# **Table of Contents**

Section	Page
Application	01
Attachment A Business Certificate	05
Attachment B Maps	07
Attachment D Regulatory Discussion	09
Attachment E Plot Plan	12
Attachment F Detailed Process Flow Diagram	14
Attachment G Process Description	16
Attachment H Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)	18
Attachment I Equipment List Forms	44
Attachment J Emission Points Data Summary Sheet	47
Attachment L Emission Unit Data Sheet	50
Attachment M Air Pollution Control Device Sheets	55
Attachment N Supporting Emission Calculations	60
Attachment O Monitoring / Recordkeeping / Reporting / Testing Plans	73
Attachment P Public Notice	75
Attachment S Title V Permit Revision Information	77

WEST DA
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#### WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

# APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT

601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0475 www.dep.wv.gov/dag		AND TITLE V PERMIT REVISION (OPTIONAL)		
PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO NSR (45CSR13) (IF K CONSTRUCTION   MODIFICATION   RELOCATIO CLASS I ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE   TEMPORARY CLASS II ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE   AFTER-THE-	Y	☐ ADMINISTRAT ☐ SIGNIFICANT IF ANY BOX ABOY	TIVE AMENDM MODIFICATIO VE IS CHECKE	<del></del>
FOR TITLE V FACILITIES ONLY: Please refer to "Title (Appendix A, "Title V Permit Revision Flowchart") and				
Se	ction I.	General		
Name of applicant (as registered with the WV Secretary of State's Office):     The Chemours Company FC, LLC		te's Office):	2. Federal Employer ID No. <i>(FEIN):</i> 46-5626518	
Name of facility (if different from above):  Washington Works Facility			4. The applicant is the:  ☐ OWNER ☐ OPERATOR ☒ BOTH	
5A. Applicant's mailing address:  Building 1, Washington Works  Washington WV, 26181-1217  5B. Facility's present physical address:  8480 DuPont Road  Washington, WV 26181				
<ul> <li>6. West Virginia Business Registration. Is the applicant a resident of the State of West Virginia?  YES  NO</li> <li>If YES, provide a copy of the Certificate of Incorporation/Organization/Limited Partnership (one page) including any name change amendments or other Business Registration Certificate as Attachment A.</li> <li>If NO, provide a copy of the Certificate of Authority/Authority of L.L.C./Registration (one page) including any name change amendments or other Business Certificate as Attachment A.</li> </ul>				
7. If applicant is a subsidiary corporation, please provide	e the name	e of parent corpo	ration:	
<ul> <li>8. Does the applicant own, lease, have an option to buy or otherwise have control of the <i>proposed site?</i></li></ul>				
<ol> <li>Type of plant or facility (stationary source) to be constructed, modified, relocated administratively updated or temporarily permitted (e.g., coal preparation placerusher, etc.): Chemical Manufacturing</li> </ol>			ated, ant, primary	10. North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for the facility: 325199
11A. DAQ Plant ID No. (for existing facilities only): 107-00182	ass	List all current 45CSR13 and 45CSR30 (Title V) permit numbers associated with this process (for existing facilities only): R13-2365E, R13-3223, R30-107-00001 Segment 2 of 14		

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

- For Modifications, Administrative Updates or Temporary permits at an existing facility, please provide directions to the present location of the facility from the nearest state road;
- For Construction or Relocation permits, please provide directions to the proposed new site location from the nearest state
  road. Include a MAP as Attachment B.

Take the Route 50 bypass towards Ohio from I-77. Exit the Route 50 bypass at the last exit in West Virginia. At the light turn left and continue on DuPont road for approximately ½ - ¾ mile. The main plant entrance will be visible on your right.

12.B. New site address (if applicable):	12C. Nearest city or town:	12D. County:
N/A	Parkersburg	Wood
12.E. UTM Northing (KM): 4346.8331	12F. UTM Easting (KM): 442.3767	12G. UTM Zone: 17

13. Briefly describe the proposed change(s) at the facility:

This permit amendment is for including an existing oven (C2EQ under R13-1953H) within area C1, whereas in the past, both areas C1 and C2 operated the oven; no physical moves or changes will occur. Also, increasing emissions of VOCs by <6 lbs/hr or 10 tpy from C1FWE and C1FQE after a recent detailed review of air emission calculations.

14A. Provide the date of anticipated installation or change: 05/01/2015
If this is an After-The-Fact permit application, provide the date upon which the proposed change did happen: 2007

14B. Date of anticipated Start-Up if a permit is granted:

- 14C. Provide a **Schedule** of the planned **Installation** of/**Change** to and **Start-Up** of each of the units proposed in this permit application as **Attachment C** (if more than one unit is involved).
- 15. Provide maximum projected **Operating Schedule** of activity/activities outlined in this application:

Hours Per Day 24

Days Per Week 7

Weeks Per Year52

- 16. Is demolition or physical renovation at an existing facility involved? ☐ YES ☑ NO
- 17. **Risk Management Plans.** If this facility is subject to 112(r) of the 1990 CAAA, or will become subject due to proposed changes (for applicability help see www.epa.gov/ceppo), submit your **Risk Management Plan (RMP)** to U. S. EPA Region III.
- 18. **Regulatory Discussion.** List all Federal and State air pollution control regulations that you believe are applicable to the proposed process (*if known*). A list of possible applicable requirements is also included in Attachment S of this application

(Title V Permit Revision Information). Discuss applicability and proposed demonstration(s) of compliance (if known). Provide this information as **Attachment D.** 

# Section II. Additional attachments and supporting documents.

- 19. Include a check payable to WVDEP Division of Air Quality with the appropriate **application fee** (per 45CSR22 and 45CSR13).
- 20. Include a Table of Contents as the first page of your application package.
- 21. Provide a **Plot Plan**, e.g. scaled map(s) and/or sketch(es) showing the location of the property on which the stationary source(s) is or is to be located as **Attachment E** (Refer to **Plot Plan Guidance**).
- Indicate the location of the nearest occupied structure (e.g. church, school, business, residence).
- 22. Provide a **Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s)** showing each proposed or modified emissions unit, emission point and control device as **Attachment F.**
- 23. Provide a Process Description as Attachment G.
  - Also describe and quantify to the extent possible all changes made to the facility since the last permit review (if applicable).

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

- 24. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all materials processed, used or produced as Attachment H.
- For chemical processes, provide a MSDS for each compound emitted to the air.

25. Fill out the Emission Units Table	and provide it as Attachment I.			
26. Fill out the Emission Points Data	a Summary Sheet (Table 1 and Tab	le 2) and provide it as Attachment J.		
27. Fill out the Fugitive Emissions D	Data Summary Sheet and provide it	as Attachment K.		
28. Check all applicable Emissions U	Jnit Data Sheets listed below:			
☐ Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	☐ Haul Road Emissions	☐ Quarry		
□ Chemical Processes	☐ Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage		
☐ Concrete Batch Plant	☐ Incinerator	Facilities		
☐ Grey Iron and Steel Foundry	☐ Indirect Heat Exchanger	☐ Storage Tanks		
☐ General Emission Unit, specify				
Fill out and provide the Emissions Ur	it Data Sheet(s) as Attachment L.			
29. Check all applicable Air Pollution	Control Device Sheets listed below	v:		
☐ Absorption Systems	☐ Baghouse	☐ Flare		
☐ Adsorption Systems	☐ Condenser	☐ Mechanical Collector		
Afterburner	☐ Electrostatic Precipitat	or Wet Collecting System		
☐ Other Collectors, specify				
Fill out and provide the Air Pollution	Control Device Sheet(s) as Attachn	nent M.		
<ol> <li>Provide all Supporting Emission Items 28 through 31.</li> </ol>	s Calculations as Attachment N, o	r attach the calculations directly to the forms listed in		
31. <b>Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plans.</b> Attach proposed monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting and testing plans in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits and operating parameters in this permit application. Provide this information as <b>Attachment O.</b>				
Please be aware that all permits must be practically enforceable whether or not the applicant chooses to propose such measures. Additionally, the DAQ may not be able to accept all measures proposed by the applicant. If none of these plans are proposed by the applicant, DAQ will develop such plans and include them in the permit.				
32. <b>Public Notice.</b> At the time that the	he application is submitted, place a C	class I Legal Advertisement in a newspaper of general		
circulation in the area where the source is or will be located (See 45CSR§13-8.3 through 45CSR§13-8.5 and Example Legal				
Advertisement for details). Pleas	se submit the Affidavit of Publication	n as Attachment P immediately upon receipt.		
33. Business Confidentiality Claims. Does this application include confidential information (per 45CSR31)?				
⊠ YE	S 🗌 NO			
segment claimed confidential, inc		nitted as confidential and provide justification for each 1.1, and in accordance with the DAQ's "Precautionary instructions as Attachment Q.		
Section III. Certification of Information				
34. Authority/Delegation of Authoric Check applicable Authority Form		ner than the responsible official signs the application.		
☐ Authority of Corporation or Other B	usiness Entity	Authority of Partnership		
☐ Authority of Governmental Agency		Authority of Limited Partnership		
Submit completed and signed Authority Form as Attachment R.				
All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.				

35A. Certification of Information. To certify 2.28) or Authorized Representative shall chec			ial (per 45CSR§13-2.22 and 45CSR§30-
Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness			
I, the undersigned Responsible Official / application and any supporting documents appreasonable inquiry I further agree to assume restationary source described herein in accorda Environmental Protection, Division of Air Qual and regulations of the West Virginia Division of business or agency changes its Responsible on otified in writing within 30 days of the official	pended hereto, is t esponsibility for the nce with this applic ity permit issued in f Air Quality and W Official or Authorize	true, accurate, and comple e construction, modification cation and any amendmen n accordance with this app V.Va. Code § 22-5-1 et se	ete based on information and belief after on and/or relocation and operation of the nts thereto, as well as the Department of olication, along with all applicable rules eq. (State Air Pollution Control Act). If the
Compliance Cortification			
Compliance Certification  Except for requirements identified in the Title that, based on information and belief formed a compliance with all applicable requirements.	/ Application for wi fter reasonable inc	rhich compliance is not ac quiry, all air contaminant s	hieved, I, the undersigned hereby certify sources identified in this application are in
SIGNATURE fort I follow	early inti	D	ATE: May 7, 2015
	use blue ink)		(Hease use blue ink)
35B. Printed name of signee: Robert J. Fehre	1	4 000 4005	35C. Title: Plant Manager
35D. E-mail: robert.j.fehrenbacher@chemours.com	36E. Phone: 304	4-863-4305	36F. FAX: 304-863-4962
36A. Printed name of contact person (if differen	nt from above): D	avid F. Altman	36B. Title: Sr. Env. Control Consult.
36C. E-mail: david.f.altman@chemours.com	36D. Phone: 304	4-863-4271	36E. FAX: 304-863-4862
	, 0		
PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE ATTACHMENTS INCLUDED WITH THIS PERMIT APPLICATION:  Attachment A: Business Certificate Attachment B: Map(s) Attachment C: Installation and Start Up Schedule Attachment D: Regulatory Discussion Attachment B: Plot Plan Attachment F: Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) Attachment G: Process Description Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Attachment I: Emission Units Table Attachment I: Emission Points Data Summary Sheet  Please mail an original and three (3) copies of the complete permit application. Please DO NOT fax permit applications.			
FOR AGENCY USE ONLY - IF THIS IS A TITLE \	SOURCE:		
☐ Forward 1 copy of the application to the Title ☐ For Title V Administrative Amendments: ☐ NSR permit writer should notify Title ☐ For Title V Minor Modifications: ☐ Title V permit writer should send app ☐ NSR permit writer should notify Title ☐ For Title V Significant Modifications process ☐ NSR permit writer should notify a Title ☐ Public notice should reference both 4 ☐ EPA has 45 day review period of a dr	e V Permitting Ground V permit writer of description V permit writer of description of the permit writer of description of the vermit writer of the vermit writer of the vermit writer of the vermit writer of the vermit.	Iraft permit,  n to EPA and affected state Iraft permit. NSR Permit revision: f draft permit, V permits,	
All of the required forms and additional informa	tion can be found u	inder the Permitting Section	n of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

# **Business Certificate**

# WEST VIRGINIA STATE TAX DEPARTMENT BUSINESS REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE

**ISSUED TO:** 

THE CHEMOURS COMPANY FC, LLC 8480 DUPONT RD WASHINGTON, WV 26181-8398

BUSINESS REGISTRATION ACCOUNT NUMBER:

2303-3963

This certificate is issued on:

10/27/2014

This certificate is issued by
the West Virginia State Tax Commissioner
in accordance with Chapter 11, Article 12, of the West Virginia Code

The person or organization identified on this certificate is registered to conduct business in the State of West Virginia at the location above.

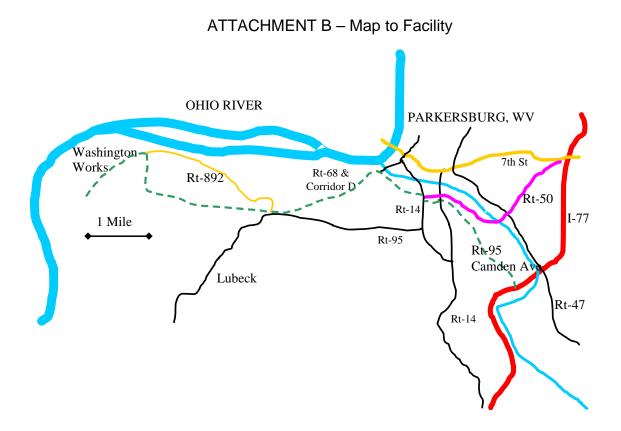
This certificate is not transferrable and must be displayed at the location for which issued. This certificate shall be permanent until cessation of the business for which the certificate of registration was granted or until it is suspended, revoked or cancelled by the Tax Commissioner.

Change in name or change of location shall be considered a cessation of the business and a new certificate shall be required.

TRAVELING/STREET VENDORS: Must carry a copy of this certificate in every vehicle operated by them. CONTRACTORS, DRILLING OPERATORS, TIMBER/LOGGING OPERATIONS: Must have a copy of this certificate displayed at every job site within West Virginia.

atl.006 v.4 L1658939968 Attachment B

Map to Facility



From Interstate 77, take exit for Rt-95/Camden Avenue.
Proceed West until intersection with Rt-14 then turn right (north).
After about 1/4 mile turn left onto Corridor D Bypass entrance.
Follow the bypass to the exit just before the bridge
Turn left (south) onto DuPont Rd, Rt-892.
Proceed approx. 1 mile to facility on right.

# Regulatory Discussion

This process area is covered by the following state regulations:

- 1. 45CSR4
- 2. 45CSR7
- 3. 45CSR13
- 4. 45CSR21
- 5. 45CSR29
- 6. 45CSR30

This process area operation is currently covered by permit R13-2365E and R13-3223.

# 45 CSR 7 – Compliance condition modification request – Condition A.6

In the current permit the requirement for monitoring for particulate matter, found in permit condition A.6 which requires "Monitoring shall be conducted at last once per month with a maximum of forty-five (45) days between consecutive readings". Chemours has experienced a significant issue with the interpretation of the condition such that we consistently perform the observations as required. The additional text that sets the 45 day maximum interval has been seen, despite educational efforts, to mean that there is up to a 45 day period after the last reading to take the next reading. Chemours is requesting that the compliance condition be simplified to require a monthly visual observation for visible particulate emissions. The elimination of the perceived conflicting 45 day period will enable Chemours personnel to ensure the readings are performed at the correct interval and that focus can be given to the Operations personnel to ensure the reading is always taken early in the operational month before production schedule or challenges alter the operational timing and cause a missed reading. The suggested limited text change from above is to "Monitoring shall be conducted at least once per month."

#### **RACT**

45CSR21-40.3.c requires RACT analysis on a case by case basis for those VOC emissions greater than 6 pph which are constructed, modified, or begin operation after the date 45CSR 21 becomes effective. Permit R13-3223 requires RACT analysis for any increase in VOC from sources listed in R13-3223.

Based on a recent detailed review of source air pollutant emission calculations, a few sources will have increased VOC emissions, but below the 6 pph and 10 tpy VOC thresholds, therefore no RACT analysis is required.

The revised calculations result in an increase in permitted VOC emissions from emission point C1FWE from 26.54 pph to 32.2 pph, an increase of 5.66 pph; this will cause an increase in the annual VOC emissions from C1FWE: 0.29 tpy to 0.35 tpy. The same review necessitates an inclusion of acetonitrile emissions in the amounts of <0.01 pph and <0.01 tpy being emitted from the same emission point. These emissions were originally included in the permit and were inadvertently removed when source C1GY was removed. The emissions are from source C1FW – Ingredient feed system, with respect to cylinder change-outs.

Also associated with source C1GY were emissions from de-inventorying and re-inventorying the ingredient feed system (C1FW); these also were inadvertently removed. As a result, we seek to add back into the permit 600 lbs/year of VOC emissions from re-inventorying the feed system, and 915 lbs/year of VOC emissions from de-inventorying the feed system. Therefore, we seek to increase the current limit of VOC emission from C1FQE by 0.76 tons (21.00 tpy to 21.76 tpy).

Air pollutant emission calculations for C1GX (ingredient system charge pot) were also revised to account for emissions that occur while inventorying the charge pot, increasing total VOC emissions from emission point C1GXE from 0.29 to 0.31 tons/year.

Source C2EQ (an oven) from area C2 is being transferred to area C1, with no physical moves or changes, as source C1GZ. C1GZ vents to a scrubber with a vacuum pump (C1GZC), then to emission point C1GZE. The atmospheric emissions from the oven are 0.51 lbs/hr and 0.18 tons/year VOCs, hydrofluoric acid emissions are expected to be trace, as are PM emissions; CO emissions are estimated to be 0.01 lbs/hr and 0.01 tons/year

#### **PSD**

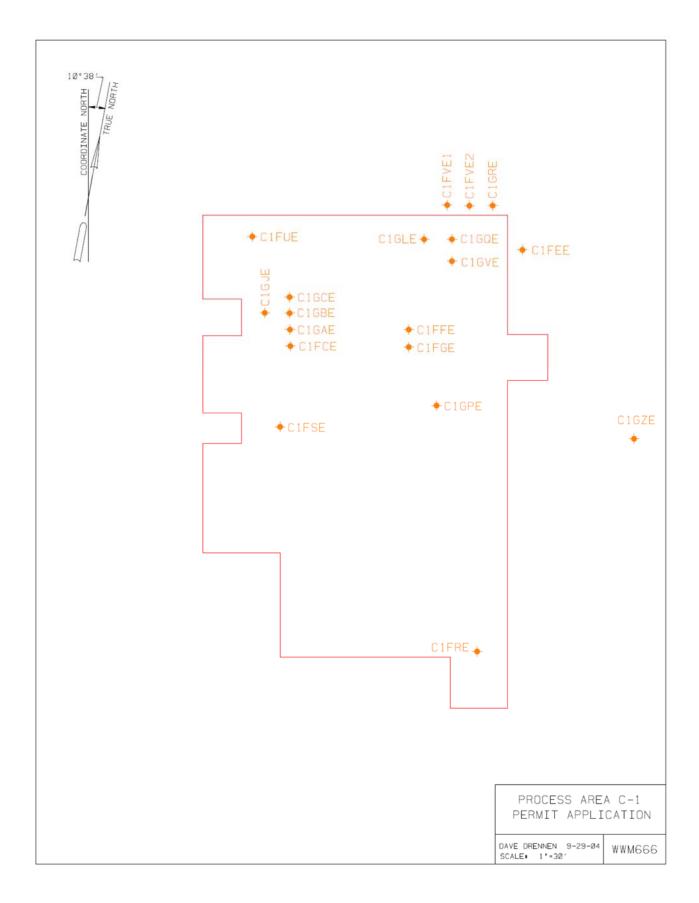
As of January 2, 2011, pursuant to actions taken by the USEPA, Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) became a regulated pollutant under the major NSR program. As such, an evaluation must be done for any increase in GHG emissions resulting from construction or modification to determine PSD applicability per 40 CFR 52.21. There are no new emissions of components listed in table A-1 of 40 CFR 98.2 therefore PSD for GHG does not apply.

For Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting, please read Attachment O of the equipment sheets.

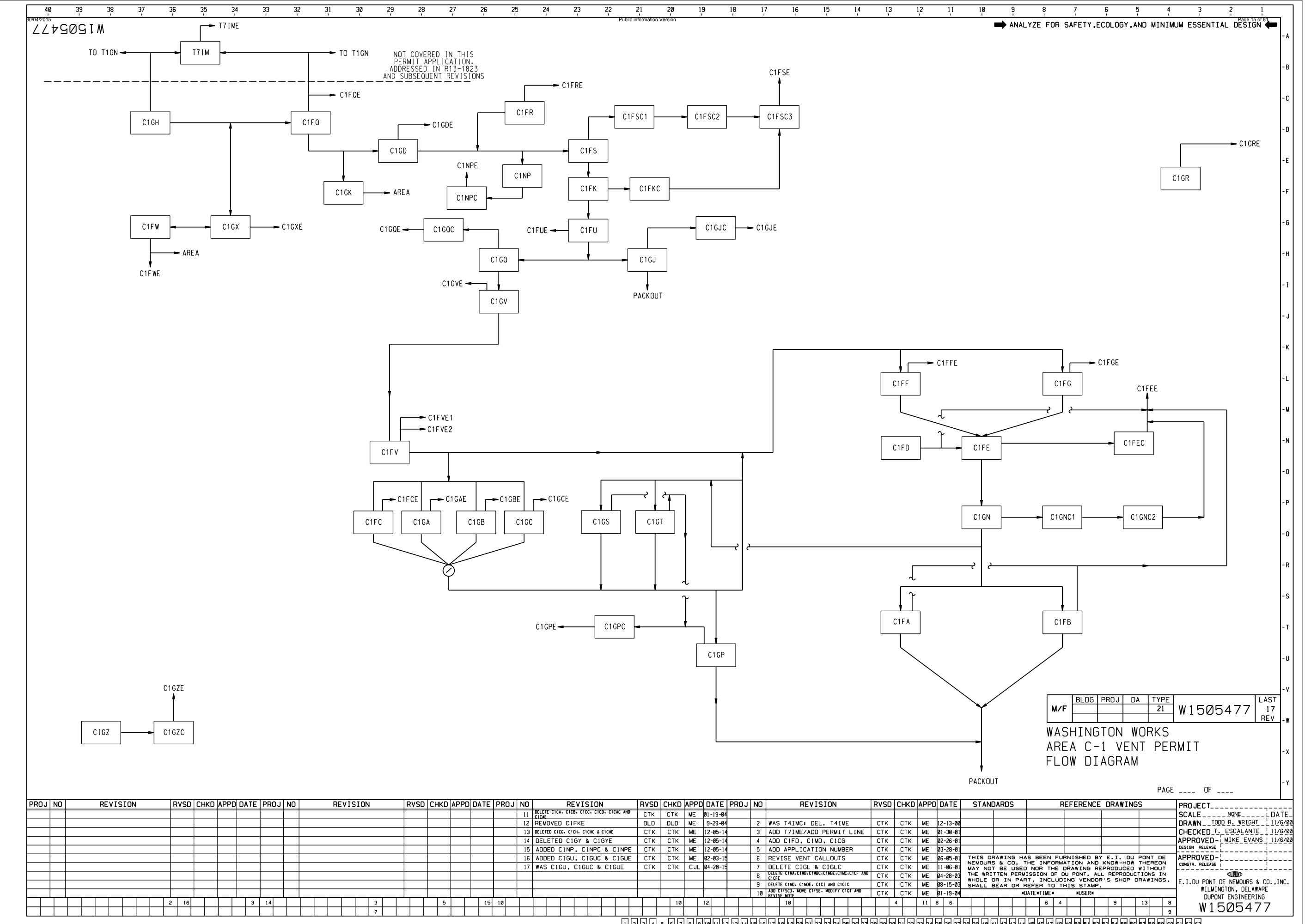
# **Requested Changes Summary for R13-2365**

Permit No.	Condition	Description of Proposed Permit Change	
	No.		
R13-2365E	Table A.1.	For emission point C1FQE, increase tpy VOC from 21.00 to 21.76.	
		For emission point C1FWE, increase VOC from 26.55 pph to 32.2	
		pph, and 0.29 tpy to 0.35 tpy.	
		Add emission point C1GZE for source C1GZ routed through control	
		device C1GZC, with air pollutant emissions of VOC (0.51 pph and	
		0.18 tpy), HF (0.01 pph and 0.01 tpy), PM (0.01 pph and 0.01 tpy) and	
		CO (0.01 pph and 0.01 tpy).	
R13-2365E	A.6.	Revise first sentence of 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph to state: "Monitoring shall be	
		conducted at least once per month."	
R13-2365E	Table B.3.(a)	Add control device C1GZC – Spray Tower with Vacuum Pump – If	
		water flow to the vacuum pump is ≤2 gpm, the heaters will	
		automatically shut down.	
R13-2365E	Table B.3.(b)	Add C1GZC, Vacuum Pump, Min. Water Flow (gpm) as the	
		parameter to be monitored.	
R13-2365E	Table B.8.	The middle column header should be changed to remove "Consent	
		Order", replacing it with "R13-3223."	
R13-2365E	B.8., page 10	Replace references to "CO-R21-97-47" with "R13-3223." Eliminate	
		reference to Attachment D in the permit text and eliminate attachment	
		D at the end of the permit by referencing to R13-3223.	

# Plot Plan



# Detailed Process Flow Diagrams



# Attachment G

# **Process Description**

#### C1-P Process Description

PFA is a copolymer of various monomers produced in a semi-batch polymerization process. The reaction requires a pre-charge of water, ethane, aqueous fluorosurfactants, water-soluble initiator salts and the monomers. During polymerization, the monomers and some make-up initiator are continually added to the reactor. The system is also designed to produce a low molecular weight Poly-TFE product, which is similar to PFA.

At batch end, un-reacted monomers will be vented down to 5 psig to the Thermal Converter (T7IMC) covered by permit 1823. When the Thermal converter is not operational, the unreacted monomers will be vented to Monomer's internal recovery device (T1GN). From 5 psig to a slight vacuum, the reactor will be vented to the atmosphere. See emissions summary sheet for vented amounts.

The aqueous emulsion produced in the reactor is transferred to the Isolation facility for further processing and then transferred to the Finishing system. Some of the aqueous surfactant added during polymerization is driven off in the drying step, and recovered by C1FSC2 and C1FSC3.

The dried polymer is pneumatically conveyed to various vessels, compacted, and then extruded to produce small pellets or cubes. A small amount of dry polymer bypasses the extruder and is packed out as fluff.

The cubes are blended in downstream facilities, and then either packed out for sale to customers, or transferred to the fluorination facilities. Material sent to the fluorination facilities is transferred into a reactor where the polymer end groups react with a fluorine/nitrogen mixture to produce a more stable product. The un-reacted fluorine and reaction byproducts are vented to C1FEC. The cubes are then cooled, sampled, and packed out for sale to customers.

The changes submitted in this Class II Administrative update R13-2365F include:

- Revised emissions calculations to reinstate emissions from the ingredient feed system (C1FW) through the reactor (C1FQ) to emission point (C1FQE), which were inadvertently removed in the application filed for R13-2365E. This includes increasing the hourly VOC emission rate for C1FQE from 21.00 to 21.76 tons per year.
- 2. Revised emissions calculations to reinstate emissions from the ingredient feed system (C1FW) to emission point C1FWE, which were inadvertently removed in the application filed for R13-2365E. This includes increasing the hourly VOC emission rate from 26.55 pph to 32.2 pph, and from 0.29 tons per year VOCs to 0.35 tons per year.
- 3. Revised calculations to include acetonitrile being emitted in <0.01 lbs/hr and <0.01 tons/year from source C1FW to emission point C1FWE.
- Revised calculations for C1GX (ingredient system charge pot) to account for emissions that
  occur while inventorying the charge pot, increasing total VOC emissions from emission point
  C1GXE from 0.29 to 0.31 tons/year.
- 5. Added C2EQ (an oven) from area C2 as source C1GZ, venting to a vacuum pump (C1GZC), then to emission point C1GZE. The atmospheric emissions from the oven are 0.51 lbs/hr and 0.18 tons/year VOCs, hydrofluoric acid emissions are expected to be trace, as are PM emissions; CO emissions are estimated to be 0.01 lbs/hr and 0.01 tons/year.

Attachment H

**MSDS Sheets** 



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014 Ref. 130000015609

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Tradename/Synonym : PEVE

Pentafluoroethyl Trifluorovinyl Ether

MSDS Number : 130000015609

Product Use : Monomer

Manufacturer : DuPont

1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19898

Product Information : +1-800-441-7515 (outside the U.S. +1-302-774-1000) Medical Emergency : 1-800-441-3637 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1139)

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Potential Health Effects

Carcinogenicity

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether	10493-43-3	>99%



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014

Ref. 130000015609

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Skin contact : Flush area with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has

occurred, call a physician.

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If

breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

General advice : When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable Properties

Flash point : Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : 175 °C (347 °F)

Lower explosion limit/ lower

flammability limit

: Type : lower flammability limit , 3 vol%

Upper explosion limit/ upper

flammability limit

: Type : upper flammability limit , 73 vol%

Fire and Explosion Hazard : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours or gases

may travel considerable distances to ignition source and flash back.

Hazardous gases/vapors produced are:

Hydrogen fluoride

potentially toxic fluorinated compounds

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014 Ref. 130000015609

Firefighting Instructions : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Wear neoprene

gloves during cleaning up work after a fire.

Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Protect from hydrogen fluoride fumes which react with water to

form hydrofluoric acid.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Evacuate personnel

to safe areas. Ventilate the area. Keep upwind of leak - evacuate until gas has dispersed. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel) : Avoid inhalation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing after use. Keep away from fire,

sparks and heated surfaces.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the

product. Do not contaminate tobacco products.

Handling (Physical Aspects) : When transferring from one container to another apply earthing measures

and use conductive hose material. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may

spread along floors.

Storage : Keep tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated area away from heat and

sunlight. Observe precautions for storage of compressed gases.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 30/04/2015 Material Safety Data Sheet



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014 Ref. 130000015609

Engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation especially for enclosed and low area

where vapors can accumulate.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must

use appropriate certified respirators. Wear NIOSH approved positive pressure

air-supplied respirator. Provide adequate ventilation.

Hand protection : Material: Neoprene

Eye protection : Wear coverall chemical splash goggles. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne

contact with this material.

Skin and body protection : Where there is potential for skin contact have available and wear as

appropriate impervious gloves, apron, pants, and jacket.

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

AEL \* (DUPONT) 200 ppm 8 & 12 hr. TWA

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Liquefied gas
Color : colourless
Odor : odourless

Boiling point : 7.4 °C (45.3 °F) at 1,013 hPa

% Volatile : 100 % Water solubility : negligible

<sup>\*</sup> AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014

Ref. 130000015609

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Conditions to avoid : Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions. Decomposes slowly in

air. Decomposes on heating.

Incompatibility : Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen fluoride, Fluorinated

compounds

Hazardous reactions : Polymerization will occur only in the presence of chemical initiators.

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 21000 ppm, Rat

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Aquatic Toxicity

Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

: no data available

**Environmental Fate** 

Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Biodegradability : 20 % OECD Test Guideline 301D

5/7



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014 Ref. 130000015609

Not readily biodegradable.

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Disposal : Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with

applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Container Disposal : Remove labels and thoroughly clean containers prior to recycling or reuse.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT UN number : 3154

Proper shipping name : Perfluoro(ethyl vinyl ether)

Class : 2.1 Labelling No. : 2.1

IATA\_C UN number : 3154

Proper shipping name : Perfluoro (ethyl vinyl ether)

Class : 2.1 Labelling No. : 2.1 UN number : 3154

Proper shipping name : PERFLUORO

Class : 2.1 Labelling No. : 2.1

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA (US) Status : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

**IMDG** 

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established

by SARA Title III, Section 313.

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

6/7



# Perfluoroethyl vinyl ether

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/08/2014

Ref. 130000015609

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Restrictions for use

: Do not use DuPont materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from DuPont under a written contract that is consistent with DuPont policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your DuPont representative. You may also request a copy of the DuPont POLICY Regarding Medical Applications and DuPont

**CAUTION** Regarding Medical Applications.

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of China and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

Section 1 - Chemical and Enterprise Identification

Product name : Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether Product name in English : Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Other names : PFVE

PPVE

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use : Monomer

Monomer

Restrictions on use : For industrial use only.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Du Pont China Holding Co., Ltd

Street address : China, Shanghai, 399 KeYuan Road, Bldg 11, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong

New District 201203

Telephone : 86 21 3862 2888 Telefax : 86 21 3862 2889

E-mail address : AP-CN-OTHER-SHZHANG-CHINA-PS&R-CC@dupont.com

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: 86 532 8388 9090

Date of first preparation : 2010/12/06

#### Section 2 - Hazard Identification

**GHS Hazard Category** 

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Endpoints which are not classified, cannot be classified or are not applicable are not shown.

**Label content** 

Pictogram :



Signal word : Danger

Hazardous warnings : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary : Preventive Measures:

statements Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Accident Response:** 

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Safe Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Waste Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

Vapours may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

#### **Main Symptom After Contact**

No information available.

#### Section 3 - Ingredients/Composition Information

Chemical nature : Substance

Components

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether 1623-05-8 >=97% Fluorocarbons <=3%

# Section 4 - First-aid Measures

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at

rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

**Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Eye contact : Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give 2 glasses of water. Get immediate

medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

No information available.

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician : No information available.

# Section 5 - Fire-fighting Measures



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Dry chemical

Specific hazards : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours or gases may

travel considerable distances to ignition source and flash back. Hazardous

decomposition products Fluorinated compounds Flammable liquid

Hydrofluoric acid...%, Carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear suitable

protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing

methods

No information available.

Further information : Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire. Use extinguishing measures that are

appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Shut off source of fuel, if possible and without risk. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

# **Section 6 - Leak Emergency Treatment**

Protective measures, devices and emergency treatment procedure for workers Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Beware of vapours accumulating to form

explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions

: Prevent further leakage or spillage. Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Should not be

released into the environment.

Methods and materials for containment and

cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Dike spill. Cover with dry sodium carbonate.

Prevention of secondary

hazards

No information available.

**Additional advice** : Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

# Section 7 - Operation Handling and Storage

# **Operation Handling**

Technical measures/Precautions

: Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing after use. Keep container tightly closed. Use in well ventilated area away from possible ignition sources. Keep

away from heat and flame.



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

Precautions for safe

handling

When transferring from one container to another apply earthing measures and use conductive hose material. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

**Storage** 

Suitable storage conditions

: Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

# Section 8 - Exposure Control and Personal Protection

#### **Control parameters**

No information available.

Engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation especially for enclosed and low area where

vapors can accumulate.

**Biological occupational** 

exposure limits

: No information available.

# Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators. Provide adequate ventilation.

Hand protection : Material: Neoprene

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection : Wear coverall chemical splash goggles., Additionally wear a face shield where the

possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne contact

with this material.

Skin protection : If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heat resistant

clothing and footwear.

Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Do not contaminate tobacco products.

#### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance (Physical state, form, colour, etc.)

Physical state : liquid
Form : liquid
Colour : colourless

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : No information available.



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

**pH** : No information available.

Melting point/freezing point

Melting point : < -35 ℃

Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point : 36 ℃

Flash point : -20 ℃

Method: Tag closed cup - TCC

**Evaporation rate** : 55

(Butyl Acetate=1.0)

Flammability (solid, gas) : No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit : 47 vol% Lower explosion limit : 1.1 vol%

Vapour pressure : 1,100 hPa (37 °C)

Vapour density : 11

(Air = 1.0)

**Density** 

Density : 1.53 g/cm3 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No information available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No information available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Auto-ignition temperature

: 157 ℃

Decomposition

temperature

: No information available.

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, kinematic : No information available.

Molecular weight : No information available.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity** : No information available.

**Chemical stability** : Slowly oxidizes in the presence of air to form acid fluoride.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will occur only in the presence of chemical initiators.

**Conditions to avoid** : Decomposes on heating. Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Heating can release hazardous gases.

#### Public information Version

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

Materials to avoid : strong oxidizers

**Hazardous** : acid fluorides, Fluorinated compounds

decomposition products

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Inhalation

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether : LC50/4 h/Rat(vapour): > 58.7 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects. Evidence suggests this substance does not cause genetic

damage in animals.

Carcinogenicity

No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

No information available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** 

No information available.

Other

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether : Repeated dose toxicity:

Inhalation/Rat

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

#### Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Acute and prolonged toxicity to fish

Perfluoropropyl vinyl ether : LC50/96 h/Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish): 1,088 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

No information available.



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### Section 13 - Waste Disposal

Waste disposal methods : In accordance with local and national regulations. Reseal and return the container

to any authorized DuPont refilling facility.

**Contaminated packaging**: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling

or disposal.

#### Section 14 - Transport Information

#### **China Dangerous Goods Regulation**

UN number : 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Class : 3 Packing group : II

**IMDG** 

UN number : 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Perfluoropropylvinyl Ether)

Class : 3 Packing group : II Marine pollutant : no

**IATA** 

UN number : 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Perfluoropropylvinyl Ether)

Class : 3 Packing group : II

Matters needing attention

for transportation

Not applicable

#### Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulation on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China

Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Disease

Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution

Marine Environment Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Fire Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace Part 1 Chemical hazardous agents



# Perfluoropropyl Vinyl Ether

Version 3.1

Revision Date 2014/09/05 Document no. 130000017112

(GBZ2.1)

Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace Part 2 Physical agents (GBZ2.2)

General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690)

Lists of Dangerous Goods (GB12268)

Dangerous goods classification (GB6944)

Common dangerous chemical storage rules (GB15603)

Packaging Symbols of Dangerous Goods (GB190)

National Hazardous Waste Inventory

#### Section 16 - Other Information

References

SDS Number: 130000017112

**Revision Date/Version** 

Date of first preparation : 2010/12/06 Revision Date : 2014/09/10

Version : 3.1

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1



The MSDS format adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet regulatory requirements in other countries.

DuPont Page Material Safety Data Sheet

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TFE MONOMER, TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

25610177 Revised 18-DEC-2009

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CHEMICAL PRODUCT/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identification

CAS Number : 116-14-3 Formula : F2CCF2

CAS Name : Ethene, Tetrafluoro

Tradenames and Synonyms

PERFLUOROETHYLENE

TFE MONOMER

F-1114

K-1114

TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

FC-1114

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

DuPont Washington Works

Parkersburg, WV

PHONE NUMBERS

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

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COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Components

Material CAS Number % TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE 116-14-3 99.95

VARIOUS FLUOROCARBONS 0.05

\_\_\_\_\_\_

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Potential Health Effects

Based on animal data, repeated or excessive overexposure by inhalation to Tetrafluoroethylene may cause pathological changes in the kidnesy and liver.

DuPont controls Tetrafluoroethylene as a potential carcinogenic hazard. Data indicate that this material may cause cancer.

25610177 DuPont

Material Safety Data Sheet

(HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - Continued)

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as carcinogens.

Material
TFE MONOMER, TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

IARC NTP OSHA ACGIH
2B X A3

Page

2

DuPont controls the following materials as carcinogens: TFE MONOMER, TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE.

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#### FIRST AID MEASURES

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# First Aid

INHALATION

If inhaled, immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. Treat for frostbite if necessary by gently warming affected area.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

INGESTION

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

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#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Flammable Properties

Flammable limits in Air, % by Volume

LEL : 12 UEL : 52

Autoignition : 218 C (424 F)

Actual Autoignition Temperature (AIT) can be affected by the concentration of vapors and oxygen, vapor/air contact time, pressure, volume, catalytic impurities, etc. Process conditions should be analyzed to determine if the AIT's may be higher or lower.

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

25610177

### DuPont Material Safety Data Sheet

Page 3

(FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES - Continued)

Flammable gas. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Vapors or gases may travel considerable distances to ignition source and flash back. Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are hydrogen fluoride (HF), potentially toxic fluorinated compounds.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Flammable and highly reactive gas; in the absence of air, TFE can decompose with explosive force if ignition source is present.

Flammable gas. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Vapors or gases may travel considerable distances to ignition source and flash back. Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are hydrogen fluoride (HF), potentially toxic fluorinated compounds.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Flammable and highly reactive gas; in the absence of air, TFE can decompose with explosive force if ignition source is present.

Extinguishing Media

Dry Chemical, CO2, Water Spray.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective equipment. Shut off source of fuel, if possible and without risk. Cool tank/container with water spray. Fight fire from a distance, heat may rupture containers. Hydrogen fluoride fumes emitted during a fire can react with water to form hydrofluoric acid. Wear neoprene gloves when handling refuse from fire.

After fire is out, sufficient water should be used to remove residual HF from area.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

## 25610177 DuPont Page Material Safety Data Sheet

### (ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES - Continued)

Evacuate personnel, thoroughly ventilate area, use self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective gear. Keep upwind of leak - evacuate until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all sources of ignition - heat, sparks, flame, electricity, impact and friction.

### EMERGENCY EXPOSURE LIMITS (EELs)

DuPont EELs are set for emergency situations, such as a spill or accidental release of a chemical. They specify brief durations and concentrations from which escape is feasible without any escape-impairing or irreversible effects on health. EELs are only applicable to emergency situations where occurence is expected to be rare in the lifetime of an individual.

### TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

EEL : 100,000 ppm-min for 60 minutes

Ceiling 20,000 ppm

### EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANNING GUIDELINES

CHEMICAL NAME: TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

ERPG-1 : 200 ppm ERPG-2 : 1,000 ppm ERPG-3 : 10,000 ppm

ERPG values are established by the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA), and are defined as follows: The maximum airborne concentration below which it is believed that nearly all individuals could be exposed for up to one hour without:

- (1) experiencing other than mild, transient adverse health effects or without perceiving a clearly defined objectionable odor (ERPG-1).
- (2) experiencing or developing irreversible or other serious health effects or symptoms which could impair an individual's ability to take protective action (ERPG-2).
- (3) experiencing or developing life-threatening health effects (ERPG-3).

### Spill Clean Up

Allow to evaporate or disperse leaks in air.

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

4

25610177

### DuPont Material Safety Data Sheet

Page 5

(ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES - Continued)

#### # Accidental Release Measures

Use a detector to determine vapor presence before returning personnel to area without masks. Explosion meters must be approved for use in TFE Service. TFE has been found to cause certain explosion meters to fail so they do not detect the presence of flammable mixtures.

Detectors approved for TFE use are: MSA 2A explosimeter (& no others by MSA or anyone); Miran 1BX IR air analyzer (battery powered only); TIF model HLD440 halogen leak detector; OVA 108 and 128 organic vapor analyzer. Crowcon Detection Instruments, Ltd. Model Triple Plus combustible gas detector with %LEL, % Oxygen, and ppm CO detection. (Meter has been replaced with an updated model "Triple Plus +".)

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#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

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Handling (Personnel)

Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Handling (Physical Aspects)

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. All electrical devices (except for motors) containing any type of electrical contacts must be either intrinsically safe, or be hermetically sealed, or be oil-immersed, or be enclosed in an air or N2 purged enclosure. In addition, all electrical devices (including motors) must have a temperature rating no higher than T2C (US), or T3 (Europe), or their equivalent.

Electrical motors must be 3 phase, TEFC (totally enclosed fan cooled), with contacts, if so equipped, that are non-arcing. All electrical equipment with heated surfaces (including lighting fixtures) must not have an operating temperature greater than 245 deg C (TFE's AIT). For equipment having large surface areas (including pipelines, large process heaters, etc) the temperature limit is 80% of this value (i.e., 196 deg C). Because of a TFE flame's ability to pass the smallest gap tested in UL tests, its electrical classification is Class 1, Division 1 or 2, Group C + TFE.

### Storage

Store in a well ventilated place. Store away from heat, sparks and flames, ignition sources, oxidizers, combustibles. Store below -30 C (-22 F).

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

25610177 DuPont Page 6
Material Safety Data Sheet

### (HANDLING AND STORAGE - Continued)

Uninhibited liquid TFE above -30 deg C or uninhibited TFE gas above 100 psig at room temperature, are not safe to handle or store without attention being given to vessel and personnel protection devices and enclosures. Uninhibited TFE is subject to autopolymerization. The resultant polymer ball is the most likely "normal" ignition source for TFE when it comes in contact with TFE vapor.

### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Engineering Controls

Use only with adequate ventilation especially for enclosed and low area where vapors can accumulate. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits.

### Personal Protective Equipment

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses or coverall chemical splash goggles.

RESPIRATORS: Where there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Where there is potential for skin contact have available and wear as appropriate impervious gloves, apron, pants, and jacket.

Recommended glove and clothing material: Neoprene, Butyl Rubber.

### Exposure Guidelines

### Exposure Limits

TFE MONOMER, TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

PEL (OSHA) : None Established

TLV (ACGIH) : 2 ppm, 8 Hr. TWA, A3

AEL \* (DuPont) : 2 ppm, 8 & 12 Hr. TWA

STEL 25 ppm, 15 minute TWA

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

<sup>\*</sup> AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

30/04/2015 Page 40 of 81 Public information Version

25610177 DuPont Page

Material Safety Data Sheet

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### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Physical Data

## 100 WT%

Solubility in Water : 7 ppm/psi @ 25 deg C

: None Odor : Gas Form Color Color . Color . Specific Gravity : 1.32 @ -30C Vapor Density : 3.53 : Colorless

### Physical Hazards

Liquid TFE will cause severe frost burn.

### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Chemical Stability

Unstable with heat. Unstable with static charges. Decomposition can cause dangerous pressure build-up in container, an explosion.

### Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with oxidizers, air. Contact with incompatibles can cause dangerous pressure build-up in container, an explosion.

Also incompatible with hydrogen and ethylene.

### Decomposition

Decomposes with heat.

Decomposition temperature: 470-550 C (878-1022 F)

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including hydrogen fluoride (HF), potentially toxic fluorinated compounds.

### Polymerization

Violent polymerization can occur. Conditions leading to polymerization include exposure to air, contamination with free radical initiators, heat, high pressure. Polymerization can cause dangerous pressure build-up in container, an explosion.

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

7

25610177

### DuPont Material Safety Data Sheet

Page 8

(STABILITY AND REACTIVITY - Continued)

Other Hazards

Incompatible with high surface solids like alumina, carbon, silica gel, molecular sieves. Incompatible with metals like zinc, aluminum, and magnesium above their melting points. Incompatible with most oxides and salts that have been activated by heating.

### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Animal Data

Tetrafluoroethylene

Inhalation 4 hour CL50: 31,000 ppm in rats

Single exposure by inhalation to high doses of Tetrafluoroethylene caused kidney damage. Repeated exposure caused kidney damage, testicular effects, increased kidney and liver weight, increased urine fluoride, low blood pressure, and anemia. Long-term exposure caused reduced weight gain, kidney damage, increased urine output, liver effects, testicular effects, cataracts and some mortality.

Data show an increased incidence of tumors and leukemia in laboratory animals. No animal data are available to define the developmental, or reproductive hazards of Tetrafluoroethylene. Tests have shown that Tetrafluoroethylene does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures, or in animals. Tetrafluoroethylene has not been tested for its ability to cause permanent genetic damage in reproductive cells of mammals (not tested for heritable genetic damage).

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Waste Disposal

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations.

Discarded material is a RCRA Hazardous Waste. RCRA hazardous waste number is D001

25610177 DuPont Page 9

Material Safety Data Sheet

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### REGULATORY INFORMATION

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U.S. Federal Regulations

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL LISTS

CERCLA Hazardous Substance : Yes

TSCA Inventory Status : In compliance with TSCA Inventory

requirements for commercial purposes.

Subject to TSCA 12(b) export

notification.

TITLE III HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS SECTIONS 311, 312

Acute : Yes Chronic : Yes Fire : Yes Reactivity : Yes Pressure : Yes

\_\_\_\_\_\_

OTHER INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_\_

NFPA, NPCA-HMIS

NFPA Rating

Health : 3
Flammability : 4
Reactivity : 3

Additional Information

COMMUNITY EXPOSURE GUIDELINES (CEGs)

A DuPont Community Exposure Guideline (CEG) is an exposure guideline established by Haskell Laboratory. The CEG assumes a 24-hour lifetime exposure by all, including the most sensitive individuals, in an exposed community population. Exposure above the CEG will not necessarily result in any adverse effects. Where data indicates that the CEG may be approached or exceeded, Haskell, the appropriate business, and Legal will evaluate what action, if any, should be taken.

TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

CEG : 2 ppm

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The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Responsibility for MSDS: REGULATORY AFFAIRS

25610177 DuPont Page 10

Material Safety Data Sheet

(Continued)

Address : DUPONT FLUOROPRODUCTS

CHESTNUT RUN PLAZA 713 WILMINGTON, DE 19880-0713

Telephone : 302-999-2632

# Indicates updated section.

This information is based upon technical information believed to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience is gained.

End of MSDS

Print Date: 4 - 9 - 2015

### Attachment I

## **Equipment List Form**

# Public information Version Equipment List – Attachment I

Type Change, if any (New,	Date of	Emissions	Unit (Source)		tion Control evice	Emission Point			
Modification, or Removal)	Change	ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	ID No.	Emission Type		
No Change		C1GH	Ingredient Feed System	T7IMC, None, Recycle	Thermal Converter, None	T7IME,C1FQE	Stack		
Modification	2Q/2015	C1FW	Ingredient Feed System	N/A	None	C1FWE, Area	Stack		
No Change		C1GX	Tank	N/A	None	C1GXE	Area		
Modification	2Q/2015	C1FQ <sup>a</sup>	Reactor	T7IMC, None, Recycle	one, Converter, T7IME,C1FQE		Stack		
No Change		C1GD	Tank	N/A	None	C1GDE	Stack		
No Change		C1GK	Sump	N/A	None	Area	Area		
No Change		C1FR	Recovery System	N/A	None	C1FRE	Stack		
No Change		C1FS	Dryer	C1FSC1,C 1FSC2, C1FSC3	Baghouse, Scrubber, DBS	C1FSE	Stack		
No Change		C1FK	Conveying System	C1FKC, C1FSC3	Baghouse, DBS	C1FSE	Stack		
No Change		C1FU	Bin	N/A	None	C1FUE	Stack		
No Change		C1GJ	Conveying System	C1GJC	Baghouse	C1GJE	Stack		
No Change		C1GQ	Conveying System	C1GQC	Baghouse	C1GQE	Stack		
No Change		C1GV	Hopper	N/A	None	C1GVE	Stack		
No Change No change		C1GV C1FV	Hopper Extruder	N/A N/A	None None	C1GVE C1FVE1, C1FVE2	Stack Stack		
No change		C1FC, C1GA, C1GB, C1GC	Bin	N/A	None	C1FCE, C1GAE, C1GBE, C1GCE	Stack		
No change		C1GS, C1GT	Blender #1, #2	C1GPC	Baghouse	C1GPE	Stack		
No change		C1FF, C1FG	Bins	N/A	None	C1FFE, C1FGE	Stack		
No change		C1FD	Supply Cylinder	N/A	None	C1FEE	Stack		
No change		C1FE	Reactor	C1FEC	Scrubber	C1FEE	Stack		
No change		C1GN	Conveying System	C1GNC1 C1GNC2	Baghouse	C1FEE	Stack		
No Change		C1FA,C1FB	Bins	N/A	None	C1FEE	Stack		
No Change		C1GP	Conveying System	C1GPC	Baghouse	C1GPE	Stack		
No change		C1GR	Cleaning station	N/A	None	C1GRE	Stack		
No change		C1NP	Recovery System	C1NPC Scrubber C1NPE		C1NPE	Stack		
Modification	2Q/2015	C1GZ	Oven	C1GZC	Vacuum Pump	C1GZE	Stack		
a This dovice can be	vented lecally	or cont book to the N	lanamar plant udara	the general of		the a war allow also at way on al	The a		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> This device can be vented locally or sent back to the Monomer plant where the gasses can be recycled or thermally destroyed. The emissions from such activity are described in R13-1823.

## Attachment J Emission Points Data Summary Sheets

### Public information Version Emission Points Data Sheet Process Area: C1

										Alea. <u>Cl</u>												
Emission point	Source(s) Vented Th	nrough This Point1	Air Polu	tion Control	Vent Time f	or Source	All Regulated	Maximu	m Potential	Maximu	m Potential	Emission					Exit Gas					
ID No. (Must match	(Must match Equip	oment List Form		(Must match ent List Form	(Chemical F	Processes	Pollutants- Chemical	Unco	ontrolled			Form or Phase (At										
	and Plot	n lan		Plot plan)	Oni	6.0		Emi	ssions <sup>3</sup>	Controllo	d Emissions <sup>4</sup>	exit conditions,		Emission						on Point ation	UTM Coord	
Equipment List	ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device	Short Term		Name/CAS <sup>2</sup>	Lb/Hr	Ton/Yr	Lb/Hr	Ton/yr	Solid,	Est.	Concentration <sup>6</sup>	Inner	Temp.	Volumetric	Volonity	Ground		Northing	
Form and Plot	ID No.	Source	ID NO.	Device	Short reini	iviax	(Speciate VOCs &	LD/TII	101711	LD/III	1011/y1	Liquid, or	Method	(PPMV or	Diameter	remp.	flow <sup>7</sup>	velocity	Giodila	Stack	Northing	Lasting
plan)				Type		(Hr/Yr)	HAPS)					Gas/Vapor)	Used <sup>5</sup>	Mg/M <sup>3</sup> )	(Ft.)	(F)	(acfm)	(fps)	Level	Height <sup>8</sup>		
Area	C1FW	Vinyl Ether	none		•	< 6 hrs per	VOC	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	Gas	E.E.	1E6	NA	86	<1	NA	630	1	4,346,800M	442,310M
		Feed System			event	year	A	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0		057								
							Acetonitrile 75- 05-8 (HAP)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Gas	E.E.	<257								
	C1GK	Supernate	None		< 10 min per	< 500 hrs	VOC	1.90	0.20	1.90	0.20	Gas	E.E.	9.36E+05	NA	140	<1	NA	630	0	4,346,800M	442.310M
							Non-Regulated	0.20	0.02	0.20	0.02	Gas	E.E.	3309						_	.,,	,
							ODC	0.08	0.01	0.08	0.01	Gas	E.E.	57000								
							Acetonitrile 75-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Gas	E.E.	1984								
C1FCE	C1FC	auta bia	Nana		Continuous	0700	05-8 (HAP)	0.40	0.45	0.40	0.45	0		40.0	0.05	440	007	00	000	00.7	4.040.00014	440.04014
CIFCE	CIFC	cube bin	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.15	Gas	E.E.	10.2	0.25	140	267	90	630	69.7	4,346,800M	442,310M
							Particulate	0.10	0.30	0.10	0.30	Particulate	E.E.	84 mg/M3								
C1FEE	C1FA	Cool down bin	None		Semi-	8760	Fluorides	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.03	Gas	E.E	1.4	1.885	Amb.	8690	51.9	630	140	4,346,800M	442,310M
					continuous																	
							HF (HAP) Particulate	Trace Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	Gas	E.E. E.E.	Trace								
	C1FB	Cool down bin	None		Semi-	8760	Fluorides	0.07	Trace Included	Trace 0.07	Trace Included	Particulate Gas	E.E.	Trace	1.885	Amb.	8690	51.9	630	140	4,346,800M	442 310M
	CIFB	Coordown bin	None		continuous	8700	ridondes	0.07	with C1FA	0.07	with C1FA	Gas	L.L		1.000	AIIID.	8090	31.9	030	140	4,340,000101	442,310101
							HF (HAP)	Trace		Trace		Gas	E.E.	1.4								
							Particulate	Trace		Trace		Particulate	E.E.	Trace								
	C1FD	F <sub>2</sub> /N <sub>2</sub> supply	none		Continuous	8760	Fluorides	0.11	0.001	0.11	0.001	Gas	E.E.	2.23	1.885	Amb.	8000	47.8	630	140	4,346,800M	442,310M
		cylinder																				
	C1FE	Fluorinator	C1FEC	Scrubber	Continuous	8760	HF (HAP)	1.26	1.08	0.02	0.011	Gas	E.E.	0.508	1.885	Amb.	8000	47.8	630	140	4,346,800M	442,310M
							Fluorides	2.82	5.95	0.15	0.16	Gas	E.E.	5.03								
							PM10	0.34	0.29	0.13	0.10	Gas	E.E	8.56mg/m3								
							Non-regulated	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.01	Gas	E.E	0.278								
	C1GN	Cube convey:	C1GNC	Baghouses	Continuous	8760	Particulate	1.37	0.30	0.01	0.01	Particulate	E.E.	.022 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	1.885	<392	8385	50	630	140	4,346,800M	442,310M
		C1GN to C1FA	1																			
		& C1FB	C1GNC																			
		a CIFB	2																			

### Public information Version Emission Points Data Sheet Process Area: C1

ID No. (Must	ource(s) Vented Thr (Must match Equipr and Plot p ID No.	ment List Form	Device (I	tion Control Must match	Vent Time for	or Source	All Regulated	Maximur	m Potential	Maximu	m Potential	Emission					Exit Gas					
match Equipment List Form and Plot plan)	and Plot		,	Must match								Form or									1	
match Equipment List Form and Plot plan)	and Plot				(Chemical F	Processes	Pollutants-	Unco	ntrolled			Phase (At										
Form and Plot plan)	i i		Equipme	nt List Form	(		Chemical					exit							Emissio	on Point		
plan)	ID No.	olan)	and P	Plot plan)	Onl	y)	Name/CAS <sup>2</sup>	Emis	ssions <sup>3</sup>	Controlled	d Emissions⁴	conditions,		Emission					Elev		UTM Coord	dinates (m)
plan)		Source	ID No.	Device	Short Term	Max	(Speciate VOCs &	Lb/Hr	Ton/Yr	Lb/Hr	Ton/yr	Solid,	Est.	Concentration <sup>6</sup>	Inner	Temp.	Volumetric	Velocity	Ground	Stack	Northing	Easting
, ,				_			` '					Liquid, or	Method	(PPMV or	Diameter	<b>.</b>	flow <sup>7</sup>	,,				
C1FFF				Type		(Hr/Yr)	HAPS)	T	T	T	T	Gas/Vapor)	Used <sup>5</sup>	Mg/M <sup>3</sup> )	(Ft.)	(F)	(acfm)	(fps)	Level	Height <sup>8</sup>		
	C1FF	Heat up bin	none		Continuous	8760	Fluorides VOC	Trace 0.12	Trace 0.15	Trace 0.12	Trace 0.15	Gas Gas	E.E.	12.45	0.529	401	560.6	42.4	630	93	4,346,800M	1 442 210M
31112	CIFF	rieat up bili	none		Continuous	0700	VOC	0.12	0.15	0.12	0.15	Gas	E.E.	12.43	0.529	401	300.0	42.4	030	93	4,340,000101	442,31000
							Particulate	0.10	0.30	0.10	0.30	Particulate	E.E.	48 mg/M3								
C1FGE	C1FG	Heat up bin	none		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.12	Included in	0.12	Included in	Gas	E.E.	12.45	0.529	401	560.6	42.4	630	93	4,346,800M	442,310M
									C1FF		C1FF											
24525	0.150	854 8 11					Particulate	0.10		0.10	21.52	Particulate	E.E.	48 mg/M3						- 10		
C1FQE	C1FQ	PFA Polykettle	None		5 min per batch	< 225	VOC	38.54	21.76	38.54	21.76	Gas	E.E	8.20E+05	0.138	140	7.5	8.4	630	49	4,346,800M	442,310M
					batch	hrs/yr	Non-regulated	2.62	0.07	2.62	0.07	Gas	E.E	138000								
							ODC	0.93	0.07	0.93	0.07	Gas	E.E	825								
							Acetonitrile 75-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Gas	E.E	400								
							05-8															
	C1GH	TFE feed	None		< 30 min.	15 hrs per	VOC	4.94	0.08	4.94	0.08	Gas	E.E	990000 ppm	0.138	110	5	6	630	49	4,346,800M	1 442,310M
		System			per event	year						_										
							Non-regulated	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.01	Gas	E.E E.E	10000 ppm								
C1FRE	C1FR	Ammonium	None		10 min per	608 hrs	ODC Ammonia	Trace 0.31	Trace 0.21	Trace 0.31	Trace 0.21	Gas Gas	E.E.	Trace 582	1	Amb.	1200	25.5	630	25.5	4,346,800M	1 442,310M
CIFRE	CIFK	Carbonate	None		transfer, 10	000 1115	Ammonia	0.51	0.21	0.31	0.21	Gas	E.E.	562	'	AIIID.	1200	25.5	630	25.5	4,346,6000101	442,310101
		System			per day																	
C1FSE	C1FS, C1FK	Torus Disc	C1FSC1	Baghouse	Continuous	Cont.	PM10	505.43	888.52	0.23	0.56	Particulate	E.E.	61mg/M^3	0.69	41-140	600-1000	26.9-	630	115	4346744M	441787M
	·	Dryer & Fluff	C1FSC2	-										-								
		Conveying	C1FSC3	Scrubber														44.8				
							PM	1555.43	2638.56	0.00	0.00	Particulate		50 /8440								
							APFO <sup>a</sup>	5.400	13.425	0.220	0.543	Particulate	EE	59mg/M^3								
C1FUE	C1FU	Fluff bin above	None		Continuous	Cont.	VOC PM10	0.65	1.60 0.22	0.65	1.60 0.22	Gas Particulate	EE.	0000 043	0.166	Amb.	11	8.4	630	52.45	4,346,800M	142 210M
CIFUL	CIFU	compactor	None		Continuous	Cont.	FIVITO	0.20	0.22	0.20	0.22	railiculate	L.L.	3080 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.100	AIIID.	'''	0.4	030	32.43	4,340,000101	442,31000
C1FVE1	C1FV	Extruder	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.40	0.14	0.40	0.14	Gas	E.E	0.05	3.75 X	Amb.	22830	39.9	630	27.5	4,346,800M	1 442,310M
	-								-						2.54						,	,
							Fluoride	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	Gas	E.E	trace								
							PM10	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.15	Liquid	E.E	.571mg/m^3								
							Non-Reg.	0.01	0.023	0.01	0.023	Gas	E.E	0.05								
C1FVE2	C1FV	Extruder	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.50	0.08	0.50	0.08	Gas	E.E	.24	2.08 x	Amb.	6802	21.3	630	27.5	4,346,800M	442,310M
															1.41							
							Fluoride	1.63	0.111	1.63	0.111	Gas	E.E	23								
C1FWE	C1FW	Vinyl Ether	None			< 6 hrs per	VOC	32.20	0.35	32.20	0.35	Gas	E.E	4.00E+05	0.0358	86	<1	15	630	10	4,346,800M	1 442,310M
		Feed System			event	year	Acetonitrile 75-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Gas	E.E	36								
							05-8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Gas	E.E	30								
C1GAE	C1GA	cube bin	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.04	Included in	0.04	Included in	Gas	E.E.	10.2	0.25	140	267	90	630	69.7	4,346,800M	442.310M
							Particulate	0.08	C1FC	0.08	C1FC	Particulate	E.E.	84 mg/M3							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
C1GBE	C1GB	cube bin	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.04	Included in	0.04	Included in	Gas	E.E.	10.2	0.25	140	267	90	630	69.7	4,346,800M	1 442,310M
JIGBL	0100	Cube bill	NONE		Continuods	0700	VOO	0.04	moluudu III	0.04		Cas	L.L.	10.2	0.20	140	201	30	000	03.1	-,0 <del>-1</del> 0,000IVI	772,01000

#### Emission Points Data Sheet Process Area: C1

-	7						r					•		•							ī	
Emission point	Source(s) Vented Th	rough This Point <sup>1</sup>		tion Control	Vent Time f	or Source	All Regulated	Maximu	um Potential	Maximu	m Potential	Emission					Exit Gas					
ID No. (Must	(Must match Equip	mont Lint Form	Device (	Must match	(Chemical F	Processes	Pollutants-	Line	ontrolled			Form or Phase (At										
match	(IVIUST MATCH EQUIL	ineni List Form	Equipme	ent List Form	(Crieffilear)	10003303	Chemical	Onc	ontrolled			exit							Emissio	on Point		
Equipment List	and Plot	plan)	and F	Plot plan)	Oni	(v)	Name/CAS <sup>2</sup>	Em	issions <sup>3</sup>	Controlle	d Emissions <sup>4</sup>			Emission						ation	UTM Coord	inates (m)
Form and Plot	ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device	Short Term	Max	(Speciate VOCs &	Lb/Hr	Ton/Yr	Lb/Hr	Ton/yr	Solid,	Est.	Concentration <sup>6</sup>	Inner	Temp.	Volumetric	Velocity	Ground	Stack	Northing	Easting
							` '					Liquid, or	Method	(PPMV or	Diameter		flow <sup>7</sup>					
plan)				Type		(Hr/Yr)	HAPS)		0.450		0.150	Gas/Vapor)	Used <sup>5</sup>	Mg/M³)	(Ft.)	(F)	(acfm)	(fps)	Level	Height <sup>8</sup>		
C1GCE	C1GC	and a bis	Mana		Continuo	0700	Particulate VOC	0.08	C1FC Included in	0.08	C1FC	Particulate	E.E.	84 mg/M3 10.2	0.05	140	267	90	600	00.7	4.040.00014	440.04004
CIGCE	CIGC	cube bin	None		Continuous	8760	VOC	0.04	included in	0.04	Included in	Gas	E.E.	10.2	0.25	140	267	90	630	69.7	4,346,800M	442,310IVI
							Particulate	0.08	C1FC	0.08	C1FC	Particulate	E.E.	84 mg/M3								
C1GDE	C1GD	Stab Tank	None		< 30 min per	<1200 hrs	VOC	1.89	2.30	1.89	2.30	Gas	E.E	11500	0.5	140	30	8.4	630	16	4,346,800M	442,310M
					event	per year																
							Non-regulated	0.20	0.01	0.20	0.01	Gas	E.E	41								
							ODC Acetonitrile 75	0.08 - 0.01	0.01 0.010	0.08	0.01 0.010	Gas Gas	E.E E.E	14 24								
							05-8	0.01	0.010	0.01	0.010	Gas	L.L	24								
C1GJE	C1GJ	PFA flake	C1GJC	Baghouse	Intermittent	< 500 hrs	PM10	600.00	75.00	0.87	0.11	Particulate	E.E.	2323 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.27	Amb.	100	28.7	630	51	4,346,800M	442,310M
		conveying to		ŭ										2020 mg/m								
		Flake PO				per year																
							PM	2000.00	250.01	0.00	0.00											
C1GPE	C1GP	Cube conveying	C1GPC	Baghouse	Semi-	8760	Particulate	11200.00	3000.00	0.01	0.01	Particulate	E.E.	18 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.333	Amb.	450	76	630	49.45	4,346,800M	442,310M
					continuous																	
	C1GS	system Blender #1	C1GPC	Baghouse	Continuous	8760	Particulate	1.12	2.34	0.06	0.12	Particulate	E.E.	29.6 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.333	Amb.	350	68.8	630	49.45	4,346,800M	442 310M
	0100	Diender #1	01010	Dagriouse	Continuous	0700	1 articulate	1.12	2.04	0.00	0.12	1 articulate	L.L.	29.6 mg/w	0.555	AIIID.	330	00.0	030	43.43	4,540,000101	442,510W
	C1GT	Blender #2	C1GPC	Baghouse	Continuous	8760	Particulate	1.12	Included in	0.06	Included in	Particulate	E.E.	29.6 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.333	Amb.	350	68.8	630	49.45	4,346,800M	442,310M
									C1GS		C1GS											
C1GQE	C1GQ	Fluff convey	C1GQC	Baghouse	Semi-	8760	PM10	20.00	25.00	0.10	0.13	Particulate	E.E.	2854 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.27	Amb.	93.5	26.9	630	60.35	4,346,800M	442,310M
		System:																				
		Compactor to feed hopper			continuous																	
		icca nopper			CONTINUOUS		PM	2000.00	2500.05	0.00	0.00											
C1GRE	C1GR	PFA Burnout	none		Semi-	8760	Fluorides	0.55	1.116	0.55	1.116	Gas	E.E	7.2	2.08 X	Amb.	6818	38.5	630	27.5	4,346,800M	442,310M
		station			continuous										1.41							
							VOC	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Gas	E.E	Trace								
C1GVE	C1GV	Extruder Feed	None		Semi-	8760	PM10	0.20	0.22	0.20	0.22	Particulate	E.E.	36590 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.166	Amb.	1.2	0.9	630	35	4,346,800M	442,310M
C1GXE	C1GX	Hopper Vinyl Ether	None		continuous < 10 min per	< 50 hrs	VOC	1.89	0.31	1.89	0.31	Gas	E.E	1000000	0.0358	86	<1	15	630	1	4,346,800M	442 310M
CIGAL	CIGA	charge pot	None		event	per year	VOC	1.09	0.31	1.09	0.51	Gas	E.E	1000000	0.0336	00	\ \ \	10	030	'	+,340,000IVI	772,310101
		3- F3t				,,	Acetonitrile 75	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	Gas	E.E	< 257								
							05-8															
C1NPE	C1NP	Ammonium	C1NPC	Scrubber	Continuous	8760	VOC	0.21	0.90	0.21	0.90	Gas	EE									
		Carbonate																				
C1GZE	C1GZ	Stripper Burnout oven	C1GC	Vacuum	6 hours per	2500 hrs	VOC	0.51	0.18	0.51	0.18	Gas	EE	450 /3 +3	0.833	200	900	27.5	630	50	4346772M	441974M
UIGZE	0102	Durnout over	0.00	Pump	batch	per year	HF	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	Cas		150 mg/M <sup>3</sup> 0.15 mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.000	200	300	27.5	030	30	7070//ZIVI	771374101
						,,	PM	0.01	0.01	Trace	Trace			1.78 mg/M <sup>3</sup>								
							co	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			1.76 mg/M <sup>3</sup>								
	l	1			1									1.40 mg/W								

The EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of emissions by emission unit. Note that uncaptured process emission unit emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the 1 Indicate by "C" if venting is continuous. Otherwise, specify the average short-term venting rate with units, for intermittent venting (ie., 15 min/hr). Indicate as many rates as needed to clarify frequency of venting (e.g., 5 min/day, 2 days/wk).

use units of ppmv (See 45CSR10)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. LIST Acids, CO, CS2, VOCs, H2S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O3, NO, NO2, SO2, SO3, etc. DO NOT LIST CO2, H2, H2O, N2, O2, and Noble Gases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Give maximum potential emission rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Give maximum potential emission rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Provide for all pollutant emissions. Typically, the units of parts per million by volume (ppmv) are used. If the emission is a mineral acid (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric or phosphoric) use units of milligram per dry cubic meter (mg/m3) at standard conditions (68 °F and 29.92 inches Hg) (see 45CSR7). If the pollutant is SO2,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Give at operating conditions. Include inerts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Release height of emissions above ground level.

a See confidential calculations for the source of these APFO numbers

## Attachment L - Emission Unit Data Sheets

# EQUIPMENT DATA SHEET (TANKS LESS THAN 10,000 GALLONS)

	Identificatio	n Number*:	C1GZ		
	Furnish the following informat source of emissions as show			•	
1.	Name or type of equipment:				
	PFA Burnout Oven				
2.	Type of operation: ■ Bate	ch □(	Continuous	☐ Semi-batch	า
3.	Projected Actual Equipment	Operating Sch	nedule (complete	appropriate line	e):
	hrs/day		days/week		weeks/year
	Redacted hrs/ batch	Redacted	batches/day,wee	k <u>52</u>	day, <b>weeks/</b> yr
			(Circle one)		(Circle one)

### 4. Feed Data:

Descriptor Name and	DI o	Specific	Vapor		Charge R	ate	Fill Time
CAS No.	Phasea	Gravity	Pressure <sup>b</sup>	Normal	Max	Units	(min/batch, run) <sup>c</sup>
Fluoropolymer <sup>1</sup>	S	2.3	0 Psia	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch	N/A
		>	,				

<sup>1.</sup> CAS# 25067-11-2, or Component PFA

a. S = Solid, L = Liquid, G = gas or vapor

b. At feed conditions

c. Total time that equipment is filling per batch or run (start-up), for tank or vessel-type equipment. (solids are put in oven before beginning of run (no emissions))

<sup>\*</sup>As assigned on List Form

5.	Give chemical reaction that that may occur and gases	,		any side reactions
	□ Not applicable	☐ Exothe	rmic <b>=</b> Endoth	ermic
	Fluoropolymer + Heat (Red	dacted°C)→	Melted Fluoropolymer +	VOC's + HAP +
	Regulated Pollutant + CO2	2		
	Yield of emissions is propo	ortional to residen	ce time of melt in electri	cally heated
	oven.			
6.	Maximum Temperature:	<u>Redacted</u> °C	Maximum Pressure:	760 mm Hg (A)
		<u>Redacted</u> °F		<u> </u>
7.	Output Data:			

#### 7. **Output Data:**

Descriptor Name and	Phase	Specific	Vapor	Hourly o	or Batch Outpo	ut Rate
CAS No.	Phase	Gravity	Pressure	Normal	Maximum	Units
Fluoropolymer <sup>3</sup>	L	2.3	0 Psia	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch
Fluoropolymer Particulate <sup>3</sup>	S	2.3	0 Psia	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch
		3.98	571.6 Psia			
VOC's <sup>1</sup>	G	Air=1	@33.34°C	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch
		0.69	940.8 Psia			
HF (HAP) 7665393	G	Air=1	@188.2°C	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch
		0.97	506.8 Psia			
Regulated Polutant <sup>2</sup>	G	Air=1	@-140.2°C	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch
		1.52	1071.9 Psia			
CO <sub>2</sub> 124389	G	Air=1	@31.05°C	Redacted	Redacted	Lb/Batch

- 1. CAS# 116-15-4 and 116-14-3
- 2. CAS# 630080
- 3. CAS# 25067-11-2, or Component PFA
- Describe any methods, techniques, or devices, including equipment ID number, to be 8. used to control air emissions from this equipment item (indicate set pressure of emergency relief devices):

The heated vapor from the oven containing air pollutant emissions passes to C1GZC,

PFA Copoly Berringer Oven Vapor Scrubber . The vapor from C1GZC goes to emission pt. C1GZE.

Complete the following emission data for equipment connected to a header exhaust 9. system, giving emissions level before entering header system (i.e. before control equipment):

Maximum Potential Emission Rate (lb/hr)	Method**
0.04	EE
0.51	MB,EE
0.013	MB,EE
0.01	MB,EE
	Emission Rate (lb/hr) 0.04 0.51 0.013

<sup>4.</sup> CAS# 116-15-4 and 116-14-3

<sup>5.</sup> CAS# 630080

<sup>6.</sup> CAS# 25067-11-2, or Component Tefzel, or Component PFA

<sup>\*</sup> exhaust point of header system
\*\* MB – material balance: EE – Engineering Estimate: TM – Test Measurement (submit test data): 0 – other (Explain)

	ollowing pertains to equipment that burns fuel (heaters, dryers, etc.):  eck here if not applicable
(a)	Type of fuel and maximum fuel burn rate, per hour:
(b)	Provide maximum percent sulfur and ash content of fuel and the fuel BTU content using appropriate units:
	%S% AshBTU/lb, SCFD, gal (circle one)
(c)	Theoretical combustion air requirement in SCFD per unit of fuel (circle appropriate unit) @ 70°F and 14.7 PSIA:
	SCFD/lb, SCFD, gal (circle one)
(d)	Percent excess air:%
(e)	Type, number and BTU rating of burners and all other firing equipment that are planned to be used:
(f)	Maximum design heat input:x10 <sup>6</sup> BTU/hr
	AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE SHEET must be completed for any air ution device(s) (except emergency relief devices) used to control emissions

NOTE from this equipment item.

## Attachment M - Air Pollution Control Device Sheets

# AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE SHEET (WET COLLECTING SYSTEM)

Identification Number\*: C1GZC

Answer the following for each wet collector in the system.

- 1. Manufacturer's name and model identification:
  - **DuPont Design**
- Proposed type of scrubber (e.g., spray tower, Venturi, packed bed, etc.):
   Spray Tower
- 3. Estimated gas pressure drop at maximum flow rate:3 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 4. Gas flow rate into collector: 10 ACFM @ 200 °F and 15 PSIA.
- Give proposed gas velocity through throat of venturi scrubbers, if applicable:
   N/A ft/sec.
- Type of pollutant(s) to be collected (if particulate give specific type):
   VOC,HAP, Regulated Polutant, Particulate (Fluoropolymer PFA)
- 7. Scrubber Liquor Composition: Process Water
- 8. Scrubbing liquor losses (evaporation, etc.):N/A gal/1000 ACF gas
- 9. Source of liquor (explain):Plant process water supply system
- 10. Liquor flow rates to scrubber:0.03 gal/min
- 11. Liquor pressure to scrubber: 25 PSIA
- 12. Describe system to be used to supply liquor to collector:
  - Ducts directly connect scrubber to exhaust blower suction header
- \* The identification number which appears here must correspond to the air pollution control device identification number appearing on the List Form.

13. Give the expected solids content of the liquor:

0.1 Wt%

14. If the liquor is to be recirculated, describe any treatment performed:

N/A

- 15 Scrubber construction material: FRP
- 16. Provide a scale drawing of the scrubber showing internal construction. Please include packing type and size, spray configurations, baffle plates, and mist eliminators.
- 17. What type of liquid entrainment eliminators or system will be used? Submit a schematic diagram showing thickness, mesh, and material of construction.

None

18. What will be the power requirements of the collector?

Vacuum pump hp: 5 hp

19. What type of fan(s) will be used: Lobe type vacuum pump

Type of fan blade: N/A Diameter of blades: N/A in.

Number of blades:N/A

Also supply a fan curve for each fan to be used.

- 20. Supply an equilibrium curve and/or solubility data (at various temperatures) for the proposed system.
- 21. Guaranteed minimum collection efficiency (specify for each pollutant to be captured):

(Fluoropolymer) Particulate 85%.

22. Supply a curve showing proposed collection efficiency versus gas volume from 25 to 100 percent of design rating of collector.

23.	Emission rate of	pollutant	(specify)	into a	and out	of	collector:

Pollutant: VOC,HAP,Reg.Pol. ln: 0.533\_\_\_lb/hr; \_\_\_ 6.22 grains/ACF

Out: 0.52 \_\_\_\_lb/hr; \_\_\_\_ 6.07 grains/ACF

0.04\_\_\_\_lb/hr; \_\_\_\_0.467 grains/ACF Pollutant: Particulate (PFA) In:

Out: .006 \_\_\_\_lb/hr; \_\_\_\_\_0.070 grains/ACF

24. By what method were the uncontrolled emissions calculated?

■ Material Balance □Stack Test ☐ Pilot Test

☐ Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

25. Complete the following tables:

Particle Size Distribution at Inlet to Collector		
Particle Size Range	Weight % for	
(µm)	Size Range	
0-2	34.4	
2-4	5.5	
4-6	2.7	
6-8	2	
8-10	3.4	
10-12	6.9	
12-16	4.7	
16-20	5.6	
20-30	11.8	
30-40	4.9	
40-50	4.2	
50-60	6.9	
60-70	7.0	
70-80	0	
80-90	0	
90-100	0	
>100	0	

Fractional Efficiency of Collector

Particle Size Range	Weight % for		
(µm)	Size Range		
0-2	60%		
2-4	85%		
4-6	87%		
6-8	93%		
8-10	99%		
10-12	99.99%		
12-16	99.99%		
16-20	99.99%		
20-30	99.99%		
30-40	99.99%		
40-50	99.99%		
50-60	99.99%		
60-70	99.99%		
70-80	99.99%		
80-90	99.99%		
90-100	99.99%		
>100	99.99%		

- 26. The following questions pertain to the system exhausting the affected source(s) to this control device:
  - Provide a written description of the pollutant capture system (e.g., hooding a. arrangement). State hood face velocity and hood collection efficiency, if applicable:

Pollutants are directly piped to scrubber

- b. Provide a scale drawing of projected pollutant transport system including duct arrangement, size of ducts, air volume, capacity and projected operating horsepower of air movers such as fan(s) and/or compressor(s). (This information can be supplied on the diagram requested in Section III).
- c. Describe any air pollution control device inlet and outlet gas conditioning processes (e.g., gas cooling, gas reheat, gas humidification):

None

- d. Describe collected material disposal system:
  - Collected material is recycled for re-use
- e. Complete the *Emission Points Data Sheet*.

## Attachment N

### Supporting Emission Calculations

### **Example Calculations**

Ideal gas law – P\*V=n\*R\*T, solve for n.

P= pressure

V= volume

n= no. of moles

R= universal gas constant

T= temperature

- a. n\*mwt= pounds emitted per event with event duration no greater than 1 hour mwt= molecular weight of the compound(s) emitted.
- b. n\*percentage of component\*mwt=pounds emitter per event when dealing with less than 100%
- c. Number of events determine annual emissions

Number of batches.

Number of yearly cleanings or outages

2. For non-ideal situations – equation of state – used to determine mole fractions

P=R\*T/(V-b)-a/(V\*(V+b)+b\*(V-b))

P=pressure

V= molar volume

T= temperature

a is a function of interaction parameters and mole fractions

b is a function of component critical temperatures and pressures.

- a. solve for pounds per event as before
- b. same as in 1.b.
- 3. Air measurements to determine pounds per event then times number of events to get annual emissions.
- 4. Polymer rate times emissions per pound of polymer
  - a. polymer rate may have a surrogate such as motor amps, screw speed, etc. for hourly emissions or number of batches for annual emissions.
  - b. emissions per pound of polymer are either engineering estimates, determined by off gas analysis, scaling up from a pilot plant or simple stack measurements.

The values presented in the detailed calculation pages were derived from a combination of engineering calculation software (TK Solver) based on the PV=nRT equation and analytical measurements therefore they differ from the following example due to varying software input values and the addition of the E1 compound generated from the FRD 903/902.

## Example Calculation using PV=nRT

Reactors (X1, X2)

### Description

Polymerization takes place at high temperature and pressure in an aqueous medium. After polymerization is complete, unreacted materials are recycled to the monomer production area for re-use. After the initial vent to recycle or the thermal converter, the reactors contain residual unreacted gas that is vented to atmosphere prior to processing the next batch.

The vent to atmosphere is accomplished by applying vacuum to the reactor head space to reach a nominal pressure of 5.2 psia (-9.5 psig vacuum). Next, the atmospheric vent is closed and N2 is added to reach ambient pressure. Then the aqueous batch is dropped into a decanter. N2 is left on during this transfer process, so the net result is that the residual gas in the reactor head space is drawn into the next vessel downstream of the reactor and emitted from this vessel.

For emission determination and allocation, the total amount that is emitted from both the reactor and the next vessel downstream is calculated based on the total amount of gas in the reactor after recycle to monomers (or to thermal converter), and then this total is allocated to reactor vent and decanter (or stabilization tank) vent based on the vacuum pressure setting.

### **Emission Calculations**

Emissions from the reactor and associated vessel (decanter or stabilization tank) depend upon the amount and composition of the gas remaining in the reactor head space after venting to the monomers area (or thermal converter), and the head space temperature and pressure.

There are several combinations of cases that must be evaluated in order to determine the maximum potential emissions from these vessels. There are four basic types of polymers made in the reactors; one using only TFE, two others with small amounts of comonomers, and a copolymer (PFA). Each product within the four basic types was evaluated with respect to aqueous phase volume, and the worst case (i.e. highest reactor head space volume) product was used as the basis for emission calculations. Each of the four product types were evaluated for both a pure monomer case and a maximum impurity case. Pure monomer is the worst case for potential VOC emissions, and maximum impurities is the worst case for ODCs and HAPs. Only certain product recipes utilize the FRD903/902 compounds.

A small fraction of batches must be aborted after the initial pressure up phase. Because the aqueous phase is smaller for an aborted batch than for a normal batch, this case becomes the worst case for maximum hourly potential emissions. However, because batches are aborted infrequently, the effect on annual potential emissions is minimal. Pure monomer is the worst case for an aborted batch because the total amount of impurities introduced into the reactor is less for an aborted batch than a batch which is reacted to completion.

### TFE Homopolymer Example

TFE homopolymers are made with either all TFE monomer or with small amounts of additives. The worst case product with respect to VOC emissions will be used in the following examples with both pure TFE monomer and maximum impurities in the TFE monomer feed.

### A. Pure TFE Monomer

Reaction takes place at a pressure of 365 psia and temperature of 80 C (176 F). Reactor head space is calculated by subtracting the raw dispersion volume from the reactor total volume (810 gal). For the worst case TFE homopolymer, the reactor head space is 30.482 ft3.

The first step is to calculate the total number of moles of gas present in the reactor after the reaction is complete. This is done as follows using the Perfect Gas Law with the known T, P, and V after the reaction:

```
n = PV/RT
n = (365)(144)(30.482)/(1545)(460+176)
n = 1.6305 lb moles
```

The calculation above holds for both the pure monomer case and the monomer impurity case. Next, the composition of the gas must be calculated in order to determine the emissions to atmosphere. The composition of the gas depends upon the amount of monomer feed to the reactor, the amount of impurities in the monomer feed streams, the amount of each material reacted, and water vapor pressure. For the pure monomer case, feed rate to the reactor is:

```
Mass feed TFE = mTFE = 3090 lb/batch
Molar feed TFE = nTFE = 3090/100 = 30.90 lb moles/batch
```

For pure TFE monomer, the only other component in the head space is water vapor. The amount of water vapor after reaction is estimated from the perfect gas law:

```
nwater = PwaterV/RT
nwater = (6.87)(144)(30.482)/(1545)(460+176)
nwater = 0.03069 lb moles
```

The amount of TFE in the reactor head space after the reaction is determined by subtracting the moles of water vapor from the total moles in the reactor head space before venting to monomers area:

```
nTFE = 1.6305 - 0.0307 = 1.5998 lb moles
```

Emissions to the atmosphere are calculated using the perfect gas law and assuming that water vapor is not replenished during the recycle of unreacted TFE from the reactor to the monomer area. Mole fractions after reaction are:

```
YTFE = 1.5998/1.6305 = 0.9812
YH2O = 0.0307//1.6305 = 0.0188
```

If water vapor is not replenished, then the mole fractions remain constant during the pressure reduction from 365 psia to 16.7 psia. TFE emissions to the atmosphere are:

```
nTFE = (16.7)(0.9812)(144)(30.482)/[(1545)(460+176)]

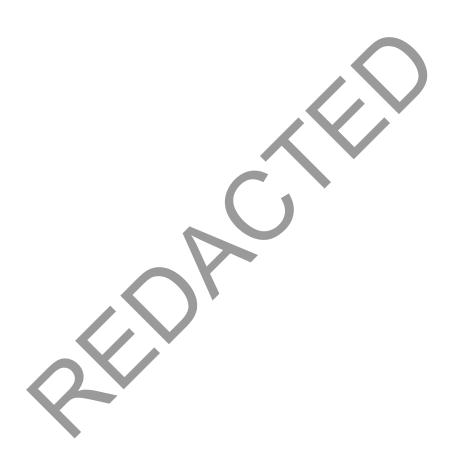
nTFE = 0.0732 lb mole
```

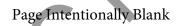
Since the molecular weight of TFE is 100, the amount of TFE (VOC) emitted per batch is 7.32 lb. However, since the reactor pressure is only reduced to 5.2 psia during the vacuum step,

some of the TFE remains in the reactor head space and is assumed to be drawn into the decanter when the raw aqueous dispersion is dropped from the reactor into the decanter. Total TFE emissions of 7.32 lb/batch are allocated to the reactor and decanter as follows:

Reactor emission = 7.32[(16.7-5.2)/16.7] = 5.04 lb/batch Decanter emission = 7.32(5.2/16.7) = 2.28 lb/batch

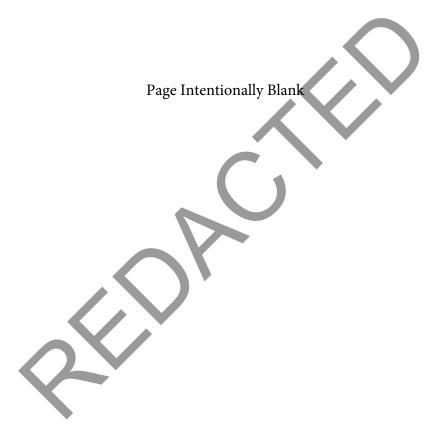
Total VOC emissions for this case are 6.26 lb/batch (lb/hr); this is allocated to the reactor and decanter the same way as for the pure TFE monomer case (4.31 lb for the reactor and 1.95 lb for the decanter). Maximum ODC emissions are 0.36 lb from the reactor and 0.16 lb from the decanter. There are no HAP impurities in TFE.



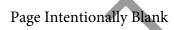


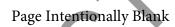
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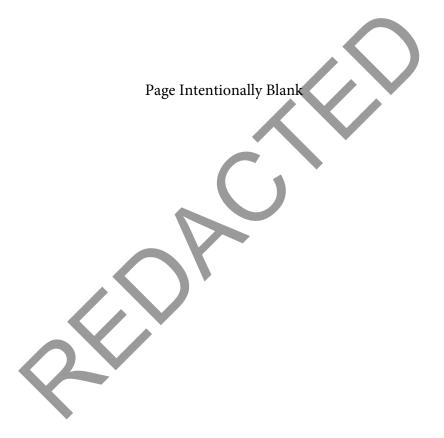
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## Attachment O

Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plans

### Attachment O – Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plan R13-2365F Class II Permit Amendment Application

### **Monitoring**

- Under section 4.2.2. of Title V Operating Air Permit R30-10700001-2010 (Part 2 of 14), the permittee will continue to monitor:
  - Water flow to the vacuum pump; this must remain at or above two (2) gallons per minute or the oven heaters will be turned off.

### Recordkeeping

- In accordance with section 4.4.2. of the Title V permit, the permittee will continue to keep accurate records of maintenance activities and malfunctions and other operational shutdowns which result in excess emissions; the minimum required additional information identified in this section shall be recorded.
- In accordance with section 4.4.4. of the Title V permit, the permittee will continue to keep records of any malfunctions lasting in excess of 30 minutes

### Reporting

None.

### Testing

None.

Attachment P

**Public Notice** 

### Attachment P – Public Notice

# AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE Notice of Application

Notice is given that The Chemours Company FC, LLC, has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for a Class II Administrative Update for a plastic polymerization facility located on 8480 DuPont Road near Parkersburg in Wood County, West Virginia. The coordinates are: Latitude 39.270112 and Longitude -81.674208.

The applicant estimates the increased potential to discharge the following Regulated Air Pollutants: Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs): 1.02 tons/year; Acetonitrile: 0.01 tons/year; Carbon Monoxide: 0.01 tons/year.

No physical changes to the existing operations are planned. Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57<sup>th</sup> Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1227, during normal business hours.

Dated this the \_30\_\_day of April, 2015.

By: The Chemours Company FC, LLC Robert J. Fehrenbacher Plant Manager 8480 DuPont Road Washington, WV 26181-1217

## Attachment S

## Title V Permit Revision Information

# Attachment S Title V Permit Revision Information

1. New Applicable Requirements Summary		
Mark all applicable requirements associated with the changes inv	volved with this permit revision.	
SIP	□FIP	
☑ Minor source NSR (45CSR13)	☐ PSD (45CSR14)	
☐ NESHAP (45CSR15)	☐ Nonattainment NSR (45CSR19)	
Section 111 NSPS (Subpart)	☐ Section 112(d) MACT standards	
Section 112(g) Case-by-case MACT	☐ 112(r) RMP	
Section 112(i) Early reduction of HAP	Consumer/commercial prod. reqts., section 183(e)	
Section 129 Standards/Reqts.	Stratospheric ozone (Title VI)	
☐ Tank vessel reqt., section 183(f)	☐ Emissions cap 45CSR§30-2.6.1	
☐ NAAQS, increments or visibility (temp. sources)	45CSR27 State enforceable only rule	
☐ 45CSR4 State enforceable only rule	☐ Acid Rain (Title IV, 45CSR33)	
☐ Emissions Trading and Banking (45CSR28)	☐ Compliance Assurance Monitoring (40CFR64) (1)	
□ NO <sub>x</sub> Budget Trading Program Non-EGUs (45CSR1)	□ NO <sub>x</sub> Budget Trading Program EGUs (45CSR26)	
(1) If this box is checked, please include <b>Compliance Assurance</b> Emission Unit (PSEU).	Monitoring (CAM) Form(s)* for each Pollutants Specific	
2. Non Applicability Determinations		
List all requirements, which the source has determined to be not applicable to this permit revision and for which a permit shield is requested. The listing shall also include the rule citation and the rationale for the determination.		
The proposed changes do not trigger any new applicable requirements nor do they invalidate any previous non-applicability determinations.		
☐ Permit Shield is Requested (not applicable to Minor Modifications)		

3. Change in Potential Emissions				
Pollutant Change in Potential Emissions (+ or -), lb/hr		Change in Potential Emissions (+ or -), TPY		
VOC	Total increase of 6.16 from two sources	1.02		
Acetonitrile	<0.01	<0.01		
Hydrofluoric Acid	Trace	Trace		
CO 0.01		0.01		

4. List other Active NSR Permits / Permany):	mit Determinations / 0	Consent Orders associated with this permit revision (if
NSR Permit and/or Consent Order Number	Date of Issuance	NSR Permit / Consent Order Condition Number
R13-2365E	8/5/2013	Tables A.1., B.3.(a) and B.3.(b)
R30-10700182-2010	12/8/2014	Tables 4.1.1., 4.2.2.a and 4.2.2.b
5. Inactive Permits / Obsolete Permit or C	Obsolete Consent Orde	er(s) Conditions Associated With This Permit Revision
NSR Permit and/or Consent Order Number	Date of Issuance	NSR Permit / Consent Order Condition Number

6.	Suggested	Title '	V Drai	ft Permit	Language
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Are there any changes involved with this Title V Permit revision outside of the scope of the NSR Permit revision? 

Yes

If Yes, describe the changes below. Also, please provide suggested Title V Draft Permit language for these changes (including all applicable requirements and any monitoring /recordkeeping/ reporting requirements associated with the changes), or attach a marked up pages of current Title V Permit. Please include appropriate citations for those requirements being added / revised.

Proposed language for control device C1GZC may be found in Table 4.2.4. of R13-1953H; all other changes are emission limit changes as described within the attached administrative amendment application.

See the table below for associated permit condition changes based on the attached R13-2365 update.

(Please use blue ink)

### 7. Certification For Use Of Minor Modification Procedures (for Minor Modifications only) Note: This certification must be signed by a responsible official. Minor Modification applications without a signed certification will be returned as incomplete. The criteria for allowing the use of Minor Modification Procedures are as follows: i. Proposed changes do not violate any applicable requirement; Proposed changes do not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping ii. requirements in the permit; iii. Proposed changes do not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination for temporary sources of ambient air quality impacts, or a visibility increment analysis; Proposed changes do not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no iv. underlying applicable requirement and which permit or condition has been used to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject (synthetic minor). Such terms and conditions include, but are not limited to a federally enforceable emissions cap used to avoid classification as a modification under any provision of Title I or any alternative emissions limit approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under § 112(i)(5) of the Clean Air Act; V. Proposed changes do not involve preconstruction review under Title I of the Clean Air Act or 45CSR14 and 45CSR19; vi. Proposed changes are not required under any rule of the Director to be processed as a significant modification; Notwithstanding subparagraph 6.5.a.1.A. of 45CSR30 (items i through vi above), minor permit modification procedures may be used for permit modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches, to the extent that such minor permit modification procedures are explicitly provided for in rules of the Director which are approved by the U.S. EPA as a part of the State Implementation Plan under the Clean Air Act, or which may be otherwise provided for in the Title V operating permit issued under this rule. Pursuant to Section 6.5.a.2.C of 45CSR30, the proposed modification contained herein meets the criteria for use of Minor permit modification procedures as set forth in Section 6.5.a.1. The use of Minor permit modification procedures are hereby requested for processing of this application. (Signed): Date:

NOTE:

Named

(typed):

(1) For Administrative Amendments, the ability to operate with the changes described in this permit application is granted upon submittal of the application.

Title:

Plant Manager

Please use blue ink)

Robert J. Fehrenbacher

- (2) For Minor Modifications, the ability to operate with the changes described in this permit application is granted after seven (7) days from the submittal of the application, or upon issuance of the NSR permit, whichever is later.
- (3) For Significant Modifications, the ability to operate is granted upon issuance of the modified Title V permit.

<sup>\*</sup> All of the required forms and additional information can be found and downloaded from DAQ's Permitting Section site www.wvdep.org/daq, requested by phone (304) 926-0475, and/or obtained through the mail.

7. Certification For Use Of Minor Modification Procedures (for Minor Modifications only)				
Note:	This certification must be signed by a responsibility signed certification will be returned as incommodification Procedures are as follows:		Minor Modification applications without a he criteria for allowing the use of Minor	
<ul> <li>ii. Proposed changes do not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements in the permit;</li> <li>iii. Proposed changes do not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination for temporary sources of ambient air quality impacts, or a visibility increment analysis;</li> <li>iv. Proposed changes do not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no underlying applicable requirement and which permit or condition has been used to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject (synthetic minor). Such terms and conditions include, but are not limited to a federally enforceable emissions cap used to avoid classification as a modification under any provision of Title I or any alternative emissions limit approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under § 112(j)(5) of the Clean Air Act;</li> <li>v. Proposed changes do not involve preconstruction review under Title I of the Clean Air Act or 45CSR14 and 45CSR19;</li> <li>vi. Proposed changes are not required under any rule of the Director to be processed as a significant modification;</li> <li>Notwithstanding subparagraph 6.5.a.1.A. of 45CSR30 (items i through vi above), minor permit modification procedures may be used for permit modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches, to the extent that such minor permit modification procedures are explicitly provided for in rules of the Director which are approved by the U.S. EPA as a part of the State Implementation Plan under the Clean Air Act, or which may be otherwise provided for in the Title V operating permit issued under this rule.</li> <li>Pursuant to Section 6.5.a.2.C of 45CSR30, the proposed modification contained herein meets the criteria for use of Minor permit modification procedures as set forth in Section 6.5.a.1. T</li></ul>				
(Signed):		Date:	/ /	
Named	(Please use blue ink)	Title:	(Please use blue ink)	
(typed):	Robert J. Fehrenbacher		Plant Manager	

### NOTE:

- (1) For Administrative Amendments, the ability to operate with the changes described in this permit application is granted upon submittal of the application.
- (2) For Minor Modifications, the ability to operate with the changes described in this permit application is granted after seven (7) days from the submittal of the application, or upon issuance of the NSR permit, whichever is later.
- (3) For Significant Modifications, the ability to operate is granted upon issuance of the modified Title V permit.

<sup>\*</sup> All of the required forms and additional information can be found and downloaded from DAQ's Permitting Section site www.wvdep.org/daq, requested by phone (304) 926-0475, and/or obtained through the mail.