)	(1)	bhp	2500	2500	1875	1250
INLET AIR TEMPERATURE		°F	100	100	100	100

ENGINE DATA							
FUEL CONSUMPTION (LHV)		(2)	Btu/bhp-hr	6850	6850	7077	7575
FUEL CONSUMPTION (HHV)		(2)	Btu/bhp-hr	7570	7570	7821	8372
AIR FLOW (@inlet air temp, 14.7 psia)	(WET)	(3)(4)	ft3/min	6562	6562	4973	3381
AIR FLOW	(WET)	(3)(4)	lb/hr	27899	27899	21142	14374
FUEL FLOW (60°F, 14.7 psia)			scfm	275	275	213	152
INLET MANIFOLD PRESSURE		(5)	in Hg(abs)	102.9	102.9	77.8	54.3
EXHAUST TEMPERATURE - ENGINE OUTLET		(6)	°F	827	827	870	935
EXHAUST GAS FLOW (@engine outlet temp, 14.5 psia)	(WET)	(7)(4)	ft3/min	16056	16056	12589	8996
EXHAUST GAS MASS FLOW	(WET)	(7)(4)	lb/hr	28710	28710	21771	14823

EMISSIONS DATA - ENGINE OUT						
NOx (as NO2)	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
CO	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62
THC (mol. wt. of 15.84)	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	4.49	4.49	4.76	4.84
NMHC (mol. wt. of 15.84)	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	1.26	1.26	1.33	1.35
NMNEHC (VOCs) (mol. wt. of 15.84)	(8)(9)(10)	g/bhp-hr	0.41	0.41	0.43	0.44
HCHO (Formaldehyde)	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.20
CO2	(8)(9)	g/bhp-hr	429	429	445	474
EXHAUST OXYGEN	(8)(11)	% DRY	11.6	11.6	11.3	10.9

HEAT REJECTION						
HEAT REJ. TO JACKET WATER (JW)	(12)	Btu/min	27608	27608	23006	18921
HEAT REJ. TO ATMOSPHERE	(12)	Btu/min	9197	9197	9684	9447
HEAT REJ. TO LUBE OIL (OC)	(12)	Btu/min	12834	12834	12204	11129
HEAT REJ. TO A/C - STAGE 1 (1AC)	(12)(13)	Btu/min	25471	25471	13030	3866
HEAT REJ. TO A/C - STAGE 2 (2AC)	(12)(13)	Btu/min	8738	8738	5571	2865

COOLING SYSTEM SIZING CRITERIA			
TOTAL JACKET WATER CIRCUIT (JW+1AC)	(13)(14)	Btu/min	57113
TOTAL STAGE 2 AFTERCOOLER CIRCUIT (OC+2AC)	(13)(14)	Btu/min	24576
A cooling system safety factor of 0% has been added to the cooling system sizing criteria.			

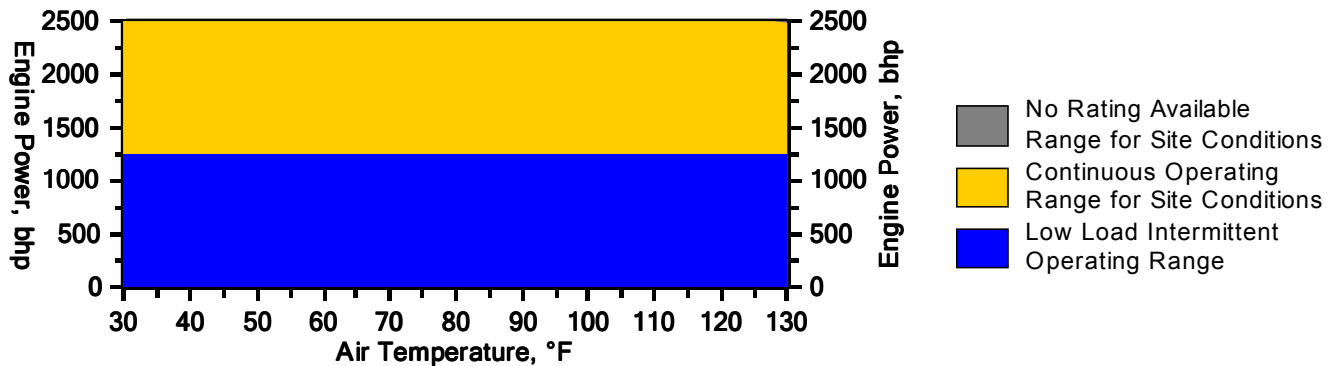
CONDITIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Engine rating obtained and presented in accordance with ISO 3046/1, adjusted for fuel, site altitude and site inlet air temperature. 100% rating at maximum inlet air temperature is the maximum engine capability for the specified fuel at site altitude and maximum site inlet air temperature. Maximum rating is the maximum capability at the specified aftercooler inlet temperature for the specified fuel at site altitude and reduced inlet air temperature. Lowest load point is the lowest continuous duty operating load allowed. No overload permitted at rating shown.

For notes information consult page three.

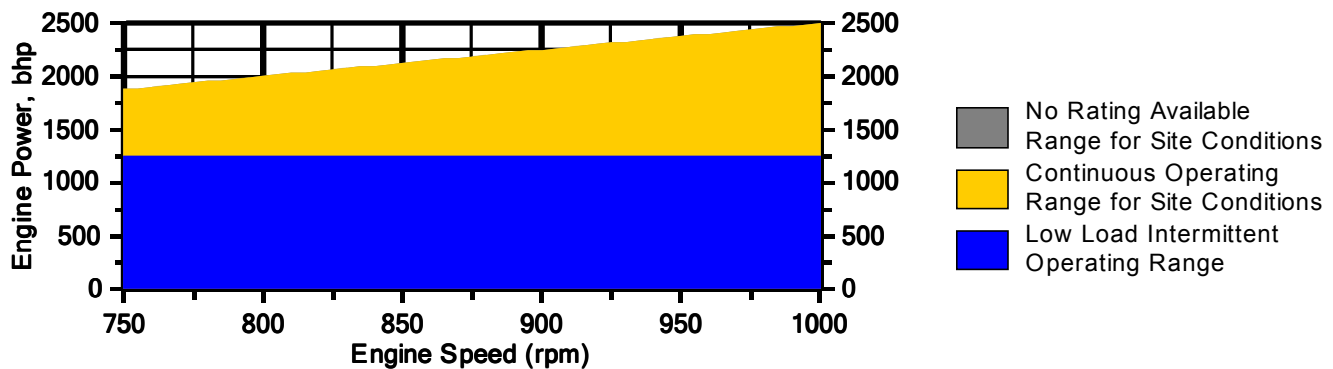
Engine Power vs. Inlet Air Temperature

Data represents temperature sweep at 1140 ft and 1000 rpm



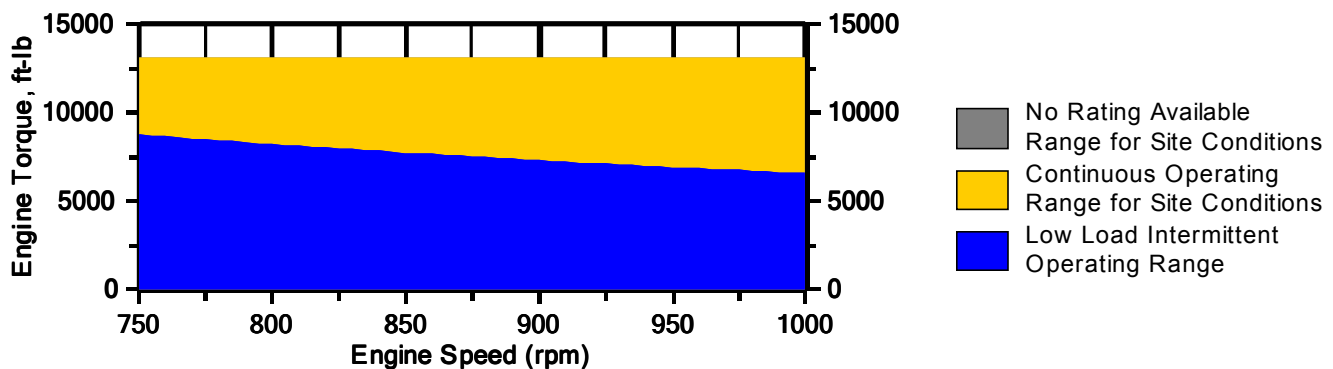
Engine Power vs. Engine Speed

Data represents speed sweep at 1140 ft and 100 °F



Engine Torque vs. Engine Speed

Data represents speed sweep at 1140 ft and 100 °F



Note: At site conditions of 1140 ft and 100°F inlet air temp., constant torque can be maintained down to 750 rpm. The minimum speed for loading at these conditions is 750 rpm.

NOTES

1. Engine rating is with two engine driven water pumps. Tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ of full load.
2. Fuel consumption tolerance is $\pm 2.5\%$ of full load data.
3. Air flow value is on a 'wet' basis. Flow is a nominal value with a tolerance of $\pm 5\%$.
4. Inlet and Exhaust Restrictions must not exceed A&I limits based on full load flow rates from the standard technical data sheet.
5. Inlet manifold pressure is a nominal value with a tolerance of $\pm 5\%$.
6. Exhaust temperature is a nominal value with a tolerance of $(+)63^{\circ}\text{F}$, $(-)54^{\circ}\text{F}$.
7. Exhaust flow value is on a "wet" basis. Flow is a nominal value with a tolerance of $\pm 6\%$.
8. Emissions data is at engine exhaust flange prior to any after treatment.
9. Values listed are higher than nominal levels to allow for instrumentation, measurement, and engine-to-engine variations. They indicate the maximum values expected under steady state conditions. Fuel methane number cannot vary more than ± 3 . THC, NMHC, and NMNEHC do not include aldehydes. An oxidation catalyst may be required to meet Federal, State or local CO or HC requirements.
10. VOCs - Volatile organic compounds as defined in USEPA 40 CFR 60, subpart JJJJ
11. Exhaust Oxygen level is the result of adjusting the engine to operate at the specified NOx level. Tolerance is ± 0.5 .
12. Heat rejection values are nominal. Tolerances, based on treated water, are $\pm 10\%$ for jacket water circuit, $\pm 50\%$ for radiation, $\pm 20\%$ for lube oil circuit, and $\pm 5\%$ for aftercooler circuit.
13. Aftercooler heat rejection includes an aftercooler heat rejection factor for the site elevation and inlet air temperature specified. Aftercooler heat rejection values at part load are for reference only. Do not use part load data for heat exchanger sizing.
14. Cooling system sizing criteria are maximum circuit heat rejection for the site, with applied tolerances.

Constituent	Abbrev	Mole %	Norm
Water Vapor	H2O	0.0000	0.0000
Methane	CH4	84.8500	85.0712
Ethane	C2H6	11.1700	11.1991
Propane	C3H8	1.8400	1.8448
Isobutane	iso-C4H10	0.0300	0.0301
Norbutane	nor-C4H10	0.5700	0.5715
Isopentane	iso-C5H12	0.1500	0.1504
Norpentane	nor-C5H12	0.1500	0.1504
Hexane	C6H14	0.1000	0.1003
Heptane	C7H16	0.0500	0.0501
Nitrogen	N2	0.7000	0.7018
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	0.1000	0.1003
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	0.0000	0.0000
Carbon Monoxide	CO	0.0000	0.0000
Hydrogen	H2	0.0000	0.0000
Oxygen	O2	0.0000	0.0000
Helium	HE	0.0000	0.0000
Neopentane	neo-C5H12	0.0000	0.0000
Octane	C8H18	0.0200	0.0201
Nonane	C9H20	0.0100	0.0100
Ethylene	C2H4	0.0000	0.0000
Propylene	C3H6	0.0000	0.0000
TOTAL (Volume %)		99.7400	100.0001

Fuel Makeup:

Gas Analysis

Unit of Measure:

English

Calculated Fuel Properties

Caterpillar Methane Number:	65.1
Lower Heating Value (Btu/scf):	1039
Higher Heating Value (Btu/scf):	1148
WOBBE Index (Btu/scf):	1289
THC: Free Inert Ratio:	123.67
Total % Inerts (% N2, CO2, He):	0.8%
RPC (%) (To 905 Btu/scf Fuel):	100%
Compressibility Factor:	0.997
Stoich A/F Ratio (Vol/Vol):	10.80
Stoich A/F Ratio (Mass/Mass):	16.64
Specific Gravity (Relative to Air):	0.649
Specific Heat Constant (K):	1.295

CONDITIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Caterpillar Methane Number represents the knock resistance of a gaseous fuel. It should be used with the Caterpillar Fuel Usage Guide for the engine and rating to determine the rating for the fuel specified. A Fuel Usage Guide for each rating is included on page 2 of its standard technical data sheet.

RPC always applies to naturally aspirated (NA) engines, and turbocharged (TA or LE) engines only when they are derated for altitude and ambient site conditions.

Project specific technical data sheets generated by the Caterpillar Gas Engine Rating Pro program take the Caterpillar Methane Number and RPC into account when generating a site rating.

Fuel properties for Btu/scf calculations are at 60F and 14.696 psia.

Caterpillar shall have no liability in law or equity, for damages, consequently or otherwise, arising from use of program and related material or any part thereof.

FUEL LIQUIDS

Field gases, well head gases, and associated gases typically contain liquid water and heavy hydrocarbons entrained in the gas. To prevent detonation and severe damage to the engine, hydrocarbon liquids must not be allowed to enter the engine fuel system. To remove liquids, a liquid separator and coalescing filter are recommended, with an automatic drain and collection tank to prevent contamination of the ground in accordance with local codes and standards.

To avoid water condensation in the engine or fuel lines, limit the relative humidity of water in the fuel to 80% at the minimum fuel operating temperature.

Dehydrators

NATURAL GAS GLYCOL DEHYDRATION UNIT DATA SHEET

General Glycol Dehydration Unit Data		Manufacturer and Model		TBD, 150 MMscfd	
		Max Dry Gas Flow Rate (MMscf/day)		150	
		Design Heat Input (MMBtu/hr)		1.5	
		Design Type (DEG or TEG)		TEG	
		Source Status ²		NS	
		Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017	
		Regenerator Still Vent APCD ⁴		FL	
		Fuel HV (Btu/scf)		1,242	
		H ₂ S Content (gr/100 scf)		0	
		Operation (hrs/yr)		8,760	
Source ID # ¹	Vent	Reference ⁵	Potential Emissions ⁶	lbs/hr	tons/yr
16E	Reboiler Vent	AP	NO _x	0.15	0.64
		AP	CO	0.12	0.54
		AP	VOC	0.0081	0.035
		AP	SO ₂	0.00088	0.0039
		AP	PM ₁₀	0.011	0.049
14E	Glycol Regenerator Still Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	0.34	1.48
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.016	0.068
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.0031	0.014
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.048	0.21
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.013	0.057
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.0092	0.040
15E	Flash Gas Tank Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	1.13	4.93
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.0013	0.0058
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.00010	0.00030
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.0024	0.010
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.00020	0.00090
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.024	0.11

General Glycol Dehydration Unit Data		Manufacturer and Model		TBD, 150 MMscfd	
		Max Dry Gas Flow Rate (mmscf/day)		150	
		Design Heat Input (mmBtu/hr)		1.5	
		Design Type (DEG or TEG)		TEG	
		Source Status ²		NS	
		Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017	
		Regenerator Still Vent APCD ⁴		FL	
		Fuel HV (Btu/scf)		1,242	
		H ₂ S Content (gr/100 scf)		0	
		Operation (hrs/yr)		8,760	
Source ID # ¹	Vent	Reference ⁵	Potential Emissions ⁶	lbs/hr	tons/yr
19E	Reboiler Vent	AP	NO _x	0.15	0.64
		AP	CO	0.12	0.54
		AP	VOC	0.0081	0.035
		AP	SO ₂	0.00088	0.0039
		AP	PM ₁₀	0.011	0.049
17E	Glycol Regenerator Still Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	0.34	1.48
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.016	0.068
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.0031	0.014
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.048	0.21
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.013	0.057
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.0092	0.040
18E	Flash Gas Tank Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	1.13	4.93
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.0013	0.0058
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.00010	0.00030
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.0024	0.010
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.00020	0.00090
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.024	0.11

General Glycol Dehydration Unit Data		Manufacturer and Model		TBD, 150 MMscfd	
		Max Dry Gas Flow Rate (mmscf/day)		150	
		Design Heat Input (mmBtu/hr)		1.5	
		Design Type (DEG or TEG)		TEG	
		Source Status ²		NS	
		Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017	
		Regenerator Still Vent APCD ⁴		FL	
		Fuel HV (Btu/scf)		1,242	
		H ₂ S Content (gr/100 scf)		0	
		Operation (hrs/yr)		8,760	
Source ID # ¹	Vent	Reference ⁵	Potential Emissions ⁶	lbs/hr	tons/yr
22E	Reboiler Vent	AP	NO _x	0.15	0.64
		AP	CO	0.12	0.54
		AP	VOC	0.0081	0.035
		AP	SO ₂	0.00088	0.0039
		AP	PM ₁₀	0.011	0.049
20E	Glycol Regenerator Still Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	0.34	1.48
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.016	0.068
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.0031	0.014
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.048	0.21
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.013	0.057
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.0092	0.040
21E	Flash Gas Tank Vent	GRI-GLYCalc™	VOC	1.13	4.93
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Benzene	0.0013	0.0058
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Ethylbenzene	0.00010	0.00030
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Toluene	0.0024	0.010
		GRI-GLYCalc™	Xylenes	0.00020	0.00090
		GRI-GLYCalc™	n-Hexane	0.024	0.11

1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Numbers for the glycol dehydration unit Reboiler Vent and glycol Regenerator Still Vent. The glycol dehydration unit Reboiler Vent and glycol Regenerator Still Vent should be designated RBV-1 and RSV-1, respectively. If the compressor station incorporates multiple glycol dehydration units, a *Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet* shall be completed for each, using Source Identification #s RBV-2 and RSV-2, RBV-3 and RSV-3, etc.

2. Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS Construction of New Source
MS Modification of Existing Source

ES Existing Source
RS Removal of Source

3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the glycol dehydration unit's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.
4. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation using the following codes:

NA	None	CD	Condenser
FL	Flare	CC	Condenser/Combustion Combination
TO	Thermal Oxidizer		
5. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes:

MD	Manufacturer's Data	AP	AP-42	
GR	GRI-GLYCalc™	OT	Other _____	(please list)
6. Enter the Reboiler Vent and glycol Regenerator Still Vent Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in lbs per hour and tons per year. The glycol Regenerator Still Vent potential emissions may be determined using the most recent version of the thermodynamic software model GRI-GLYCalc™ (Radian International LLC & Gas Research Institute). Attach all referenced Potential Emissions Data (or calculations) and the GRI-GLYCalc *Aggregate Calculations Report* to this *Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet(s)*. This PTE data shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.

Include a copy of the GRI-GLYCalc™ analysis. This includes a printout of the aggregate calculations report, which shall include emissions reports, equipment reports, and stream reports.

***An explanation of input parameters and examples, when using GRI-GLYCalc™ is available on our website.**

West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY : (304) 926-0475

Division of Air Quality

WEB PAGE: <http://www.wvdep.org>

40 CFR Part 63; Subpart HH & HHH Registration Form

Complete this form for any oil and natural gas production or natural gas transmission and storage facility that uses an affected unit under HH/HHH, whether subject or not.

Section A: Facility Description			
Affected facility actual annual average natural gas throughput (scf/day):		450,000,000 (150,000,000 per dehy)	
Affected facility actual annual average hydrocarbon liquid throughput: (bbl/day):		390	
The affected facility processes, upgrades, or stores hydrocarbon liquids prior to custody transfer.		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
The affected facility processes, upgrades, or stores natural gas prior to the point at which natural gas (NG) enters the NG transmission and storage source category or is delivered to the end user.		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
The affected facility is: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> prior to a NG processing plant <input type="checkbox"/> a NG processing plant <input type="checkbox"/> prior to the point of custody transfer and there is no NG processing plant			
The affected facility transports or stores natural gas prior to entering the pipeline to a local distribution company or to a final end user (if there is no local distribution company).		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
The affected facility exclusively processes, stores, or transfers black oil.		Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Initial producing gas-to-oil ratio (GOR): _____ scf/bbl API gravity: _____ degrees			
Section B: Dehydration Unit (if applicable) ¹			
Description: Middlebourne III Compressor Station Dehydrators (DEHY1, DEHY2, and DEHY3)			
Date of Installation:	March 2017	Annual Operating Hours:	8,760
Burner rating (MMbtu/hr):		1.5	
Exhaust Stack Height (ft):	TBD	Stack Diameter (ft):	TBD
Stack Temp. (°F):		200	
Glycol Type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TEG <input type="checkbox"/> EG <input type="checkbox"/> Other:		
Glycol Pump Type:	<input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas	If gas, what is the volume ratio? <u>0.032</u> ACFM/gpm	
Condenser installed?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Exit Temp. <u>200</u> °F Condenser Pressure <u>0</u> psig	
Incinerator/flare installed?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Destruction Eff. <u>98</u> %	
Other controls installed?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Describe:	
Wet Gas ² : (Upstream of Contact Tower)	Gas Temp.: <u>120</u> °F Gas Pressure <u>1,200</u> psig	Saturated Gas? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If no, water content _____ lb/MMSCF	
Dry Gas: (Downstream of Contact Tower)	Gas Flowrate(MMSCFD) Actual _____ Design <u>150</u> _____	Water Content <u>5.0</u> lb/MMSCF	
Lean Glycol:	Circulation rate (gpm) Actual ³ _____ Maximum ⁴ <u>15</u> _____	Pump make/model: Kimray 45015PV	
Glycol Flash Tank (if applicable):	Temp.: <u>80</u> °F Pressure <u>5</u> psig Vented? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If no, describe vapor control: Vent gas used in reboiler as fuel or sent to VRU system	
Stripping Gas (if applicable):	Source of gas: Dry gas, if used	Rate <u>9</u> scfm	

Please attach the following required dehydration unit information:

1. System map indicating the chain of custody information. See Page 43 of this document for an example of a gas flow schematic. It is not intended that the applicant provide this level of detail for all sources. The level of detail that is necessary is to establish where the custody transfer points are located. This can be accomplished by submitting a process flow diagram indicating custody transfer points and the natural gas flow. However, the DAQ reserves the right to request more detailed information in order to make the necessary decisions.
2. Extended gas analysis from the Wet Gas Stream including mole percents of C₁-C₈, benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, xylene and n-Hexane, using Gas Processors Association (GPA) 2286 (or similar). A sample should be taken from the inlet gas line, downstream from any inlet separator, and using a manifold to remove entrained liquids from the sample and a probe to collect the sample from the center of the gas line. GPA standard 2166 reference method or a modified version of EPA Method TO-14, (or similar) should be used.
3. GRI-GLYCalc Ver. 3.0 aggregate report based on maximum Lean Glycol circulation rate and maximum throughput.
4. Detailed calculations of gas or hydrocarbon flow rate.

Section C: Facility NESHAPS Subpart HH/HHH status

Affected facility status: (choose only one)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Subject to Subpart HH - applies, but is exempt through < 1 tpy benzene exemption
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Subject to Subpart HHH
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Subject
	because:	<div><div><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> < 10/25 TPY</div><div><input type="checkbox"/> Affected facility exclusively handles black oil</div><div><input type="checkbox"/> The facility wide actual annual average NG throughput is < 650 thousand scf/day and facility wide actual annual average hydrocarbon liquid is < 250 bpd</div><div><input type="checkbox"/> No affected source is present</div></div>

Generator

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR/GENERATOR ENGINE DATA SHEET

Source Identification Number ¹		13E					
Engine Manufacturer and Model		Capstone C800 Standard					
Manufacturer's Rated bhp/rpm		800 kWe					
Source Status ²		NS					
Date Installed/Modified/Removed ³		March 2017					
Engine Manufactured/Reconstruction Date ⁴		TBD					
Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵		N/A					
Engine, Fuel and Combustion Data	Engine Type ⁶	N/A					
	APCD Type ⁷	N/A					
	Fuel Type ⁸	RG					
	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0					
	Operating kWe	800					
	BSFC (Btu/kWe)	10,300					
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	6,636					
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	58.13					
	Operation (hrs/yr)	8,760					
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
MD	NO _x	0.32	1.40				
MD	CO	0.88	3.85				
MD	VOC	0.080	0.35				
AP	SO ₂	0.028	0.12				
AP	PM ₁₀	0.054	0.24				
AP	Formaldehyde	0.0059	0.026				

1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.

2. Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS Construction of New Source (installation)
MS Modification of Existing Source

ES Existing Source
RS Removal of Source

3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.

4. Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
5. Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ. If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance according to 40CFR§60.4243a(2)(i) through (iii), as appropriate.

Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

6. Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:
- | | | | |
|------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|
| LB2S | Lean Burn Two Stroke | RB4S | Rich Burn Four Stroke |
| LB4S | Lean Burn Four Stroke | | |
7. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:
- | | | | |
|------|---|------|---|
| A/F | Air/Fuel Ratio | IR | Ignition Retard |
| HEIS | High Energy Ignition System | SIPC | Screw-in Precombustion Chambers |
| PSC | Prestratified Charge | LEC | Low Emission Combustion |
| NSCR | Rich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction | SCR | Lean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction |
8. Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:
- | | | | |
|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------|
| PQ | Pipeline Quality Natural Gas | RG | Raw Natural Gas |
|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------|
9. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all referenced data to this *Compressor/Generator Data Sheet(s)*.
- | | | | | |
|----|---------------------|----|-------------|---------------|
| MD | Manufacturer's Data | AP | AP-42 | |
| GR | GRI-HAPCalc™ | OT | Other _____ | (please list) |
10. Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.

C800 800kW Power Package High-pressure Natural Gas



World's largest air-bearing microturbine produces 800kW of clean, green, and reliable power.

- High electrical efficiency over a very wide operating range
- Low-maintenance air bearings require no lube oil or coolant
- Ultra-low emissions
- High availability – part load redundancy
- Proven technology with tens of millions of operating hours
- Integrated utility synchronization and protection with a modular design
- 5 and 9 year Factory Protection Plans available
- Remote monitoring and diagnostic capabilities
- Upgradable to 1MW with field installation of Capstone 200kW power module
- Internal fuel gas compressor available for low fuel pressure natural gas applications



C800 Power Package

Electrical Performance⁽¹⁾

Electrical Power Output	800kW
Voltage	400–480 VAC
Electrical Service	3-Phase, 4 wire
Frequency	50/60 Hz, grid connect operation 10–60 Hz, stand alone operation
Maximum Output Current	1,160A RMS @ 400V, grid connect operation 960A RMS @ 480V, grid connect operation 1,240A RMS, stand alone operation ⁽²⁾
Electrical Efficiency LHV	33%

Fuel/Engine Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Natural Gas HHV	30.7–47.5 MJ/m ³ (825–1,275 BTU/scf)
Inlet Pressure ⁽³⁾	517–552 kPa gauge (75–80 psig)
Fuel Flow HHV	9,600 MJ/hr (9,120,000 BTU/hr)
Net Heat Rate LHV	10.9 MJ/kWh (10,300 BTU/kWh)

Exhaust Characteristics⁽¹⁾

	Standard	Low-Emissions Version
NOx Emissions @ 15% O ₂ ⁽⁴⁾	< 9 ppmvd (18 mg/m ³)	< 4 ppmvd (8 mg/m ³)
NOx / Electrical Output ⁽⁴⁾	0.14 g/bhp-hr (0.4 lb/MWhe)	0.05 g/bhp-hr (0.14 lb/MWhe)
Exhaust Gas Flow	5.3 kg/s (11.7 lbm/s)	5.3 kg/s (11.7 lbm/s)
Exhaust Gas Temperature	280°C (535°F)	280°C (535°F)
Exhaust Energy	5,680 MJ/hr (5,400,000 BTU/hr)	5,680 MJ/hr (5,400,000 BTU/hr)

Reliable power when and where you need it. Clean and simple.

Dimensions & Weight⁽⁵⁾

Width x Depth x Height	2.4 x 9.1 x 2.9 m (96 x 360 x 114 in)
Weight - Grid Connect Model	14650 kg (32,300 lbs)
Weight - Dual Mode Model	15558 kg (34,300 lbs)

Minimum Clearance Requirements⁽⁶⁾

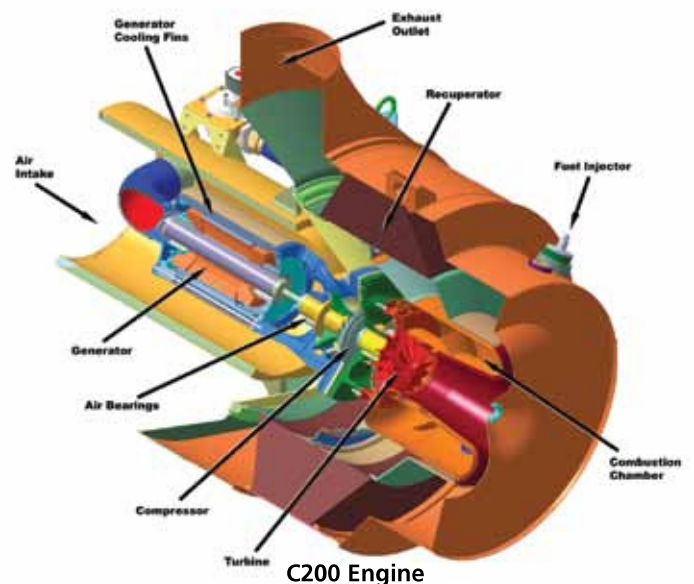
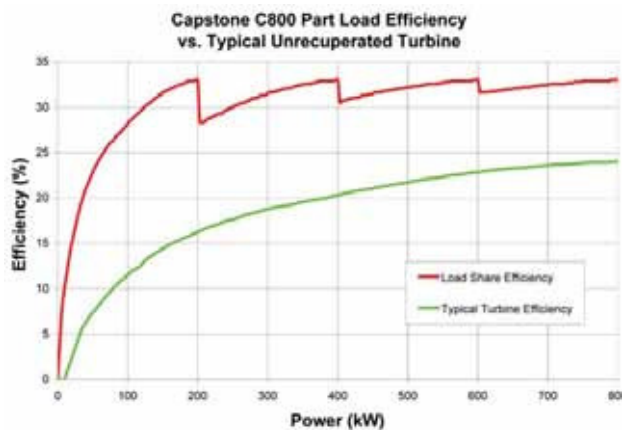
Vertical Clearance	0.6 m (24 in)
Horizontal Clearance	
Left	1.5 m (60 in)
Right	0.0 m (0 in)
Front	1.5 m (60 in)
Rear	2.0 m (80 in)

Sound Levels

Acoustic Emissions at Full Load Power	
Nominal at 10 m (33 ft)	65 dBA

Planned Certifications

- UL 2200 and UL 1741 for natural gas operation under existing UL files⁽⁷⁾
- Will comply with IEEE 1547 and will meet statewide utility interconnection requirements for California Rule 21 and the New York State Public Service Commission
- Models will be available with optional equipment for CE marking



(1) Nominal full power performance at ISO conditions: 59°F, 14.696 psia, 60% RH
 (2) With linear load
 (3) Inlet pressure for standard natural gas at 39.4 MJ/Nm³ (1,000 BTU/scf) (HHV)
 (4) Emissions for standard natural gas at 39.4 MJ/Nm³ (1,000 BTU/scf) (HHV)
 (5) Approximate dimensions and weights
 (6) Clearance requirements may increase due to local code considerations
 (7) All models are planned to be UL Listed or available with optional equipment for CE marking
Specifications are not warranted and are subject to change without notice.





Technical Reference

Capstone MicroTurbine™ Systems Emissions

Summary

Capstone MicroTurbine™ systems are inherently clean and can meet some of the strictest emissions standards in the world. This technical reference is to provide customers with information that may be requested by local air permitting organizations or to compare air quality impacts of different technologies for a specific project. The preferred units of measure are “output based”; meaning that the quantity of a particular exhaust emission is reported relative to the useable output of the microturbine – typically in pounds per megawatt hour for electrical generating equipment. This technical reference also provides volumetric measurements in parts per million and milligrams per normal cubic meter. A conversion between several common units is also provided.

Maximum Exhaust Emissions at ISO Conditions

Table 1 below summarizes the exhaust emissions at full power and ISO conditions for different Capstone microturbine models. Note that the fuel can have a significant impact on certain emissions. For example landfill and digester gas can be made up of a wide variety of fuel elements and impurities, and typically contains some percentage of carbon dioxide (CO₂). This CO₂ dilutes the fuel, makes complete combustion more difficult, and results in higher carbon monoxide emissions (CO) than for pipeline-quality natural gas.

Table 1. Emission for Different Capstone Microturbine Models in [lb/MWhe]

Model	Fuel	NOx	CO	VOC ⁽⁵⁾
C30 NG	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.64	1.8	0.23
CR30 MBTU	Landfill Gas ⁽²⁾	0.64	22.0	1.00
CR30 MBTU	Digester Gas ⁽³⁾	0.64	11.0	1.00
C30 Liquid	Diesel #2 ⁽⁴⁾	2.60	0.41	0.23
C65 NG Standard	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.46	1.25	0.10
C65 NG Low NOx	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.17	1.30	0.10
C65 NG CARB	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.17	0.24	0.05
CR65 Landfill	Landfill Gas ⁽²⁾	0.46	4.0	0.10
CR65 Digester	Digester Gas ⁽³⁾	0.46	4.0	0.10
C200 NG	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.40	1.10	0.10
C200 NG CARB	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	0.14	0.20	0.04
CR200 Digester	Digester Gas ⁽³⁾	0.40	3.6	0.10

Notes:

- (1) Emissions for standard natural gas at 1,000 BTU/scf (HHV) or 39.4 MJ/m³ (HHV)
- (2) Emissions for surrogate gas containing 42% natural gas, 39% CO₂, and 19% Nitrogen
- (3) Emissions for surrogate gas containing 63% natural gas and 37% CO₂
- (4) Emissions for Diesel #2 according to ASTM D975-07b
- (5) Expressed as Methane

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Many gasses are considered “greenhouse gasses”, and agencies have ranked them based on their global warming potential (GWP) in the atmosphere compared with carbon dioxide (CO₂), as well as their ability to maintain this effect over time. For example, methane is a greenhouse gas with a GWP of 21. Criteria pollutants like NO_x and organic compounds like methane are monitored by local air permitting authorities, and are subject to strong emissions controls. Even though some of these criteria pollutants can be more troublesome for global warming than CO₂, they are released in small quantities – especially from Capstone microturbines. So the major contributor of concern is carbon dioxide, or CO₂. Emission of CO₂ depends on two things:

1. Carbon content in the fuel
2. Efficiency of converting fuel to useful energy

It is for these reasons that many local authorities are focused on using clean fuels (for example natural gas compared with diesel fuel), achieving high efficiency using combined heat and power systems, and displacing emissions from traditional power plants using renewable fuels like waste landfill and digester gasses.

Table 5 shows the typical CO₂ emissions due to combustion for different Capstone microturbine models at full power and ISO conditions. The values do not include CO₂ that may already exist in the fuel itself, which is typical for renewable fuels like landfill and digester gas. These values are expressed on an output basis, as is done for criteria pollutants in Table 1. The table shows the pounds per megawatt hour based on electric power output only, as well as considering total useful output in a CHP system with total 70% efficiency (LHV). As for criteria pollutants, the relative quantity of CO₂ released is substantially less when useful thermal output is also considered in the measurement.

Table 5. CO₂ Emission for Capstone Microturbine Models in [lb/MWh]

Model	Fuel	CO ₂	
		Electric Only	70% Total CHP
C30 NG	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,690	625
CR30 MBTU	Landfill Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,690	625
CR30 MBTU	Digester Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,690	625
C30 Liquid	Diesel #2 ⁽²⁾	2,400	855
C65 NG Standard	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,520	625
C65 NG Low NO _x	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,570	625
C65 NG CARB	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,570	625
CR65 Landfill	Landfill Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,520	625
CR65 Digester	Digester Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,520	625
C200 NG	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,330	625
C200 NG CARB	Natural Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,330	625
CR200 Digester	Digester Gas ⁽¹⁾	1,330	625

Notes:

(1) Emissions due to combustion, assuming natural gas with CO₂ content of 117 lb/MMBTU (HHV)

(2) Emissions due to combustion, assuming diesel fuel with CO₂ content of 160 lb/MMBTU (HHV)

Storage Tanks

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Condensate Tank 1
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T01	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 23E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. <div style="text-align: right;">400 barrel</div>	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12</div>	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">20</div>
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">19</div>	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">1</div>	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. <div style="text-align: right;">380 barrel</div>	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) <div style="text-align: center;">1,533,000</div>	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) <div style="text-align: center;">4,200</div>
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) <div style="text-align: center;">96.05</div>	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof X vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof X dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	0.018	0.016	lb/hr	303	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled value					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Condensate Tank 2
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T02	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 24E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. <div style="text-align: right;">400 barrel</div>	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12</div>	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">20</div>
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">19</div>	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">1</div>	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. <div style="text-align: right;">380 barrel</div>	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) 1,533,000	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) 4,200
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) 96.05	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	0.018	0.016	lb/hr	303	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled value					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Condensate Tank 3
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T03	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 25E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. <div style="text-align: right;">400 barrel</div>	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12</div>	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">20</div>
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">19</div>	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">1</div>	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. <div style="text-align: right;">380 barrel</div>	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) <div style="text-align: center;">1,533,000</div>	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) <div style="text-align: center;">4,200</div>
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) <div style="text-align: center;">96.05</div>	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof X vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof X dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	0.018	0.016	lb/hr	303	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled value					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Settling Tank
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T04	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 26E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. <div style="text-align: right;">500 barrel</div>	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12</div>	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">25</div>
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">24</div>	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12.5</div>
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">1</div>	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12.5</div>
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. <div style="text-align: right;">475 barrel</div>	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) 5,978,700	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) 16,380
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) 299.7	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof X vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof X dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	0.018	0.036	lb/hr	55,521	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled values				*annual emissions include flashing	

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Produced Water Tank 1
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T05	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 27E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. <div style="text-align: right;">400 barrel</div>	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">12</div>	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">20</div>
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">19</div>	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">1</div>	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) <div style="text-align: center;">10</div>
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. <div style="text-align: right;">380 barrel</div>	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) 459,900	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) 1,260
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) 28.82	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof X vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof X dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	6.6E-7	8.9E-7	lb/hr	0.014	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled values					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Produced Water Tank 2
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T06	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 28E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. 400 barrel	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) 12	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) 20
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) 19	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) 10
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) 1	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) 10
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. 380 barrel	

I. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

Revision 03/2007

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	6.6E-7	8.9E-7	lb/hr	0.014	O - ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled values					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

1. Bulk Storage Area Name Production Storage Tanks	2. Tank Name Produced Water Tank 3
3. Tank Equipment Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) T07	4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) 29E
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks)	
6. Type of change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Construction <input type="checkbox"/> New Stored Material <input type="checkbox"/> Other Tank Modification	
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)	
7A. Does the tank have more than one mode of operation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (e.g. Is there more than one product stored in the tank?)	
7B. If YES, explain and identify which mode is covered by this application (Note: A separate form must be completed for each mode).	
7C. Provide any limitations on source operation affecting emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production variation, etc.): None	

II. TANK INFORMATION (required)

8. Design Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). Use the internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal height. 400 barrel	
9A. Tank Internal Diameter (ft) 12	9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft) 20
10A. Maximum Liquid Height (ft) 19	10B. Average Liquid Height (ft) 10
11A. Maximum Vapor Space Height (ft) 1	11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft) 10
12. Nominal Capacity (specify barrels or gallons). This is also known as "working volume" and considers design liquid levels and overflow valve heights. 380 barrel	

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr) <div style="text-align: center;">459,900</div>	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day) <div style="text-align: center;">1,260</div>
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume) <div style="text-align: center;">28.82</div>	
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min) TBD	
16. Tank fill method <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Splash <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom Loading	
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tank Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year
18. Type of tank (check all that apply): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed Roof X vertical ___ horizontal ___ flat roof ___ cone roof X dome roof ___ other (describe) <input type="checkbox"/> External Floating Roof ___ pontoon roof ___ double deck roof <input type="checkbox"/> Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof <input type="checkbox"/> Internal Floating Roof ___ vertical column support ___ self-supporting <input type="checkbox"/> Variable Vapor Space ___ lifter roof ___ diaphragm <input type="checkbox"/> Pressurized ___ spherical ___ cylindrical <input type="checkbox"/> Underground <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	

III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

19. Tank Shell Construction: <input type="checkbox"/> Riveted <input type="checkbox"/> Gunitite lined <input type="checkbox"/> Epoxy-coated rivets <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)		
20A. Shell Color	20B. Roof Color	20C. Year Last Painted
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined): <input type="checkbox"/> No Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Light Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Dense Rust <input type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
22A. Is the tank heated? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)		
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to tank.		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): to		
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)		
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)		
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply		
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:		
25B. Primary Seal Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Metallic (Mechanical) Shoe Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary Seal? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Shoe <input type="checkbox"/> Rim <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe):		
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shield? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

25F. Describe deck fittings; indicate the number of each type of fitting:		
ACCESS HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
AUTOMATIC GAUGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COVER, UNGASKETED:
COLUMN WELL		
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – FLEXIBLE FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:
LADDER WELL		
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	PIPE COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
GAUGE-HATCH/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:	SLIDING COVER, UNGASKETED:	
ROOF LEG OR HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FABRIC SEAL (10% OPEN AREA)
VACUUM BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
RIM VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION GASKETED:	WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, UNGASKETED:	
DECK DRAIN (3-INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	90% CLOSED:	
STUB DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:		
OTHER (DESCRIBE, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY)		

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks <input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Apply	
26A. Deck Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Bolted <input type="checkbox"/> Welded	
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:	
26C. Deck seam: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet wide <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Area of deck (ft ²)
For column supported tanks:	26G. Diameter of each column:
26F. Number of columns:	

IV. SITE INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

27. Provide the city and state on which the data in this section are based.
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F)
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F)
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr)
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/(ft ² ·day))
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia)

V. LIQUID INFORMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary Sheets)

34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid:			
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Maximum (°F)		
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:			
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Maximum (psig)		
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	38B. Corresponding Vapor Pressure (psia)		
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to be stored in tank. Add additional pages if necessary.			
39A. Material Name or Composition			
39B. CAS Number			
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)			
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)			

Maximum Vapor Pressure 39F. True (psia)			
39G. Reid (psia)			
Months Storage per Year 39H. From			
39I. To			

VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)

40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): ☐ Does Not Apply

☐ Carbon Adsorption¹

☐ Condenser¹

☐ Conservation Vent (psig)

Vacuum Setting

Pressure Setting

☐ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)

☐ Inert Gas Blanket of

☐ Insulation of Tank with

☐ Liquid Absorption (scrubber)¹

☐ Refrigeration of Tank

☐ Rupture Disc (psig)

☐ Vent to Incinerator¹

☒ Other¹ (describe): Vapor Recovery Unit and vapors recycled back into system

¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet.

41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).

Material Name & CAS No.	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss		Annual Loss (lb/yr)	Estimation Method ¹
		Amount	Units		
VOC	6.6E-7	8.9E-7	lb/hr	0.014	O – ProMax 4.0
Emissions are controlled values					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

☒ Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Fuel Conditioning Heater

Attachment L
EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET
GENERAL

To be used for affected sources other than asphalt plants, foundries, incinerators, indirect heat exchangers, and quarries.

Identification Number (as assigned on *Equipment List Form*): 30E

<p>1. Name or type and model of proposed affected source:</p> <p>Fuel Conditioning Heater - 500,000 Btu/hr</p>
<p>2. On a separate sheet(s), furnish a sketch(es) of this affected source. If a modification is to be made to this source, clearly indicated the change(s). Provide a narrative description of all features of the affected source which may affect the production of air pollutants.</p>
<p>3. Name(s) and maximum amount of proposed process material(s) charged per hour:</p> <p>Natural Gas as fuel - 490 scf/hr</p>
<p>4. Name(s) and maximum amount of proposed material(s) produced per hour:</p> <p>Heater is used to increase temperature of fuel before use by the compressor engines to allow more complete combustion.</p>
<p>5. Give chemical reactions, if applicable, that will be involved in the generation of air pollutants:</p> <p>Combustion process</p>

* The identification number which appears here must correspond to the air pollution control device identification number appearing on the *List Form*.

6. Combustion Data (if applicable): (a) Type and amount in appropriate units of fuel(s) to be burned: Natural gas as fuel - 490 scf/hr			
(b) Chemical analysis of proposed fuel(s), excluding coal, including maximum percent sulfur and ash: Same as onsite gas analysis - see Attachment N			
(c) Theoretical combustion air requirement (ACF/unit of fuel): <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> @ °F and psia. </div>			
(d) Percent excess air:			
(e) Type and BTU/hr of burners and all other firing equipment planned to be used: 500,000 Btu/hr. Natural gas.			
(f) If coal is proposed as a source of fuel, identify supplier and seams and give sizing of the coal as it will be fired: 			
(g) Proposed maximum design heat input: × 10⁶ BTU/hr.			
7. Projected operating schedule:			
Hours/Day	24	Days/Week	7
		Weeks/Year	52

8. Projected amount of pollutants that would be emitted from this affected source if no control devices were used:

@	°F and	psia
a. NO _x	0.049 lb/hr	grains/ACF
b. SO ₂	0.00029 lb/hr	grains/ACF
c. CO	0.041 lb/hr	grains/ACF
d. PM ₁₀	0.0037 lb/hr	grains/ACF
e. Hydrocarbons	lb/hr	grains/ACF
f. VOCs	0.0027 lb/hr	grains/ACF
g. Pb	lb/hr	grains/ACF
h. Specify other(s)		
Total HAP (including HCHO)	0.00092 lb/hr	grains/ACF
CO ₂ e	58.7 lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF

NOTE: (1) An Air Pollution Control Device Sheet must be completed for any air pollution device(s) used to control emissions from this affected source.

(2) Complete the Emission Points Data Sheet.

9. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing
Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING
see Attachment O

RECORDKEEPING
see Attachment O

REPORTING
see Attachment O

TESTING
see Attachment O

MONITORING. PLEASE LIST AND DESCRIBE THE PROCESS PARAMETERS AND RANGES THAT ARE PROPOSED TO BE MONITORED IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE COMPLIANCE WITH THE OPERATION OF THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT OPERATION/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

RECORDKEEPING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED RECORDKEEPING THAT WILL ACCOMPANY THE MONITORING.

REPORTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED FREQUENCY OF REPORTING OF THE RECORDKEEPING.

TESTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE ANY PROPOSED EMISSIONS TESTING FOR THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

10. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty

Bulk Loading and Fugitives

Attachment L
EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET
BULK LIQUID TRANSFER OPERATIONS

Furnish the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid transfer area or loading rack, as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. This form is to be used for bulk liquid transfer operations such as to and from drums, marine vessels, rail tank cars, and tank trucks.

Identification Number (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>): 32E (LDOUT1)	
1. Loading Area Name: Produced Fluids Loadout	
2. Type of cargo vessels accommodated at this rack or transfer point (check as many as apply): <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 5px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Drums <input type="checkbox"/> Marine Vessels <input type="checkbox"/> Rail Tank Cars <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tank Trucks </div>	
3. Loading Rack or Transfer Point Data:	
Number of pumps	None – use truck pumps
Number of liquids loaded	Two – Condensate, Produced Water
Maximum number of marine vessels, tank trucks, tank cars, and/or drums loading at one time	Six as each tank has a connection, but not likely that there will be six at one time. T04 does not have a loading connection.
4. Does ballasting of marine vessels occur at this loading area? <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 5px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does not apply </div>	
5. Describe cleaning location, compounds and procedure for cargo vessels using this transfer point: N/A	
6. Are cargo vessels pressure tested for leaks at this or any other location? <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 5px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No </div> If YES, describe:	

7. Projected Maximum Operating Schedule (for rack or transfer point as a whole):				
Maximum	Jan. - Mar.	Apr. - June	July - Sept.	Oct. - Dec.
hours/day	10	10	10	10
days/week	5	5	5	5
weeks/quarter	all	all	all	all

8. Bulk Liquid Data <i>(add pages as necessary):</i>						
Pump ID No.		N/A	N/A			
Liquid Name		Condensate	Produced Water			
Max. daily throughput (1000 gal/day)		12.6	3.78			
Max. annual throughput (1000 gal/yr)		4,599	1,379.7			
Loading Method ¹		SUB	SUB			
Max. Fill Rate (gal/min)		240	240			
Average Fill Time (min/loading)		45	45			
Max. Bulk Liquid Temperature (°F)		52	52			
True Vapor Pressure ²		11.9	0.28			
Cargo Vessel Condition ³		U	U			
Control Equipment or Method ⁴		None	None			
Minimum control efficiency (%)		NA	NA			
Maximum Emission Rate	Loading (lb/hr)	72.14	0.80			
	Annual (lb/yr)	30,381.5	100.9			
Estimation Method ⁵		EPA	EPA			
¹ BF = Bottom Fill SP = Splash Fill SUB = Submerged Fill						
² At maximum bulk liquid temperature						

³ B = Ballasted Vessel, C = Cleaned, U = Uncleaned (dedicated service), O = other (describe)

⁴ List as many as apply (complete and submit appropriate *Air Pollution Control Device Sheets*): CA = Carbon Adsorption LOA = Lean Oil Adsorption CO = Condensation SC = Scrubber (Absorption) CRA = Compressor-Refrigeration-Absorption TO = Thermal Oxidation or Incineration CRC = Compression-Refrigeration-Condensation VB = Dedicated Vapor Balance (closed system) O = other (describe)

⁵ EPA = EPA Emission Factor as stated in AP-42
MB = Material Balance
TM = Test Measurement based upon test data submittal
O = other (describe)

9. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING
See Attachment O

RECORDKEEPING
See Attachment O

REPORTING
See Attachment O

TESTING
See Attachment O

MONITORING. PLEASE LIST AND DESCRIBE THE PROCESS PARAMETERS AND RANGES THAT ARE PROPOSED TO BE MONITORED IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE COMPLIANCE WITH THE OPERATION OF THIS

RECORDKEEPING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED RECORDKEEPING THAT WILL ACCOMPANY THE MONITORING.

REPORTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED FREQUENCY OF REPORTING OF THE RECORDKEEPING.

TESTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE ANY PROPOSED EMISSIONS TESTING FOR THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

10. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty
NA

Attachment L

EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET

CHEMICAL PROCESS

For chemical processes please fill out this sheet and all supplementary forms (see below) that apply. Please check all supplementary forms that have been completed.

- ☐ *Emergency Vent Summary Sheet*
☒ *Leak Sources Data Sheet*
☐ *Toxicology Data Sheet*
☐ *Reactor Data Sheet*
☐ *Distillation Column Data Sheet*

1. Chemical process area name and equipment ID number (as shown in *Equipment List Form*)
Piping for Entire Facility. Piping not contained in equipment form.

2. Standard Industrial Classification Codes (SICs) for process(es)
4923

3. List raw materials and ☒ attach MSDSs
Wet Natural Gas

4. List Products and Maximum Production and ☐ attach MSDSs

Description and CAS Number	Maximum Hourly (lb/hr)	Maximum Annual (ton/year)
Dry Natural Gas	18.75 MMscf/hour	164,250 MMscf/year
Condensate	12.5 barrels/hour	109,500 barrels/year
Produced Water	3.75 barrels/hour	32,850 barrels/year

5. Complete the *Emergency Vent Summary Sheet* for all emergency relief devices.

6. Complete the *Leak Source Data Sheet* and describe below or attach to application the leak detection or maintenance program to minimize fugitive emissions. Include detection instruments, calibration gases or methods, planned inspection frequency, and record-keeping, and similar pertinent information. If subject to a rule requirement (e.g. 40CFR60, Subpart VV), please list those here.

Will reference developed and implemented Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) plan per 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart OOOOa.

7. Clearly describe below or attach to application Accident Procedures to be followed in the event of an accidental spill or release.

Will reference developed and approved Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plan.

8A. Complete the *Toxicology Data Sheet* or attach to application a toxicology report (an up-to-date material safety data sheets (MSDS) may be used) outlining the currently known acute and chronic health effects of each compound or chemical entity emitted to the air. If these compounds have already been listed in Item 3, then a duplicate MSDS sheet is not required. Include data such as the OSHA time weighted average (TWA) or mutagenicity, teratogenicity, irritation, and other known or suspected effects should be addressed. Indicate where these are unknown, and provide references.

8B. Describe any health effects testing or epidemiological studies on these compounds that are being or may be conducted by the company or required under TSCA, RCRA or other federal regulations. Discuss the persistence in the environment of any emission (e.g. pesticides, etc.).

9. **Waste Products** - Waste products status: (If source is subject to RCRA or 45CSR25, please contact the Hazardous Waste Section of WVDEP, OAQ at (304) 926-3647.)

9A. Types and amounts of wastes to be disposed:

9B. Method of disposal and location of waste disposal facilities:
Carrier: _____ Phone: _____

9C. Check here if approved USEPA/State Hazardous Waste Landfill will be used ☐

10. Maximum and Projected Typical Operating Schedule for process or project as a whole (circle appropriate units).
circle units: (hrs/day) (hr/batch) (days), (batches/day), (batches/week) (days/yr), (weeks/year)

10A. Maximum	24	7	52
10B. Typical	24	7	52

11. Complete a *Reactor Data Sheet* for each reactor in this chemical process.

12. Complete a *Distillation Column Data Sheet* for each distillation column in this chemical process.

13. **Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing**
Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING See Attachment O	RECORDKEEPING See Attachment O
REPORTING See Attachment O	TESTING See Attachment O

MONITORING. Please list and describe the process parameters and ranges that are proposed to be monitored in order to demonstrate compliance with the operation of this process equipment operation or air pollution control device.

RECORDKEEPING. Please describe the proposed recordkeeping that will accompany the monitoring.

REPORTING. Please describe the proposed frequency of reporting of the recordkeeping.

TESTING. Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment or air pollution control device.

14. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty

LEAK SOURCE DATA SHEET

Source Category	Pollutant	Number of Source Components ¹	Number of Components Monitored by Frequency ²	Average Time to Repair (days) ³	Estimated Annual Emission Rate (lb/yr) ⁴
Pumps ⁵	light liquid VOC ^{6,7}				
	heavy liquid VOC ⁸				
	Non-VOC ⁹				
Valves ¹⁰	Gas VOC	750	NA	1 st attempt – 5 days	12,380 – EE
	Light Liquid VOC	160	NA	1 st attempt – 5 days	5,285 – EE
	Heavy Liquid VOC				
	Non-VOC				
Safety Relief Valves ¹¹	Gas VOC				
	Non VOC				
Open-ended Lines ¹²	VOC				
	Non-VOC				
Sampling Connections ¹³	VOC				
	Non-VOC				
Compressors	VOC	36	NA	1 st attempt – 5 days	1,162 – EE
	Non-VOC				
Flanges	Gas VOC	850	NA	1 st attempt – 5 days	1,216 – EE
	Light Liquid VOC	400	NA	1 st attempt – 5 days	581 – EE
Other	VOC				
	Non-VOC				

^{1 - 13} See notes on the following page.

Attachment L
EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET
GENERAL

To be used for affected sources other than asphalt plants, foundries, incinerators, indirect heat exchangers, and quarries.

Identification Number (as assigned on *Equipment List Form*): Fugitive so no number assigned

1. Name or type and model of proposed affected source:

Fugitive emissions from venting episodes such as plant shutdowns, compressor start/shut downs, and pigging.

2. On a separate sheet(s), furnish a sketch(es) of this affected source. If a modification is to be made to this source, clearly indicated the change(s). Provide a narrative description of all features of the affected source which may affect the production of air pollutants.

3. Name(s) and maximum amount of proposed process material(s) charged per hour:

4. Name(s) and maximum amount of proposed material(s) produced per hour:

- compressor blowdown - 0.011 tons VOC per event, 0.89 tons CO₂e per event
- compressor startup - 0.0054 tons VOC per event, 0.43 tons CO₂e per event
- plant shutdown - 0.52 tons VOC per event, 40.78 tons CO₂e per event
- low pressure pigging venting - 0.0027 tons VOC per event, 0.21 tons CO₂e per event
- high pressure pigging venting - 0.015 tons VOC per event, 1.14 tons CO₂e per event

5. Give chemical reactions, if applicable, that will be involved in the generation of air pollutants:

none

* The identification number which appears here must correspond to the air pollution control device identification number appearing on the *List Form*.

6. Combustion Data (if applicable): (a) Type and amount in appropriate units of fuel(s) to be burned:					
(b) Chemical analysis of proposed fuel(s), excluding coal, including maximum percent sulfur and ash:					
(c) Theoretical combustion air requirement (ACF/unit of fuel):					
@		°F and		psia.	
(d) Percent excess air:					
(e) Type and BTU/hr of burners and all other firing equipment planned to be used:					
(f) If coal is proposed as a source of fuel, identify supplier and seams and give sizing of the coal as it will be fired:					
(g) Proposed maximum design heat input: × 10⁶ BTU/hr.					
7. Projected operating schedule:					
Hours/Day	not a regular schedule	Days/Week	not a regular schedule	Weeks/Year	not a regular schedule

8. Projected amount of pollutants that would be emitted from this affected source if no control devices were used:		
@	venting events are uncontrolled	°F and psia
a. NO _x	lb/hr	grains/ACF
b. SO ₂	lb/hr	grains/ACF
c. CO	lb/hr	grains/ACF
d. PM ₁₀	lb/hr	grains/ACF
e. Hydrocarbons	lb/hr	grains/ACF
f. VOCs	lb/hr	grains/ACF
g. Pb	lb/hr	grains/ACF
h. Specify other(s)	lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF
	lb/hr	grains/ACF

NOTE: (1) An Air Pollution Control Device Sheet must be completed for any air pollution device(s) used to control emissions from this affected source.

(2) Complete the Emission Points Data Sheet.

9. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing
Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING

See Attachment O

RECORDKEEPING

See Attachment O

REPORTING

See Attachment O

TESTING

See Attachment O

MONITORING. PLEASE LIST AND DESCRIBE THE PROCESS PARAMETERS AND RANGES THAT ARE PROPOSED TO BE MONITORED IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE COMPLIANCE WITH THE OPERATION OF THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT OPERATION/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

RECORDKEEPING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED RECORDKEEPING THAT WILL ACCOMPANY THE MONITORING.

REPORTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED FREQUENCY OF REPORTING OF THE RECORDKEEPING.

TESTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE ANY PROPOSED EMISSIONS TESTING FOR THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

10. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty
N/A

Attachment L

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM UNPAVED HAULROADS

UNPAVED HAULROADS (including all equipment traffic involved in process, haul trucks, endloaders, etc.)

		PM	PM-10
k =	Particle size multiplier	0.80	0.36
s =	Silt content of road surface material (%)	4.8	4.8
p =	Number of days per year with precipitation >0.01 in.	160	160

Item Number	Description	Number of Wheels	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Mean Vehicle Speed (mph)	Miles per Trip	Maximum Trips per Hour	Maximum Trips per Year	Control Device ID Number	Control Efficiency (%)
1	Condensate Tank Truck	4	40	--	0.57	1	730	NA	NA
2	Produced Water Tank Truck	4	40	--	0.57	1	365	NA	NA
3	Passenger Vehicles	4	3	--	0.57	1	1,460	NA	NA
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									

Source: AP-42 Fifth Edition – 13.2.2 Unpaved Roads

$$E = k \times 5.9 \times (s \div 12) \times (S \div 30) \times (W \div 3)^{0.7} \times (w \div 4)^{0.5} \times ((365 - p) \div 365) = \text{lb/Vehicle Mile Traveled (VMT)}$$

Where:

		PM	PM-10
k =	Particle size multiplier	0.80	0.36
s =	Silt content of road surface material (%)	4.8	4.8
S =	Mean vehicle speed (mph)	---	---
W =	Mean vehicle weight (tons)	18.9	18.9
w =	Mean number of wheels per vehicle	4	4
p =	Number of days per year with precipitation >0.01 in.	160	160

For lb/hr: $[\text{lb} \div \text{VMT}] \times [\text{VMT} \div \text{trip}] \times [\text{Trips} \div \text{Hour}] = \text{lb/hr}$

For TPY: $[\text{lb} \div \text{VMT}] \times [\text{VMT} \div \text{trip}] \times [\text{Trips} \div \text{Hour}] \times [\text{Ton} \div 2000 \text{ lb}] = \text{Tons/year}$

SUMMARY OF UNPAVED HAULROAD EMISSIONS

Item No.	PM				PM-10			
	Uncontrolled		Controlled		Uncontrolled		Controlled	
	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY
1	0.16	0.69	0.16	0.69	0.040	0.18	0.040	0.18
2	0.079	0.34	0.079	0.34	0.020	0.088	0.020	0.088
3	0.31	1.37	0.31	1.37	0.080	0.35	0.080	0.35
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
TOTALS	0.55	2.41	0.55	2.41	0.14	0.61	0.14	0.61

Attachment M.
Air Pollution Control Device Sheets

Oxidation Catalysts

Attachment M
Air Pollution Control Device Sheet
(OTHER COLLECTORS)

Control Device ID No. (must match Emission Units Table): 1C through 12C

Equipment Information

1. Manufacturer: TBD – efficiencies per attached specification sheet Model No.	2. Control Device Name: 1C through 12C – Catalyst for C-100 through C-1200 Type: Oxidation Catalyst
3. Provide diagram(s) of unit describing capture system with duct arrangement and size of duct, air volume, capacity, horsepower of movers. If applicable, state hood face velocity and hood collection efficiency.	
4. On a separate sheet(s) supply all data and calculations used in selecting or designing this collection device.	
5. Provide a scale diagram of the control device showing internal construction.	
6. Submit a schematic and diagram with dimensions and flow rates.	
7. Guaranteed minimum collection efficiency for each pollutant collected: N/A – no capture of pollutants	
8. Attached efficiency curve and/or other efficiency information.	
9. Design inlet volume: 16,086 ACFM	10. Capacity:
11. Indicate the liquid flow rate and describe equipment provided to measure pressure drop and flow rate, if any. N/A	
12. Attach any additional data including auxiliary equipment and operation details to thoroughly evaluate the control equipment.	
13. Description of method of handling the collected material(s) for reuse or disposal. Replace Catalyst elements when necessary	

Gas Stream Characteristics

14. Are halogenated organics present? Are particulates present? Are metals present?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
15. Inlet Emission stream parameters:	Maximum	Typical
Pressure (mmHg):	Not specified	
Heat Content (BTU/scf):	1,400	1,242
Oxygen Content (%):	Not specified	
Moisture Content (%):	Not specified	
Relative Humidity (%):	Not specified	

16. Type of pollutant(s) controlled: <input type="checkbox"/> SO _x <input type="checkbox"/> Odor <input type="checkbox"/> Particulate (type): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other CO, VOC, HCHO	
17. Inlet gas velocity: 282 ft/sec	18. Pollutant specific gravity:
19. Gas flow into the collector: 16,086 ACF @ 818°F and PSIA	20. Gas stream temperature: Inlet: 818 °F Outlet: 818 °F
21. Gas flow rate: Design Maximum: 16,086 ACFM Average Expected: 16,086 ACFM	22. Particulate Grain Loading in grains/scf: N/A Inlet: Outlet:
23. Emission rate of each pollutant (specify) into and out of collector:	
Pollutant	IN Pollutant lb/hr grains/acf
Emission Capture Efficiency %	OUT Pollutant lb/hr grains/acf
Control Efficiency %	
A CO	14.44
B VOC	2.26
C HCHO	0.88
D	
E	
24. Dimensions of stack: Height 25 ft. Diameter 1.1 ft.	
25. Supply a curve showing proposed collection efficiency versus gas volume from 25 to 130 percent of design rating of collector.	

Particulate Distribution

26. Complete the table:	Particle Size Distribution at Inlet to Collector	Fraction Efficiency of Collector
Particulate Size Range (microns)	Weight % for Size Range	Weight % for Size Range
0 – 2		
2 – 4		
4 – 6		
6 – 8		
8 – 10		
10 – 12		
12 – 16		
16 – 20		
20 – 30		
30 – 40		
40 – 50		
50 – 60		
60 – 70		
70 – 80		
80 – 90		
90 – 100		
>100		

27. Describe any air pollution control device inlet and outlet gas conditioning processes (e.g., gas cooling, gas reheating, gas humidification): **None**

28. Describe the collection material disposal system: Catalyst elements can be cleaned and/or replaced; materials are not disposed on site.

29. Have you included **Other Collectores Control Device** in the Emissions Points Data Summary Sheet? yes

30. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING:

See Attachment O

RECORDKEEPING:

See Attachment O

REPORTING:

See Attachment O

TESTING:

See Attachment O

MONITORING: Please list and describe the process parameters and ranges that are proposed to be monitored in order to demonstrate compliance with the operation of this process equipment or air control device.

RECORDKEEPING: Please describe the proposed recordkeeping that will accompany the monitoring.

REPORTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

TESTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

31. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.

CO: 94%, VOC: 34%, HCHO: 88%

32. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.

CO: 94%, VOC: 34%, HCHO: 88%

33. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty. Inlet temperature range is 750 F – 1250 F. Engine must be operated between 50 – 100 % load. A/F ratio controller must be set properly with fuel heating value of around 1400 Btu/scf. Engine lube oil shall contain less than 0.5 wt% sulfated ash. Catalyst must not be exposed to the following: antimony, arsenic, chromium, copper, iron, lead, lithium, magnesium, mercury, nickel, phosphorous, potassium, silicon, sodium, sulfur, tin, zinc.



Prepared For:

Clayton Brown

ANTERO

Date:June 9, 2016

APPLICATION INFORMATION**DRIVER**

Make:	CATERPILLAR
Model:	G3608A4
Horsepower:	2500
RPM:	1000
Compression Ratio:	7.6
Exhaust Flow Rate:	16086 CFM
Exhaust Temperature:	818 °F
Reference:	EM0655-05-001
Fuel:	Natural Gas
Annual Operating Hours:	8760

UNCONTROLLED EMISSIONS DATA

	<u>g/bhp-hr</u>
NO _x :	0.30
CO:	3.01
THC:	4.35
NMHC:	1.62
NMNEHC:	0.62
HCHO:	0.16
Oxygen:	11.70%

POST CATALYST EMISSIONS DATA

	<u>g/bhp-hr</u>
NO _x :	Unaffected by Oxidation Catalyst
CO:	<0.10
NMNEHC:	<0.27
HCHO:	<0.01

CATALYST ELEMENT

Model:	RT-3615-H
Catalyst Type:	Oxidation, Premium Grade Element
Substrate Type:	BRAZED
Element Size:	Rectangle, 36" x 15" x 3.5"
Element Quantity:	6

Flare

Attachment M
Air Pollution Control Device Sheet
(FLARE SYSTEM)

Control Device ID No. (must match Emission Units Table): 13C/31E

Equipment Information

1. Manufacturer: TBD Model No. TBD 4.8 MMBtu/hr	2. Method: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Elevated flare <input type="checkbox"/> Ground flare <input type="checkbox"/> Other Describe
3. Provide diagram(s) of unit describing capture system with duct arrangement and size of duct, air volume, capacity, horsepower of movers. If applicable, state hood face velocity and hood collection efficiency.	
4. Method of system used: <input type="checkbox"/> Steam-assisted <input type="checkbox"/> Air-assisted <input type="checkbox"/> Pressure-assisted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non-assisted	
5. Maximum capacity of flare: 4.8 MMBtu/hr	6. Dimensions of stack: Diameter TBD ft. Height TBD ft.
7. Estimated combustion efficiency: (Waste gas destruction efficiency) Estimated: 98 % Minimum guaranteed: 98 %	8. Fuel used in burners: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Natural Gas <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel Oil, Number <input type="checkbox"/> Other, Specify:
9. Number of burners: Rating: 4,800,000 BTU/hr	11. Describe method of controlling flame: Enclosed flare
10. Will preheat be used? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
12. Flare height: TBD ft	14. Natural gas flow rate to flare pilot flame per pilot light: 0.27 scf/min 16.4 scf/hr
13. Flare tip inside diameter: TBD ft	
15. Number of pilot lights: 1 Total 20,364 BTU/hr	16. Will automatic re-ignition be used? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
17. If automatic re-ignition will be used, describe the method:	
18. Is pilot flame equipped with a monitor? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, what type? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thermocouple <input type="checkbox"/> Infra-Red <input type="checkbox"/> Ultra Violet <input type="checkbox"/> Camera with monitoring control room <input type="checkbox"/> Other, Describe:	
19. Hours of unit operation per year: 8,760	

Steam Injection

20. Will steam injection be used? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	21. Steam pressure PSIG Minimum Expected: Design Maximum:
22. Total Steam flow rate: LB/hr	23. Temperature: °F
24. Velocity ft/sec	25. Number of jet streams
26. Diameter of steam jets: in	27. Design basis for steam injected: <div style="text-align: right;">LB steam/LB hydrocarbon</div>
28. How will steam flow be controlled if steam injection is used?	

Characteristics of the Waste Gas Stream to be Burned

29. Name	Quantity Grains of H ₂ S/100 ft ³	Quantity (LB/hr, ft ³ /hr, etc)	Source of Material
DEHY1	0	2,840 scfh	Dehy Still Vent
DEHY2	0	2,840 scfh	Dehy Still Vent
DEHY3	0	2,840 scfh	Dehy Still Vent

30. Estimate total combustible to flare: (Maximum mass flow rate of waste gas)	8,520 LB/hr or <u>ACF/hr</u> 142 scfm
31. Estimated total flow rate to flare including materials to be burned, carrier gases, auxiliary fuel, etc.: LB/hr or ACF/hr	
32. Give composition of carrier gases:	
33. Temperature of emission stream: <div style="text-align: right;">°F</div> Heating value of emission stream: <div style="text-align: right;">~1,242 BTU/ft³</div> Mean molecular weight of emission stream: MW =	34. Identify and describe all auxiliary fuels to be burned. <div style="text-align: right;">BTU/scf</div> <div style="text-align: right;">BTU/scf</div> <div style="text-align: right;">BTU/scf</div>
35. Temperature of flare gas: > 1030 °F	36. Flare gas flow rate: scf/min
37. Flare gas heat content: BTU/ft ³	38. Flare gas exit velocity: scf/min
39. Maximum rate during emergency for one major piece of equipment or process unit: N/A scf/min	
40. Maximum rate during emergency for one major piece of equipment or process unit: N/A BTU/min	
41. Describe any air pollution control device inlet and outlet gas conditioning processes (e.g., gas cooling, gas reheating, gas humidification):	
42. Describe the collection material disposal system:	
43. Have you included Flare Control Device in the Emissions Points Data Summary Sheet? Yes	

44. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING:
see Attachment O

RECORDKEEPING:
see Attachment O

REPORTING:
see Attachment O

TESTING:
see Attachment O

MONITORING: Please list and describe the process parameters and ranges that are proposed to be monitored in order to demonstrate compliance with the operation of this process equipment or air control device.

RECORDKEEPING: Please describe the proposed recordkeeping that will accompany the monitoring.

REPORTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

TESTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

45. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Capture Efficiency for each air pollutant.
N/A – no capture efficiency

46. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.
98% control efficiency for VOCs, HAPs, C1, C2

47. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty.
Inlet Pressure must range between 2 oz/in² and 120 psig

Vapor Recovery Units

Attachment M
Air Pollution Control Device Sheet
(OTHER COLLECTORS)

Control Device ID No. (must match Emission Units Table): 14C (VRU-100)

Equipment Information

1. Manufacturer: TBD	2. Control Device Name: 14C (VRU-100) Type: Vapor Recovery Unit for Storage Tanks
3. Provide diagram(s) of unit describing capture system with duct arrangement and size of duct, air volume, capacity, horsepower of movers. If applicable, state hood face velocity and hood collection efficiency.	
4. On a separate sheet(s) supply all data and calculations used in selecting or designing this collection device.	
5. Provide a scale diagram of the control device showing internal construction.	
6. Submit a schematic and diagram with dimensions and flow rates.	
7. Guaranteed minimum collection efficiency for each pollutant collected: closed loop system, however claiming 98% efficiency. VRU-100 is the primary VRU to collect storage tank vapors and VRU-200 is the backup VRU. In the unlikely event that both VRU-100 and VRU-200 are under maintenance or are shutdown, a bypass system is in place to route tank vapors to the facility inlet.	
8. Attached efficiency curve and/or other efficiency information.	
9. Design inlet volume: TBD	10. Capacity: TBD
11. Indicate the liquid flow rate and describe equipment provided to measure pressure drop and flow rate, if any. N/A	
12. Attach any additional data including auxiliary equipment and operation details to thoroughly evaluate the control equipment.	
13. Description of method of handling the collected material(s) for reuse or disposal. Collected materials get recycled back into gas system – closed loop	

Gas Stream Characteristics

14. Are halogenated organics present? Are particulates present? Are metals present?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
15. Inlet Emission stream parameters:	Maximum	Typical	
Pressure (mmHg):	0.01 psig		
Heat Content (BTU/scf):	Not specified		
Oxygen Content (%):	Not specified		
Moisture Content (%):	Not specified		
Relative Humidity (%):	Not specified		

16. Type of pollutant(s) controlled:		<input type="checkbox"/> SO _x	<input type="checkbox"/> Odor			
<input type="checkbox"/> Particulate (type):		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other VOC, HAPs, C1, C2				
17. Inlet gas velocity:		N/A	ft/sec			
19. Gas flow into the collector: 53.8 ACFM @ ambient and ambient PSIA		20. Gas stream temperature: Inlet: ambient °F Outlet: ambient °F				
21. Gas flow rate: Design Maximum: ACFM Average Expected: ACFM		22. Particulate Grain Loading in grains/scf: N/A Inlet: Outlet:				
23. Emission rate of each pollutant (specify) into and out of collector:						
Pollutant	IN Pollutant		Emission Capture Efficiency %	OUT Pollutant		Control Efficiency %
	lb/hr	grains/acf		lb/hr	grains/acf	
A VOC	322.1		98	6.44		N/A
B HAPs	8.96		98	0.18		N/A
C CO ₂ e	1,275		98	26.1		N/A
D						
E						
24. Dimensions of stack:		Height NA	ft.	Diameter NA	ft.	
25. Supply a curve showing proposed collection efficiency versus gas volume from 25 to 130 percent of design rating of collector.						

Particulate Distribution

26. Complete the table:	Particle Size Distribution at Inlet to Collector	Fraction Efficiency of Collector
Particulate Size Range (microns)	Weight % for Size Range	Weight % for Size Range
0 – 2		
2 – 4		
4 – 6		
6 – 8		
8 – 10		
10 – 12		
12 – 16		
16 – 20		
20 – 30		
30 – 40		
40 – 50		
50 – 60		
60 – 70		
70 – 80		
80 – 90		
90 – 100		
>100		

27. Describe any air pollution control device inlet and outlet gas conditioning processes (e.g., gas cooling, gas reheating, gas humidification): **None**

28. Describe the collection material disposal system: **Closed loop system – vapors get recycled back into system**

29. Have you included **Other Collectores Control Device** in the Emissions Points Data Summary Sheet? **Yes**

30. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING: **see Attachment O**

RECORDKEEPING: **see Attachment O**

REPORTING: **see Attachment O**

TESTING: **see Attachment O**

MONITORING: Please list and describe the process parameters and ranges that are proposed to be monitored in order to demonstrate compliance with the operation of this process equipment or air control device.

RECORDKEEPING: Please describe the proposed recordkeeping that will accompany the monitoring.

REPORTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

TESTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

31. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.
100% - Closed loop system. However, claiming 98% to account for down time with a back up VRU.

32. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.
100% - Closed loop system. However, claiming 98% to account for down time with a back up VRU.

33. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty.
None – system has automatic monitoring, shutdown and alerts systems for malfunctions.

Attachment M
Air Pollution Control Device Sheet
 (OTHER COLLECTORS)

Control Device ID No. (must match Emission Units Table): 15C (VRU-200)

Equipment Information

1. Manufacturer: TBD	2. Control Device Name: 15C (VRU-200) Type: Vapor Recovery Unit for Storage Tanks
3. Provide diagram(s) of unit describing capture system with duct arrangement and size of duct, air volume, capacity, horsepower of movers. If applicable, state hood face velocity and hood collection efficiency.	
4. On a separate sheet(s) supply all data and calculations used in selecting or designing this collection device.	
5. Provide a scale diagram of the control device showing internal construction.	
6. Submit a schematic and diagram with dimensions and flow rates.	
7. Guaranteed minimum collection efficiency for each pollutant collected: closed loop system, however claiming 98% efficiency. VRU-100 is the primary VRU to collect storage tank vapors and VRU-200 is the backup VRU in times when the primary VRU is undergoing maintenance or shutdown. In the unlikely event that both VRU-100 and VRU-200 are under maintenance or are shutdown, a bypass system is in place to route tank vapors to the facility inlet.	
8. Attached efficiency curve and/or other efficiency information.	
9. Design inlet volume: TBD Mscfd	10. Capacity: TBD Mscfd
11. Indicate the liquid flow rate and describe equipment provided to measure pressure drop and flow rate, if any. N/A	
12. Attach any additional data including auxiliary equipment and operation details to thoroughly evaluate the control equipment.	
13. Description of method of handling the collected material(s) for reuse or disposal. Collected materials get recycled back into gas system – closed loop	

Gas Stream Characteristics

14. Are halogenated organics present? Are particulates present? Are metals present?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
15. Inlet Emission stream parameters:	Maximum	Typical	
Pressure (mmHg):	0.01 psig		
Heat Content (BTU/scf):	Not specified		
Oxygen Content (%):	Not specified		
Moisture Content (%):	Not specified		
Relative Humidity (%):	Not specified		

16. Type of pollutant(s) controlled:		<input type="checkbox"/> SO _x	<input type="checkbox"/> Odor			
<input type="checkbox"/> Particulate (type):		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other VOC, HAPs, C1, C2				
17. Inlet gas velocity:		N/A	ft/sec			
19. Gas flow into the collector: 53.8 ACFM @ ambient and ambient PSIA		20. Gas stream temperature: Inlet: ambient °F Outlet: ambient °F				
21. Gas flow rate: Design Maximum: ACFM Average Expected: ACFM		22. Particulate Grain Loading in grains/scf: N/A Inlet: Outlet:				
23. Emission rate of each pollutant (specify) into and out of collector:						
Pollutant	IN Pollutant		Emission Capture Efficiency %	OUT Pollutant		Control Efficiency %
	lb/hr	grains/acf		lb/hr	grains/acf	
A VOC	322.1		98	6.44		N/A
B HAPs	8.96		98	0.18		N/A
C CO ₂ e	1,275		98	26.1		N/A
D						
E						
24. Dimensions of stack:		Height NA	ft.	Diameter NA	ft.	
25. Supply a curve showing proposed collection efficiency versus gas volume from 25 to 130 percent of design rating of collector.						

Particulate Distribution

26. Complete the table:	Particle Size Distribution at Inlet to Collector	Fraction Efficiency of Collector
Particulate Size Range (microns)	Weight % for Size Range	Weight % for Size Range
0 – 2		
2 – 4		
4 – 6		
6 – 8		
8 – 10		
10 – 12		
12 – 16		
16 – 20		
20 – 30		
30 – 40		
40 – 50		
50 – 60		
60 – 70		
70 – 80		
80 – 90		
90 – 100		
>100		

27. Describe any air pollution control device inlet and outlet gas conditioning processes (e.g., gas cooling, gas reheating, gas humidification): **None**

28. Describe the collection material disposal system: **Closed loop system – vapors get recycled back into system**

29. Have you included **Other Collectores Control Device** in the Emissions Points Data Summary Sheet? **Yes**

30. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING: **see Attachment O**

RECORDKEEPING: **see Attachment O**

REPORTING: **see Attachment O**

TESTING: **see Attachment O**

MONITORING: Please list and describe the process parameters and ranges that are proposed to be monitored in order to demonstrate compliance with the operation of this process equipment or air control device.

RECORDKEEPING: Please describe the proposed recordkeeping that will accompany the monitoring.

REPORTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

TESTING: Please describe any proposed emissions testing for this process equipment on air pollution control device.

31. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.
100% - Closed loop system. However, claiming 98% to account for down time with a back up VRU.

32. Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency for each air pollutant.
100% - Closed loop system. However, claiming 98% to account for down time with a back up VRU.

33. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty.
None – system has automatic monitoring, shutdown and alerts systems for malfunctions.

Attachment N.
Supporting Emissions Calculations

Emission Calculations

Emissions Summary Total

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia

UNCONTROLLED POTENTIAL EMISSION SUMMARY

Source	NOx		CO		VOC		SO ₂		PM-10		HAPs		Formaldehyde		CO ₂ e
	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	tpy
<u>Engines</u>															
Compressor Engine 1	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 2	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 3	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 4	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 5	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 6	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 7	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 8	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 9	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 10	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 11	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Compressor Engine 12	1.65	7.24	14.44	63.25	2.26	9.90	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	1.21	5.32	0.88	3.86	12,311
Fuel Conditioning Heater	0.049	0.21	0.041	0.18	0.0027	0.012	0.00029	0.0013	0.0037	0.016	0.00092	0.0040	0.000037	0.00016	257
<u>Turbines</u>															
Microturbine Generator	0.32	1.40	0.88	3.85	0.080	0.35	0.028	0.12	0.054	0.24	0.0085	0.037	0.0059	0.026	4,665
<u>Dehydrator</u>															
TEG Dehydrator 1	---	---	---	---	73.15	320.40	---	---	---	---	5.87	25.71	---	---	14,518
TEG Dehydrator 2	---	---	---	---	73.15	320.40	---	---	---	---	5.87	25.71	---	---	14,518
TEG Dehydrator 3	---	---	---	---	73.15	320.40	---	---	---	---	5.87	25.71	---	---	14,518
Reboiler 1	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
Reboiler 2	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
Reboiler 3	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
<u>Combustors</u>															
Flare and Pilot	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Hydrocarbon Loading</u>															
Truck Loadout	---	---	---	---	72.94	15.24	---	---	---	---	2.02	0.42	---	---	62
<u>Fugitive Emissions</u>															
Component Leak Emissions	---	---	---	---	2.35	10.31	---	---	---	---	0.052	0.23	---	---	177
Venting Emissions	---	---	---	---	---	25.80	---	---	---	---	---	0.52	---	---	2,035
Haul Road Dust Emissions	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.14	0.61	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Storage Tanks</u>															
Produced Water Tanks	---	---	---	---	0.00023	0.0010	---	---	---	---	7.53E-07	3.30E-06	---	---	0.04
Settler Tank	---	---	---	---	316.90	1,388.0	---	---	---	---	8.80	38.55	---	---	5,579
Condensate Tanks	---	---	---	---	5.19	22.74	---	---	---	---	0.16	0.68	---	---	7
Total Facility PTE =	20.65	90.45	174.57	764.63	644.06	2,542.56	0.15	0.66	2.28	10.00	43.23	181.41	10.59	46.38	206,376

Emissions Summary Total

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia

CONTROLLED POTENTIAL EMISSION SUMMARY

Source	NOx		CO		VOC		SO ₂		PM-10		HAPs		Formaldehyde		CO ₂ e
	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	tpy
<u>Engines</u>															
Compressor Engine 1	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 2	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 3	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 4	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 5	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 6	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 7	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 8	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 9	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 10	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 11	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Compressor Engine 12	1.65	7.24	0.88	3.86	1.49	6.52	0.010	0.044	0.17	0.75	0.33	1.45	0.11	0.48	12,311
Fuel Conditioning Heater	0.049	0.21	0.041	0.18	0.0027	0.012	0.00029	0.0013	0.0037	0.016	0.00092	0.0040	0.000037	0.00016	257
<u>Turbines</u>															
Microturbine Generator	0.32	1.40	0.88	3.85	0.080	0.35	0.028	0.12	0.054	0.24	0.0085	0.037	0.0059	0.026	4,665
<u>Dehydrator</u>															
TEG Dehydrator 1	---	---	---	---	1.46	6.41	---	---	---	---	0.12	0.51	---	---	300
TEG Dehydrator 2	---	---	---	---	1.46	6.41	---	---	---	---	0.12	0.51	---	---	300
TEG Dehydrator 3	---	---	---	---	1.46	6.41	---	---	---	---	0.12	0.51	---	---	300
Reboiler 1	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
Reboiler 2	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
Reboiler 3	0.15	0.64	0.12	0.54	0.0081	0.035	0.00088	0.0039	0.011	0.049	0.0028	0.012	0.00011	0.00048	771
<u>Combustors</u>															
Flare and Pilot	0.33	1.44	1.78	7.79	0.00011	0.00048	0.000012	0.000052	0.00015	0.00066	0.000038	0.00016	---	---	2,478
<u>Hydrocarbon Loading</u>															
Truck Loadout	---	---	---	---	72.94	15.24	---	---	---	---	2.02	0.42	---	---	62
<u>Fugitive Emissions</u>															
Component Leak Emissions	---	---	---	---	2.35	10.31	---	---	---	---	0.052	0.23	---	---	177
Venting Emissions	---	---	---	---	---	25.80	---	---	---	---	---	0.52	---	---	2,035
Haul Road Dust Emissions	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.14	0.61	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Storage Tanks</u>															
Produced Water Tanks	---	---	---	---	4.65E-06	2.03E-05	---	---	---	---	1.51E-08	6.60E-08	---	---	0.0009
Settler Tank	---	---	---	---	6.34	27.76	---	---	---	---	0.18	0.77	---	---	114
Condensate Tanks	---	---	---	---	0.10	0.45	---	---	---	---	0.0031	0.014	---	---	1
Total Facility PTE =	20.98	91.89	13.65	59.79	104.09	177.47	0.15	0.66	2.28	10.00	6.60	20.97	1.33	5.82	160,730

HAP Emissions Summary Total

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia

CONTROLLED POTENTIAL EMISSION SUMMARY

Source	Benzene		Toluene		Ethylbenzene		Xylenes		n-Hexane		Acetaldehyde		Acrolein		Methanol	
	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
<u>Engines</u>																
Compressor Engine 1	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 2	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 3	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 4	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 5	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 6	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 7	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 8	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 9	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 10	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 11	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Compressor Engine 12	0.0050	0.022	0.0046	0.020	0.00045	0.0020	0.0021	0.0091	0.013	0.055	0.094	0.41	0.058	0.25	0.028	0.12
Fuel Conditioning Heater	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Turbines</u>																
Microturbine Generator	0.000099	0.00043	0.0011	0.0047	0.00026	0.0012	0.00053	0.0023	---	---	0.00033	0.0014	0.000053	0.00023	---	---
<u>Dehydrator</u>																
TEG Dehydrator 1	0.017	0.074	0.051	0.22	0.0032	0.014	0.013	0.058	0.033	0.15	---	---	---	---	---	---
TEG Dehydrator 2	0.017	0.074	0.051	0.22	0.0032	0.014	0.013	0.058	0.033	0.15	---	---	---	---	---	---
TEG Dehydrator 3	0.017	0.074	0.051	0.22	0.0032	0.014	0.013	0.058	0.033	0.15	---	---	---	---	---	---
Reboiler 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Reboiler 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Reboiler 3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Combustors</u>																
Flare and Pilot	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Hydrocarbon Loading</u>																
Truck Loadout	0.031	0.0064	0.062	0.0129	0.018	0.0037	0.040	0.0084	1.87	0.39	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Fugitive Emissions</u>																
Component Leak Emissions	0.00092	0.0040	0.0021	0.0094	0.00026	0.0011	0.00064	0.0028	0.048	0.21	---	---	---	---	---	---
Venting Emissions	---	0.0098	---	0.024	---	0.0014	---	0.0042	---	0.48	---	---	---	---	---	---
Haul Road Dust Emissions	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<u>Storage Tanks</u>																
Produced Water Tanks	9.51E-09	4.16E-08	4.00E-09	1.75E-08	3.78E-10	1.66E-09	8.15E-10	3.57E-09	3.60E-10	1.58E-09	---	---	---	---	---	---
Settler Tank	2.67E-03	1.17E-02	5.34E-03	2.34E-02	1.55E-03	6.81E-03	3.50E-03	1.53E-02	1.63E-01	7.14E-01	---	---	---	---	---	---
Condensate Tanks	3.08E-05	1.35E-04	6.78E-05	2.97E-04	2.21E-05	9.68E-05	4.15E-05	1.82E-04	2.95E-03	1.29E-02	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total Facility PTE =	0.14	0.52	0.28	0.98	0.035	0.079	0.11	0.32	2.34	2.90	1.13	4.96	0.70	3.05	0.34	1.48

Compressor Engine Emission Calculations

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Compressor Engines
Emission Point IDs:	1E through 12E

Source Information-Per Engine

Emission Unit ID:	C-100 through C-1200
Engine Make/Model	Caterpillar G3608
Service	Compression
Controls - Y or N / Type	Y NSCR/AFRC
Site Horsepower Rating ¹	2,500 hp
Fuel Consumption (BSFC) ¹	6.850 Btu/(hp-hr)
Heat Rating ²	17.13 MMBtu/hr
Fuel Consumption ³	144.54 MMBtu/yr
Fuel Consumption ¹	16,500 scf/hr
Fuel Heating Value	1,242 Btu/scf
Operating Hours	8,760 hrs/yr

Notes:

1. Values from Caterpillar specification sheet
2. Calculated values
3. Annual fuel consumption is 100% of maximum fuel consumption at 100% load.

Potential Emissions per Engine

Pollutant	Uncontrolled					Controlled					Source of Emissions Factors
	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	(g/bhp-hr)	Estimated Emissions ² (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	(g/bhp-hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	
NOx ^{1,4}	---	0.30	1.65	---	7.24	---	0.30	1.65	---	7.24	Manufacturer's Specs - uncontrolled and controlled
CO ^{1,4}	---	2.62	14.44	---	63.25	---	0.16	0.88	---	3.86	Manufacturer's Specs - uncontrolled, see note 6 - controlled
VOC ^{1,4}	---	0.41	2.26	---	9.90	---	0.27	1.49	---	6.52	Manufacturer's Specs - uncontrolled, see note 6 - controlled
SO ₂	5.88E-04	---	0.010	---	0.044	5.88E-04	---	0.010	---	0.044	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
PM _{2.5} /PM ₁₀	9.99E-03	---	0.17	---	0.75	9.99E-03	---	0.17	---	0.75	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Total PM	9.98E-03	---	0.17	---	0.75	9.98E-03	---	0.17	---	0.75	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
1,3-Butadiene	2.67E-04	---	0.0046	40.05	0.020	1.76E-04	---	0.0030	26.38	0.013	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.32E-05	---	0.00057	4.98	0.0025	3.32E-05	---	0.00057	4.98	0.0025	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	2.50E-04	---	0.0043	37.50	0.019	1.65E-04	---	0.0028	24.70	0.012	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Acenaphthene	1.25E-06	---	0.000021	0.19	0.000094	1.25E-06	---	0.000021	0.19	0.000094	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Acenaphthylene	5.53E-06	---	0.000095	0.83	0.00041	5.53E-06	---	0.000095	0.83	0.00041	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Acetaldehyde	8.36E-03	---	0.14	1,254	0.63	5.51E-03	---	0.094	825.9	0.41	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Acrolein	5.14E-03	---	0.088	771.1	0.39	3.38E-03	---	0.058	507.8	0.25	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Benzene	4.40E-04	---	0.0075	66.01	0.033	2.90E-04	---	0.0050	43.47	0.022	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.66E-07	---	0.0000028	0.025	0.00012	1.66E-07	---	0.0000028	0.025	0.00012	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Benzo(e)pyrene	4.15E-07	---	0.0000071	0.062	0.000031	4.15E-07	---	0.0000071	0.062	0.000031	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.14E-07	---	0.0000071	0.062	0.000031	4.14E-07	---	0.0000071	0.062	0.000031	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Biphenyl	2.12E-04	---	0.0036	31.80	0.016	1.40E-04	---	0.0024	20.94	0.010	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Chrysene	6.93E-07	---	0.000012	0.10	0.000052	6.93E-07	---	0.000012	0.10	0.000052	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Ethylbenzene	3.97E-05	---	0.00068	5.96	0.0030	2.61E-05	---	0.00045	3.92	0.0020	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Fluoranthene	1.11E-06	---	0.000019	0.17	0.000083	1.11E-06	---	0.000019	0.17	0.000083	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Fluorene	5.67E-06	---	0.00010	0.85	0.00043	5.67E-06	---	0.00010	0.85	0.00043	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Formaldehyde ⁵	---	0.16	0.88	7,725	3.86	---	0.020	0.11	966	0.48	Manufacturer's Specs - uncontrolled, see note 6 - controlled
Methanol	2.50E-03	---	0.043	375.0	0.19	1.65E-03	---	0.028	247.0	0.12	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Methylene Chloride	2.00E-05	---	0.00034	3.00	0.0015	1.32E-05	---	0.00023	1.98	0.0010	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
n-Hexane	1.11E-03	---	0.019	166.5	0.083	7.31E-04	---	0.013	109.7	0.055	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Naphthalene	7.44E-05	---	0.0013	11.16	0.0056	4.90E-05	---	0.00084	7.35	0.0037	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
PAH	2.69E-05	---	0.00046	4.04	0.0020	2.69E-05	---	0.00046	4.04	0.0020	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Phenanthrene	1.04E-05	---	0.00018	1.56	0.00078	1.04E-05	---	0.00018	1.56	0.00078	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Phenol	2.40E-05	---	0.00041	3.60	0.0018	1.58E-05	---	0.00027	2.37	0.0012	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Pyrene	1.36E-06	---	0.000023	0.20	0.00010	1.36E-06	---	0.000023	0.20	0.00010	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Tetrachloroethane	2.48E-06	---	0.000042	0.37	0.00019	1.63E-06	---	0.000028	0.25	0.00012	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Toluene	4.08E-04	---	0.0070	61.21	0.031	2.69E-04	---	0.0046	40.31	0.020	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Vinyl Chloride	1.49E-05	---	0.00026	2.24	0.0011	9.81E-06	---	0.00017	1.47	0.00074	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Xylenes	1.84E-04	---	0.0032	27.60	0.014	1.21E-04	---	0.0021	18.18	0.0091	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2 - uncontrolled, see note 5 - controlled
Other HAPs ²	2.62E-04	---	0.0045	39.26	0.020	2.62E-04	---	0.0045	39.26	0.020	AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-2
Total HAPS			1.21	10,634	5.32			0.33	2,900	1.45	
Pollutant	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	(g/bhp-hr)	Estimated Emissions ² (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	(g/bhp-hr)	Estimated Emissions ² (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Source of Emissions Factors
CO ₂ ¹	---	429	2,364	---	10,356	---	429	2,364	---	10,356	Manufacturer's Specs
CH ₄ ^{1,4}	---	3.23	17.80	---	77.97	---	3.23	17.80	---	77.97	Manufacturer's Specs - uncontrolled; THC minus NMHC emission factor
N ₂ O	0.0001	---	0.0038	---	0.017	0.0001	---	0.0038	---	0.017	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
CO ₂ e ²	---	---	2,811	---	12,311	---	---	2,811	---	12,311	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1, effective January 2014

Notes:

4. Annual Emissions are based on engines operating with 100% fuel of total fuel usage
5. Those HAPs that are also VOCs are assumed to be controlled by the same efficiency by the oxidation catalyst.
6. Due to variable load conditions, the catalyst reduction efficiencies used are typical based on expected operating conditions.

Example Calculations

lb/hr = (g/bhp-hr) * (hp) * (1 lb/453.6 g) or (lb/MMBtu) * (MMBtu/hr)
tpy = (lb/hr) * (8,760 hrs/yr) / (2,000 lb/ton)

Natural Gas Fueled Fuel Conditioning Heater Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Fuel Conditioning Heater
Emission Point ID:	30E

Source Information

Emission Unit ID:	FUEL1	
Source Description:	Fuel Conditioning Heater	
Hours of Operation	8,760	hr/yr
Design Heat Rate	0.50	MMBtu/hr
Fuel Heat Value	1,020	Btu/scf
Fuel Use	4.29	MMscf/yr

Emission Calculations per Heater

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMscf)	Emissions (lb/hr)	Emissions (tpy)	Emission Factor Source
NO _x	100	0.049	0.21	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-1
CO	84	0.041	0.18	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-1
VOC	5.5	0.0027	0.012	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
PM ₁₀	7.6	0.0037	0.016	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
SO ₂	0.6	0.00029	0.0013	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
Formaldehyde	0.075	0.000037	0.00016	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-3
Total HAPs (including HCHO) ¹	1.9	0.00092	0.0040	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-3
Pollutant	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	Emissions (lb/hr)	Emissions (tpy)	Emission Factor Source
Carbon Dioxide	53.06	58.63	256.8	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-1
Methane	0.001	0.0011	0.0048	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
Nitrous Oxide	0.0001	0.00011	0.00048	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
CO ₂ e	----	58.69	257.1	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1

1. Only those HAP pollutants above detection thresholds were included.

Sample Calculations:

$$\text{Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr)} = \frac{\text{Heater Size (MMBtu/hr)} * \text{Hours of Operation (hrs/yr)}}{\text{Fuel Heat Value (Btu/scf)} * \text{Heater Efficiency}}$$

$$\text{Emissions (tons/yr)} = \frac{\text{Emission Factor (lbs/MMscf)} * \text{Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr)}}{2,000 \text{ (lbs/ton)}}$$

Microturbine Generator Emission Calculations

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Microturbine Generator
Emission Point ID:	13E

Source Information

Emission Unit ID:	GEN1	
Make/Model	Capstone C600 Standard	
Microturbine Rating	800	kWe
Number of Microturbines	1	unit
Net Heat Rate	10,300	Btu/kWhe
Heat Input ¹	8.24	MMBtu/hr
Operating Hours	8,760	hrs/yr

Notes:

1) Calculated

Potential Emissions per Generator

Pollutant	Uncontrolled					Controlled					Source of Emissions Factors
	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	(lb/MWhe)	Estimated Emissions ¹ (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	(lb/MWhe)	Estimated Emissions ¹ (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	
NOx	---	0.40	0.32	---	1.40	---	0.40	0.32	---	1.40	Manufacturer Specifications
CO	---	1.10	0.88	---	3.85	---	1.10	0.88	---	3.85	Manufacturer Specifications
VOC	---	0.10	0.080	---	0.35	---	0.10	0.080	---	0.35	Manufacturer Specifications
SO ₂	3.40E-03	---	0.028	---	0.12	3.40E-03	---	0.028	---	0.12	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-2a
PM _{2.5} /PM ₁₀	6.60E-03	---	0.054	---	0.24	6.60E-03	---	0.054	---	0.24	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-2a
1,3-Butadiene	4.30E-07	---	3.54E-06	0.031	1.55E-05	4.30E-07	---	3.54E-06	0.031	1.55E-05	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Acetaldehyde	4.00E-05	---	3.30E-04	2.89	1.44E-03	4.00E-05	---	3.30E-04	2.89	1.44E-03	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Acrolein	6.40E-06	---	5.27E-05	0.46	2.31E-04	6.40E-06	---	5.27E-05	0.46	2.31E-04	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Benzene	1.20E-05	---	9.89E-05	0.87	4.33E-04	1.20E-05	---	9.89E-05	0.87	4.33E-04	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Ethylbenzene	3.20E-05	---	2.64E-04	2.31	1.15E-03	3.20E-05	---	2.64E-04	2.31	1.15E-03	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Formaldehyde	7.10E-04	---	5.85E-03	51.25	2.56E-02	7.10E-04	---	5.85E-03	51.25	2.56E-02	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Naphthalene	1.30E-06	---	1.07E-05	0.094	4.69E-05	1.30E-06	---	1.07E-05	0.094	4.69E-05	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
PAH	2.20E-06	---	1.81E-05	0.16	7.94E-05	2.20E-06	---	1.81E-05	0.16	7.94E-05	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Propylene Oxide	2.90E-05	---	2.39E-04	2.09	1.05E-03	2.90E-05	---	2.39E-04	2.09	1.05E-03	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Toluene	1.30E-04	---	1.07E-03	9.38	4.69E-03	1.30E-04	---	1.07E-03	9.38	4.69E-03	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Xylenes	6.40E-05	---	5.27E-04	4.62	2.31E-03	6.40E-05	---	5.27E-04	4.62	2.31E-03	AP-42, Chapter 3.1, Table 3.1-3
Total HAPS			0.0085	74.16	0.037			0.0085	74.16	0.037	

Pollutant	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	(lb/MWhe)	Estimated Emissions ¹ (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	(lb/MWhe)	Estimated Emissions ¹ (lb/hr)	(lb/yr)	(tpy)	Source of Emissions Factors
CO ₂	---	1,330	1,064	---	4,660	---	1,330	1,064	---	4,660	Manufacturer Specifications
CH ₄	0.001	---	0.018	---	0.080	0.001	---	0.018	---	0.080	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
N ₂ O	0.0001	---	0.0018	---	0.0080	0.0001	---	0.0018	---	0.0080	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
CO ₂ e	---	---	1,065	---	4,665	---	---	1,065	---	4,665	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1, effective January 2014

Example Calculations

lb/hr = (lb/MWhe) * kWhe * (1 MWhe/1000 kWhe) or (lb/MMBtu) * (MMBtu/hr) or (kg/MMBtu) * (MMBtu/hr) * (2.21 lb/kg)

tpy = (lb/hr) * (hr/yr) * (ton/2000 lb)

Dehydrator Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Dehydrator Units
Emission Point IDs:	14E and 15E, 17E and 18E, 20E and 21E

Potential Emissions per Dehydrator

Pollutant	Emission Unit ID: DEHY1 - DEHY3		Emission Unit ID: DFLSH1-DFLSH3	
	Dehydrator Still Vent (lb/hr)	(tpy)	Flash Tank Gas (lb/hr)	(tpy)
Uncontrolled Emissions ¹				
VOC	16.84	73.78	56.31	246.6
Total HAPs	4.46	19.55	1.41	6.16
Benzene	0.78	3.42	0.067	0.29
Toluene	2.41	10.56	0.12	0.52
Ethylbenzene	0.15	0.68	0.0039	0.017
Xylenes	0.66	2.87	0.011	0.046
n-Hexane	0.46	2.02	1.21	5.29
Methane	18.02	78.93	114.5	501.4
Carbon Dioxide	0.23	1.02	2.02	8.85
CO ₂ e	450.8	1,974	2,864	12,543
Controlled Emissions ^{2,3}				
VOC	0.34	1.48	1.13	4.93
Total HAPs	0.089	0.39	0.028	0.12
Benzene	0.016	0.068	0.0013	0.0058
Toluene	0.048	0.21	0.0024	0.010
Ethylbenzene	0.0031	0.014	0.00010	0.00030
Xylenes	0.013	0.057	0.00020	0.00090
n-Hexane	0.0092	0.040	0.024	0.11
Methane	0.36	1.58	2.29	10.03
Carbon Dioxide	0.23	1.02	2.02	8.85
CO ₂ e	9.24	40.48	59.26	259.5

Pollutant	Dehydrator Emission Totals	
	(lb/hr)	(tpy)
Uncontrolled Emissions ¹		
VOC	73.15	320.4
Total HAPs	5.87	25.71
Benzene	0.85	3.71
Toluene	2.53	11.08
Ethylbenzene	0.16	0.69
Xylenes	0.67	2.92
n-Hexane	1.67	7.31
Methane	132.5	580.3
Carbon Dioxide	2.25	9.86
CO ₂ e	3,315	14,518
Controlled Emissions ^{2,3}		
VOC	1.46	6.41
Total HAPs	0.12	0.51
Benzene	0.017	0.074
Toluene	0.051	0.22
Ethylbenzene	0.0032	0.014
Xylenes	0.013	0.058
n-Hexane	0.033	0.15
Methane	2.65	11.61
Carbon Dioxide	2.25	9.86
CO ₂ e	68.50	300.0

¹Output from GRI-GLYCalc 4.0 for both the still vent and flash tank gas emissions.

²Controlled emissions assume that the glycol still vent is equipped with a condenser and is controlled by a combustor with 98% control efficiency.

³Flash tank gas is used in the reboiler as the primary fuel source. However, in the case that gas cannot be used in the reboiler, the gas is sent to the primary/backup VRU system via the storage tanks for 98% control.

Natural Gas Fueled Dehydrator Reboiler Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Dehydrator Reboilers
Emission Point IDs:	16E, 19E, 22E

Source Information

Emission Unit ID:	DREB1 through DREB3	
Source Description:	Dehydrator Reboiler	
Hours of Operation	8,760	hr/yr
Design Heat Rate	1.5	MMBtu/hr
Fuel Heat Value	1,020	Btu/scf
Fuel Use	12.9	MMscf/yr

Emission Calculations per Reboiler

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMscf)	Emissions (lb/hr)	Emissions (tpy)	Emission Factor Source
NO _x	100	0.15	0.64	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-1
CO	84	0.12	0.54	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-1
VOC	5.5	0.0081	0.035	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
PM ₁₀	7.6	0.011	0.049	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
SO ₂	0.6	0.00088	0.0039	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-2
Formaldehyde	0.075	0.00011	0.00048	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-3
Total HAPs (including HCHO)	1.9	0.0028	0.012	AP-42 Ch. 1.4 Table 1.4-3
Pollutant	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	Emissions (lb/hr)	Emissions (tpy)	Emission Factor Source
Carbon Dioxide	53.06	175.9	770.4	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-1
Methane	0.001	0.0033	0.015	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
Nitrous Oxide	0.0001	0.00033	0.0015	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
CO ₂ e	----	176.1	771.2	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1

Sample Calculations:

$$\text{Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr)} = \frac{\text{Heater Size (MMBtu/hr)} * \text{Hours of Operation (hrs/yr)}}{\text{Fuel Heat Value (Btu/scf)} * \text{Heater Efficiency}}$$

$$\text{Emissions (tons/yr)} = \frac{\text{Emission Factor (lbs/MMscf)} * \text{Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr)}}{2,000 \text{ (lbs/ton)}}$$

Flare Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Flare for Dehydrator Still Vent Gas
Emission Unit ID:	FLARE1
Emission Point ID:	31E

Combusted Gas Emissions

Flare Heat Input :	4.80	MMBtu/hr
Gas Heating Value:	1,242	Btu/scf
Hours of Operation:	8,760	hr/yr

Pollutant	Emission Factor ¹ (lb/MMBtu)	Emissions (lbs/hr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5})	N/A - Smokeless Design		
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	0.068	0.33	1.43
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	0.37	1.78	7.78

¹ Emission Factors from Table 13.5-1 of AP-42 Section 13.5 (Sept 1991)

Pilot Emissions

Pilot Heating Value:	1,242	Btu/scf
Hours of Operation:	8,760	hr/yr
Total Pilot Natural Gas Usage:	1.64E-05	MMscf/hr

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMscf)	Emissions (lbs/hr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}) ²	7.6	1.52E-04	6.65E-04
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	100	2.00E-03	8.74E-03
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) ²	0.6	1.20E-05	5.25E-05
Carbon Monoxide (CO) ²	84	1.68E-03	7.35E-03
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) ²	5.5	1.10E-04	4.81E-04
Total HAPs ^{2,3}	1.88	3.75E-05	1.64E-04

² Emission Factors from AP-42 Tables 1.4-1, 1.4-2, 1.4-3, and 1.4-4 (7/98).

³ Sum of Emissions Factors published for pollutants classified as "HAPS" under AP-42 Table 1.4-3.

Total Flare Emissions

Pollutant	Total Potential Emission Rate (tons/year)
Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5})	6.65E-04
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	1.44
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	5.25E-05
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	7.79
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	4.81E-04
Total HAPs	1.64E-04

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Pollutant	Emission Factor (kg/MMBtu)	Emissions (lb/hr)	Emissions (tpy)	Emission Factor Source
Carbon Dioxide	53.06	565.2	2,476	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-1
Methane	0.001	0.011	0.047	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
Nitrogen Dioxide	0.0001	0.0011	0.0047	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Table C-2
CO ₂ e	----	565.8	2,478	40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1

Storage Tank Flashing Emissions Calculated by ProMax Simulation

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Settling Tank
Emission Unit ID:	T04
Emission Point ID:	26E

Settling Tank Flashing Emissions

Component	Uncontrolled Flashing Emissions ¹ (lb/hr)	Uncontrolled Flashing Emissions (tons/yr)	Controlled Flashing Emissions ^{2,3} (lb/hr)	Controlled Flashing Emissions ^{2,3} (tons/yr)
Methane	50.90	222.96	1.02	4.46
Ethane	95.30	417.43	1.91	8.35
Propane	122.09	534.74	2.44	10.69
i-Butane	30.39	133.13	0.61	2.66
n-Butane	76.04	333.07	1.52	6.66
i-Pentane	26.51	116.11	0.53	2.32
n-Pentane	30.36	133.00	0.61	2.66
Hexanes	11.51	50.39	0.23	1.01
Heptanes	6.16	26.98	0.12	0.54
Octanes	2.04	8.94	0.041	0.18
Nonanes	0.27	1.20	0.0055	0.024
Decanes+	0.067	0.29	0.0013	0.0059
Benzene	0.13	0.58	0.0026	0.012
Toluene	0.27	1.16	0.0053	0.023
Ethylbenzene	0.077	0.34	0.0015	0.0068
Xylenes	0.17	0.76	0.0035	0.015
n-Hexane	8.07	35.35	0.16	0.71
Water	2.90	12.71	2.90	12.71
Nitrogen	0.34	1.50	0.34	1.50
Carbon Dioxide	0.37	1.64	0.37	1.64
VOC Subtotal	314.16	1,376.0	6.28	27.52
HAP Subtotal	8.72	38.19	0.17	0.76
CO₂e Subtotal	1,273.0	5,575.6	25.83	113.11
Total	463.99	2,032.3	12.82	56.17

Notes:

1. Flashing emissions calculated by ProMax 4.0. Flash gas is "Uncontrolled Flash Gas" of the associated ProMax simulation. Flashing only occurs in the settling tank as all pressurized fluids flow into the settling tank and then separate out at atmospheric conditions to the condensate and produced water tanks.
2. Tanks are controlled by a VRU with assumed 98% capture efficiency; but will likely be higher as vapors are recycled back into the system.
3. VRU-100 is the primary VRU to collect storage tank vapors and VRU-200 is the backup VRU in times when the primary VRU is undergoing maintenance or shutdown.

Storage Tank Working and Breathing Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Condensate, Settling, and Produced Water Tanks
Emission Unit IDs:	T01 through T07
Emission Point IDs:	23E through 29E

TANK DESCRIPTION	Uncontrolled VOC Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled Benzene Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled Toluene Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled Ethylbenzene Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled Xylene Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled n-Hexane Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons/yr)	Uncontrolled CO ₂ e Emissions (tons/yr)
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T01)	7.58	0.0022	0.0050	0.0016	0.0030	0.22	0.090	2.26
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T02)	7.58	0.0022	0.0050	0.0016	0.0030	0.22	0.090	2.26
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T03)	7.58	0.0022	0.0050	0.0016	0.0030	0.22	0.090	2.26
500 bbl Settling Tank (T04)	11.98	0.0036	0.0078	0.0025	0.0048	0.34	0.14	3.57
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T05)	0.00034	6.94E-07	2.92E-07	2.76E-08	5.95E-08	2.63E-08	0.00057	0.014
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T06)	0.00034	6.94E-07	2.92E-07	2.76E-08	5.95E-08	2.63E-08	0.00057	0.014
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T07)	0.00034	6.94E-07	2.92E-07	2.76E-08	5.95E-08	2.63E-08	0.00057	0.014
TOTAL	34.72	0.010	0.023	0.0074	0.014	0.99	0.41	10.39

TANK DESCRIPTION	Controlled VOC Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled Benzene Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled Toluene Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled Ethylbenzene Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled Xylene Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled n-Hexane Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled CH ₄ Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)	Controlled CO ₂ e Emissions ^{1,2} (tons/yr)
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T01)	0.15	4.50E-05	9.90E-05	3.23E-05	6.05E-05	4.31E-03	0.0018	0.26
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T02)	0.15	4.50E-05	9.90E-05	3.23E-05	6.05E-05	4.31E-03	0.0018	0.26
400 bbl Hydrocarbon Storage Tank (T03)	0.15	4.50E-05	9.90E-05	3.23E-05	6.05E-05	4.31E-03	0.0018	0.26
500 bbl Settling Tank (T04)	0.24	7.10E-05	1.56E-04	5.10E-05	9.56E-05	6.82E-03	0.0029	0.41
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T05)	6.78E-06	1.39E-08	5.84E-09	5.52E-10	1.19E-09	5.26E-10	0.000011	0.00029
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T06)	6.78E-06	1.39E-08	5.84E-09	5.52E-10	1.19E-09	5.26E-10	0.000011	0.00029
400 bbl Produced Water Storage Tank (T07)	6.78E-06	1.39E-08	5.84E-09	5.52E-10	1.19E-09	5.26E-10	0.000011	0.00029
TOTAL	0.69	0.00021	0.00045	0.00015	0.00028	0.020	0.0083	1.20

Notes:

1. ProMax 4.0 used to calculate standing, working, and breathing (S,W,B) emissions
2. Tanks are controlled by a VRU with assumed 98% capture efficiency; but will likely be higher as vapors are recycled back into the system.
3. VRU-100 is the primary VRU to collect storage tank vapors and VRU-200 is the backup VRU in times when the primary VRU is undergoing maintenance or shutdown.

Truck Loading Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Production Liquids Truck Loadout
Emission Unit ID:	LDOUT1
Emission Point ID:	32E

AP - 42, Chapter 5.2 $L_L = 12.46 \times S \times P \times M / T$

L_L = Loading Loss Emission Factor (lbs VOC/1000 gal loaded)
 S = Saturation Factor
 P = True Vapor Pressure of the Loaded Liquid (psia)
 M = Vapor Molecular Weight of the Loaded Liquid (lbs/lbmol)
 T = Temperature of Loaded Liquid (°R)

$$\text{VOC Emissions (tpy)} = \frac{L_L (\text{lbs VOC}/1000 \text{ gal}) * 42 \text{ gal/bbl} * 365 \text{ days/year} * \text{production (bbl/day)}}{1000 \text{ gal} * 2000 \text{ lbs/ton}}$$

							Uncontrolled							
Source	S ¹	P (psia) ²	M ³	T (°F) ⁴	T (°R)	L _L (lb/1000 gal)	Production (bbl/day)	VOC (tpy)	Benzene (tpy)	Toluene (tpy)	E-Benzene (tpy)	Xylene (tpy)	n-Hexane (tpy)	CO ₂ e ⁵ (tpy)
Condensate	0.6	11.9	37.9	52	511.90	6.61	300	15.19	0.0064	0.013	0.0037	0.0084	0.39	61.53
Produced Water	0.6	0.28	18.0	52	511.90	0.073	90	0.050	2.13E-05	4.26E-05	1.24E-05	2.79E-05	1.30E-03	0.20

- Notes:
1. Saturation factor from AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (Submerged loading (bottom loading): dedicated normal service)
 2. True vapor pressure retrieved from tank-specific ProMax 4.0 simulation for both liquids.
 3. Molecular weight of the liquid vapor is retrieved from tank-specific ProMax simulation for both liquids.
 4. Temperature is the annual average temperature of Charleston, WV retrieved from ProMax working & breathing report.
 6. CO₂e emissions estimated assuming 11% of the vent gas by weight is methane and 68% by weight are VOCs (per ProMax simulation).
 7. HAP emissions estimated assuming 1.9% by weight of the vent gas are HAPs and 68% by weight are VOCs (per ProMax simulation).

Assume 1 truck loaded per hour, 260 bbl truck, for short term emissions

								Uncontrolled						
						L _L	Loading	VOC	Benzene	Toluene	E-Benzene	Xylene	n-Hexane	CO ₂ e ⁵
Source	S ¹	P (psia) ²	M ³	T (°F) ⁴	T (°R)	(lb/1000 gal)	(bbl/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Condensate	0.6	11.9	37.9	52	511.90	6.61	260	72.14	0.030	0.061	0.018	0.040	1.85	292.2
Produced Water	0.6	0.28	18.0	52	511.90	0.073	260	0.80	3.37E-04	6.75E-04	1.96E-04	4.42E-04	2.05E-02	3.23

Component Fugitive Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Fugitive Emissions - Component Leaks

VOC Fugitive Emissions						
Equipment Type and Service	Number of Units ¹	Hours of Operation (hours/yr)	THC Emission Factor ² (kg/hr-unit)	VOC Weight Fraction ³	THC Emissions (tpy)	VOC Emissions (tpy)
Flanges - Gas Service	850	8,760	3.90E-04	0.19	3.21	0.61
Valves - Gas Service	750	8,760	4.50E-03	0.19	32.67	6.19
Compressor Seals Gas Service	36	8,760	8.80E-03	0.19	3.07	0.58
Flanges - Liquid Service	400	8,760	1.10E-04	0.68	0.43	0.29
Valves - Liquid Service	160	8,760	2.50E-03	0.68	3.87	2.64
Total Emissions (tons/yr)					43.24	10.31

HAPs Fugitive Emissions										
Equipment Type and Service	Benzene Weight Fraction ³	Benzene Emissions (tpy)	Toluene Weight Fraction ²	Toluene Emissions (tpy)	Ethylbenzene Weight Fraction ²	Ethylbenzene Emissions (tpy)	Xylene Weight Fraction ²	Xylene Emissions (tpy)	n-Hexane Weight Fraction ²	n-Hexane Emissions (tpy)
Flanges - Gas Service	7.17E-05	0.00023	1.78E-04	0.00057	1.03E-05	0.000033	3.08E-05	0.00010	3.50E-03	0.011
Valves - Gas Service	7.17E-05	0.0023	1.78E-04	0.0058	1.03E-05	0.00033	3.08E-05	0.0010	3.50E-03	0.11
Compressor Seals Gas Service	7.17E-05	0.00022	1.78E-04	0.00055	1.03E-05	0.000031	3.08E-05	0.000094	3.50E-03	0.011
Flanges - Liquid Service	2.88E-04	0.00012	5.77E-04	0.00025	1.68E-04	0.000071	3.78E-04	0.00016	1.75E-02	0.0075
Valves - Liquid Service	2.88E-04	0.0011	5.77E-04	0.0022	1.68E-04	0.00065	3.78E-04	0.0015	1.75E-02	0.068
Total Emissions (tons/yr)		0.0040		0.0094		0.0011		0.0028		0.21

1) Component counts from engineering lists.

2) API average emission factors are for oil and gas production operations - Table 2.4, EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates - 1995. A LDAR program will be implemented per NSPS OOOOa, so it is likely emissions will be lower.

3) Gas weight fractions from a site-specific gas analysis and liquid weight fractions from a site-specific ProMax model run.

GHG Fugitive Emissions								
Equipment Type	Number of Units ¹	Hours of Operation (hours/yr)	Emission Factor ² (scf/hr-unit)	CH ₄ Concentration ³	CO ₂ Concentration ³	CH ₄ Emissions (tpy)	CO ₂ Emissions (tpy)	CO ₂ e Emissions (tpy)
Flanges	1,250	8,760	0.003	0.98	0.011	0.68	0.021	16.97
Valves	910	8,760	0.027	0.98	0.011	4.44	0.14	111.17
Compressor Seals	36	8,760	0.300	0.98	0.011	1.95	0.060	48.87
Total Emissions (tons/yr)						7.07	0.22	177.01

1) Component counts from engineering lists.

2) Emission factors from 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart W, Table W1-A.

3) CH₄ and CO₂ concentrations as defined in 40 CFR Part 98.233(r).

Fugitive Emissions From Venting Episodes

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Fugitive Emissions-Venting Episodes

VOC Venting Emissions						
Type of Event ¹	Number Of Events (event/yr)	Amount Vented per Event (scf/event)	Molecular Weight of Vented Gas (lb/lb-mol)	Total Emissions (ton/yr)	VOC Weight Fraction ⁴	VOC Emissions (ton/yr)
Compressor Blowdown ²	936	2,184	20.92	56.35	0.19	10.57
Compressor Startup	936	1,050	20.92	27.09	0.19	5.08
Plant Shutdown	2	100,000	20.92	5.51	0.19	1.03
Low Pressure Pig Venting ³	593	516	20.92	8.43	0.19	1.58
High Pressure Pig Venting ³	520	2,801	20.92	40.15	0.19	7.53
Total Emissions (tons/yr)						25.80

HAPs Venting Emissions										
Type of Event ¹	Benzene Weight Fraction ⁴	Benzene Emissions (tpy)	Toluene Weight Fraction ⁴	Toluene Emissions (tpy)	Ethylbenzene Weight Fraction ⁴	Ethylbenzene Emissions (tpy)	Xylene Weight Fraction ⁴	Xylene Emissions (tpy)	n-Hexane Weight Fraction ⁴	n-Hexane Emissions (tpy)
Compressor Blowdown ²	7.09E-05	0.0040	1.76E-04	0.0099	1.02E-05	0.00057	3.04E-05	0.0017	3.47E-03	0.20
Compressor Startup	7.09E-05	0.0019	1.76E-04	0.0048	1.02E-05	0.00027	3.04E-05	0.00082	3.47E-03	0.094
Plant Shutdown	7.09E-05	0.00039	1.76E-04	0.00097	1.02E-05	0.000056	3.04E-05	0.00017	3.47E-03	0.019
Low Pressure Pig Venting ³	7.09E-05	0.00060	1.76E-04	0.0015	1.02E-05	0.000086	3.04E-05	0.00026	3.47E-03	0.029
High Pressure Pig Venting ³	7.09E-05	0.0028	1.76E-04	0.0071	1.02E-05	0.00041	3.04E-05	0.0012	3.47E-03	0.14
Total Emissions (tons/yr)		0.0098		0.024		0.0014		0.0042		0.48

GHG Venting Emissions								
Type of Event ¹	Number Of Events (event/yr)	Amount Vented per Event (scf/event)	Molecular Weight of Vented Gas (lb/lb-mol)	CH ₄ Weight Fraction ⁴	CO ₂ Weight Fraction ⁴	CH ₄ Emissions (ton/yr)	CO ₂ Emissions (ton/yr)	CO ₂ e Emissions (tpy)
Compressor Blowdown ²	936	2,184	20.92	0.59	0.0035	33.34	0.19	833.6
Compressor Startup	936	1,050	20.92	0.59	0.0035	16.03	0.094	400.8
Plant Shutdown	2	100,000	20.92	0.59	0.0035	3.26	0.019	81.55
Low Pressure Pig Venting ³	593	516	20.92	0.59	0.0035	4.99	0.029	124.7
High Pressure Pig Venting ³	520	2,801	20.92	0.59	0.0035	23.75	0.14	593.9
Total Emissions (tons/yr)						81.36	0.47	2,034.6

1) Estimated number of events and venting per event from engineering. Compressor blowdowns are calculated to be 120.4 lb/event.

2) Total number of compressor blowdowns based on 18 blowdowns per week.

3) Total number of pigging events based on expected operations.

4) Weight fractions are from a site-specific gas analysis.

Fugitive Dust Emissions

Company:	Antero Midstream LLC
Facility Name:	Middlebourne III Compressor Station
Facility Location:	Tyler County, West Virginia
Source Description:	Fugitive Dust Emissions

Gravel Access Road	Loaded Truck Weight ¹	Trips per year ²	Trips per day ²	Distance per round trip (truck in and out) ³		VMT per year ⁴
	tons			feet	miles	
Condensate Tank Truck	40.00	730	2.0	3,000	0.57	415
Produced Water Tank Truck	40.00	365	1.0	3,000	0.57	207
Passenger Trucks	3.00	1,460	4.0	3,000	0.57	830

Equation Parameter	PM-10/PM2.5	PM-Total
E , annual size-specific emission factor for PM ₁₀ & PM _{2.5} (upaved industrial roads) extrapolated for natural mitigation ⁶	see table below	see table below
k , Particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM ₁₀), (lb/VMT) (Source: AP-42 Table 13.2.2-2)	1.5	4.9
k , Particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM _{2.5}), (lb/VMT) (Source: AP-42 Table 13.2.2-2)	0.15	
s , surface material silt content, (%) (Source: AP-42 Table 13.2.2-1)	4.8	4.8
W , mean weight (tons) of the vehicles traveling the road	18.9	18.9
a , constant for PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} on industrial roads (Source: AP-42 Table 13.2.2-2)	0.9	0.7
b , constant for PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} on industrial roads (Source: AP-42 Table 13.2.2-2)	0.45	0.45
P , number of "wet" days with at least 0.254 mm (0.01 in) of precipitation during the averaging period, based on AP-42 Figure 13.2.2-1.	160	160

$$E = \left[k \left(\frac{s}{12} \right)^a \times \left(\frac{W}{3} \right)^b \right] \times (365 - P/365)$$

Source of Equation: AP-42 Section 13.2.2

PM₁₀ Emissions

Emission Factor (lb/VMT)	Vehicle miles traveled (VMT/yr) ⁴	Annual Uncontrolled PM ₁₀ Emissions (tpy)
0.84	1,452	0.61

PM_{2.5} Emissions (tons/yr)

Emission Factor (lb/VMT)	Vehicle miles traveled (VMT/yr) ⁴	Annual Uncontrolled PM _{2.5} Emissions (tpy)
0.084	1,452	0.061

PM- Total Emissions (tons/yr)

Emission Factor (lb/VMT)	Vehicle miles traveled (VMT/yr) ⁴	Annual Uncontrolled PM-Total Emissions (tpy)
3.31	1,452	2.41

Table Notes:

1. Loaded truck weight is based on typical weight limit for highway vehicles.
2. Based on production, it's assumed a maximum of two condensate trucks (260 bbl truck), one produced water truck (260 bbl truck), and four passenger trucks will be onsite per day.
3. Distance per round trip is based on the site layout. The one way distance is measured as 1,500 feet for the gravel access road.
4. VMT/yr = Trips/yr x Roundtrip Distance
5. Hourly emissions determined from tons per year calculation using 2,000 lb/ton and 8,760 hours per year.

Facility Gas Analysis

	MOL %	MW	Component Weight lb/lb-mol	Wt. Fraction
Methane	77.16	16.04	12.38	0.59
Ethane	14.67	30.07	4.41	0.21
Propane	4.82	44.10	2.13	0.10
i-Butane	0.57	58.12	0.33	0.016
n-Butane	1.19	58.12	0.69	0.033
i-Pentane	0.29	72.15	0.21	0.010
n-Pentane	0.30	72.15	0.21	0.010
Hexanes	0.13	106.72	0.14	0.0067
Heptanes	0.093	100.20	0.093	0.0045
Octanes	0.024	114.23	0.027	0.0013
Nonanes	0.0054	128.26	0.0069	0.00033
Decanes	0.00040	142.29	0.00057	0.000027
n-Hexane	0.084	86.18	0.073	0.0035
Benzene	0.0019	78.11	0.0015	0.000071
Toluene	0.0040	92.14	0.0037	0.00018
Ethylbenzene	0.00020	106.17	0.00021	0.000010
Xylenes	0.00060	106.16	0.00064	0.000030
Nitrogen	0.47	28.01	0.13	0.0063
Carbon Dioxide	0.16	44.01	0.072	0.0035
Oxygen	0.011	32.01	0.0035	0.00017
Totals	100.0		20.92	1.00

Heating Value (Btu/scf) 1,241.7
Molecular weight 20.92

VOC weight fraction 0.19
Methane weight fraction 0.59
THC weight fraction 0.99
VOC of THC wt fraction 0.19
Methane of THC wt fraction 0.60
Benzene of THC wt fraction 0.000072
Toluene of THC wt fraction 0.00018
E-benzene of THC wt fraction 0.000010
Xylene of THC wt fraction 0.000031
n-Hexane of THC wt fraction 0.0035

1. Gas analysis is a representative sample from a nearby compressor station.

Facility Tank Vent Gas Analysis

	MOL %	MW	Component Weight lb/lb-mol	Wt. Fraction
Methane	25.95	16.04	4.16	0.11
Ethane	25.92	30.07	7.79	0.21
Propane	22.64	44.10	9.98	0.26
i-Butane	4.28	58.12	2.49	0.066
n-Butane	10.70	58.12	6.22	0.16
i-Pentane	3.00	72.15	2.17	0.057
n-Pentane	3.44	72.15	2.48	0.065
Hexanes	1.09	86.18	0.94	0.025
Heptanes	0.50	100.20	0.50	0.013
Octanes	0.15	114.23	0.17	0.0044
Nonanes	0.017	128.26	0.022	0.00059
Decanes+	0.0035	158.70	0.0055	0.00015
n-Hexane	0.77	86.18	0.66	0.017
Benzene	0.014	78.11	0.011	0.00029
Toluene	0.024	92.14	0.022	0.00057
Ethylbenzene	0.0059	106.17	0.0063	0.00017
Xylenes	0.013	106.17	0.014	0.00037
Nitrogen	0.10	28.01	0.028	0.00074
Carbon Dioxide	0.069	44.01	0.031	0.0008
Water	1.32	18.02	0.24	0.0063
Totals	100.00		37.94	1.00

Molecular weight 37.94

VOC weight fraction 0.68

Methane weight fraction 0.11

THC weight fraction 0.99

VOC of THC wt fraction 0.68

Methane of THC wt fraction 0.11

Benzene of THC wt fraction 0.00029

Toluene of THC wt fraction 0.00058

E-benzene of THC wt fraction 0.00017

Xylene of THC wt fraction 0.00038

n-Hexane of THC wt fraction 0.018

1. Tank vent gas analysis retrieved from "Uncontrolled Flash Gas" stream from ProMax 4.0 simulation.

ProMax 4.0



Bryan Research & Engineering, Inc.

ProMax[®] 4.0

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Simulation Report

Project: Middlebourne III CS.pmx

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Client Name: Antero Midstream LLC

Location: Tyler County, West Virginia

Job: Middlebourne III Compressor Station

ProMax Filename: C:\Users\KMESZAROS\Desktop\Middlebourne III CS.pmx

ProMax Version: 4.0.16071.0

Simulation Initiated: 9/30/2016 10:12:37 AM

Bryan Research & Engineering, Inc.

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<mailto:sales@bre.com>

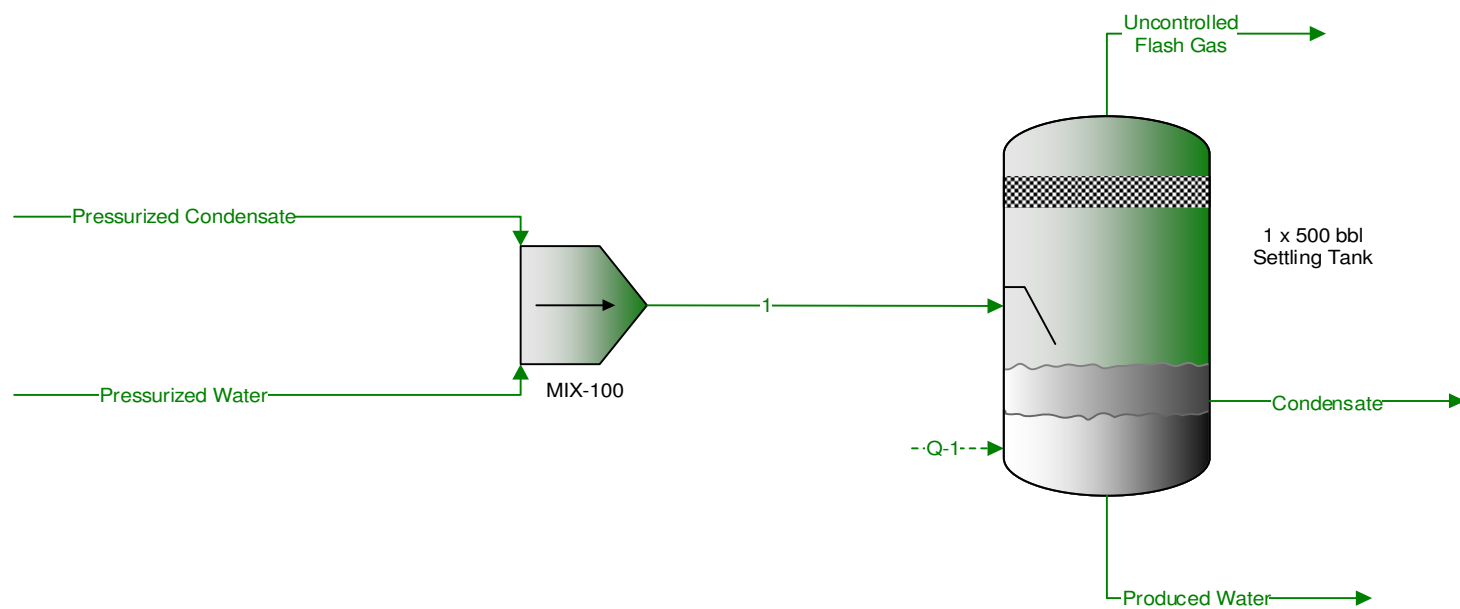
<http://www.bre.com/>

Report Navigator can be activated via the ProMax Navigator Toolbar.

An asterisk (*), throughout the report, denotes a user specified value.

A question mark (?) after a value, throughout the report, denotes an extrapolated or approximate value.

"Uncontrolled Flash Gas" C3+ Mass Flow = 1,376 ton/yr



Process Streams	Condensate	Pressurized Condensate	Pressurized Water	Produced Water	Uncontrolled Flash Gas	1
Composition	Status: Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved
Phase: Total	From Block: 1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	--	--	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	MIX-100
To Block:	--	MIX-100	MIX-100	--	--	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank
Mole Fraction	%	%	%	%	%	%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00117051	0.021*	0.0021*	4.51599E-05	0.0693629	0.00769288
Nitrogen	0.000153665	0.029*	0.0029*	1.39917E-06	0.0997591	0.0106235
Methane	0.141099	7.616*	0.7616*	0.000745006	25.9480	2.78995
Ethane	1.01259	8.231*	0.8231*	0.00124807	25.9187	3.01524
Propane	3.51802	9.071*	0.9071*	0.000785026	22.6410	3.32296
Isobutane	1.82726	2.544*	0.2544*	0.000121049	4.27640	0.931938
n-Butane	6.93171	8.051*	0.8051*	0.000336641	10.6991	2.94930
Isopentane	5.17733	4.569*	0.4569*	7.48947E-05	3.00453	1.67375
n-Pentane	8.22104	6.87*	0.687*	2.73360E-05	3.44160	2.51667
2-Methylpentane	6.77999	5.16*	0.516*	1.34262E-05	1.09181	1.89025
C7	16.4935	11.929*	1.1929*	2.37766E-06	0.502668	4.36992
C8	16.7892	12.037*	1.2037*	2.66351E-07	0.146083	4.40949
C9	7.22526	5.167*	0.5167*	4.64513E-08	0.0174948	1.89822
Benzene	0.132765	0.099*	0.0099*	7.74566E-05	0.0138669	0.0362664
Toluene	0.872039	0.63*	0.063*	9.73446E-05	0.0235608	0.230786
Ethylbenzene	0.746384	0.535*	0.0535*	2.42109E-05	0.00594095	0.195985
o-Xylene	2.13595	1.53*	0.153*	7.95251E-05	0.0133915	0.560481
n-Hexane	7.06330	5.268*	0.5268*	4.43979E-06	0.765837	1.92981
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0	0*	0*	0	0	0
Water	0.0353963	0*	90*	99.9963	1.31745	63.3672
Decanes+	14.8958	10.643*	1.0643*	5.41511E-07	0.00346996	3.89883
Mass Fraction	%	%	%	%	%	%
Carbon Dioxide	0.000509275	0.0111106*	0.00376733*	0.000110316	0.0804530	0.00808259
Nitrogen	4.25570E-05	0.00976642*	0.00331156*	2.17558E-06	0.0736524	0.00710474
Methane	0.0223762	1.46882*	0.498042*	0.000663392	10.9709	1.06852
Ethane	0.301012	2.97539*	1.00888*	0.00208304	20.5400	2.16449
Propane	1.53364	4.80864*	1.63049*	0.00192140	26.3123	3.49812
Isobutane	1.04996	1.77759*	0.602736*	0.000390518	6.55071	1.29313
n-Butane	3.98301	5.62553*	1.90748*	0.00108605	16.3893	4.09238
Isopentane	3.69287	3.96298*	1.34375*	0.000299930	5.71312	2.88293
n-Pentane	5.86389	5.95878*	2.02048*	0.000109472	6.54422	4.33481
2-Methylpentane	5.77619	5.34570*	1.81260*	6.42207E-05	2.47969	3.88881
C7	16.3388	14.3698*	4.87246*	1.32241E-05	1.32747	10.4536
C8	18.9598	16.5297*	5.60481*	1.68876E-06	0.439787	12.0248
C9	9.16132	7.96681*	2.70135*	3.30683E-07	0.0591360	5.79559
Benzene	0.102525	0.0929659*	0.0315225*	0.000335826	0.0285472	0.0676295
Toluene	0.794339	0.697835*	0.236619*	0.000497843	0.0572135	0.507651
Ethylbenzene	0.783381	0.682821*	0.231528*	0.000142670	0.0166229	0.496729
o-Xylene	2.24183	1.95274*	0.662127*	0.000468624	0.0374696	1.42055
n-Hexane	6.01756	5.45758*	1.85053*	2.12366E-05	1.73935	3.97021
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0	0*	0*	0	0	0
Water	0.00630417	0*	66.0924*	99.9918	0.625522	27.2534
Decanes+	23.3706	20.3054*	6.88508*	4.77006E-06	0.0145134	14.7715
Mass Flow	lb/h	lb/h	lb/h	lb/h	lb/h	lb/h
Carbon Dioxide	0.0155416	0.315270*	0.0750122*	0.00144844	0.373293	0.390283
Nitrogen	0.00129872	0.277129*	0.0659371*	2.85653E-05	0.341738	0.343066
Methane	0.682917	41.6788*	9.91662*	0.00871029	50.9038	51.5954
Ethane	9.18599	84.4286*	20.0881*	0.0273502	95.3033	104.517
Propane	46.8022	136.448*	32.4651*	0.0252279	122.086	168.913
Isobutane	32.0417	50.4402*	12.0012*	0.00512748	30.3945	62.4414
n-Butane	121.550	159.628*	37.9803*	0.0142597	76.0443	197.608
Isopentane	112.696	112.452*	26.7557*	0.00393806	26.5082	139.208
n-Pentane	178.949	169.084*	40.2302*	0.00143736	30.3644	209.314
2-Methylpentane	176.272	151.688*	36.0910*	0.000843213	11.5055	187.779
C7	498.611	407.754*	97.0166*	0.000173632	6.15933	504.770
C8	578.599	469.041*	111.599*	2.21733E-05	2.04056	580.639
C9	279.576	226.064*	53.7872*	4.34185E-06	0.274384	279.851
Benzene	3.12875	2.63797*	0.627651*	0.00440938	0.132456	3.26562
Toluene	24.2409	19.8015*	4.71137*	0.00653664	0.265464	24.5129
Ethylbenzene	23.9065	19.3755*	4.61000*	0.00187324	0.0771282	23.9855
o-Xylene	68.4140	55.4103*	13.1837*	0.00615301	0.173855	68.5940
n-Hexane	183.638	154.863*	36.8464*	0.000278835	8.07040	191.709
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0	0*	0*	0	0	0
Water	0.192385	0*	1315.98*	1312.89	2.90235	1315.98
Decanes+	713.203	576.180*	137.090*	6.26306E-05	0.0673406	713.271

Process Streams		Condensate	Pressurized Condensate	Pressurized Water	Produced Water	Uncontrolled Flash Gas	1
Properties		Status: Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved
Phase: Total	From Block:	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	--	--	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank	MIX-100
	To Block:	--	MIX-100	MIX-100	--	--	1 x 500 bbl Settling Tank
Property	Units						
Temperature	°F	52.23	120*	120*	52.23	52.23*	119.702
Pressure	psig	0	300*	300*	0	0*	300
Mole Fraction Vapor	%	0	2.32587	0.204782	0	100	0.848303
Mole Fraction Light Liquid	%	100	97.6741	9.77873	100	0	35.8262
Mole Fraction Heavy Liquid	%	0	0	90.0165	0	0	63.3255
Molecular Weight	lb/lbmol	101.151	83.1818	24.5319	18.0161	37.9430	41.8876
Mass Density	lb/ft³	44.1676	33.5707	48.5133	62.4277	0.102929	38.3761
Molar Flow	lbmol/h	30.1698	34.1128	81.1645	72.8789	12.2286	115.277
Mass Flow	lb/h	3051.71	2837.57	1991.12	1312.99	463.988	4828.69
Vapor Volumetric Flow	ft³/h	69.0937	84.5250	41.0428	21.0322	4507.84	125.825
Liquid Volumetric Flow	gpm	8.61428	10.5382	5.11703	2.62220	562.016	15.6873
Std Vapor Volumetric Flow	MMSCFD	0.274775	0.310686	0.739215	0.663753	0.111373	1.04990
Std Liquid Volumetric Flow	sgpm	8.75000	8.67709*	4.69528*	2.62500	1.99737	13.3724
Compressibility		0.00612654	0.125347	0.0255810	0.000772027	0.986148	0.0552452
Specific Gravity		0.708166			1.00094	1.31007	
API Gravity		69.3840			10.0039		
Enthalpy	Btu/h	-2.77188E+06	-2.61288E+06	-9.54156E+06	-8.98759E+06	-539554	-1.21544E+07
Mass Enthalpy	Btu/lb	-908.305	-920.816	-4792.05	-6845.11	-1162.86	-2517.13
Mass Cp	Btu/(lb*°F)	0.494154	0.553525	0.836245	0.983985	0.406702	0.669903
Ideal Gas CpCv Ratio		1.05602	1.06111	1.22632	1.32668	1.14895	1.12578
Net Ideal Gas Heating Value	Btu/ft³	5113.86	4229.46	422.946	0.0757623	1988.59	1549.37
Net Liquid Heating Value	Btu/lb	19027.1	19139.4	5789.28	-1058.09	19743.0	13634.4
Gross Ideal Gas Heating Value	Btu/ft³	5502.69	4558.59	501.138	50.3903	2166.51	1701.82
Gross Liquid Heating Value	Btu/lb	20485.9	20640.9	6998.82	1.71685	21522.4	15015.5

Settling Tank W&B Inputs

Process Stream	Condensate	
Tank Geometry	Vertical Cylinder	
Shell Length	25	ft
Shell Diameter	12	ft
Number of Storage Tanks Employed	1	
Location	Charleston, WV	
Time Frame	Year	
Net Throughput	390	bbl/day
Report Components	All	
Set Bulk Temperature to Stream Temperature?	TRUE	
Use AP42 Raoult's Vapor Pressure?	TRUE	
Maximum Fraction Fill of Tank	90	%
Average Fraction Fill of Tank	50	%
Material Category	Light Organics	
Tank Color	Dark Green	
Shell Paint Condition	Good	
Operating Pressure	0	psig
Breather Vent Pressure	0.03	psig
Breather Vacuum Pressure	-0.03	psig
Roof Type	Dome	
Radius of Domed Roof	6	ft
Roof Color	Dark Green	
Roof Paint Condition	Good	

Condensate Tank W&B Inputs

Process Stream	Condensate	
Tank Geometry	Vertical Cylinder	
Shell Length	20	ft
Shell Diameter	12	ft
Number of Storage Tanks Employed	1	
Location	Charleston, WV	
Time Frame	Year	
Net Throughput	100	bbl/day
Report Components	All	
Set Bulk Temperature to Stream Temperature?	TRUE	
Use AP42 Raoult's Vapor Pressure?	TRUE	
Maximum Fraction Fill of Tank	90	%
Average Fraction Fill of Tank	50	%
Material Category	Light Organics	
Tank Color	Dark Green	
Shell Paint Condition	Good	
Operating Pressure	0	psig
Breather Vent Pressure	0.03	psig
Breather Vacuum Pressure	-0.03	psig
Roof Type	Dome	
Radius of Domed Roof	6	ft
Roof Color	Dark Green	
Roof Paint Condition	Good	

Produced Water Tank W&B Inputs

Process Stream	Produced Water	
Tank Geometry	Vertical Cylinder	
Shell Length	20	ft
Shell Diameter	12	ft
Number of Storage Tanks Employed	1	
Location	Charleston, WV	
Time Frame	Year	
Net Throughput	30	bbl/day
Report Components	All	
Set Bulk Temperature to Stream Temperature?	TRUE	
Use AP42 Raoult's Vapor Pressure?	TRUE	
Maximum Fraction Fill of Tank	90	%
Average Fraction Fill of Tank	50	%
Material Category	Light Organics	
Tank Color	Dark Green	
Shell Paint Condition	Good	
Operating Pressure	0	psig
Breather Vent Pressure	0.03	psig
Breather Vacuum Pressure	-0.03	psig
Roof Type	Dome	
Radius of Domed Roof	6	ft
Roof Color	Dark Green	
Roof Paint Condition	Good	

GlyCalc 4.0

Dehy_Inputs

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - SUMMARY OF INPUT VALUES

Case Name: Middlebourne III Compressor Station

File Name:

Date: September 30, 2016

DESCRIPTION:

Description: One 150 MMSCFD TEG Dehydrator
Kimray 45015PV

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

WET GAS:

Temperature: 120.00 deg. F
Pressure: 1200.00 psig
Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Component	Conc. (vol %)
Carbon Dioxide	0.1641
Nitrogen	0.4829
Methane	77.1612
Ethane	14.6697
Propane	4.8230
Isobutane	0.5738
n-Butane	1.1913
Isopentane	0.2947
n-Pentane	0.2950
n-Hexane	0.0842
Other Hexanes	0.1305
Heptanes	0.0933
Benzene	0.0019
Toluene	0.0040
Ethylbenzene	0.0002
Xylenes	0.0006
C8+ Heavies	0.0296

DRY GAS:

Flow Rate: 150.0 MMSCF/day
Water Content: 5.0 lbs. H2O/MMSCF

LEAN GLYCOL:

Glycol Type: TEG
Water Content: 1.5 wt% H2O
Flow Rate: 15.0 gpm

Dehy_Inputs

PUMP:

Glycol Pump Type: Gas Injection
Gas Injection Pump Volume Ratio: 0.032 acfm gas/gpm glycol

FLASH TANK:

Flash Control: Combustion device
Flash Control Efficiency: 98.00 %
Temperature: 80.0 deg. F
Pressure: 5.0 psig

STRIPPING GAS:

Source of Gas: Dry Gas
Gas Flow Rate: 9.000 scfm

REGENERATOR OVERHEADS CONTROL DEVICE:

Control Device: Condenser
Temperature: 200.0 deg. F
Pressure: 14.7 psia
Control Device: Combustion Device
Destruction Efficiency: 98.0 %
Excess Oxygen: 0.0 %
Ambient Air Temperature: 70.0 deg. F

Dehy_Outputs

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - AGGREGATE CALCULATIONS REPORT

Case Name: Middlebourne III Compressor Station

File Name:

Date: September 30, 2016

DESCRIPTION:

Description: One 150 MMSCFD TEG Dehydrator
Kimray 45015PV

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

EMISSIONS REPORTS:

CONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.3604	8.650	1.5785
Ethane	0.1402	3.366	0.6142
Propane	0.0830	1.992	0.3636
Isobutane	0.0157	0.378	0.0689
n-Butane	0.0397	0.954	0.1740
Isopentane	0.0128	0.307	0.0560
n-Pentane	0.0158	0.380	0.0693
n-Hexane	0.0092	0.222	0.0404
Other Hexanes	0.0105	0.253	0.0462
Heptanes	0.0243	0.583	0.1064
Benzene	0.0156	0.374	0.0682
Toluene	0.0481	1.155	0.2109
Ethylbenzene	0.0031	0.074	0.0135
Xylenes	0.0131	0.315	0.0574
C8+ Heavies	0.0457	1.097	0.2002
Total Emissions	0.8374	20.098	3.6679
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	0.8374	20.098	3.6679
Total VOC Emissions	0.3368	8.083	1.4751
Total HAP Emissions	0.0892	2.140	0.3905
Total BTEX Emissions	0.0799	1.918	0.3501

UNCONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	18.0208	432.499	78.9311
Ethane	7.0118	168.283	30.7117
Propane	4.1506	99.616	18.1798
Isobutane	0.7868	18.884	3.4463
n-Butane	1.9866	47.678	8.7012
Isopentane	0.6394	15.346	2.8006

Dehy_Outputs			
n-Pentane	0.7915	18.995	3.4666
n-Hexane	0.4616	11.078	2.0217
Other Hexanes	0.5269	12.646	2.3080
Heptanes	1.2148	29.156	5.3210
Benzene	0.7804	18.730	3.4183
Toluene	2.4102	57.845	10.5567
Ethylbenzene	0.1544	3.705	0.6761
Xylenes	0.6562	15.749	2.8741
C8+ Heavies	2.2852	54.845	10.0092

Total Emissions	41.8773	1005.054	183.4224

Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	41.8773	1005.054	183.4224
Total VOC Emissions	16.8446	404.272	73.7796
Total HAP Emissions	4.4628	107.106	19.5469
Total BTEX Emissions	4.0012	96.029	17.5252

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr

Methane	2.2894	54.946	10.0276
Ethane	1.0673	25.614	4.6746
Propane	0.5789	13.893	2.5354
Isobutane	0.0956	2.293	0.4185
n-Butane	0.2201	5.283	0.9641
Isopentane	0.0608	1.460	0.2665
n-Pentane	0.0670	1.607	0.2933
n-Hexane	0.0241	0.579	0.1057
Other Hexanes	0.0348	0.835	0.1525
Heptanes	0.0320	0.767	0.1400
Benzene	0.0013	0.032	0.0058
Toluene	0.0024	0.057	0.0104
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	0.002	0.0003
Xylenes	0.0002	0.005	0.0009
C8+ Heavies	0.0089	0.214	0.0390

Total Emissions	4.4828	107.587	19.6347

Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	4.4828	107.587	19.6347
Total VOC Emissions	1.1261	27.027	4.9325
Total HAP Emissions	0.0281	0.675	0.1232
Total BTEX Emissions	0.0040	0.096	0.0175

FLASH TANK OFF GAS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr

Methane	114.4704	2747.290	501.3805
Ethane	53.3627	1280.705	233.7287
Propane	28.9428	694.628	126.7695
Isobutane	4.7778	114.667	20.9267
n-Butane	11.0053	264.128	48.2034
Isopentane	3.0421	73.010	13.3243
n-Pentane	3.3480	80.352	14.6643

Dehy_Outputs			
n-Hexane	1.2068	28.964	5.2860
Other Hexanes	1.7403	41.768	7.6227
Heptanes	1.5987	38.368	7.0021
Benzene	0.0665	1.596	0.2912
Toluene	0.1190	2.856	0.5213
Ethylbenzene	0.0039	0.094	0.0172
Xylenes	0.0105	0.252	0.0459
C8+ Heavies	0.4450	10.680	1.9491

Total Emissions	224.1399	5379.358	981.7329

Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	224.1399	5379.358	981.7329
Total VOC Emissions	56.3068	1351.363	246.6237
Total HAP Emissions	1.4067	33.762	6.1616
Total BTEX Emissions	0.1999	4.798	0.8756

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr

Methane	2.6498	63.595	11.6062
Ethane	1.2075	28.980	5.2888
Propane	0.6619	15.885	2.8990
Isobutane	0.1113	2.671	0.4875
n-Butane	0.2598	6.236	1.1381
Isopentane	0.0736	1.767	0.3225
n-Pentane	0.0828	1.987	0.3626
n-Hexane	0.0334	0.801	0.1462
Other Hexanes	0.0453	1.088	0.1986
Heptanes	0.0563	1.350	0.2465
Benzene	0.0169	0.406	0.0741
Toluene	0.0505	1.213	0.2213
Ethylbenzene	0.0032	0.076	0.0139
Xylenes	0.0133	0.320	0.0583
C8+ Heavies	0.0546	1.310	0.2392

Total Emissions	5.3202	127.685	23.3025

Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	5.3202	127.685	23.3025
Total VOC Emissions	1.4629	35.110	6.4076
Total HAP Emissions	0.1173	2.815	0.5137
Total BTEX Emissions	0.0839	2.014	0.3676

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSION CONTROL REPORT:

Component	Uncontrolled tons/yr	Controlled tons/yr	% Reduction

Methane	580.3115	11.6062	98.00
Ethane	264.4404	5.2888	98.00
Propane	144.9494	2.8990	98.00
Isobutane	24.3730	0.4875	98.00
n-Butane	56.9046	1.1381	98.00

Dehy_Outputs			
Isopentane	16.1249	0.3225	98.00
n-Pentane	18.1309	0.3626	98.00
n-Hexane	7.3077	0.1462	98.00
Other Hexanes	9.9307	0.1986	98.00
Heptanes	12.3231	0.2465	98.00
Benzene	3.7095	0.0741	98.00
Toluene	11.0780	0.2213	98.00
Ethylbenzene	0.6933	0.0139	98.00
Xylenes	2.9200	0.0583	98.00
C8+ Heavies	11.9582	0.2392	98.00

Total Emissions	1165.1552	23.3025	98.00
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	1165.1552	23.3025	98.00
Total VOC Emissions	320.4033	6.4076	98.00
Total HAP Emissions	25.7084	0.5137	98.00
Total BTEX Emissions	18.4008	0.3676	98.00

EQUIPMENT REPORTS:

CONDENSER AND COMBUSTION DEVICE

Condenser Outlet Temperature: 200.00 deg. F
 Condenser Pressure: 14.70 psia
 Condenser Duty: 2.18e-001 MM BTU/hr
 Produced Water: 29.04 bbls/day
 Ambient Temperature: 70.00 deg. F
 Excess Oxygen: 0.00 %
 Combustion Efficiency: 98.00 %
 Supplemental Fuel Requirement: 2.18e-001 MM BTU/hr

Component	Emitted	Destroyed

Methane	2.00%	98.00%
Ethane	2.00%	98.00%
Propane	2.00%	98.00%
Isobutane	2.00%	98.00%
n-Butane	2.00%	98.00%
Isopentane	2.00%	98.00%
n-Pentane	2.00%	98.00%
n-Hexane	2.00%	98.00%
Other Hexanes	2.00%	98.00%
Heptanes	2.00%	98.00%
Benzene	2.00%	98.00%
Toluene	2.00%	98.00%
Ethylbenzene	2.00%	98.00%
Xylenes	2.00%	98.00%
C8+ Heavies	2.00%	98.00%

ABSORBER

Dehy_Outputs

Calculated Absorber Stages: 1.94
 Specified Dry Gas Dew Point: 5.00 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
 Temperature: 120.0 deg. F
 Pressure: 1200.0 psig
 Dry Gas Flow Rate: 150.0000 MMSCF/day
 Glycol Losses with Dry Gas: 12.6893 lb/hr
 Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated
 Calculated Wet Gas Water Content: 89.63 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
 Calculated Lean Glycol Recirc. Ratio: 1.70 gal/lb H2O

Component	Remaining in Dry Gas	Absorbed in Glycol
Water	5.57%	94.43%
Carbon Dioxide	99.86%	0.14%
Nitrogen	99.99%	0.01%
Methane	99.99%	0.01%
Ethane	99.97%	0.03%
Propane	99.96%	0.04%
Isobutane	99.95%	0.05%
n-Butane	99.94%	0.06%
Isopentane	99.95%	0.05%
n-Pentane	99.93%	0.07%
n-Hexane	99.91%	0.09%
Other Hexanes	99.93%	0.07%
Heptanes	99.87%	0.13%
Benzene	96.59%	3.41%
Toluene	95.89%	4.11%
Ethylbenzene	95.53%	4.47%
Xylenes	93.69%	6.31%
C8+ Heavies	99.72%	0.28%

FLASH TANK

Flash Control: Combustion device
 Flash Control Efficiency: 98.00 %
 Flash Temperature: 80.0 deg. F
 Flash Pressure: 5.0 psig

Component	Left in Glycol	Removed in Flash Gas
Water	99.88%	0.12%
Carbon Dioxide	6.02%	93.98%
Nitrogen	0.32%	99.68%
Methane	0.35%	99.65%
Ethane	1.36%	98.64%
Propane	3.74%	96.26%
Isobutane	6.14%	93.86%
n-Butane	8.34%	91.66%
Isopentane	10.22%	89.78%
n-Pentane	13.00%	87.00%
n-Hexane	23.15%	76.85%
Other Hexanes	17.92%	82.08%

Dehy_Outputs		
Heptanes	40.58%	59.42%
Benzene	92.52%	7.48%
Toluene	95.65%	4.35%
Ethylbenzene	97.77%	2.23%
Xylenes	98.63%	1.37%
C8+ Heavies	85.03%	14.97%

REGENERATOR

Regenerator Stripping Gas:
 Dry Product Gas Stripping Gas Flow Rate: 9.0000 scfm

Component	Remaining in Glycol	Distilled Overhead
Water	19.30%	80.70%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	100.00%
Nitrogen	0.00%	100.00%
Methane	0.00%	100.00%
Ethane	0.00%	100.00%
Propane	0.00%	100.00%
Isobutane	0.00%	100.00%
n-Butane	0.00%	100.00%
Isopentane	2.66%	97.34%
n-Pentane	2.30%	97.70%
n-Hexane	1.43%	98.57%
Other Hexanes	3.42%	96.58%
Heptanes	0.92%	99.08%
Benzene	5.34%	94.66%
Toluene	8.19%	91.81%
Ethylbenzene	10.57%	89.43%
Xylenes	13.07%	86.93%
C8+ Heavies	12.43%	87.57%

STREAM REPORTS:

WET GAS STREAM

Temperature: 120.00 deg. F
 Pressure: 1214.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 6.26e+006 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water	1.89e-001	5.61e+002
Carbon Dioxide	1.64e-001	1.19e+003
Nitrogen	4.82e-001	2.23e+003
Methane	7.70e+001	2.04e+005

Dehy_Outputs

Ethane	1.46e+001	7.27e+004
Propane	4.81e+000	3.50e+004
Isobutane	5.73e-001	5.49e+003
n-Butane	1.19e+000	1.14e+004
Isopentane	2.94e-001	3.50e+003
n-Pentane	2.94e-001	3.51e+003
n-Hexane	8.40e-002	1.20e+003
Other Hexanes	1.30e-001	1.85e+003
Heptanes	9.31e-002	1.54e+003
Benzene	1.90e-003	2.44e+001
Toluene	3.99e-003	6.07e+001
Ethylbenzene	2.00e-004	3.50e+000
xylene	5.99e-004	1.05e+001
C8+ Heavies	2.95e-002	8.31e+002

Total Components	100.00	3.45e+005

DRY GAS STREAM

Temperature: 120.00 deg. F
 Pressure: 1214.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 6.25e+006 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)

Water	1.05e-002	3.13e+001
Carbon Dioxide	1.64e-001	1.19e+003
Nitrogen	4.83e-001	2.23e+003
Methane	7.72e+001	2.04e+005
Ethane	1.47e+001	7.27e+004
Propane	4.82e+000	3.50e+004
Isobutane	5.74e-001	5.49e+003
n-Butane	1.19e+000	1.14e+004
Isopentane	2.95e-001	3.50e+003
n-Pentane	2.95e-001	3.50e+003
n-Hexane	8.41e-002	1.19e+003
Other Hexanes	1.30e-001	1.85e+003
Heptanes	9.32e-002	1.54e+003
Benzene	1.84e-003	2.36e+001
Toluene	3.84e-003	5.82e+001
Ethylbenzene	1.91e-004	3.34e+000
xylene	5.62e-004	9.83e+000
C8+ Heavies	2.95e-002	8.28e+002

Total Components	100.00	3.44e+005

LEAN GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 120.00 deg. F
 Flow Rate: 1.50e+001 gpm

Component	Conc.	Loading
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Dehy_Outputs		
	(wt%)	(lb/hr)
TEG	9.85e+001	8.32e+003
Water	1.50e+000	1.27e+002
Carbon Dioxide	1.93e-012	1.63e-010
Nitrogen	3.80e-013	3.21e-011
Methane	9.82e-018	8.29e-016
Ethane	1.23e-007	1.04e-005
Propane	7.02e-009	5.93e-007
Isobutane	9.45e-010	7.98e-008
n-Butane	2.04e-009	1.73e-007
Isopentane	1.09e-004	9.20e-003
n-Pentane	1.36e-004	1.15e-002
n-Hexane	6.17e-005	5.21e-003
Other Hexanes	1.54e-004	1.30e-002
Heptanes	1.19e-004	1.00e-002
Benzene	5.20e-004	4.39e-002
Toluene	2.54e-003	2.14e-001
Ethylbenzene	2.16e-004	1.82e-002
Xylenes	1.17e-003	9.85e-002
C8+ Heavies	3.72e-003	3.14e-001
Total Components	100.00	8.44e+003

RICH GLYCOL AND PUMP GAS STREAM

Temperature: 120.00 deg. F
 Pressure: 1214.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 1.66e+001 gpm
 NOTE: Stream has more than one phase.

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)
TEG	9.02e+001	8.31e+003
Water	7.14e+000	6.57e+002
Carbon Dioxide	2.34e-002	2.15e+000
Nitrogen	1.42e-002	1.31e+000
Methane	1.25e+000	1.15e+002
Ethane	5.88e-001	5.41e+001
Propane	3.27e-001	3.01e+001
Isobutane	5.53e-002	5.09e+000
n-Butane	1.30e-001	1.20e+001
Isopentane	3.68e-002	3.39e+000
n-Pentane	4.18e-002	3.85e+000
n-Hexane	1.71e-002	1.57e+000
Other Hexanes	2.30e-002	2.12e+000
Heptanes	2.92e-002	2.69e+000
Benzene	9.65e-003	8.89e-001
Toluene	2.97e-002	2.74e+000
Ethylbenzene	1.91e-003	1.76e-001
Xylenes	8.30e-003	7.64e-001
C8+ Heavies	3.23e-002	2.97e+000
Total Components	100.00	9.21e+003

Dehy_Outputs

FLASH TANK OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 80.00 deg. F
 Pressure: 19.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 3.84e+003 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water	4.34e-001	7.92e-001
Carbon Dioxide	4.54e-001	2.02e+000
Nitrogen	4.59e-001	1.30e+000
Methane	7.05e+001	1.14e+002
Ethane	1.75e+001	5.34e+001
Propane	6.49e+000	2.89e+001
Isobutane	8.12e-001	4.78e+000
n-Butane	1.87e+000	1.10e+001
Isopentane	4.17e-001	3.04e+000
n-Pentane	4.59e-001	3.35e+000
n-Hexane	1.38e-001	1.21e+000
Other Hexanes	2.00e-001	1.74e+000
Heptanes	1.58e-001	1.60e+000
Benzene	8.41e-003	6.65e-002
Toluene	1.28e-002	1.19e-001
Ethylbenzene	3.65e-004	3.92e-003
Xylenes	9.76e-004	1.05e-002
C8+ Heavies	2.58e-002	4.45e-001
Total Components	100.00	2.28e+002

FLASH TANK GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 80.00 deg. F
 Flow Rate: 1.61e+001 gpm

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)
TEG	9.25e+001	8.31e+003
Water	7.31e+000	6.56e+002
Carbon Dioxide	1.44e-003	1.30e-001
Nitrogen	4.66e-005	4.18e-003
Methane	4.54e-003	4.08e-001
Ethane	8.19e-003	7.35e-001
Propane	1.25e-002	1.12e+000
Isobutane	3.48e-003	3.12e-001
n-Butane	1.12e-002	1.00e+000
Isopentane	3.86e-003	3.46e-001
n-Pentane	5.57e-003	5.00e-001
n-Hexane	4.05e-003	3.64e-001
Other Hexanes	4.23e-003	3.80e-001
Heptanes	1.22e-002	1.09e+000
Benzene	9.16e-003	8.22e-001

Dehy_Outputs

Toluene	2.92e-002	2.62e+000
Ethylbenzene	1.92e-003	1.72e-001
xylene	8.40e-003	7.54e-001
C8+ Heavies	2.82e-002	2.53e+000

Total Components	100.00	8.98e+003
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FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Flow Rate: 1.47e+004 scfh
Control Method: Combustion Device
Control Efficiency: 98.00

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water	6.23e+001	4.34e+002
Carbon Dioxide	3.70e+001	6.29e+002
Nitrogen	1.20e-001	1.30e+000
Methane	3.70e-001	2.29e+000
Ethane	9.19e-002	1.07e+000
Propane	3.40e-002	5.79e-001
Isobutane	4.26e-003	9.56e-002
n-Butane	9.81e-003	2.20e-001
Isopentane	2.18e-003	6.08e-002
n-Pentane	2.40e-003	6.70e-002
n-Hexane	7.25e-004	2.41e-002
Other Hexanes	1.05e-003	3.48e-002
Heptanes	8.26e-004	3.20e-002
Benzene	4.41e-005	1.33e-003
Toluene	6.69e-005	2.38e-003
Ethylbenzene	1.91e-006	7.84e-005
xylene	5.11e-006	2.10e-004
C8+ Heavies	1.35e-004	8.90e-003
Total Components	100.00	1.07e+003

REGENERATOR OVERHEADS STREAM

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F
Pressure: 14.70 psia
Flow Rate: 1.18e+004 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water	9.48e+001	5.30e+002
Carbon Dioxide	1.70e-002	2.32e-001
Nitrogen	2.26e-002	1.97e-001
Methane	3.62e+000	1.80e+001
Ethane	7.52e-001	7.01e+000
Propane	3.03e-001	4.15e+000
Isobutane	4.37e-002	7.87e-001
n-Butane	1.10e-001	1.99e+000

Dehy_Outputs			
Isopentane	2.86e-002	6.39e-001	
n-Pentane	3.54e-002	7.91e-001	
n-Hexane	1.73e-002	4.62e-001	
Other Hexanes	1.97e-002	5.27e-001	
Heptanes	3.91e-002	1.21e+000	
Benzene	3.22e-002	7.80e-001	
Toluene	8.43e-002	2.41e+000	
Ethylbenzene	4.69e-003	1.54e-001	
Xylenes	1.99e-002	6.56e-001	
C8+ Heavies	4.33e-002	2.29e+000	

Total Components	100.00	5.72e+002	

CONDENSER PRODUCED WATER STREAM

Temperature: 200.00 deg. F
Flow Rate: 8.47e-001 gpm

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)	(ppm)

Water	1.00e+002	4.24e+002	999984.
Carbon Dioxide	3.60e-005	1.53e-004	0.
Nitrogen	1.35e-006	5.70e-006	0.
Methane	1.98e-004	8.38e-004	2.
Ethane	8.10e-005	3.43e-004	1.
Propane	6.47e-005	2.74e-004	1.
Isobutane	6.20e-006	2.63e-005	0.
n-Butane	1.91e-005	8.11e-005	0.
Isopentane	3.93e-006	1.66e-005	0.
n-Pentane	5.02e-006	2.13e-005	0.
n-Hexane	2.13e-006	9.03e-006	0.
Other Hexanes	2.06e-006	8.71e-006	0.
Heptanes	2.86e-006	1.21e-005	0.
Benzene	3.13e-004	1.33e-003	3.
Toluene	7.06e-004	2.99e-003	7.
Ethylbenzene	3.08e-005	1.31e-004	0.
Xylenes	1.67e-004	7.09e-004	2.
C8+ Heavies	1.71e-007	7.24e-007	0.

Total Components	100.00	4.24e+002	1000000.

CONDENSER RECOVERED OIL STREAM

Temperature: 200.00 deg. F

The calculated flow rate is less than 0.000001 #mol/hr.
The stream flow rate and composition are not reported.

CONDENSER VENT STREAM

Temperature: 200.00 deg. F

Dehy_Outputs

Pressure: 14.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 2.84e+003 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water	7.85e+001	1.06e+002
Carbon Dioxide	7.05e-002	2.32e-001
Nitrogen	9.39e-002	1.97e-001
Methane	1.50e+001	1.80e+001
Ethane	3.12e+000	7.01e+000
Propane	1.26e+000	4.15e+000
Isobutane	1.81e-001	7.87e-001
n-Butane	4.57e-001	1.99e+000
Isopentane	1.18e-001	6.39e-001
n-Pentane	1.47e-001	7.91e-001
n-Hexane	7.16e-002	4.62e-001
Other Hexanes	8.17e-002	5.27e-001
Heptanes	1.62e-001	1.21e+000
Benzene	1.33e-001	7.79e-001
Toluene	3.49e-001	2.41e+000
Ethylbenzene	1.94e-002	1.54e-001
Xylenes	8.25e-002	6.55e-001
C8+ Heavies	1.79e-001	2.29e+000
Total Components	100.00	1.48e+002

COMBUSTION DEVICE OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 1000.00 deg. F
 Pressure: 14.70 psia
 Flow Rate: 1.21e+001 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Methane	7.03e+001	3.60e-001
Ethane	1.46e+001	1.40e-001
Propane	5.89e+000	8.30e-002
Isobutane	8.47e-001	1.57e-002
n-Butane	2.14e+000	3.97e-002
Isopentane	5.54e-001	1.28e-002
n-Pentane	6.86e-001	1.58e-002
n-Hexane	3.35e-001	9.23e-003
Other Hexanes	3.82e-001	1.05e-002
Heptanes	7.58e-001	2.43e-002
Benzene	6.24e-001	1.56e-002
Toluene	1.63e+000	4.81e-002
Ethylbenzene	9.09e-002	3.08e-003
Xylenes	3.86e-001	1.31e-002
C8+ Heavies	8.39e-001	4.57e-002
Total Components	100.00	8.37e-001

Attachment O.
Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing Plans

Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing Plans

The following is a summary of the methods to comply with the requirements of West Virginia Division of Air Quality (WVDAQ) 45CSR13 rules and regulations for the Middlebourne III Compressor Station, including federal and state regulatory requirements.

1. Summary of Key Operational Throughput Limits

- a. Maximum wet gas throughput into each dehydrator: 150 MMscf/day or 54,750 MMscf/year.
- b. Maximum liquids loaded out: 5,978,700 gallons per year.

2. Operational Requirements

- a. Compressor engines will operate with the catalytic converter in place at all times and will be fueled by natural gas only.
- b. Catalysts installed on all compressor engines will be operated per manufacturer instructions.
- c. Reciprocating compressor rod packing will be replaced within 36 months of last packing, startup, or within 26,000 operating hours, whichever comes first.
- d. The microturbine will be fueled by natural gas only.
- e. Each dehydrator reboiler will operate at no more than 1.5 MMBtu/hr and be fueled only by natural gas or off-gases from the dehydrator flash tanks.
- f. No fuel-burning unit of any kind will have opacity greater than 10 percent based on a six minute block average observation.
- g. The dehydrator flare capacity will not exceed 4.80 MMBtu/hr, will achieve 98 percent destruction efficiency, will operate at all times that gas is vented to it, will have a flame present at all times, and will have no visible emissions other than for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours.
- h. The dehydrator flare will be operated per manufacturer instructions.
- i. Produced water, condensate, and settling storage tanks' potential emissions will be routed to the VRU with recovery greater than 98 percent at all times.
- j. Storage tanks will be covered and routed to a closed vent system with no detectable emissions.
- k. Liquid loadout trucks will use the submerged-fill method.
- l. Dehydrator still vents will be controlled by the flare.
- m. Dehydrator flash tanks' vent gas will be used in the reboilers as fuel or routed to the VRU system.

3. Monitoring

- a. Non-certified engines will be stack tested within 1 year of startup and every 8,760 hours of operation thereafter.
- b. Catalyst inlet temperature will be monitored.
- c. Compressor run time or number of months since compressor rod repacking will be monitored or tracked.

- d. Rolling 12-month average of the wet gas throughput for the dehydrators will be monitored.
- e. Initial Method 22 observation of the reboilers' exhaust and flare will be conducted for a minimum of 2 hours.
- f. Monthly Method 22 observations of the reboilers' exhaust and flare will be conducted for a minimum of 10 minutes each.
- g. Monthly olfactory, visual, and auditory inspections will be conducted of the tanks closed vent and control system for leaks or defects that could result in emissions. Leaks will be repaired as soon as practicable, and no later than 5 days for the first attempt.
- h. The presence of flare's flame will be continuously monitored.
- i. Monthly and rolling twelve-month average amount of liquids loaded out will be monitored.
- j. The initial and subsequent leak detection and repair (LDAR) inspections will be conducted per the implemented LDAR monitoring plan. Repair procedures will be followed per the implemented LDAR monitoring plan.

4. Recordkeeping

- a. Records will be kept for a minimum of 5 years.
- b. Records of inspection, observations, preventive maintenance, malfunctions, and shutdowns of all onsite equipment will be kept.
- c. Records of the date, time, duration of each time that a flame is not present at the flare and startup, shutdown, malfunctions of the flare will be kept.
- d. Records of engine maintenance and engine run time will be kept.
- e. Records of catalyst inlet temperature will be kept.
- f. Records of the actual annual average natural gas throughput in each of the dehydrators will be kept.
- g. Records of LDAR inspections, repaired leaks, and the LDAR monitoring plan will be kept.

5. Notifications and Reports

- a. WVDAQ will be notified within 30 calendar days of startup.
- b. Upon startup, a Certificate to Operate (CTO) application will be filed and fees to WVDAQ will be paid for the period from startup to the following June 30 and then annually renew the CTO and pay fees. CTO will be maintained on-site.
- c. An annual report of compliance with 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa for applicable affected facilities will be submitted within 90 days after one year of operations startup.
- d. For stack testing, a protocol will be filed at least 30 days prior to test and notify WVDAQ and EPA of the test at least 15 days prior to test. Results will be reported within 60 days of the test.
- e. If operations are suspended for 60 days or more, WVDAQ will be notified within 2 weeks after the 60th day.

**Attachment P.
Public Notice**

AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE
Notice of Application – Middlebourne III Compressor Station

Notice is given that Antero Midstream LLC has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for an initial 45CSR13 construction permit application for a natural gas compressor station located north of Wick Road northeast of Wick, in Tyler County, West Virginia. The latitude and longitude coordinates are: 39.41656N, 80.96358W.

The facility will be built in two phases. The full buildout of the facility will occur 9 to 12 months after Phase I operation begins. The applicant estimates the potential to discharge of the full buildout of the facility will be:

Regulated Pollutant	Potential Emissions (tpy)
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	91.89
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	59.79
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	177.47
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	0.66
Particulate Matter less than 10 micrometers (PM ₁₀)	10.00
Particulate Matter less than 2.5 micrometers (PM _{2.5})	9.45
Total Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	20.97
Benzene	0.52
Toluene	0.98
Ethylbenzene	0.079
Xylenes	0.32
Formaldehyde	5.82
n-Hexane	2.90
Acetaldehyde	4.96
Acrolein	3.05
Methanol	1.48
Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO _{2e})	160,730

Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57th Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1250, during normal business hours.

Dated the 21st day of October 2016.

By: Antero Midstream LLC
Barry Schatz
Senior Environmental & Regulatory Manager
1615 Wynkoop Street
Denver, CO 80202

Attachment R.
Authority/Delegation of Authority

Attachment R
AUTHORITY OF CORPORATION
OR OTHER BUSINESS ENTITY (DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN)

TO: The West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection,
Division of Air Quality

DATE: August 5, 2015

ATTN.: Director

Corporation's / other business entity's Federal Employer I.D. Number 46-5517375

The undersigned hereby files with the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, a permit application and hereby certifies that the said name is a trade name which is used in the conduct of an incorporated business or other business entity.

Further, the corporation or the business entity certifies as follows:

(1) Luz Slauter and Barry Schatz (is/are) the authorized representative(s) and in that capacity may represent the interest of the corporation or the business entity and may obligate and legally bind the corporation or the business entity.

(2) The corporation or the business entity is authorized to do business in the State of West Virginia.

(3) If the corporation or the business entity changes its authorized representative(s), the corporation or the business entity shall notify the Director of the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, immediately upon such change.


Ward McNeilly, Vice President - Vice President Reserves Planning & Midstream

President or Other Authorized Officer
(Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer or other
official in charge of a principal business function of
the corporation or the business entity)

(If not the President, then the corporation or the business entity must submit certified minutes or bylaws stating legal authority of other authorized officer to bind the corporation or the business entity).

Secretary

Antero Midstream LLC
Name of Corporation or business entity