March 24, 2016

West Virginia Dept. of Environmental Protection Division of Air Quality – Permitting Section 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304



98 VANADIUM ROAD BUILDING D, 2nd FLOOR BRIDGEVILLE, PA 15017 (412) 221-1100 (412) 257-6103 (FAX) http://www.se-env.com

RE: Application for NSR Construction Permit North Liquid Management Facility Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC Wetzel County, West Virginia

To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of our client, Icon Midstream Pipeline, we are pleased to submit on hard copy and two electronic copies of the Application for an NSR Construction Permit for its North Liquid Management Facility in Wetzel County.

A fee in the amount of \$4,500 (\$1,000 Construction Permit Fee + \$1,000 NSPS Fee + \$2,500 NESHAPS Fee) was determined to be applicable. A check, payable to WVDEP – Division of Air Quality in the amount of \$4,500 is included herein.

Icon is eager to begin operation of this equipment at the earliest practical date. Consequently, if there are any questions or concerns regarding this application, please contact me at 412/221-1100, x 1628 or rdhonau@se-env.com and we will provide any needed clarification or additional information immediately.

Sincerely,

SE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC

Roger A. Dhonau, PE, QEP Principal

Enclosures

Cc: Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC – Shane Dowell

ICON Midstream Pipeline, LLC

APPLICATION FOR NSR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

North Liquids Management Facility Wetzel County, West Virginia



98 Vanadium Road Bridgeville, PA 15017 (412) 221-1100

APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC

North Liquids Management Facility

Wetzel County, West Virginia

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SECTION I

Application Form

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY

601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0475

APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT **AND**

TITLE V PERMIT REVISION (OPTIONAI)

www.wvdep.org/daq		(OI HOWAL)										
PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO NSR (45CSR13) (IF KNOW	N): PLEASE CHECK	TYPE OF 45CSR30 (TITLE V) REVISION (IF ANY):										
oxtimes construction $oxtimes$ modification $oxtimes$ relocation	☐ ADMINISTRA	ATIVE AMENDMENT										
☐ CLASS I ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE ☐ TEMPORARY		☐ SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION										
☐ CLASS II ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE ☐ AFTER-THE-FACT		OVE IS CHECKED, INCLUDE TITLE V REVISION AS ATTACHMENT S TO THIS APPLICATION										
FOR TITLE V FACILITIES ONLY: Please refer to "Title V Revision Guidance" in order to determine your Title V Revision options (Appendix A, "Title V Permit Revision Flowchart") and ability to operate with the changes requested in this Permit Application.												
Section I. General												
Name of applicant (as registered with the WV Secretary of Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC	f State's Office):	 Federal Employer ID No. (FEIN): 47-1115453 										
3. Name of facility (if different from above):		4. The applicant is the:										
North Liquid Management Facility		☐ OWNER ☐ OPERATOR ☐ BOTH										
5A. Applicant's mailing address: 3130 Grants Lake Blvd. Suite 18859		5B. Facility's present physical address: None. Off of County Route 56 near Galmish, WV										
Sugar Land, Texas 77496												
West Virginia Business Registration. Is the applicant a report of the Certificate of Incorporation change amendments or other Business Registration Certificate of Authority/Authority amendments or other Business Certificate as Attachments.	n/Organization/Limi ificate as Attachmen hority of L.L.C./Reg	nited Partnership (one page) including any name nt A.										
7. If applicant is a subsidiary corporation, please provide the r	name of parent corpo	oration: N/A										
8. Does the applicant own, lease, have an option to buy or oth	nerwise have control	I of the proposed site? XES NO										
 If YES, please explain: Applicant has a lease agree If NO, you are not eligible for a permit for this source. 	eement with the lan	nd owner for installation of the facility										
9. Type of plant or facility (stationary source) to be construct administratively updated or temporarily permitted (e.g. crusher, etc.): Natural Gas Well Pad and Production Facility	g., coal preparation p											
11A. DAQ Plant ID No. (for existing facilities only): 11B.		CSR13 and 45CSR30 (Title V) permit numbers is process (for existing facilities only):										
All of the required forms and additional information can be found	d under the Permitting	ng Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.										

12A.		
 For Modifications, Administrative Updates or Telepresent location of the facility from the nearest state 		please provide directions to the
 For Construction or Relocation permits, please p road. Include a MAP as Attachment B. 	rovide directions to the <i>proposed new</i> s	site location from the nearest state
From New Martinsville, take State Route 20 east app mile past the town of Reader. Turn right on to C access road on the left. Proceed up the hill to the	R 56 (Piney Fork Road). Proceed app	
12.B. New site address (if applicable):	12C. Nearest city or town:	12D. County:
	Reader	Wetzel
12.E. UTM Northing (KM): 4379.1617	12F. UTM Easting (KM): 525.8933	12G. UTM Zone: 17
13. Briefly describe the proposed change(s) at the facility		ids management facility.
 14A. Provide the date of anticipated installation or change If this is an After-The-Fact permit application, provious change did happen: / / 	, , ,,	14B. Date of anticipated Start-Up if a permit is granted: Upon Approval
14C. Provide a Schedule of the planned Installation of/one application as Attachment C (if more than one unit		units proposed in this permit
15. Provide maximum projected Operating Schedule of Hours Per Day 24 Days Per Week 7	f activity/activities outlined in this application weeks Per Year 52	ation:
16. Is demolition or physical renovation at an existing fac	cility involved?	
17. Risk Management Plans. If this facility is subject to	112(r) of the 1990 CAAA, or will become	ne subject due to proposed
changes (for applicability help see www.epa.gov/cepp	o), submit your Risk Management Pla	n (RMP) to U. S. EPA Region III.
18. Regulatory Discussion. List all Federal and State a	air pollution control regulations that you	believe are applicable to the
proposed process (if known). A list of possible applica	ble requirements is also included in Atta	achment S of this application
(Title V Permit Revision Information). Discuss applicat	bility and proposed demonstration(s) of	compliance (if known). Provide this
information as Attachment D.		
Section II. Additional atta	achments and supporting d	ocuments.
19. Include a check payable to WVDEP – Division of Air 45CSR13).	Quality with the appropriate application	n fee (per 45CSR22 and
20. Include a Table of Contents as the first page of you	ır application package.	
21. Provide a Plot Plan , e.g. scaled map(s) and/or sketc source(s) is or is to be located as Attachment E (Re		erty on which the stationary
 Indicate the location of the nearest occupied structure 	(e.g. church, school, business, residen	ce).
 Provide a Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) show device as Attachment F. 	ring each proposed or modified emissio	ns unit, emission point and control
23. Provide a Process Description as Attachment G.		
 Also describe and quantify to the extent possible a 	all changes made to the facility since the	e last permit review (if applicable).
All of the required forms and additional information can be	found under the Permitting Section of DA	AQ's website, or requested by phone.
24. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for al	·	d as Attachment H.
 For chemical processes, provide a MSDS for each co 		
25. Fill out the Emission Units Table and provide it as a	Attachment I.	

26.	Fill out the Emission Points Data Sun	nmary Sheet (Table 1 and Tab	le 2) and provide it as Attachment J.										
27.	Fill out the Fugitive Emissions Data S	Summary Sheet and provide it a	as Attachment K.										
28.	Check all applicable Emissions Unit I	Data Sheets listed below:											
	Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	☐ Haul Road Emissions	☐ Quarry										
	Chemical Processes*	☐ Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	☐ Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage Facilities										
	Concrete Batch Plant	Incinerator	⊠ Storage Tanks										
	Grey Iron and Steel Foundry												
	Dehydration												
	*Leak Source Data Sheet Only												
	out and provide the Emissions Unit Da												
29.	Check all applicable Air Pollution Cor	ntrol Device Sheets listed below											
	Absorption Systems	☐ Baghouse	⊠ Flare										
	Adsorption Systems	☐ Condenser	☐ Mechanical Collector										
	Afterburner	☐ Electrostatic Precipitate	or Wet Collecting System										
\boxtimes	☑ Other Collectors, specify: Catalyst and Vapor Recovery Unit												
Fill	out and provide the Air Pollution Conti	rol Device Sheet(s) as Attachn	nent M.										
30.	Provide all Supporting Emissions Ca Items 28 through 31.	Iculations as Attachment N, or	attach the calculations directly to the forms listed in										
31.		ompliance with the proposed em	proposed monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting and hissions limits and operating parameters in this permit										
>		not be able to accept all measur	er or not the applicant chooses to propose such res proposed by the applicant. If none of these plans e them in the permit.										
32.	Public Notice. At the time that the ap	pplication is submitted, place a C	lass I Legal Advertisement in a newspaper of general										
	circulation in the area where the source	e is or will be located (See 45CS	R§13-8.3 through 45CSR§13-8.5 and Example Legal										
	Advertisement for details). Please su	bmit the Affidavit of Publicatio	n as Attachment P immediately upon receipt.										
33.	Business Confidentiality Claims. Do	oes this application include confi	dential information (per 45CSR31)?										
	☐ YES	⊠ NO											
>		g the criteria under 45CSR§31-4	nitted as confidential and provide justification for each .1, and in accordance with the DAQ's "Precautionary instructions as Attachment Q.										
	Sec	tion III. Certification o	f Information										
34.	Authority/Delegation of Authority. Concern applicable Authority Form below		er than the responsible official signs the application.										
	Authority of Corporation or Other Busine	ess Entity	Authority of Partnership										
	Authority of Governmental Agency		Authority of Limited Partnership										
Sub	omit completed and signed Authority Fo	orm as Attachment R.											
			ermitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.										

35A. Certification of Information . To certify this permit application, a Responsible Of 2.28) or Authorized Representative shall check the appropriate box and sign below.	ficial (per 45CSR§13-2.22 and 45CSR§30-									
Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness										
I, the undersigned Responsible Official / Authorized Representative, hereby of application and any supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and come reasonable inquiry I further agree to assume responsibility for the construction, modifical stationary source described herein in accordance with this application and any amendmental Protection, Division of Air Quality permit issued in accordance with this and regulations of the West Virginia Division of Air Quality and W.Va. Code § 22-5-1 et business or agency changes its Responsible Official or Authorized Representative, the notified in writing within 30 days of the official change.	plete based on information and belief after ation and/or relocation and operation of the nents thereto, as well as the Department of application, along with all applicable rules seq. (State Air Pollution Control Act). If the									
Compliance Certification Except for requirements identified in the Title V Application for which compliance is not a that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all air contaminant compliance with all applicable requirements. SIGNATURE (Please use blue-ink)	DATE: 3-15-2016 (Please use blue ink)									
35B. Printed name of signee: Shane Dowell	35C. Title: Operations Manager									
35D. E-mail: 36E. Phone:	36F. FAX:									
iconmidstream@gmail.com 304/904-1700	304/628-3111									
36A. Printed name of contact person (if different from above):	36B. Title:									
36C. E-mail: 36D. Phone:	36E. FAX:									
PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE ATTACHMENTS INCLUDED WITH THIS PERMIT APPLICATION: Attachment A: Business Certificate Attachment B: Map(s) Attachment C: Installation and Start Up Schedule Attachment D: Regulatory Discussion Attachment E: Plot Plan Attachment F: Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) Attachment G: Process Description Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Attachment J: Emission Units Table Attachment J: Emission Points Data Summary Sheet Please mail an original and three (3) copies of the complete permit application. Please DO NOT fax permit applications.										
FOR AGENCY USE ONLY – IF THIS IS A TITLE V SOURCE: Forward 1 copy of the application to the Title V Permitting Group and: For Title V Administrative Amendments: NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writer of draft permit, For Title V Minor Modifications: Title V permit writer should send appropriate notification to EPA and affected st NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writer of draft permit. For Title V Significant Modifications processed in parallel with NSR Permit revision: NSR permit writer should notify a Title V permit writer of draft permit, Public notice should reference both 45CSR13 and Title V permits, EPA has 45 day review period of a draft permit.										

SECTION II

Attachments

ATTACHMENT A

Business Registration



I, Natalie E. Tennant, Secretary of State, of the State of West Virginia, hereby certify that

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC

has filed the appropriate registration documents in my office according to the provisions of the West Virginia Code and hereby declare the organization listed above as duly registered with the Secretary of State's Office.

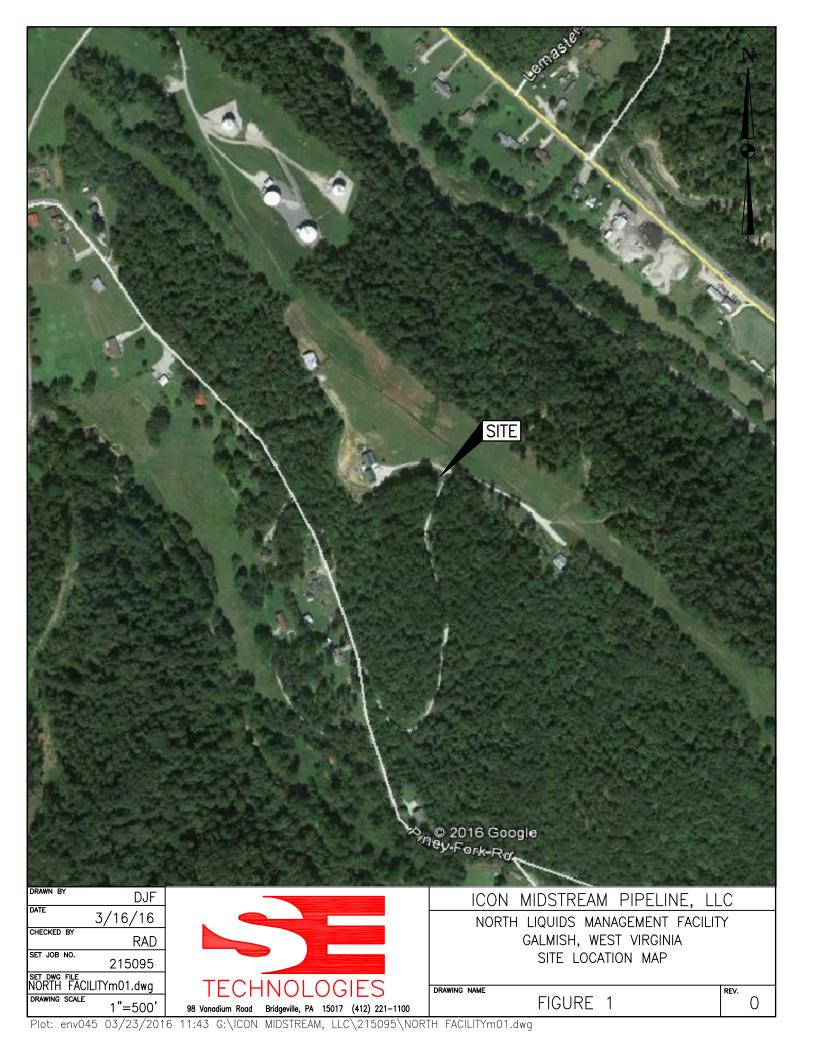


Given under my hand and the Great Seal of West Virginia on this day of March 13, 2015

Natalil Element

ATTACHMENT B

Site Location Map





Construction Schedule

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC North Liquids Management Facility Attachment C – Construction Schedule

Icon seeks approval to install a natural gas and liquids management facility. Upon receipt of approval of this application, Icon will install the equipment and connect to existing gathering lines. It is anticipated that all work can be completed within 45 days of receipt of approval.



Regulatory Analysis

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC

North Liquids Management Facility Attachment D – Regulatory Analysis

Both State and Federal environmental regulations governing air emissions apply to the planned North Station. The West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) has been delegated the authority to implement certain federal air quality requirements for the state. Air quality regulations that potentially affect the modification are discussed herein.

1.1 PSD and NSR

The facility will be a minor source with respect to Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) regulations as it will not have the potential to emit more than the annual emission thresholds of any PSD regulated pollutant with the voluntary restrictions (e.g., catalytic converters on engines).

The facility is within an area designated as attainment. Consequently, the facility is not subject to the New Source Review (NSR) regulations.

1.2 Title V Operating Permit Program

West Virginia has incorporated provisions of the federal Title V operating permit program. Thresholds for inclusion under the Title V program are 10 tpy of any single Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) or 25 tons of any combination of HAP and/or 100 tpy of all other regulated pollutants. Additionally, facilities regulated under certain New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) require facilities to have Title V permits.

The facility will be a minor source. Additionally, the NSPS regulating this facility does not trigger a Title V permit. Hence, a Title V permit will not be required for Icon Midstream's North Liquids Management Facility.

1.3 Aggregation

Source aggregation determinations are typically made based on the following criteria:

- Whether the facilities are under common control,
- Whether the facilities belong to the same Major Group (i.e. the first two digit code) as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972, as amended by the 1977 Supplement;
- Whether the facilities are located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties; and the distance between all pollutant emitting activities,
- Whether the facilities can operate independently

Only if all criteria are met does a permitting authority aggregate the facilities into a single source.

The Icon Midstream facility will receive produced liquids and natural gas from area well pads via pipeline. After separation of liquids from the gas, a small fraction of the gas is taken for powering facility equipment with the vast majority being metered and injected into a pipeline for transportation to a gas processing facility owned and operated by others. The received liquids are separated into produced water, condensate and NGL prior to off-site shipment via truck transportation.

There are no liquids or gas routed to or received from any other Icon Midstream facility. Hence, no other Icon Midstream facilities in the area should be aggregated with this new facility. Additionally, gas and liquids generated by the well pads this facility will serve can be routed to other locations, such as is currently the situation. Hence, there is no interdependency between the well pads this Icon Midstream facility will serve and the Icon Midstream facility. Thus, the planned Icon Midstream facility should not be aggregated with the well pads it will serve. Additionally, this Icon Midstream facility is more than five (5) miles from the nearest well pad it serves.

The proposed facility is in close proximity (est. 200 yards) from portions of Dominion Transmission's Galmish Loading Terminal. This facility is under the same SIC Code as Icon Midstream, but under separate ownership. In addition, there will be no sharing of personnel. Gas and liquids being generated by this new Icon facility will be routed via pipeline to the Blue Racer facility in Natrium, WV, several miles away. As such, there is no interdependency between Dominion and Icon.. Thus, the two facilities should not be aggregated.

1.4 New Source Performance Standards

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) regulations promulgated under 40 CFR 60 require new and reconstructed facilities to control emissions to the level achievable by Best-Available Control Technology (BACT). Specific NSPS requirements potentially applicable to the proposed modification to the North Station are as follows:

- 40 CFR 60, Subpart K/Ka/Kb Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids/Volatile Organic Liquids
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc—Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKK Equipment Leaks of VOC from Onshore Natural Gas Processing Stations
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

• 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOOO - Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission and Distribution

1.4.1 Subpart K/Ka/Kb

These three subparts apply to volatile organic liquid storage tanks of specific sizes constructed in certain timeframes. Their consideration is appropriate due to the presence of the condensate tanks. Subpart K applies to tanks constructed or modified between 1973 and 1978 while Subpart Ka applies to tanks constructed between 1978 and 1984. Subpart Kb applies to storage tanks constructed or modified after 1984. The condensate tanks planned for this facility were constructed after 1984. Thus, Subparts K and Ka are not applicable, but Subpart Kb is tentatively applicable. However, the capacity of these tanks (16,800 gallons or 400 BBL) is less than the threshold for this regulation (19,800 gallons or 75 cubic meters). Hence, the rule does not apply. [40 CFR 60.111a(a)(1), 40 CFR 60.111a(a)(1) and 40 CFR 60.110b(d)(2)]

1.4.2 Subpart Dc

This subpart limits SO2 and PM emissions from boilers and heaters fired by various fuels. While the primary thrust of this set of regulations it to control SOx and PM emissions from coal and oil-fired boilers and heaters, natural gas fired units are also covered under this rule. The planned heaters are well below the threshold of coverage for this rule (10 MMBTU/Hr). Thus, this rule does not apply.

1.4.3 Subpart KKK

This subpart limits VOC emissions from equipment at a natural gas processing station. In accordance with 40 CFR 60.631, a "Natural gas processing plant (gas plant) means any processing site engaged in the extraction of natural gas liquids from field gas, fractionation of mixed natural gas liquids to natural gas products, or both." Although the planned facility will separate received liquids into NGL and condensate, this operation does not rise to the definition of fractionation into products. Hence, the planned facility does not meet the definition of a processing station under this rule and this rule does not apply.

1.4.4 Subpart IIII

This subpart governs emissions from new compression ignition internal combustion engines CI ICE) manufactured after July 11, 2005. There are currently no compression ignition engines (e.g. diesel-fired emergency generator) at this station. The proposed modification will include only the addition of a single Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engine. Hence, this rule does not apply.

1.4.5 Subpart JJJJ

This subpart governs emissions from new stationary spark ignition internal combustion engines (SI ICE) manufactured after July 1, 2007. The drivers for the VRU and Flash Gas Compressors presented in this application will be SI ICE units manufactured after this date. Accordingly, this

rule applies to those engines. In accordance with 40 CFR 60.4233(d), the 47 Hp Flash Gas Compressor must meet the requirements of 40 CFR 1048.101(c). In accordance with this rule, the HC + NO_X standard is 3.8 g/kW-hr and the CO standard is 6.5 g/kW-hr. The engine will meet this requirement. Thus, the engine is compliant with Subpart JJJJ.

1.4.6 Subpart OOOO

This subpart governs emissions from a broad spectrum of operations in the oil and natural gas industries, including operations at processing and fractionation plants. The potentially applicable sections of this rule set restrictions on pneumatic controllers present and set requirements for storage vessels with potential VOC emissions greater than 6 tons per year. This rule applies to the planned Icon Midstream facility.

One of the key components to this rule [40 CFR 60.5390(b)] is the requirement that all pneumatic controllers located between the well head and a processing plant must have a bleed rate of less than 6 scfh. All pneumatic controllers to be installed at the new station will meet these criteria.

This rule also stipulates that storage vessels with VOC emissions equal to or greater than 6 tpy must control those emissions by 95% by October 15, 2013. The condensate tanks will have estimated uncontrolled VOC emissions in excess of this amount. Hence this element of the rule applies to the planned facility. Icon Midstream will meet this requirement through installation of a vapor recovery unit. This device will collect organic vapors emitted by the condensate, compress it and routed to the inlet side of the adjacent Jay-Bee North facility. This system is anticipated to be close to 100 percent effective during operation. While there will be anticipated maintenance outages on the VRU system, its overall annual effectiveness is conservatively projected to be greater than 95%. For permitting purposes only a 95% control is claimed.

1.5 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) promulgated under 40 CFR 63 regulate the emission of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) from certain industrial processes. In general, these rules apply to major sources of HAPs with a major source being defined as having the potential to emit more than 10 tpy of any individual HAP or 25 tpy of total HAPs. Emissions standards under these rules have been established as the Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) for each source category. The following NESHAP source category standards are potentially applicable to the planned modification to the North Liquids Management Facility:

- 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH NESHAP from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities
- 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ NESHAP from Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

• 40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD – NESHAP for Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters

1.5.1 Subpart HH

This Subpart contains MACT standards for major and area source dehydration units located at natural gas production facilities. The proposed equipment for this Icon Midstream facility includes a dehydration unit. Accordingly, this rule applies. However, as controlled benzene emissions will be less than 1 ton per year, the requirements are nominal

1.5.2 Subpart ZZZZ

This Subpart governs emissions from a stationary reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) located both at major and area source of HAPs. The facility is not be a major source of HAPs, but is considered an area source of HAPs. Hence, this rule is potentially applicable to the facility. In accordance with 40 CFR 63.6590(a)(2)(iii), the driver for the proposed emergency generator will not be considered an Existing Stationary RICE. It will be considered "new" engines. Thus, the engine will meet the requirements of this rule by meeting the requirements of NSPS, Subpart JJJJ as described above.

1.5.3 Subpart DDDDD

This Subpart applies to industrial process heaters of various sizes and fuel types located at facilities that are classified as a major source of HAPs. As the planned facility is not a major source of HAPs, this rule does not apply.

1.6 Chemical Accident Prevention

Subparts B-D of 40 CFR 68 present the requirements for the assessment and subsequent preparation of a Risk Management Plan (RMP) for a facility that stores more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR 68.130. If a facility stores, handles or processes one or more regulated substances in an amount greater than its corresponding threshold, the facility must prepare and implement an RMP. The North Liquids Management Facility does potentially store more than 10,000 lbs of a flammable mixture containing several of the substances listed in Table 3 in 40 CFR 68.130. However, an RMP is not required as this facility qualifies for the exclusion provided for remote oil and gas production facilities (40 CFR 68.115).

1.7 West Virginia State Requirements

1.7.1 45 CSR 2

The facility is subject to the opacity requirement of 45 CSR 2. Emissions from the facility cannot exceed 10% over any six minute period.

1.7.2 <u>45 CSR 4</u>

This regulation prohibits the emission of objectionable odors. Icon Midstream is obligated to run the station in a manner that does not produce objectionable odors.

1.7.3 45 CSR 10

This regulation limits emissions of sulfur oxides. As the sulfur content of the Inlet Gas contains no measurable sulfur, emissions of sulfur oxides is negligible. Thus, while parts of this rule are applicable to the facility, no actions are required on the part of Icon Midstream to attain compliance. The various non-engine combustion units have a design heat input less than 10 MMBTU/Hr each and are therefore exempt from the requirements of this rule. Additionally, other fuel-burning units at the expanded facility (e.g. engines) are not subject to 45 CSR 10, Section 3 as they do not produce power by indirect heat transfer and are therefore not considered "fuel burning units". The fuel sulfur content is sufficiently low that the proposed engines will easily meet the requirements of this rule.

1.7.4 <u>45 CSR 13</u>

The state regulations applicable to the permitting of the proposed construction are in Title 45 Series 13 of the Code of State Regulations. The proposed modification to North Liquids Management Facility has the potential to emit several regulated pollutants in excess of the thresholds that define a Stationary Source. This modification will not materially change the facility's potential to emit. It will remain less than the thresholds that would classify the facility as a Major Source under 45 CSR 14.

1.7.5 <u>45 CSR 16</u>

This series of regulations is an incorporation, by reference, of the New Source Performance Standards codified under 40 CFR 60. As discussed under the federal regulations, the North Liquids Management Facility is subject to the emission limitations, monitoring, testing and recordkeeping of Subpart JJJJ.

1.7.6 45 CSR 30

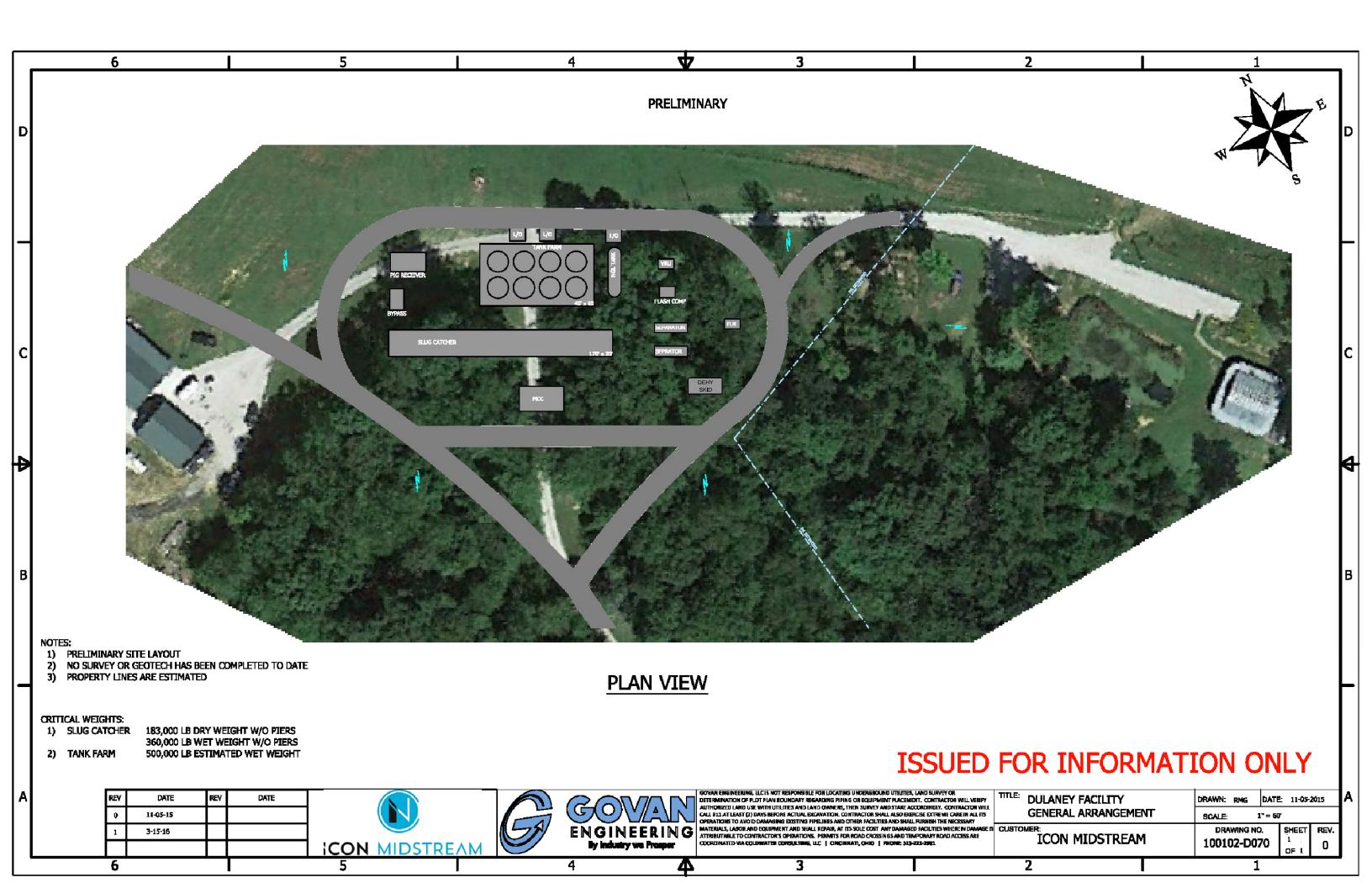
The state regulations applicable to Title V operating permits are in Title 45 Series 30. The planned North Liquids Management Facility, as noted above, does not have the potential to emit any regulated pollutant about the threshold that would define it as a major facility. The installation of an emergency generator does not trigger the need for a Title V permit.

1.7.7 Other Applicable Requirements

Through Series 34, WVDEP has adopted the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories. Both of these topics have been addressed above.

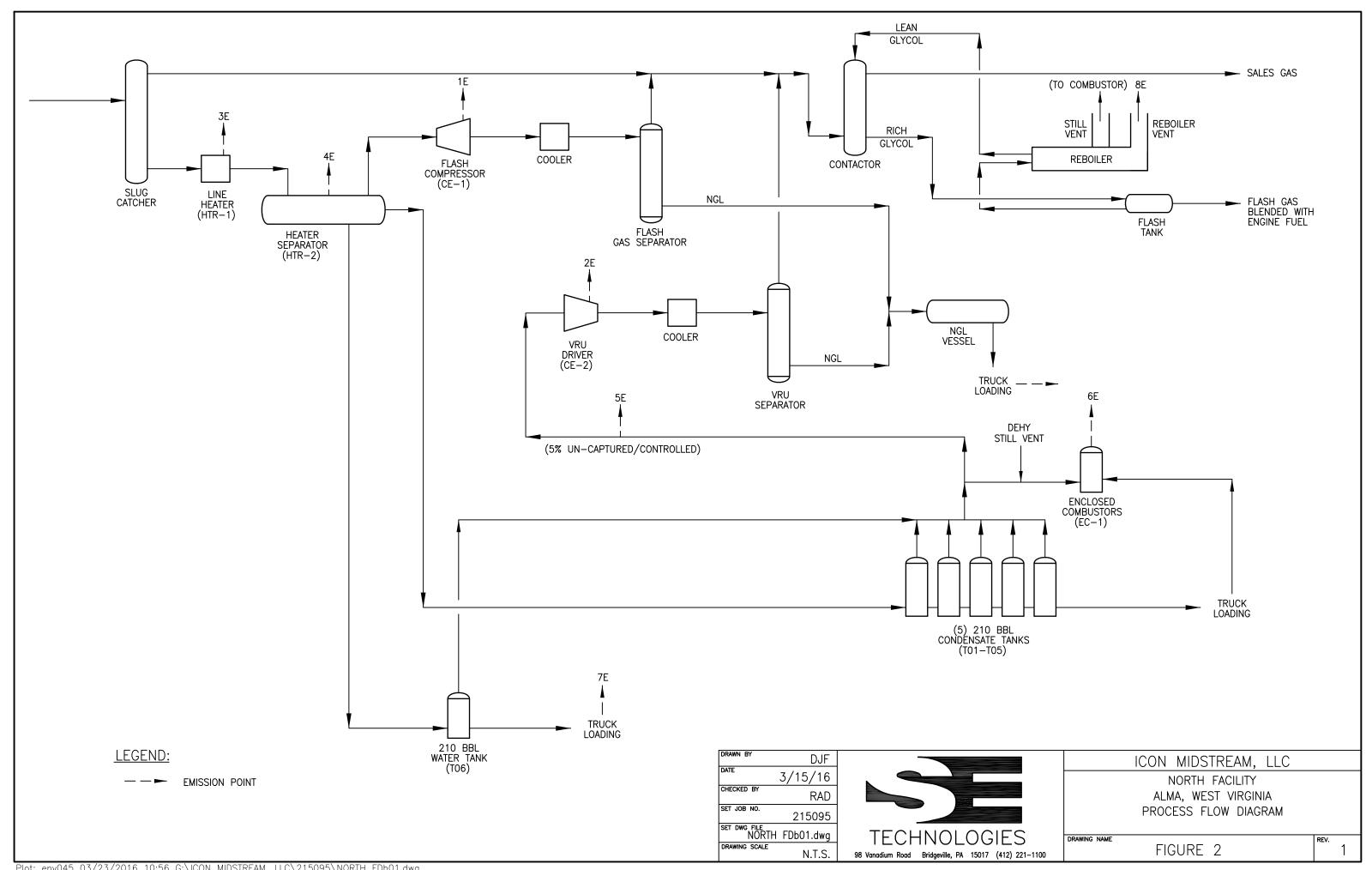


Site Layout Diagram



ATTACHMENT F

Process Flow Diagram



ATTACHMENT G

Process Description

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC North Liquids Management Facility Attachment G – Process Description

Icon Midstream plans to install its North Liquids Management Facility in Wetzel County. (See Site Location Map). The Station will receive and manage natural gas and produced fluids (primarily raw condensate) from area production well pads owned and operated by others. At the station inlet, gas and produced fluids will be passed through a slug catcher where liquids will be separated from the gas. The gas will be dehydrated and injected into a pipeline for transportation to a processing facility owned and operated by others.. A portion of the gas will be used as fuel for Icon's equipment.

Liquids exiting the Slug Catcher will pass through a line heater and then enter a heated separator. In the heated separator, the liquids are first separated into Condensate and Produced Water (Brine). As the pressure is reduced, lighter components of the condensate is flashed off. The stabilized condensate is routed to a series of five 210 BBL aboveground storage tanks prior to transportation (via truck) to a processing facility owned and operated by others. The separated water is routed to a single 210 BBL aboveground storage tank prior to off-site transportation by others for re-use or disposal. The flash gas coming off of the heated separator will be routed to a flash gas compressor and passed through an air cooler. A fraction of the flash gas condenses during the pressurization and cooling process. This liquid (Natural Gas Liquids or NGL) will then be accumulated in a pressure vessel (approximately 120 psia) and transported via a pressurized tanker truck to a fractionation facility owned by others for further processing.

Vapors emitted by the stabilized condensate storage tanks will be captured by a hard piping system that will route the vapors to a Vapor Recovery Unit (VRU). This unit will compress the vapors and inject the gas into the sales line. Any liquids condensing during this pressurization and cooling process are routed to the NGL tank.

Any vapors not handled by the VRU or Flash Gas compressor will be controlled by enclosed combustors if/when one or both of the VRU or Flash Gas compressor are down for maintenance or other mechanical reasons. Vapors associated with produced water and condensate truck loading will also be routed to the enclosed combustor. As NGL truck loading will be via vapor balance between the pressurized storage vessels and the pressurized tanker truck, there will only be emissions associated with the connection/disconnection of the transfer lines.

In summary, emission sources at this facility will include the following:

- One Flash Gas Compressor Engine Arrow VR 260 47 Hp
- One VRU Gas Compressor Engine Cummins G8.3 118 Hp
- One 250 MBTU/Hr Line Heater
- One 1.0 MMBTU/Hr Separator Heater
- One 130 MMSCFD Dehydration Unit
- Five 210 BBL Stabilized Condensate Tanks
- One 210 BBL Produced Water Tank
- Stabilized Condensate/Produced water truck loading
- NGL truck loading
- Fugitive Emissions Facility Roadways
- Fugitive Emissions Component Leaks

ATTACHMENT I

Emission Unit Table

Emission Units Table

(includes all emission units and air pollution control devices

that will be part of this permit application review, regardless of permitting status)

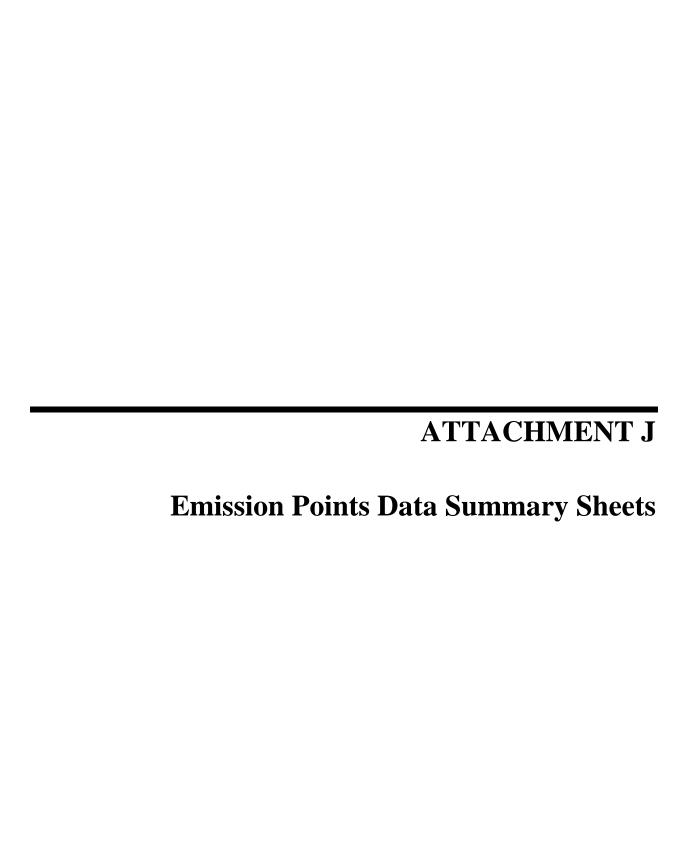
-		The will be pure or this permit uppire	/ 8			
Emission Unit ID ¹	Emission Point ID ²	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed/ Modified	Design Capacity	Type ³ and Date of Change	Control Device ⁴
CE-1	1E	Flash Gas Compressor Engine (Arrow VR 260)	Upon Receipt of Permit	47 Hp	NEW	1C (NSCR)
CE-2	2E	VRU Compressor Engine (Cummins G8.3)	Upon Receipt of Permit	118 Hp	NEW	2C (NSCR)
HTR-1	3E	Line Heater	Upon Receipt of Permit	0.25 MMBTU/Hr	NEW	None
HTR-2	4E	Separator Heater	Upon Receipt of Permit	1.0 MMBTU/Hr	NEW	None
T01	5E/6E	Condensate Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
T02	5E/6E	Condensate Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
Т03	5E/6E	Condensate Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
T04	5E/6E	Condensate Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
T05	5E/6E	Condensate Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
EC-1	6E	Enclosed Combustor (Two at 10.0 MMBTU/Hr Each)	Upon Receipt of Permit MME		NEW	N/A
T06	5E/6E	Produced Water Tank	Upon Receipt of Permit	210 BBL	NEW	VRU-1/EC-1
TL-1	6E	Condensate Truck Loading	Upon Receipt of Permit	1,050,000 Gallons/Yr.	NEW	EC-1
TL-2	7E	Produced Water Truck Loading	Upon Receipt of Permit	58,800 Gallons/Yr.	NEW	None
RBV-1	8E	Reboiler Vent	Upon Receipt of Permit	2.0 MMBTU/Hr	NEW	None
RSV-1	6E	Reboiler Still Vent	Upon Receipt of Permit	130 MMSCFD	NEW	EC-1
		Fugitive VOC Emissions – Fittings and Connections	Upon Receipt of Permit	N/A	NEW	None
		Haul Roads	Upon Receipt of Permit			None

¹ For Emission Units (or <u>S</u>ources) use the following numbering system:1S, 2S, 3S,... or other appropriate designation. ² For <u>E</u>mission Points use the following numbering system:1E, 2E, 3E, ... or other appropriate designation.

³ New, modification, removal

Control Devices use the following numbering system: 1C, 2C, 3C,... or other appropriate designation.

⁴ For



ATTACHMENT J

Emission Points Data Summary Sheet New Equipment Only

	Table 1: Emissions Data														
Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table	Emission Point Type ¹	Emission Unit Vented Through This Point (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only)		All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ⁵		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions,	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ⁴)
& Plot Plan)		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)	(Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Solid, Liquid or Gas/Vapor)		mg/m)
			Flash Comp. Driver Engine					NO_x	1.33	5.81	0.21	0.91	GAS	EE	
								СО	0.53	2.31	0.41	1.81	GAS	EE	
	TT 1			1C	NSCR	С	8760	VOC	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.06	GAS	EE	
1E	Upward Vertical Stack	CE-1						SO ₂	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	GAS	EE	
	Stack							PM/PM10	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01	Solid	EE	
								Formaldehyde	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.04	Gas	EE	
								CO2e	54	238	54	238	Gas	EE	
								NO_x	3.88	14.81	0.26	1.14	GAS	EE	
								СО	2.24	9.80	0.52	2.28	GAS	EE	
	Limited		, and a					VOC	0.03	0.13	0.03	0.13	GAS	EE	
2E	Upward Vertical Stack	CE-2	VRU Driver Engine	2C	NSCR	С	8760	SO_2	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	GAS	EE	
	Stack		Liigine					PM/PM10	0.05	0.22	0.05	0.22	Solid	EE	
								Formaldehyde	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.09	Gas	EE	
								CO2e	124	542	124	542	Gas	EE	

Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table	Emission Point Type ¹	Emission Unit Vented Through This Point (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only)		All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ⁵		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions,	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ⁴)
& Plot Plan)		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)	(Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Solid, Liquid or Gas/Vapor)		Ū ,
								NO_x	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.09	GAS	EE	
			Line Heater					CO	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.07	GAS	EE	
	Hanned	HTR-1						VOC	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	GAS	EE	
3E	Upward Vertical Vent				None	С	8760	PM/PM10	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	0.01	Solid	EE	
	Vent							Benzene	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								Formaldehyde	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								CO2e	25	107	25	107	Gas	EE	
								NO_x	0.08	0.36	0.08	0.36	GAS	EE	
							,	СО	0.07	0.30	0.07	0.30	GAS	EE	
	Unwound							VOC	<0.01	0.02	< 0.01	0.02	GAS	EE	
4E	Upward Vertical Vent	HTR-2	Separator Heater		None	С	8760	PM/PM10	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.03	Solid	EE	
	v ciit							Benzene	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								Formaldehyde	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								CO2e	98	430	98	430	Gas	EE	

Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan) Emission Point Type ¹		Emission Unit Vented Through This Point (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only) Short Max		All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³ (Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ⁵		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions, Solid, Liquid or	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ⁴)
		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Туре	Term ²	(hr/yr)	& HAI 5)	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Gas/Vapor)		
		T01-T05						NO_x					GAS	EE	
								СО					GAS	EE	
	Upward		Cond. Tanks		Vapor			VOC	111.26	487.3	5.50	24.38	GAS	EE	
5 E	Vertical Vent		Un- captured	VRU-1 + EC-1	Recovery Unit	С	8760	PM/PM10					Solid	EE	
	, 6110		emissions		Oint		-	Benzene					Gas	EE	
								n-Hexane	3.33	14.6	0.17	0.73	Gas	EE	
								CO2e					Gas	EE	
							_	NO _x			0.63	1.50	GAS	EE	
								СО			3.44	8.17	GAS	EE	
			Cond.					VOC			5.85	11.39	GAS	EE	
			Tanks + Water					PM/PM10			< 0.01	0.39	Solid	EE	
Œ	Upward Vertical	EC-1	Tank + Cond.	EC-1	Enclosed	C	8760	Benzene			0.12	0.54	Gas	EE	
6E	Vent		Truck Loading	EC-1	Combustors		8700	n-Hexane			0.25	0.62	Gas	EE	
			+ Dehy Still					Ethylbenzene			0.35	1.52	Gas	EE	
			Vent					Toluene			0.21	0.92	Gas	EE	
								Xylenes			0.47	2.05	Gas	EE	
								CO2e			1,159	2,599	Gas	EE	

Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)	Emission Point Type ¹	Emission Unit Vented Through This Point (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only)		All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Maximum Potential Controlled Emissions ⁵		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions,	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ⁴)
		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)	(Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Solid, Liquid or Gas/Vapor)		
		TL-2						NO_x					GAS	EE	
								СО					GAS	EE	
7E	Upward Vertical Vent		Produced					VOC	0.13	<0.01	0.13	< 0.01	GAS	EE	
			Water Truck Loading		None			PM/PM10					GAS	EE	
	Vent							Benzene		<0.01		< 0.01	Solid	EE	
								n-Hexane		<0.01		< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								CO2e					Gas	EE	
								NO _x	0.20	0.88	0.20	0.88	GAS	EE	
								СО	0.17	0.74	0.17	0.74	GAS	EE	
	Harrond		Re-					VOC	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.05	GAS	EE	
8E	Upward Vertical Vent	RBV-1	Boiler Vent		None			PM/PM10	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.07	GAS	EE	
	vent		Vent					Benzene	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Solid	EE	
								Formaldehyde	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	Gas	EE	
								CO2e	242	1,058	242	1,058	Gas	EE	

The EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of emissions by emission unit. Note that un-captured process emission unit emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET. Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g., uncaptured emissions). Please complete the FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET for fugitive emission activities.

^{1.} Please add descriptors such as upward vertical stack, downward vertical stack, horizontal stack, relief vent, rain cap, etc.

- Indicate by "C" if venting is continuous. Otherwise, specify the average short-term venting rate with units, for intermittent venting (i.e., 15 min/hr). Indicate as many rates as needed to clarify frequency of venting (e.g., 5 min/day, 2 days/wk).
- List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. **LIST** Acids, CO, CS2, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, etc. **DO NOT LIST** CO₂, H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.
- 4. Give maximum potential emission rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g., 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).
- 5. Give maximum potential emission rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g., 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).
- 6. Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows:

MB = material balance;

ST = stack test (give date of test);

EE = engineering estimate;

O = other (specify).

ATTACHMENT J

Emission Points Data Summary Sheet New Equipment

Table 2: Release Parameter Data									
Emission			Exit Gas		Emission Poir	nt Elevation (ft)	UTM Coordinates (km)		
Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table)	Inner Diameter (ft.)	Temp. (°F)	Volumetric Flow ¹ (acfm) at operating conditions	Velocity (fps)	Ground Level (Height above mean sea level)	Stack Height ² (Release height of emissions above ground level)	Northing	Easting	
1E	0.5	1050	310	45	750	8			
2E	0.5	1127	528	45	750	8			
3E	0.25	1100	Est 200	1	750	8			
4E	0.33	1100	Est. 300	<1	750	8			
5E	N/A (Fugitive)	N/A (Fugitive)	N/A (Fugitive)	N/A (Fugitive)	750	N/A (Fugitive)			
6E	2.0	1100	Est. 300		750	12			
7E	0.5	Ambient	<10	<1	750	10			
8E	0.5	Ambient	3-4	<1	750	14			

¹ Give at operating conditions. Include inerts. ² Release height of emissions above ground level.

ATTACHMENT K Fugitive Emissions Summary Sheet

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC North Liquids Management Facility Attachment K – Fugitive Emissions Data

Equipment Fugitive Emissions

As noted in the process description, Icon Midstream Pipeline plans to install various equipment at its North Liquids Management Facility. This equipment will contain a variety of piping containing natural gas and separated liquids under pressure. During the normal course of operation minor leaks from valves, pressure release devices and various fittings associated with this piping may occur. The number of valves, flanges, etc. has been estimated to reflect the equipment that will be installed with this permit. A potential emission rate of 2.47 tpy of VOCs and 12.94 tpy CO₂e has been estimated.

Estimates of these emissions are included in the calculations (Attachment N) and summarized on the form included in this section. These calculations are based on emission factors accepted by the American Petroleum Institute and EPA.

Pigging Emission Estimates

There will be launching and receiving operations at this facility. The interior volume of both the receiver and launcher is approximately 64 cubic feet. Thus, as shown in the calculations in Attachment N, each launching and receiving event will release 4930 cubic feet of gas. With a density of 0.058 lb/cubic foot, each event will release approximately 286 pounds of gas. VOCs comprise 18.3% (by weight) of this gas. Thus, each event releases 52.3 pounds of VOCs. Additionally, with methane comprising 60.7% (by weight) of this gas, each event releases 173.6 lbs of methane or 2.17 tons CO_{2e} . It is anticipated that there will be a maximum of 150 launching and receiving events each per year. Thus, annual pigging and receiving emissions will be 7.85 tons of VOCs and 651 tons of CO_{2e} .

Facility Blowdown Emission Estimates

There will be two small gas compressors associated with emissions control equipment that will require blowdowns to allow for routine maintenance. As shown in the attached spreadsheets, the blowdown volume associated with the VGR260 driver is 89 scf and for the G8.3 is 433 scf. There will be a maximum of 36 blow downs per compressor per year. Thus, there is a potential for 18,792 cubic feet of gas emitted from blow downs [(89+433)x36].

The density of this gas at STP is 0.058 lb/scf (see the Inlet Gas spreadsheet in the calculations). Thus, the mass of gas released is 1090 pounds (18,792 x 0.058). As the percentage of VOCs in the gas (by weight) is 18.3 percent (see Inlet Gas spreadsheet in the calculations), the VOC emissions from pigging operations are estimated at approximately 199.5 lbs or 0.10 tons per year.

As the methane concentration in this gas is 60.7 % (by weight), methane emissions will be 662 pounds (1090 x 0.607) per year. Using a GHG factor of 25, methane emissions from blowdowns in CO_{2e} will be 8.3 tons CO_{2e} (166.1 x 25[GHG factor] /2000).

Storage Tank and Haul Road Fugitive Emissions

Water and condensate this facility will be accumulated in atmospheric tanks prior to off-site shipment In addition to flash, working and breathing losses from these tanks (presented in Attachment N), there will be emissions associated with the loading of the condensate tanks and fugitive dust emissions from the tank trucks entering and exiting the site. There will be a projected maximum of one condensate, NGL and/or water truck trips per day. Emissions from these sources are summarized in the attached form and the calculations are presented in Attachment N.

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

The FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions are those emissions which could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent or other functionally equivalent opening. Note that uncaptured process emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive, and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET.

Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions).

	APPLICATION FORMS CHECKLIST - FUGITIVE EMISSIONS
1.)	Will there be haul road activities?
	⊠ Yes □ No
	☐ If YES, then complete the HAUL ROAD EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
2.)	Will there be Storage Piles?
	☐ Yes No
	$\hfill \square$ If YES, complete Table 1 of the NONMETALLIC MINERALS PROCESSING EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
3.)	Will there be Liquid Loading/Unloading Operations?
	⊠ Yes □ No
	$oxed{oxed}$ If YES, complete the BULK LIQUID TRANSFER OPERATIONS EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
4.)	Will there be emissions of air pollutants from Wastewater Treatment Evaporation?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	☐ If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
5.)	Will there be Equipment Leaks (e.g. leaks from pumps, compressors, in-line process valves, pressure relief devices, open-ended valves, sampling connections, flanges, agitators, cooling towers, etc.)?
	⊠ Yes □ No
	$\hfill \square$ If YES, complete the LEAK SOURCE DATA SHEET section of the CHEMICAL PROCESSES EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
6.)	Will there be General Clean-up VOC Operations?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	☐ If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
7.)	Will there be any other activities that generate fugitive emissions?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
	ou answered "NO" to all of the items above, it is not necessary to complete the following table, "Fugitive Emissions

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY	All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS 1	Maximum Uncontrolled	Potential Emissions ²	Maximum P Controlled Em	Est. Method	
	Chemical Name/CAS	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Used ⁴
Haul Road/Road Dust Emissions Paved Haul Roads						
Unpaved Haul Roads	РМ	10.6	0.41	10.6	0.41	EE
Storage Pile Emissions						
Loading/Unloading Operations (Uncaptured Emissions Only)	VOCs	17.9	1.12	17.9	1.12	EE
Wastewater Treatment Evaporation & Operations						
Equipment Leaks	Inlet Natural Gas(VOCs)	0.56	2.47	0.56	2.47	EE
General Clean-up VOC Emissions						
Other: Blow Downs	Inlet Natural Gas(VOCs)	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.1	EE

¹ List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. LIST Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. DO NOT LIST H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

² Give rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

³ Give rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).



Emission Unit Data Sheets

Attachment L EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET BULK LIQUID TRANSFER OPERATIONS

Furnish the following information for each new or modified bulk liquid transfer area or loading rack, as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. This form is to be used for bulk liquid transfer operations such as to and from drums, marine vessels, rail tank cars, and tank trucks.

Identification Number (as assigned on Equipment List Form): TL-1 and TL-2							
1. Loading Area Name: Tank Truck Loading Area							
2. Type of cargo vessels accommodated at this rack or transfer point (check as many as apply):							
□Rail Tank Cars ⊠ Tank Trucks							
3 (on truck)							
3							
2							
cur at this loading area? ☑ Does not apply							
nds and procedure for cargo vessels using this							
6. Are cargo vessels pressure tested for leaks at this or any other location? ☐ Yes ☑ No If YES, describe:							

7. Projected Maximum Operating Schedule (for rack or transfer point as a whole):									
Maximum	Maximum Jan Mar. Apr June July - Sept. Oct Dec.								
hours/day	nours/day 3 3		3	3					
days/month 30 30		30	30	30					
days/year	340	340							

8. Bulk Liqu	id Data <i>(add pages as</i> .	necessar	y):			
Pump ID No.	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Liquid Name		Produced Water	Conden- sate	NGL		
Max. daily thro	oughput (1000 gal/day)	3.36	8.4	9.24		
Max. annual t	hroughput (1000 gal/yr)	58.8	1050	672		
Loading Meth	od ¹	SP	BF	BF		
Max. Fill Rate	(gal/min)	60	70	80		
Average Fill T	ime (min/loading)	56	60	60		
Max. Bulk Liq	uid Temperature (°F)	70	70	70		
True Vapor P	ressure ²	0.3 psia	7.45 psia	92 psia		
Cargo Vessel	Condition ³	U	U	U		
Control Equip	ment or Method ⁴	ТО	ТО	VB		
Minimum con	trol efficiency (%)	68.6	68.6	99+		
Maximum	Loading (lb/hr)	0.13	17.9	N/A		
Emission Rate	Annual (lb/yr)	2.27	2237	N/A		
Estimation Method ⁵		AP-42	AP-42			
¹ BF = Bottom Fill SP = Splash Fill SUB = Submerged Fill						
² At maximum	n bulk liquid temperature					

³ B = Ballasted Vessel, C = Cleaned, U = Unclea	aned (dedicated service), O = other (describe)
List as many as apply (complete and submit application) Sheets):CA = Carbon Adsorption Condensation SC = S Refrigeration-Absorption TO = Thermal Oxidation CRC = Compression-Refrigeration-Condensation O = other (descibe)	LOA = Lean Oil AdsorptionCO = Scrubber (Absorption)CRA = Compressortion or Incineration
 EPA = EPA Emission Factor as stated in AP-4 MB = Material Balance TM = Test Measurement based upon test data 	

9. Proposed Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Testing

O = other (describe)

Please propose monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed operating parameters. Please propose testing in order to demonstrate compliance with the proposed emissions limits.

MONITORING Truck load-outs per month and volume of liquid removed each load-out	RECORDKEEPING Truck load-outs per month and volume of liquid removed each load-out
REPORTING	TESTING
Truck load-outs per month and volume of liquid removed each load-out	None

MONITORING. PLEASE LIST AND DESCRIBE THE PROCESS PARAMETERS AND RANGES THAT ARE PROPOSED TO BE MONITORED IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE COMPLIANCE WITH THE OPERATION OF THIS

RECORDKEEPING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED RECORDKEEPING THAT WILL ACCOMPANY THE MONITORING.

REPORTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED FREQUENCY OF REPORTING OF THE RECORDKEEPING.

TESTING. PLEASE DESCRIBE ANY PROPOSED EMISSIONS TESTING FOR THIS PROCESS EQUIPMENT/AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE.

10. Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures required by Manufacturer to maintain warranty $N\!/A$

NATURAL GAS FIRED BOILER/LINE HEATER DATA SHEET

Source ID # ¹	Status ²	Design Heat Input (mmBtu/hr) ³	Hours of Operation (hrs/yr) ⁴	Fuel Heating Value (Btu/scf) ⁵	
HTR-1	NEW	0.25 MMBTU/Hr	8760	1287 BTU/scf (HHV)	
HTR-2	NEW	1.0 MMBTU/Hr	8760	1287 BTU/scf (HHV)	

- 1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Numbers (Source ID #) for each boiler or line heater located at the compressor station. Boilers should be designated BLR-1, BLR-2, BLR-3, etc. Heaters or Line Heaters should be designated HTR-1, HTR-2, HTR-3, etc. Enter glycol dehydration unit Reboiler Vent data on the *Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet*.
- 2. Enter the Status for each boiler or line heater using the following:

EXIST Existing Equipment

NEW Installation of New Equipment

- REM Equipment Removed
- 3. Enter boiler or line heater design heat input in mmBtu/hr.
- 4. Enter the annual hours of operation in hours/year for each boiler or line heater.
- 5. Enter the fuel heating value in Btu/standard cubic foot.

STORAGE TANK DATA SHEET

Source ID #1	Status ²	Content ³	Volume ⁴	Dia ⁵	Throughput ⁶	Orientation ⁷	Liquid Height ⁸
T01	NEW	Condensate	210 BBL	10.0	210,000 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet
T02	NEW	Condensate	210 BBL	10.0	210,000 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet
T03	NEW	Condensate	210 BBL	10.0	210,000 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet
T04	NEW	Condensate	210 BBL	10.0	210,000 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet
T05	NEW	Condensate	210 BBL	10.0	210,000 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet
T06	NEW	Produced Water	210 BBL	10.0	58,800 gallons/yr	VERT	8 feet

- 1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Numbers (Source ID #) for each storage tank located at the compressor station. Tanks should be designated T01, T02, T03, etc.
- 2. Enter storage tank Status using the following:

EXIST Existing Equipment

NEW Installation of New Equipment

REM Equipment Removed

- 3. Enter storage tank content such as condensate, pipeline liquids, glycol (DEG or TEG), lube oil, etc.
- 4. Enter storage tank volume in gallons.
- 5. Enter storage tank diameter in feet.
- 6. Enter storage tank throughput in gallons per year.
- 7. Enter storage tank orientation using the following:

VERT Vertical Tank

HORZ Horizontal Tank

8. Enter storage tank average liquid height in feet.

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR/GENERATOR ENGINE DATA SHEET

Source Ide	Cl	E-1	CE-2				
Engine Mar	Arrow '	VRG260	Cummins G8.3				
Manufactu	47/1800		118/	1800			
So	Source Status ²		NS	N	IS		
Date Installe	d/Modified/Removed ³	Upon Rece	ipt of Permit	Upon Rece	ipt of Permit		
Engine Manufact	ured/Reconstruction Date ⁴	5/12	/2010	10/01	/2013		
Is this a Certified Engine according (Yes or No) ⁵	Stationary Spark Ignition to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ?	Ν	Vo	N	1 0		
	Engine Type ⁶	RI	34S	RI	34S		
	APCD Type ⁷	NS	SCR	NS	SCR		
Engine	Fuel Type ⁸	R	RG	R	l.G		
Engine, Fuel and	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	<	<1	<1			
Combustion Data	Operating bhp/rpm	47/	1800	118/1800			
Butu	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	9889		8032			
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	361		750			
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	3.16		6.57			
	Operation (hrs/yr)	87	760	8760			
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
AP	NO_X	0.21	0.91	0.26	1.14		
AP	CO	0.41	1.81	0.52	2.28		
AP	VOC	0.01	0.06	0.03	0.13		
AP	SO_2	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.00	0.00		
AP	PM ₁₀	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.22		
AP	Formaldehyde	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.09		
AP	Total HAPs	S 0.02		0.03	0.14		
AP	AP CO2e		238	124	542		
				<u> </u>			

- 1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.
- 2. Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS Construction of New Source (installation) ES **Existing Source**

MS Modification of Existing Source Removal of Source

- 3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.
- 4. Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
- 5. Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ. If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance according to 40CFR§60.4243a(2)(i) through (iii), as appropriate.

Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

6. Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:

LB2S Lean Burn Two Stroke RB4S Rich Burn Four Stroke LB4S Lean Burn Four Stroke

7. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:

A/F Air/Fuel Ratio IR Ignition Retard

HEIS High Energy Ignition System SIPC Screw-in Precombustion Chambers

PSC Prestratified Charge LEC Low Emission Combustion

NSCR Rich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction SCR Lean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction

8. Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:

PO Pipeline Quality Natural Gas RG Raw Natural Gas

9. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all referenced data to this *Compressor/Generator Data Sheet(s)*.

MD Manufacturer's Data AP AP-42
GR GRI-HAPCalcTM OT Other _____ (please list)

10. Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.







Emissions Report

	USA Compre	ssion Unit	530	2 VR260/N	MHGF10	8		
Engine Serial Number : Max HP : Number of Engine Cylinders : Combustion Type & Setting : Compression Ratio : Engine Modified/Reconstructed? :	4B081005142 47 4 4 Stroke Rich Burn 8:01		Max RPM Total Disp Fuel Deliv	anufactured Date: : lacement (in3): ery Method: on Air Treatment		05/12/2010 1800 253 Carburetor Naturally Asp	irated	
Compressor Frame Serial # : Compressor Frame Max RPM :	5609x78 1800			aged Date : ressor Throws :		12/28/2009 0		
AIR ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIO	NS							
County and State Selected for Quote	e: Marion	1		WV				
NSPS JJJJ Ozone Non-Attainment / General Pe	NOx rmit NOx	g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	CO CO	g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	VOC	g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	CH2	2O g/hp-hr
RAW ENGINE EMISSIONS (based on assumption of burning 900) Fuel Consumption: 9,889	0-970 LHV BTU/SCF or HHV BTU/bhp-hr	80-85 Fuel Me	thane # Fu	el Gas with little	to no H2S	5)		
		<u>g/t</u>	ohp-hr	Ib/MMB	<u>TU</u>		<u>lb/hr</u>	<u>TPY</u>
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) : Carbon Monoxide (CO) : Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNE	EHC excluding CH2O):		12.80 5.10 0.04			0	.326 .528 .004	5.808 2.313 0.018
Formaldehyde (CH2O) : Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :	ondensable :		0.09	0.0194 0.0006		0	.009 .009 .000	0.039 0.040 0.001
Carbon Dioxide (CO2) : Methane (CH4) :		<u>g/t</u>	<u>bhp-hr</u>	<u>lb/MMB</u> 110 0.23	<u>TU</u>	5	<u>/hr</u> 51.13 0.11	Metric Tonne/yr 203.11 0.43
CONTROLLED EMISSIONS								
Catalytic Converter Make and Mode Catalyst Element Type: Number of Catalyst Elements curren Air/Fuel Ratio Control : Other Engine Emissions Control Equ	itly in Housing:	VXC-1408 3-Way 1 Yes	-04XCI					
				d to Comply with				
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) : Carbon Monoxide (CO) :		JJJJ & Non-A	attainment / 0 0 0		<u>Limits</u>	<u>lb/hr</u> 1.326 0.528		<u>TPY</u> 5.808 2.313
Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNE Formaldehyde (CH2O) : Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C			0))		0.004 0.009 0.009		0.018 0.039 0.040
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :			O			0.000		0.001
			attainment /	ed to Comply with General Permit I		<u>lb/hr</u>		Metric Tonne/yr
Carbon Dioxide (CO2) : Methane (CH4) :			0			0.11		0.43

¹⁾ g/bhp-hr are based on Engine Manufacturer Specifications assuming a "Pipeline Quality" fuel gas composition, 1200 ft elevation, and 100- 110 F Max Air Inlet. Note that g/bhp-hr values are based on 100% engine load operation and some g/hp-hr values are Nominal and are not representative of Not- To-Exceed values. It is recommended to apply safety factor (i.e. increase the value by a nominal percentage) to the g/hp-hr values for Air Permitting to allow for operational flexibility and variations in fuel gas composition.

2) Ib/MMBTU emission Factors are based on EPA's AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 3: Stationary Internal Combution Sources (Section 3.2 Natural Gas-Fired Reciprocating



Proposal Number: TJ-13-2071 Rev(2)

Equipment Specification Report

Engine Data

Number of Engines:

1

Application:

Air Compression

Engine Manufacturer:

Arrow

Model Number:

VRG 260

Power Output:

47 bhp 0.6 wt% sulfated ash or less

Power Output: Type of Fuel:

Natural Gas

Exhaust Flow Rate:

310 acfm (cfm)

Exhaust Temperature:

1230 F

System Details

Housing Model Number:

VXC-1408-04-HSG

Element Model Number:

VX-RE-08XC

Number of Catalyst Layers:

Number of Spare Catalyst Layers:

1

System Pressure Loss:

2.0 inches of WC (Clean)

Sound Attenuation:

28-32 dBA insertion loss

Exhaust Temperature Limits:

750 - 1250°F (catalyst inlet); 1350°F (catalyst outlet)

NSCR Housing & Catalyst Details

Model Number:

VXC-1408-04-XC1

Material:

Carbon Steel

Inlet Pipe Size & Connection:

4 inch FF Flange, 150# ANSI standard bolt pattern

Outlet Pipe Size & Connection:

4 inch FF Flange, 150# ANSI standard bolt pattern

Overall Length:

53 inches

Weight Without Catalyst:

152 lbs

Weight Including Catalyst:

162 lbs

Instrumentation Ports:

1 inlet/1 outlet (1/2" NPT)

Emission Requirements

Exhaust Gases	Engine Outputs (g/bhp-hr)	Reduction (%)	Warranted Converter Ouputs (g/bhp-hr)	Requested Emissions Tärgets
CH ₂ O	0.09			
СО	5.1	21.6	4	4 g/bhp-hr
NMHC*	0.04	0	1	1 g/bhp-hr
NO _x **	12.8	84.4	2	2 g/bhp-hr
O2	0.5%			
H2O	18.5%			

[†] MIRATECH warrants the performance of the converter, as stated above, per the MIRATECH General Terms and Conditions of Sale.



Emissions Report

10/08/2015

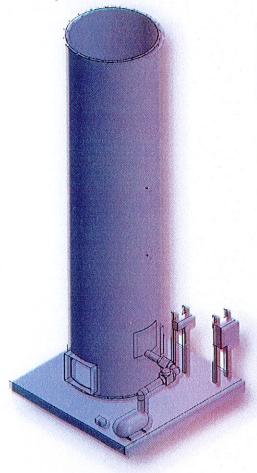
	USA Compr	ession Unit	6	208	G8.3/JGP	2				
Engine Serial Number : Max HP : Number of Engine Cylinders ; Combustion Type & Setting :	73592519 118 6		Engine Manufactured Date : Max RPM : Total Displacement (in3) : Fuel Delivery Method:		18 ⁶ 50					
Compression Ratio : Engine Modified/Reconstructed? :	10.5:1			-	Air Treatment :			urally Asp	irated	
Compressor Frame Serial # : Compressor Frame Max RPM :	F43775 1800			-	d Date : sor Throws :		01 2	/13/2014		
AIR ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION County and State Selected for Quote		on			w					
NSPS JJJJ Ozone Non-Attainment / General Pe	NOx rmit NOx	1.00 g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	CO	2.0	g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	VOC VOC	0.7	g/hp-hr g/hp-hr	CH2C) g/hp-hr
RAW ENGINE EMISSIONS based on assumption of burning 900 Fuel Consumption: 8,924)-970 LHV BTU/SCF o HHV BTU/bhp-hr	r 80-85 Fuel Me	ethane #	Fuel (Sas with little to	no H2	S)			
		·g/	bh <u>p-hr</u>		Ib/MMBT	<u>U</u>			<u>lb/hr</u>	<u>TPY</u>
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) : Carbon Monoxide (CO) :			13.00 8.60						.382 .237	14.813 9.798
Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNE Formaldehyde (CH2O) :):			0.03 0.02					
Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :	ondensable :				0.0483 0.0006).051).001	0.223 0.003
Carbon Dioxide (CO2) :		_	<u>'bhp-hr</u> 152.00		<u>lb/MMBT</u> 0.23	<u>U</u>		_	<u>/hr</u> 17.58	Metric Tonne/yr 467.14
Methane (CH4) : CONTROLLED EMISSIONS					0.25				<u>-</u>	
Catalytic Converter Make and Model Catalyst Element Type:	l:	VXC-148	D-04-HSC	;						
Number of Catalyst Elements curren Air/Fuel Ratio Control: Other Engine Emissions Control Equ		1 Yes								
					o Comply with					
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) :		JJJJ & Non-	Attainmei		neral Permit L	<u>ımıts</u>		<u>lb/hr</u> 0.260		<u>TPY</u>
Carbon Monoxide (CO) :				92 77				0.520		1.139 2.279
Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNE Formaldehyde (CH2O):	EHC excluding CH2O) :		0				- · - · - ·		
Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C	ondensable :			0				0.051		0.223
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :					to Comply with eneral Permit L			0.001 <u>lb/hr</u>		0.003 Metric Tonne/yr
Carbon Dioxide (CO2):		23323		0				117.58		467.14

¹⁾ g/bhp-hr are based on Engine Manufacturer Specifications assuming a "Pipeline Quality" fuel gas composition, 1200 ft elevation, and 100- 110 F Max Air Inlet. Note that g/bhp-hr values are based on 100% engine load operation and some g/hp-hr values are Nominal and are not representative of Not- To-Exceed values. It is recommended to apply safety factor (i.e. increase the value by a nominal percentage) to the g/hp- hr values for Air Permitting to allow for operational flexibility and variations in fuel gas composition.
2) hb/MMBTU emission Factors are based on EPA's AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 3: Stationary Internal Combution Sources (Section 3.2 Natural Gas-Fired Reciprocating Engines).



2404 Commerce Dr. Midland, TX 79703 432-697-2292 hy-bon.com 100 Ayers Blvd. Belpre, OH 45714 740-401-4000 ediplungerlift.com

With the fairly recent publication of the NSPS OOOO emission standard, all storage tank facilities constructed on or after August 23, 2011 will be allowed to emit 6 Tons or less of VOC's per year. This regulation not only forces companies to monitor and control their emissions, but it also forces the *means* of emission monitoring and controlling to be more reliable and exact. In response to such a stringent protocol, HY-BON Engineering Company is pleased to offer the CH10.0 enclosed Vapor Combustor Unit (VCU). Built upon a foundation of 60+ years' experience with tank vapors, the VCU is the solution for reducing residual tank vapor emissions when a Vapor Recovery Unit (VRU) is not sufficient or a viable option.



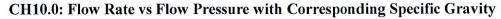
➤ EI	PA 40	CFR 6	O, Quad	10	Compliant
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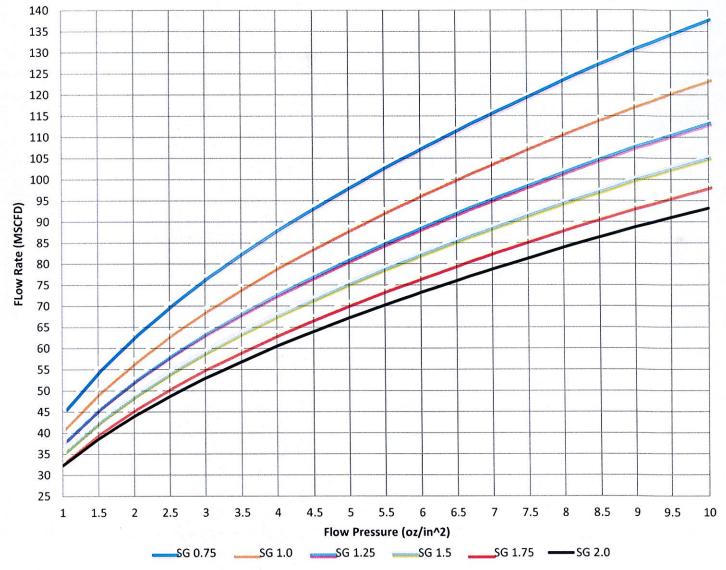
- Completely Enclosed Combustion
- > 99.99% Destruction Efficiency
- > Fully Automated System
- > Output Operational Data via Thumb Drive
- > Capable of SCADA Integration

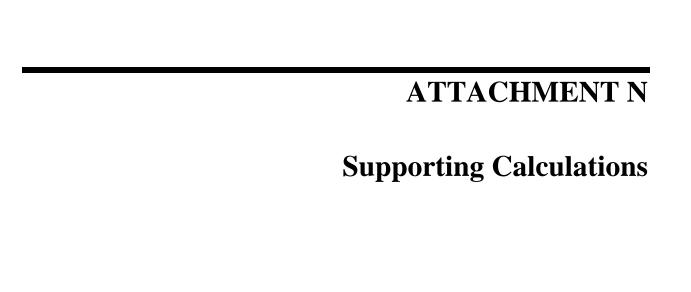
GENERAL PROPERTIES	
ТҮРЕ	Enclosed Tank Battery Flare
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	-20 °F to +100 °F
PILOT FUEL REQUIREMENTS	Propane or Site Gas @5psi of natural gas = 13,3 SCFM @5psi of propane = 12.5 SCFM
BURNER SIZE	10.0 million BTU/hr
INLET PRESSURE REQUIRMENTS	Minimum 0.5 oz/in ² (~1.0 inches w.c.)
TURN DOWN RATIO	5:1
DESTRUCTION EFFICIENCY	99.99% DRE
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	
DESIGN WIND SPEED	100 MPH
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	-20 °F to +120 °F
ELECTRICAL AREA CLASSIFICATION	General Area Classification (Non- Hazardous)
ELEVATION	up to 3,000ft ASL
PROCESS PROPERTIES	
SMOKELESS CAPACITY	100%
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	800 °F to 2000 °F (1500 °F
TEMPERATURE UTILITIES	Nominal)
PILOT GAS	Process Gas
ELECTRICITY	1 Phase, 60 Hz, 120V/10A
SOLAR PANEL OPTION AVAILABLE	YES



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North Wetzel County, WV

POTENTIAL EMISSIONS SUMMARY

		NOx	CO	CO2e	VOC	SO2	PM	n-Hexane	benzene	formaldehyde	Total HAPs
Source	Description	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/Hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr
HTR-1	Line Heater	0.02	0.02	24	0.00	0.00	0.00				
CE-1	Flash Compressor	0.21	0.41	54	0.01	0.00	0.01		0.001	0.010	0.0149
CE-2	VRU Compressor Engine	0.26	0.52	124	0.03	0.00	0.05		0.014	0.021	0.1125
HTR-2	Separator Heater	0.08	0.07	95	0.00	0.00	0.01			0.000	0.000
RBV-1	Dehy Reboiler Vent	0.20	0.17	242	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.004	0.004	0.000	0.004
T01-T06	Condensate and Water Tank (Flash+Breathing+Working) ¹				5.60			0.167			0.180
	Fugitive VOC Emissions			3	0.56						
	Flash Gas Compressor Blowdowns			N/A	N/A						
	Haul Road Fugitive Dust						4.43				
	Pigging Emissions			N/A	N/A						
TL-2	Water Truck Loading				0.13						
	NGL Truck Loading				0.90						
TL-1	Condensate Truck Loading (Uncaptured) ²				0.78						0.05
EC-1	Captured/Controlled Tank, Truck Loading and Dehy Still Vent Emissions ³	0.63	3.44	1,159	5.85	0.00	0.00	0.250	0.120	0.0000	1.40
	Total	1.40	4.63	1,701	13.88	0.00	4.52	0.421	0.138	0.03	1.76

		NOx	CO	CO2e	VOC	SO2	PM	n-Hexane	benzene	formaldehyde	Total HAPs
Source		tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
HTR-1	Line Heater	0.09	0.07	104	0.00	0.00	0.01			0.00	
CE-1	Flash Compressor	0.91	1.81	238	0.06	0.00	0.04		0.003	0.04	0.07
CE-2	VRU Compressor Engine	1.14	2.28	542	0.13	0.00	0.22		0.007	0.09	0.49
HTR-2	Separator Heater	0.35	0.29	418	0.02	0.00	0.03			0.00	0.00
RBV-1	Dehy Reboiler Vent	0.88	0.74	1,058	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.016	0.000	0.00	0.02
T01-T06	Condensate and Water Tank (Flash+Breathing+Working) ¹				24.53			0.730			0.80
	Fugitive VOC Emissions			13	2.47						
	Flash Gas Compressor Blowdowns			8	0.10						
	Haul Road Fugitive Dust						2.33				
	Pigging Emissions			651	7.85						
TL-2	Water Truck Loading				0.01						
	NGL Truck Loading				0.04						
TL-1	Condensate Truck Loading (Uncaptured) ²				0.05						0.01
EC-1	Captured/Controlled Tank, Truck Loading and Dehy Still Vent Emissions ³	1.50	8.17	2599	11.39	0.00	0.39	0.620	0.540	0.00	5.65
	Total	4.86	13.36	5,632	46.69	0.01	3.08	1.366	0.551	0.14	7.04

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Condensate tank emissions are captured $\,$ are routed to VRU with Combustor as backup.

Per WVDEP Guidance on VRUs, a capture efficiency of 95% is claimed. This represents uncaptured.

² Truck loading VOC emissions captured at 98.7% per AP-42 Chapter 5.2.2.1.1 for NSPS-certified trucks. This entry represents the 1.3% not captured.

^{398.7}% captured truck loading emissions routed to combustor EC-1

North Wetzel County, WV

Controlled Emission Rates

Source CE-2

Engine Data: Engine Manufacturer Engine Model Type (Rich-burn or Low Emission) Aspiration (Natural or Turbocharged)	Cummins G8.3 Rich Burn Natural					
Manufacturer Rating Speed at Above Rating Configeration (In-line or Vee) Number of Cylinders	118 1,800 In-line 6	hp rpm				
Engine Bore Engine Stroke	4.490 5.320	inches inches				
Engine Displacement Engine BMEP Fuel Consumption (HHV)	505 103 8,924	cu. in. psi Btu/bhp-hr				
						AP-42 4strokerich
Emission Rates:	g/bhp-hr	lb/hr	tons/year	g/hr	lb/day	y lb/mmbtu
Oxides of Nitrogen, NOx	1.000	0.26	1.14	118	6.24	
Carbon Monoxide CO VOC (NMNEHC)	2.000 0.110	0.52 0.03	2.28 0.13	236 13	12.49 0.69	· ·
CO2	452	118	515	53,336	2,822	· · · · · ·
CO2e		124	542	,	_,	
Total Annual House of Operation	9.760					0 ppmv H2S
Total Annual Hours of Operation SO2	8,760	0.0006	0.0028			0.0006
PM (Condensable + Filterable)		0.0509	0.2228			0.0483 Per Mfg.
CH ₄		0.1261	0.5524			0.0022 Factor From 40 CFR 98, Table C-2
N_2O		0.0115	0.0502			0.0002 Factor From 40 CFR 98, Table C-2
acrolein		0.0028	0.0121			0.00263
acetaldehyde		0.0029	0.0129			0.00279
formaldehyde	0.080	0.0208 0.0017	0.0912 0.0073			Per Mfg. 0.00158
benzene toluene		0.0017	0.0073			0.00158
ethylbenzene		3E-05	0.0001			2.48E-05
xylene s		0.0002	0.0009			0.000195
methanol		0.0032	0.0141			0.00306
total HAPs		0.0322	0.1411			
Exhaust Parameters:						
Exhaust Gas Temperature	1,127	deg. F				
Exhaust Gas Mass Flow Rate	500	lb/hr				
Exhaust Gas Mass Flow Rate	528	acfm				
Exhaust Stack Height	137 8.67	inches feet				
Exhaust Stack Inside Diameter	6 0.500	inches feet				
Exhaust Stack Velocity	44.8 2,689.1	ft/sec ft/min	_	3.1416	4 x	x acfm (stack diameter)^2

North Wetzel County, WV

Potential Emission Rates

Line Heater Source HTR-1

Burner Duty Rating Burner Efficiency Gas Heat Content (HHV) Total Gas Consumption H2S Concentration Hours of Operation 250.0 Mbtu/hr 98.0 % 1291.5 Btu/scf 4,740.5 scfd 0.000 Mole % 8760

NOx	0.0198	lbs/hr	0.087	TPY
CO	0.0166	lbs/hr	0.073	TPY
CO2e	24	lbs/hr	104	tpy
VOC	0.0011	lbs/hr	0.005	TPY
SO2	0.0001	lbs/hr	0.001	TPY
H2S	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
PM10	0.0015	lbs/hr	0.007	TPY
СНОН	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY

AP-42 Factors Used

NOx	100 Lbs/MMCF	
CO	84 Lbs/MMCF	
CO_2	120,000 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 1
VOC	5.5 Lbs/MMCF	
PM	7.6 Lbs/MMCF	
SO_2	0.6 Lbs/MMCF	
CH_4	2.3 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 21
N_2O	2.2 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential =310
HCOH	0.075 Lbs/MMCF	

North Wetzel County, WV

Controlled Emission Rates

Source CE-1

Engine Data: Engine Manufacturer Engine Model Type (Rich-burn or Low Emission) Aspiration (Natural or Turbocharged)	Arrow VGR260 Rich Burn Natural						
Manufacturer Rating Speed at Above Rating Configeration (In-line or Vee) Number of Cylinders	47.0 1,800 In Line 4	hp rpm					
Engine Bore Engine Stroke	4.134 4.724	inches inches					
Engine Displacement Fuel Consumption	254 9,889	cu. in. Btu/bhp-hi				AP-42 4strokerich	
Emission Rates:	g/bhp-hr	lb/hr	tons/year	g/hr		lb/mmbtu	
Oxides of Nitrogen, NOx	2.0	0.21	0.91	94	4.97		Comment
Carbon Monoxide CO	4.0	0.41	1.81	188	9.92		453.59 grams = 1 pound
VOC (NMNEHC)	0.1	0.01	0.06	6	0.32		2,000 pounds = 1 ton
CO2e		54	238	0	1,304		
Total Annual Hours of Operation SO2	8,760	0.0003	0.0012		ı	0.0006	
PM (Condensable + Filterable) CO2		0.009 51.126	0.0395 223.9324			0.0194 110	MFG. Spec
CH _{4 CO2e}		2.6725	11.7056				MFG. Spec
N ₂ O CO _{2e}		0.5518	2.4169				Factor From 40 CFR 98, Table C-2
acrolein		0.0012	0.0054			0.00263	
acetaldehyde	0.005	0.0013	0.0057			0.00279	
formaldehyde	0.095	0.01 0.0007	0.0431 0.0032			0.00158	MFG. Spec
benzene toluene		0.0007	0.0032			0.00158	
ethylbenzene		1E-05	0.0010			2.48E-05	
xylene s		9E-05	0.0004			0.000195	
methanol		0.0014	0.0062			0.00306	
Lata LUADa							
total HAPs		0.0149	0.0651				

North Wetzel County, WV

Controlled Emission Rates

Source CE-1 Un-Controlled

<u>Er</u>	ngir	<u>ne Da</u>	<u>ita:</u>
_			_

Engine Manufacturer FORD
Engine Model VR260
Type (Rich-burn or Low Emission) Rich Burn
Aspiration (Natural or Turbocharged) Natural

Manufacturer Rating 47.0 hp Speed at Above Rating 1,800 rpm Configeration (In-line or Vee) In Line Number of Cylinders 4 Engine Bore 4.134 inches Engine Stroke 4.724 inches

Engine Displacement 254 cu. in. Fuel Consumption 9,889 Btu/bhp-hr

r der consumption	3,003	Dia/brip iii					
						AP-42	
Emission Rates:	g/bhp-hr	lb/hr	tons/year	g/hr		4strokerich lb/mmbtu	
·	<u> </u>				-	ib/iiiiibtu	0
Oxides of Nitrogen, NOx	12.8	1.33	5.81	602	31.83		Comment
Carbon Monoxide CO	5.1	0.53	2.31	240	12.68		453.59 grams = 1 pound
VOC (NMNEHC)	0.0	0.00	0.01	1	0.07		2,000 pounds = 1 ton
CO2e		54	238	0	1,304		
Total Annual Hours of Operation	8,760						
SO2	5,7.55	0.0003	0.0012			0.0006	l
PM2.5		0.0044	0.0193			0.0095	
PM (Condensable)		0.0046	0.0202			0.00991	
CO2		51.126	223.9324			110	
CH _{4 CO2e}		2.6725	11.7056			0.23	MFG. Spec
N_2OCO_{2e}		0.5518	2.4169			0.0001	Factor From 40 CFR 98, Table C-2
acrolein		0.0012	0.0054			0.00263	
acetaldehyde		0.0013	0.0057			0.00279	
formaldehyde	0.095	0.01	0.0431				MFG. Spec
benzene		0.0007	0.0032			0.00158	
toluene		0.0002	0.0010			0.000508	
ethylbenzene		1E-05	0.0001			2.48E-05	
xylene s		9E-05	0.0004			0.000195	
methanol		0.0014	0.0062			0.00306	
total HAPs		0.0149	0.0651				

North Wetzel County, WV

tential Emission Ra

Source RBV-1

Burner Duty Rating
Burner Efficiency
Gas Heat Content (HHV)
Total Gas Consumption
H2S Concentration
Hours of Operation

2000.0 Mbtu/hr
98.0 %
808.5 Btu/scf
60,584 scfd
0.000 Mole %

-				
NOx	0.2001	lbs/hr	0.876	TPY
CO	0.1681	lbs/hr	0.736	TPY
CO2	240.1	lbs/hr	1051.6	TPY
CO2e	242	lbs/hr	1,058	tpy
VOC	0.0110	lbs/hr	0.048	TPY
SO2	0.0012	lbs/hr	0.005	TPY
H2S	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
PM10	0.0152	lbs/hr	0.067	TPY
СНОН	0.0002	lbs/hr	0.001	TPY
Benzene	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
N-Hexane	0.0036	lbs/hr	0.016	TPY
Toluene	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
Total HAPs	0.0038	lbs/hr	0.016	TPY

AP-42 Factors Used

NOx	100	Lbs/MMCF	
CO	84	Lbs/MMCF	
CO_2	120,000	Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 1
VOC	5.5	Lbs/MMCF	
PM	7.6	Lbs/MMCF	
SO_2	0.6	Lbs/MMCF	
CH ₄	2.3	Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 25
N_2O	2.2	Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential =310
НСОН	0.075	Lbs/MMCF	
Benzene	0.0021	Lbs/MMCF	
n-Hexane	1.8	Lbs/MMCF	
Toluene	0.0034	Lbs/MMCF	

North Wetzel County, WV

tential Emission Ra

Source EC-1

Enclosed Combustor Pilot

Burner Duty Rating 58.5 Mbtu/hr
Burner Efficiency 98.0 %
Gas Heat Content (HHV) 1291.5 Btu/scf
Total Gas Consumption 1109.3 scfd
H2S Concentration 0.000 Mole %
Hours of Operation 8760

NOx	0.0059	lbs/hr	0.026	TPY
CO	0.0049	lbs/hr	0.022	TPY
CO2	7.0	lbs/hr	30.8	TPY
CO2e	7	lbs/hr	31	TPY
VOC	0.0003	lbs/hr	0.001	TPY
SO2	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
H2S	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
PM10	0.0004	lbs/hr	0.002	TPY
СНОН	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
Benzene	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
N-Hezane	0.0001	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
Toluene	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
Total HAPs	0.0001	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY

AP-42 Factors Used (Tables 1.4.1-1.4.3)

NOx	100 Lbs/MMCF	
CO	84 Lbs/MMCF	
CO_2	120,000 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 1
VOC	5.5 Lbs/MMCF	
PM	7.6 Lbs/MMCF	
SO_2	0.6 Lbs/MMCF	
CH ₄	2.3 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 25
N_2O	2.2 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential =298
НСОН	0.075 Lbs/MMCF	
Benzene	0.0021 Lbs/MMCF	
n-Hexane	1.8 Lbs/MMCF	
Toluene	0.0034 Lbs/MMCF	

North Wetzel County, WV

Potential Emission Rates

Source EC-1

Enclosed Vapor Combustor

Destruction Efficiency Gas Heat Content (HHV) Max Flow to T-E Max BTUs to Flare 98.0 % 693.0 Btu/scf 0.01343 MMSCFH 9.31 MMBTU/Hr

103.238 MMCF/Yr 44,166 MMBTU/Yr

NOx	0.63	lbs/hr	1.50	tpy
CO	3.44	lbs/hr	8.17	tpy
CO2	1,087.89	lbs/hr	2,581.28	tpy
CO2e	1,158.87	lb/hr	2,599.27	tpy
VOC	5.85	lb/hr	11.39	tpy
CH4	0.02	lbs/hr	0.0486	tpy
N2O	0.002	lbs/hr	0.0049	tpy
PM	0.004	lb/hr	0.39	tpy
Benzene	0.120	lb/hr	0.54	tpy
СНОН	0.000	lb/hr	0.0039	tpy
n-Hexane	0.250	lb/hr	0.62	tpy
Ethylbenzene	0.350	lb/hr	1.52	tpy
Toluene	0.210	lb/hr	0.92	tpy
Xylenes	0.470	lb/hr	2.05	tpy
Total HAPs	1.400	lb/hr	5.65	tpy

Notes:

Condensate Tank and Water Tank vapors to combustor as backup for VRU Only. From Attached Work Sheet, max loading to the combustors is 332,334 scfd and 9.31 MMBTU/Hr

VOC and HAP emissions represent 2% of the captured emissions

Factors	Used

NOx	0.068	Lbs/MMBTU
CO	0.37	Lbs/MMBTU
CO2	116.89	Lbs/MMBTU
CH4	0.0022	Lbs/MMBTU
N2O	0.00022	Lbs/MMBTU
PM	7.6	lb/MMSCF
СНОН	0.075	lb/MMSCF
	CO CO2 CH4 N2O PM	CO 0.37 CO2 116.89 CH4 0.0022 N2O 0.00022 PM 7.6

North Wetzel County, WV

Potential Emission Rates

Separator Heater Source HTR-2

Burner Duty Rating Burner Efficiency Gas Heat Content (HHV) Total Gas Consumption H2S Concentration Hours of Operation 1000.0 Mbtu/hr 98.0 % 1291.5 Btu/scf 18961.9 scfd 0.000 Mole % 8760

NOx	0.0790	lbs/hr	0.346	TPY
СО	0.0664	lbs/hr	0.291	TPY
CO2e	95	lbs/hr	418	tpy
VOC	0.0043	lbs/hr	0.019	TPY
SO2	0.0005	lbs/hr	0.002	TPY
H2S	0.0000	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY
PM10	0.0060	lbs/hr	0.026	TPY
СНОН	0.0001	lbs/hr	0.000	TPY

AP-42 Factors Used

NOx	100 Lbs/MMCF	
CO	84 Lbs/MMCF	
CO_2	120,000 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 1
VOC	5.5 Lbs/MMCF	
PM	7.6 Lbs/MMCF	
SO_2	0.6 Lbs/MMCF	
CH_4	2.3 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential = 21
N_2O	2.2 Lbs/MMCF	Global Warming Potential =310
НСОН	0.075 Lbs/MMCF	

North Wetzel County, WV

Fugitive VOC Emissions

Volatile Organic Compounds, non-methane and non-ethane from gas analysis:20.63weight percentMethane from gas analysis:58.26weight percentCarbon Dioxide from gas analysis:0.33weight percentGas Density0.0595lb/scf

Emission Source:	Number	Oil & Gas Production*	VOC %	VOC, lb/hr	VOC TPY	CO2 lb/Hr	CO2 TPY	CH4 lb/hr	СН4 ТРҮ	CO2e
Valves:										
Gas/Vapor:	55	0.02700 scf/hr	20.6	0.018	0.080	0.000	0.001	0.051	0.2254	5.637
Light Liquid:	64	0.05000 scf/hr	100.0	0.190	0.834					0.000
Heavy Liquid (Oil):	-	0.00050 scf/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000
Low Bleed Pneumatic	4	1.39000 scf/hr	20.6	0.068	0.299	0.193	0.844	0.193	0.8440	21.944
Relief Valves:	22	0.04000 scf/hr	20.6	0.011	0.047	0.000	0.001	0.030	0.1336	3.340
Open-ended Lines, gas:	-	0.06100 sfc/hr	20.6	0.000	0.000					0.000
Open-ended Lines, liquid:	-	0.05000 lb/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000
Pump Seals:										0.000
Gas:	-	0.00529 lb/hr	20.6	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0000	0.000
Light Liquid:	-	0.02866 lb/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000
Heavy Liquid (Oil):	-	0.00133 lb/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000
Compressor Seals, Gas:	2	0.01940 lb/hr	20.6	0.008	0.035	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.0059	0.148
Connectors:										0.000
Gas:	104	0.00300 scf/hr	20.6	0.004	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.0474	1.184
Light Liquid:	44	0.00700 scf/hr	100.0	0.308	1.349					0.000
Heavy Liquid (Oil):	-	0.00030 scf/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000
Flanges:										0.000
Gas:	48	0.00086 lb/hr	20.6	0.009	0.037	0.000	0.001	0.024	0.1053	2.634
Light Liquid:	88	0.00300 scf/hr	100.0	0.016	0.069					0.000
Heavy Liquid:	0	0.0009 scf/hr	100.0	0.000	0.000					0.000

Fugitive Calculations:

	lb/hr	t/y
VOC	0.563	2.468
CH4	0.118	0.518
CO2	0.001	0.004
CO2e	2.955	12.94

Notes: *Factors are from 40 CFR 98, Table W-1A (scf/hr), where available. Remaining are API (lb/hr)

Icon Midstream Pipeline, CCL GAS ANALYSIS INFORMATION

North Wetzel County, WV

Inlet Gas Composition Information

	Fuel Gas mole %	Fuel M.W. lb/lb-mole	Fuel S.G.	Fuel Wt. %	LHV, dry Btu/scf	HHV, dry Btu/scf	AFR vol/vol	VOC NM / NE	Z Factor	
Nitrogen, N2	0.3808	0.107	0.004	0.499	Dtu/sci	Dtu/sci	-	INIVI / INL	0.0038	
Carbon Dioxide, CO2	0.1622	0.071	0.002	0.334			-		0.0016	
Hydrogen Sulfide, H2S		-	-	-			-		-	
Helium, He		_	-	-			-		-	
Oxygen, O2		-	-	-			-		-	
Methane, CH4	77.6248	12.453	0.430	58.257	705.9	784.0	7.398		0.7747	
Ethane, C2H6	14.4188	4.336	0.150	20.283	233.4	255.2	2.405		0.1430	
Propane	3.3306	1.469	0.051	6.871	77.1	83.8	0.793	6.871	0.0327	
Iso-Butane	0.6710	0.390	0.013	1.824	20.1	21.8	0.208	1.824	0.0065	
Normal Butane	1.2759	0.742	0.026	3.469	38.4	41.6	0.395	3.469	0.0123	
Iso Pentane	0.3729	0.269	0.009	1.259	13.8	14.9	0.142	1.259	0.0037	
Normal Pentane	0.3483	0.251	0.009	1.176	12.9	14.0	0.133	1.176	0.0035	
Hexanes	0.9196	0.792	0.027	3.707	40.5	43.7	0.416	3.707	0.0091	
Heptane +	0.4951	0.496	0.017	2.321	25.3	27.2	0.259	2.321	0.0049	
	100.000	21.376	0.738		1,167.4	1,286.3	12.150	20.627	0.9959	-

Gas Density (STP) = 0.059

 Ideal Gross (HHV)
 1,286.3

 Ideal Gross (sat'd)
 1,264.6

 Real Gross (HHV)
 1,291.5

 Real Net (LHV)
 1,172.2

Icon Midstream, LLC GAS ANALYSIS INFORMATION

North Wetzel County, WV

Condenstate Tank Breathing Vapor

	Fuel Gas	Fuel M.W.	Fuel S.G.	Fuel	LHV, dry	HHV, dry	AFR	VOC	Z	
NT: NO	mole %	lb/lb-mole		Wt. %	Btu/scf	Btu/scf	vol/vol	NM / NE	Factor	
Nitrogen, N2	0.185	0.052	0.002	0.078			-		0.0018	
Carbon Dioxide, CO2	0.018	0.008	0.000	0.012			-		0.0002	
Hydrogen Sulfide, H2S	-	-	-	-			ı		-	
Water	-	-	-	-			i		-	
Oxygen, O2		-	-	-			-		-	
Methane, CH4	-	-	-	-			-		-	
Ethane, C2H6	0.202	0.061	0.002	0.091	3.3	3.6	0.034		0.0020	
Propane	10.137	4.470	0.154	6.703	234.7	255.1	2.415	6.703	0.0996	
Iso-Butane	8.852	5.145	0.178	7.716	265.6	287.9	2.741	7.716	0.0860	
Normal Butane	30.537	17.749	0.613	26.617	919.4	996.2	9.457	26.617	0.2952	
Iso Pentane	15.123	10.911	0.377	16.363	559.4	605.1	5.763	16.363	0.1512	
Normal Pentane	17.412	12.563	0.434	18.840	645.4	698.0	6.636	18.840	0.1741	
Hexanes	13.160	11.341	0.392	17.007	579.5	625.9	5.956	17.007	0.1300	
Heptane +	4.374	4.383	0.151	6.573	223.1	240.7	2.292	6.573	0.0435	
	100.000	66.683	2.302		3,430.4	3,712.3	35.295	99.819	0.9837	-

Gas Density (STP) = 0.186

 Ideal Gross (HHV)
 3,712.3

 Ideal Gross (sat'd)
 3,648.3

 Real Gross (HHV)
 3,774.0

 Real Net (LHV)
 3,487.4

Icon Midstream, LLC GAS ANALYSIS INFORMATION

North Wetzel County, WV

Dehydration Still Vent Gas

	Fuel Gas	Fuel M.W.	Fuel S.G.	Fuel	LHV, dry	HHV, dry	AFR	VOC	Z	
	mole %	lb/lb-mole		Wt. %	Btu/scf	Btu/scf	vol/vol	NM / NE	Factor	
Nitrogen, N2	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.004			-		0.0000	
Carbon Dioxide, CO2	0.065	0.028	0.001	0.255			1		0.0006	
Hydrogen Sulfide, H2S	-	-	-	-			-		-	
Water	90.900	3.638	0.126	32.622			-		0.9095	
Oxygen, O2		-	-	-			-		-	
Methane, CH4	0.315	0.051	0.002	0.453	2.9	3.2	0.030		0.0031	
Ethane, C2H6	0.613	0.184	0.006	1.653	9.9	10.8	0.102		0.0061	
Propane	0.479	0.211	0.007	1.894	11.1	12.1	0.114	1.894	0.0047	
Iso-Butane	0.178	0.103	0.004	0.928	5.3	5.8	0.055	0.928	0.0017	
Normal Butane	0.508	0.295	0.010	2.647	15.3	16.6	0.157	2.647	0.0049	
Iso Pentane	0.170	0.123	0.004	1.100	6.3	6.8	0.065	1.100	0.0017	
Normal Pentane	0.219	0.158	0.005	1.417	8.1	8.8	0.083	1.417	0.0022	
Hexanes	1.462	1.260	0.044	11.297	64.4	69.5	0.662	11.297	0.0144	
Heptane +	5.090	5.100	0.176	45.731	259.6	280.1	2.668	45.731	0.0506	
	100.000	11.153	0.385		382.9	413.6	3.936	65.014	0.9997	-

Gas Density (STP) = 0.031

 Ideal Gross (HHV)
 413.6

 Ideal Gross (sat'd)
 407.3

 Real Gross (HHV)
 413.7

 Real Net (LHV)
 383.0

Stone Energy Corporation GAS INFORMATION

Specific Graivity of Air, @ 29.92 in. Hg and 60 -F, 28.9625 One mole of gas occupies, @ 14.696 psia & 32 -F 359.2 c

One mole of gas occupies, @ 14.696 psia & 32 -F 359.2 cu ft. per lb-mole One mole of gas occupies, @ 14.696 psia & 60 -F 379.64 cu ft. per lb-mole

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) conversion chart:

 0 grains H2S/100 scf
 =
 0.00000 mole % H2S

 0 mole % H2S
 =
 0 grains H2S/100 scf

 0 ppmv H2S
 =
 0.000 grains H2S/100 scf

 0 ppmv H2S
 =
 0.000 grains H2S/100 scf

 0.00000 mole % H2S

Ideal Gas at 14.696 psia and 60°F

		MW	Specific	Lb per	Cu Ft	LHV, dry	HHV, dry	LHV	HHV	cu ft of air /	
		lb/mol	Gravity	Cu Ft	per Lb	Btu/scf	Btu/scf	Btu/lb	Btu/lb	1 cu ft of gas	Z factor
Nitrogen	N2	28.013	0.9672	0.0738	13.552	0	0	0	0	0	0.9997
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	44.010	1.5196	0.1159	8.626	0	0	0	0	0	0.9964
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	34.076	1.1766	0.0898	11.141	587	637	6,545	7,100	7.15	0.9846
Helium	He	4.003	0.1382	0.0105	94.848						1.0006
Oxygen	O2	31.999	1.1048	0.0843	11.864	0	0	0	0	0	0.9992
Methane	CH4	16.043	0.5539	0.0423	23.664	909.4	1,010.0	21,520	23,879	9.53	0.9980
Ethane	C2H6	30.070	1.0382	0.0792	12.625	1,618.7	1,769.6	20,432	22,320	16.68	0.9919
Propane	C3H8	44.097	1.5226	0.1162	8.609	2,314.9	2,516.1	19,944	21,661	23.82	0.9825
Iso-Butane	C4H10	58.124	2.0069	0.1531	6.532	3,000.4	3,251.9	19,629	21,257	30.97	0.9711
Normal Butane	C4H10	58.124	2.0069	0.1531	6.532	3,010.8	3,262.3	19,680	21,308	30.97	0.9667
Iso Pentane	C5H12	72.151	2.4912	0.1901	5.262	3,699.0	4,000.9	19,478	21,052	38.11	1.0000
Normal Pentane	C5H12	72.151	2.4912	0.1901	5.262	3,706.9	4,008.9	19,517	21,091	38.11	1.0000
Hexane	C6H14	86.178	2.9755	0.2270	4.405	4,403.8	4,755.9	19,403	20,940	45.26	0.9879
Heptane	C7H16	100.205	3.4598	0.2639	3.789	5,100.0	5,502.5	22,000	23,000	52.41	0.9947

Real Gas at 14.696 psia and 60°F

Trout add at 14.000 poin and 00 j											
		MW	Specific	Lb per	Cu Ft	LHV, dry	HHV, dry	LHV	HHV	cu ft of air /	
		lb/mol	Gravity	Cu Ft	per Lb	Btu/scf	Btu/scf	Btu/lb	Btu/lb	1 cu ft of gas	Gal/Mole
Nitrogen	N2	28.013	0.9672	0.0738	13.552	0	0	0	0	0	4.1513
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	44.010	1.5196	0.1159	8.626	0	0	0	0	0	6.4532
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	34.076	1.1766	0.0898	11.141	621	672	6,545	7,100	7.15	5.1005
Helium	He	4.003	0.1382	0.0105	94.848						3.8376
Oxygen	02	31.999	1.1048	0.0843	11.864	0	0	0	0	0	3.3605
Methane	CH4	16.043	0.5539	0.0423	23.664	911	1,012	21,520	23,879	9.53	6.4172
Ethane	C2H6	30.070	1.0382	0.0792	12.625	1,631	1,783	20,432	22,320	16.68	10.126
Propane	C3H8	44.097	1.5226	0.1162	8.609	2,353	3,354	19,944	21,661	23.82	10.433
Iso-Butane	C4H10	58.124	2.0069	0.1531	6.532	3,101	3,369	19,629	21,257	30.97	12.386
Normal Butane	C4H10	58.124	2.0069	0.1531	6.532	3,094	3,370	19,680	21,308	30.97	11.937
Iso Pentane	C5H12	72.151	2.4912	0.1901	5.262	3,709	4,001	19,478	21,052	38.11	13.86
Normal Pentane	C5H12	72.151	2.4912	0.1901	5.262	3,698	4,009	19,517	21,091	38.11	13.713
Hexane	C6H14	86.178	2.9755	0.2270	4.405	4,404	4,756	19,403	20,940	45.26	15.566
Heptane	C7H16	100.205	3.4598	0.2639	3.789	5,101	5,503	22,000	23,000	52.41	17.468

16.3227 17.468

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GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - AGGREGATE CALCULATIONS REPORT

Case Name: North Station

File Name: C:\Rogers_Files\Misc\Jay-Bee Oil & Gas\Icon Midstream\North\Icon North.ddf

Date: March 14, 2016

DESCRIPTION:

Description: Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC

North Station 130 MMSCFD Dehy 100 Deg F and 500 PSI Inlet Flash Tank to Station Fuel Still Vent to Combustor

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

EMISSIONS REPORTS:

CONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.0156	0.375	0.0685
Ethane	0.0570	1.369	0.2498
Propane	0.0653	1.568	0.2862
Isobutane	0.0319	0.766	0.1399
n-Butane	0.0914	2.193	0.4003
Isopentane	0.0380	0.912	0.1665
n-Pentane	0.0490	1.175	0.2145
n-H exa ne	0.1361	3.267	0.5962
Other Hexanes	0.1179	2.829	0.5163
Heptanes	0.3223	7.734	1.4115
Benzene	0.1230	2.952	0.5388
Toluene	0.2101	5.041	0.9200
Ethylbenzene	0.3474	8.337	1.5215
Xylenes	0.4676	11.224	2.0483
C8+ Heavies	0.4590	11.015	2.0103
Total Emissions	2.5316	60.759	11.0885
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	2.5316	60.759	
Total VOC Emissions	2.4590	59.015	10.7703
Total HAP Emissions	1.2842	30.821	5.6248
Total BTEX Emissions	1.1481	27.554	5.0286

UNCONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

 -	Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	
	Methane Ethane	1.5628 5.7027	37.507 136.864	6.8451 24.9777	
	Propane	6.5345	156.828	28.6212	
	Isobutane n-Butane	3.1930 9.1392	76.633 219.340	13.9855 40.0296	

			Page: 2
Isopentane	3.8020	91.247	16.6526
n-P en tane	4.8964	117.514	21.4463
n-Hexane	13.6121	326.690	59.6210
Other Hexanes	11.7881	282.914	51.6318
Heptanes	32.2254	773.411	141.1474
Benzene	12.3011	295.226	53.8788
Toluene	-		
	21.0054	504.128	92.0034
Ethylbenzene	34.7374	833.697	152.1497
Xylenes	46.7648	1122.356	204.8300
C8+ Heavies	45.8974	1101.537	201.0305
Total Emissions	253.1622	6075.893	1108.8505
TOTAL DATEBUTE	200.1022	0075.095	1100.0303
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	253.1622	6075.893	1108.8505
Total VOC Emissions	245.8967	5901.522	1077.0277
Total HAP Emissions	128.4208	3082.098	562.4829
Total BTEX Emissions	114.8087	2755.408	502.8619

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.3913	9.391	1.7139
Ethane	0.3710	8.904	1.6250
Propane	0.1721	4.131	0.7539
Isobutane	0.0518	1.242	0.2267
n-Butane	0.1086	2.606	0.4755
Isopentane	0.0368	0.884	0.1614
n-Pentane	0.0368	0.882	0.1610
n-Hexane	0.0524	1.257	0.2294
Other Hexanes	0.0617	1.480	0.2702
Heptanes	0.0560	1.345	0.2454
Benzene	0.0014	0.034	0.0062
Toluene	0.0014	0.034	0.0063
Ethylbenzene	0.0013	0.030	0.0055
Xylenes	0.0011	0.027	0.0049
C8+ Heavies	0.0078	0.187	0.0342
Total Emissions	1.3514	32.435	5.9193
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	1.3514	32.435	5.9193
Total VOC Emissions	0.5891	14.140	2.5805
Total HAP Emissions	0.0576	1.382	0.2523
Total BTEX Emissions	0.0052	0.125	0.0229

FLASH TANK OFF GAS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	19.5649	469.557	85.6941
Ethane	18.5499	445.198	81.2486
Propane	8.6059	206.542	37.6940
Isobutane	2.5876	62.103	11.3339
n-Butane	5.4283	130.280	23.7760
Isopentane	1.8420	44.209	8.0681
n-Pentane	1.8378	44.106	8.0494

			Page: 3
n-Hexane	2.6188	62.850	11.4702
Other Hexanes	3.0840	74.017	13.5080
Heptanes	2.8017	67.241	12.2714
Benzene	0.0709	1.702	0.3106
Toluene	0.0717	1.722	0.3142
Ethylbenzene	0.0629	1.510	0.2756
Xylenes	0.0556	1.335	0.2437
C8+ Heavies	0.3901	9.362	1.7085
Total Emissions	67.5722	1621.734	295.9664
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	67.5722	1621.734	295.9664
Total VOC Emissions	29.4575	706.979	129.0236
Total HAP Emissions	2.8800	69.119	12.6143
Total BTEX Emissions	0.2612	6.269	1.1441

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.4069	9.766	1.7823
Ethane	0.4280	10.273	1.8747
Propane	0.2375	5.699	1.0401
Isobutane	0.0837	2.008	0.3665
n-Butane	0.2000	4.799	0.8758
Isopentane	0.0749	1.797	0.3279
n-Pentane	0.0857	2.057	0.3755
n-Hexane	0.1885	4.524	0.8256
Other Hexanes	0.1796	4.309	0.7865
Heptanes	0.3783	9.079	1.6569
Benzene	0.1244	2.986	0.5450
Toluene			
Ethylbenzene			
	0.4688	11.250	2.0532
C8+ Heavies	0.4668	11.203	2.0445
Total Emissions	3.8831	93.194	17.0078
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	3.8831	93.194	17.0078
Total VOC Emissions	3.0481	73.155	13.3508
Total HAP Emissions		32.203	5.8771
Total BTEX Emissions	1.1533	27.679	5.0515

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSION CONTROL REPORT:

Component	Uncontrolled tons/yr	Controlled tons/yr	% Reduction
Methane Ethane Propane Isobutane n-Butane	92.5392 106.2263 66.3152 25.3194 63.8056	1.7823 1.8747 1.0401 0.3665 0.8758	98.07 98.24 98.43 98.55 98.63
Isopentane	24.7207	0.3279	98.67

				Page: 4
r	n-Pentane	29.4957	0.3755	98.73
	n-Hexane	71.0912	0.8256	98.84
Other	r Hexanes	65.1398	0.7865	98.79
	Heptanes	153.4189	1.6569	98.92
	Benzene	54.1894	0.5450	98.99
	Toluene	92.3176	0.9263	99.00
Ethy	ylbenzene	152.4253	1.5270	99.00
	Xylenes	205.0737	2.0532	99.00
C8+	+ Heavies	202.7390	2.0445	98.99
Total B	Emissions	1404.8169	17.0078	98.79
Total Hydrocarbon E	Emissions	1404.8169	17.0078	98.79
Total VOC E	Emissions	1206.0514	13.3508	98.89
Total HAP E	Emissions	575.0972	5.8771	98.98
Total BTEX F	Emissions	504.0060	5.0515	99.00

EQUIPMENT REPORTS:

COMBUSTION DEVICE

Ambient Temperature: 55.00 deg. F
Excess Oxygen: 5.00 %
Combustion Efficiency: 99.00 %

Supplemental Fuel Requirement: 1.21e+000 MM BTU/hr

Component	Emitted	Destroyed
Methane	1.00%	99.00%
Ethane	1.00%	99.00%
Propane	1.00%	99.00%
Isobutane	1.00%	99.00%
n-Butane	1.00%	99.00%
Isopentane	1.00%	99.00%
n-Pentane	1.00%	99.00%
n-Hexane	1.00%	99.00%
Other Hexanes	1.00%	99.00%
Heptanes	1.00%	99.00%
Benzene	1.00%	99.00%
Toluene	1.00%	99.00%
Ethylbenzene	1.00%	99.00%
Xylenes	1.00%	99.00%
C8+ Heavies	1.00%	99.00%

ABSORBER

Calculated Absorber Stages: 1.29
Specified Dry Gas Dew Point: 7.00 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
Temperature: 100.0 deg. F
Pressure: 500.0 psig
Dry Gas Flow Rate: 130.0000 MMSCF/day

Glycol Losses with Dry Gas: 1.0478 lb/hr
Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated
Calculated Wet Gas Water Content: 100.22 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
Specified Lean Glycol Recirc. Ratio: 3.00 gal/lb H2O

Component	Remaining in Dry Gas	Absorbed in Glycol
Water	6.97%	93.03%
Carbon Dioxide	99.84%	0.16%
Nitrogen	99.99%	0.01%
Methane	99.99%	0.01%
Ethane	99.96%	0.04%
Propane	99.93%	0.07%
Isobutane	99.90%	0.10%
n-Butane	99.86%	0.14%
Isopentane	99.85%	0.15%
n-Pentane	99.81%	0.19%
n-Hexane	99.68%	0.32%
Other Hexanes	99.76%	0.24%
Heptanes	99.39%	0.61%
Benzene	88.91%	11.09%
Toluene	83.98%	16.02%
Ethylbenzene	77.05%	22.95%
Xylenes	69.11%	30.89%
C8+ Heavies	96.83%	3.17%

FLASH TANK

Flash Control: Combustion device

Flash Control Efficiency: 98.00 %
Flash Temperature: 95.0 deg. F
Flash Pressure: 40.0 psig

Component	Left in Glycol	Removed in Flash Gas
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane Ethane	99.99% 54.51% 6.96% 7.40% 23.51%	0.01% 45.49% 93.04% 92.60% 76.49%
Propane	43.16%	56.84%
Isobutane	55.23%	44.77%
n-Butane	62.74%	37.26%
Isopentane	67.52%	32.48%
n-Pentane	72.85%	27.15%
n-Hexane	83.95%	16.05%
Other Hexanes	79.47%	20.53%
Heptanes	92.04%	7.96%
Benzene	99.46%	0.54%
Toluene	99.69%	0.31%
Ethylbenzene	99.84%	0.16%
Xylenes	99.90%	0.10%
C8+ Heavies	99.26%	0.74%

REGENERATOR

No Stripping Gas used in regenerator.

Component	Remaining in Glycol	Distilled Overhead
Water	29.60%	70.40%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	100.00%
Nitrogen	0.00%	100.00%
Methane	0.00%	100.00%
Ethane	0.00%	100.00%
Propane	0.00%	100.00%
Isobutane	0.00%	100.00%
n-Butane	0.00%	100.00%
Isopentane	0.74%	99.26%
n-Pentane	0.69%	99.31%
n-Hexane	0.60%	99.40%
Other Hexanes	1.26%	98.74%
Heptanes	0.54%	99.46%
Benzene	5.03%	94.97%
Toluene	7.93%	92.07%
Ethylbenzene	10.43%	89.57%
Xylenes	12.93%	87.07%
C8+ Heavies	12.12%	87.88%
	== - = = 0	2

STREAM REPORTS:

WET GAS STREAM

Temperature: 100.00 deg. F Pressure: 514.70 psia Flow Rate: 5.43e+006 scfh

Component		Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	2.11e-001 1.62e-001 3.80e-001 7.75e+001 1.44e+001	1.02e+003 1.52e+003 1.78e+005
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	3.32e+000 6.70e-001 1.27e+000 3.72e-001 3.48e-001	5.57e+003 1.06e+004 3.84e+003
n-Hexane Other Hexanes	4.14e-001 4.99e-001	

Heptanes 3.99e-001 5.72e+003
Benzene 9.98e-003 1.12e+002
Toluene 9.98e-003 1.32e+002

Ethylbenzene 9.98e-003 1.52e+002
Xylenes 9.98e-003 1.52e+002
C8+ Heavies 5.99e-002 1.46e+003

Total Components 100.00 3.06e+005

DRY GAS STREAM

Temperature: 100.00 deg. F Pressure: 514.70 psia Flow Rate: 5.42e+006 scfh

Conc. Loading Component (vol%) (lb/hr) Water 1.47e-002 3.79e+001 Carbon Dioxide 1.62e-001 1.02e+003 Nitrogen 3.81e-001 1.52e+003 Methane 7.76e+001 1.78e+005 Ethane 1.44e+001 6.19e+004 Propane 3.33e+000 2.10e+004 Isobutane 6.70e-001 5.56e+003 n-Butane 1.27e+000 1.06e+004 Isopentane 3.72e-001 3.84e+003 n-Pentane 3.48e-001 3.58e+003 n-Hexane 4.13e-001 5.09e+003 Other Hexanes 4.99e-001 6.14e+003 Heptanes 3.98e-001 5.69e+003 Benzene 8.89e-003 9.92e+001 Toluene 8.40e-003 1.11e+002 Ethylbenzene 7.71e-003 1.17e+002 Xylenes 6.91e-003 1.05e+002 C8+ Heavies 5.81e-002 1.41e+003 Total Components 100.00 3.06e+005

LEAN GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 100.00 deg. F Flow Rate: 2.52e+001 gpm

Component Conc. Loading (wt%) (lb/hr)

TEG 9.84e+001 1.40e+004
Water 1.50e+000 2.13e+002
Carbon Dioxide 1.14e-012 1.61e-010
Nitrogen 1.34e-013 1.90e-011
Methane 5.00e-018 7.10e-016

Ethane 8.07e-008 1.14e-005
Propane 4.34e-009 6.16e-007
Isobutane 1.22e-009 1.73e-007

n-Butane 2.55e-009 3.61e-007 Isopentane 2.00e-004 2.84e-002

n-Pentane 2.39e-004 3.38e-002 n-Hexane 5.75e-004 8.15e-002 Other Hexanes 1.06e-003 1.50e-001 Heptanes 1.24e-003 1.76e-001 Benzene 4.59e-003 6.51e-001

Toluene 1.27e-002 1.81e+000 Ethylbenzene 2.85e-002 4.04e+000 Xylenes 4.90e-002 6.95e+000

C8+ Heavies 4.46e-002 6.33e+000

Total Components 100.00 1.42e+004

RICH GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 100.00 deg. F Pressure: 514.70 psia Flow Rate: 2.69e+001 gpm

NOTE: Stream has more than one phase.

Conc. Loading (wt%) (1b/hr) Component TEG 9.29e+001 1.39e+004 Water 4.79e+000 7.19e+002 Carbon Dioxide 1.07e-002 1.61e+000 Nitrogen 1.27e-003 1.90e-001 Methane 1.41e-001 2.11e+001 Ethane 1.62e-001 2.43e+001 Propane 1.01e-001 1.51e+001 Isobutane 3.85e-002 5.78e+000 n-Butane 9.71e-002 1.46e+001 Isopentane 3.78e-002 5.67e+000 n-Pentane 4.51e-002 6.77e+000 n-Hexane 1.09e-001 1.63e+001 Other Hexanes 1.00e-001 1.50e+001 Heptanes 2.35e-001 3.52e+001 Benzene 8.68e-002 1.30e+001 Toluene 1.53e-001 2.29e+001 Ethylbenzene 2.59e-001 3.88e+001

Xylenes 3.58e-001 5.38e+001 C8+ Heavies 3.51e-001 5.26e+001

Total Components 100.00 1.50e+004

FLASH TANK OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 95.00 deg. F Pressure: 54.70 psia Flow Rate: 8.91e+002 scfh

Component Conc. Loading (vol%) (lb/hr)

Water 1.71e-001 7.22e-002 Carbon Dioxide 7.10e-001 7.33e-001 Nitrogen 2.69e-001 1.77e-001 Methane 5.20e+001 1.96e+001 Ethane 2.63e+001 1.85e+001 Propane 8.31e+000 8.61e+000 Isobutane 1.90e+000 2.59e+000 n-Butane 3.98e+000 5.43e+000 Isopentane 1.09e+000 1.84e+000 n-Pentane 1.09e+000 1.84e+000 n-Hexane 1.29e+000 2.62e+000 Other Hexanes 1.52e+000 3.08e+000 Heptanes 1.19e+000 2.80e+000 Benzene 3.87e-002 7.09e-002 Toluene 3.32e-002 7.17e-002 Ethylbenzene 2.52e-002 6.29e-002 Xylenes 2.23e-002 5.56e-002 C8+ Heavies 9.76e-002 3.90e-001 Total Components 100.00 6.86e+001

FLASH TANK GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 95.00 deg. F Flow Rate: 2.68e+001 gpm

Component Conc. Loading (wt%) (lb/hr) TEG 9.33e+001 1.39e+004 Water 4.81e+000 7.19e+002 Carbon Dioxide 5.88e-003 8.79e-001 Nitrogen 8.86e-005 1.32e-002 Methane 1.05e-002 1.56e+000 Ethane 3.82e-002 5.70e+000 Propane 4.37e-002 6.53e+000 Isobutane 2.14e-002 3.19e+000 n-Butane 6.12e-002 9.14e+000 Isopentane 2.56e-002 3.83e+000 n-Pentane 3.30e-002 4.93e+000 n-Hexane 9.17e-002 1.37e+001 Other Hexanes 7.99e-002 1.19e+001 Heptanes 2.17e-001 3.24e+001 Benzene 8.67e-002 1.30e+001 Toluene 1.53e-001 2.28e+001 Ethylbenzene 2.60e-001 3.88e+001 Xylenes 3.60e-001 5.37e+001 C8+ Heavies 3.50e-001 5.22e+001 Total Components 100.00 1.49e+004

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Control Method: Combustion Device

Control Efficiency: 98.00

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	5.99e+001 3.97e+001 5.68e-002 2.19e-001 1.11e-001	1.77e-001 3.91e-001
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	3.51e-002 8.00e-003 1.68e-002 4.59e-003 4.58e-003	5.18e-002 1.09e-001 3.68e-002
Other Hexanes Heptanes Benzene	5.46e-003 6.43e-003 5.02e-003 1.63e-004 1.40e-004	6.17e-002 5.60e-002 1.42e-003
Ethylbenzene Xylenes C8+ Heavies	9.42e-005	
Total Components	100.00	3.16e+002

REGENERATOR OVERHEADS STREAM

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F Pressure: 14.70 psia

Flow Rate:	1.17e+004 scfh			0	
	Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)	@ 9890	Cartyol
	Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	9.09e+001 6.45e-002 1.53e-003 3.15e-001 6.13e-001	8.79e-001 1.32e-002 1.56e+000		
	Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	4.79e-001 1.78e-001 5.08e-001 1.70e-001 2.19e-001	3.19e+000 9.14e+000 3.80e+000		
	Other Hexanes Heptanes Benzene	1.04e+000	1.18e+001 3.22e+001 1.23e+001	- 0.25	
	Ethylbenzene Xylenes C8+ Heavies	1.4Ze+000	4.68e+001	-0.69	
	Total Components	100.00	7.60e+002 245,8	- 4,92	

COMBUSTION DEVICE OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 1000.00 deg. F Pressure: 14.70 psia Flow Rate: 1.07e+001 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Ethane Propane Isobutane	3.47e+000 6.76e+000 5.28e+000 1.96e+000 5.60e+000	5.70e-002 6.53e-002 3.19e-002
n-Hexane Other Hexanes	2.42e+000 5.63e+000	4.90e-002 1.36e-001 1.18e-001
Toluene Ethylbenzene	1.57e+001	3.47e-001 4.68e-001
Total Components	100.00	2.53e+000

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC North Liquids Management Facility Tank Emissions Calculations

Icon Midstream operates five 210 BBL atmospheric pressure tanks that receives condensate that has been received via pipeline and separated from entrained water and NGL. Condensate is accumulated in these tanks, pending truck transportation to a fractionation facility. A maximum of 25,000 BBL will pass through these tanks per year. In addition, Icon also operated a single 210 BBL tank where produced water is accumulated prior to truck transportation to a re-use center or a disposal facility. A maximum of 1400 BBL will pass through this tank per year. The following summarizes potential emissions from these tanks.

Emissions from the condensate tanks will be a combination of flash emissions (as the pressure is reduced on the liquid to atmospheric) plus working and breathing losses while the condensate is in the tanks. Using data from a well pad that will be routing condensate to this facility, flash and working/breathing losses were calculated (following this summary). In a similar manner, flash emissions from the water tank were determined using actual data from a produced water tank from a well pad similar to those routing produced water to the North facility. Working and breathing losses for the water tank is considered negligible.

Emissions from the condensate tanks and produced water tank are routed to a vapor recovery unit via a hard pipe system. A capture and control efficiency of 95% is claimed. It is important to note that when the VRU is down for maintenance or repair, the condensate tank vapors are routed to a combustor with a 98% capture and control efficiency.

			Uncontrolled	Un-captured
	Flash Emissions	W&B Emissions	Total	Total
	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)
Condensate	483.56 VOCs	3.74 VOCs	487.30 VOCs	24.37 VOCs
	15.8 HAPs	0.12 HAPs	15.9 HAPs	0.80 HAPs
	14.5 n-Hexane	0.11 n-Hexane	14.6 n-hexane	0.73 n-Hexane
Water	0.16 VOC	<0.01 VOCs	0.16 VOCs	0.01 VOCs
	0.01 HAPs	<0.01 HAPs	0.01 HAPs	<0.01 HAPs
	<0.01 n-Hexane	<0.01 n-Hexane	<0.01 n-Hexane	<0.01 n-Hexane
Total	483.72 VOCs 5.00 HAPs	3.74 VOCs 0.12 HAPs	488.76VOCs 15.9 HAPs	24.38 VOCs 0.80 HAPs
	1.45 n-Hexane	0.11 n-Hexane	14.6 n-Hexane	0.73 n-Hexane

It is assumed that emissions will generally be continuous and consistent over the year. However, in order to account for day to day variances, the requested hourly maximum emissions are 25% higher than a straight extrapolation from the annual emission rates.

Loading to Enclosed Combustor from Tank Emissions

As noted above, Flash, working and Breathing losses from the condensate tanks are normally controlled by a VRU. When that unit is down for maintenance or repairs, the gas flow is routed to an enclosed combustor (EC-1). As noted in the following worksheets, there are 689.14 tpy of Flash Gas and 3.74 tpy of Working and Breathing potential emissions from the condensate tanks. This is equivalent to 158.2 lb/hr. As it is the largest component of this gas stream, the flash gas characteristics are assumed to be representative of the entire gas stream. Thus, this gas will have a density of 0.112 lb/scf and a heat content of 2282 BTU/scf. Potential loading to the combustor is then 1412.5 scf/hr (33,900 scfd) and 3.22 MMBTU/Hr.

For permitting purposes, it is assumed that the VRU will be unavailable for 500 hours per year. Thus annual loading to the combustor will be 706,250 scf [33,900 scf/day x 500/24] or 1,612 MMBTU/Yr.

The stream going to the combustor when the VRU is down has a composition that is 70.3% VOCs and 2.1% n-Hexane. Thus, with a 98% destruction efficiency and maximum loading of 158.2 lb/hr, potential VOC emissions would be 2.22 lb/hr [158.2 x 0.703 x 0.02]. Potential n-Hexane emissions would be 0.067 lb/hr [158.2 x 0.021 x 0.02].

Icon Midstream Pipeline - North

Flash Emission Calculations

Using Gas-Oil Ratio Method

Un-Controlled

Site specific data

Gas-Oil-ratio = 500 scf/bbl Using Actual GOR from RPT-8

Throughput = 25,000 bbl/yr

Stock tank gas molecular weight = 39.56 g/mole

Conversions

1 lb = 453.6 g 1 mole = 22.4 L 1 scf = 28.32 L 1 ton = 2000 lb

Equations

$$E_{TOT} = Q \frac{(bbl)}{(yr)} \times R \frac{(scf)}{(bbl)} \times \frac{28.32(L)}{1(scf)} \times \frac{1(mole)}{22.4(L)} \times MW \frac{(g)}{(mole)} \times \frac{1(lb)}{453.6(g)} \times \frac{1(ton)}{2000(lb)}$$

 E_{TOT} = Total stock tank flash emissions (TPY)

R = Measured gas-oil ratio (scf/bbl)

Q = Throughput (bbl/yr)

MW = Stock tank gas molecular weight (g/mole)

$$E_{spec} = E_{TOT} \times X_{spec}$$

 E_{spec} = Flash emission from constituent

 X_{spec} = Weight fraction of constituent in stock tank gas

Flash Emissions

Constituent	TPY
Total	689.1416
VOC	483.5638
Nitrogen	1.72E-01
Carbon Dioxide	1.08E+00
Methane	6.84E+01
Ethane	1.36E+02
Propane	1.79E+02
Isobutane	4.83E+01
n-Butane	1.11E+02
2,2 Dimethylpropane	1.36E+00
Isopentane	3.80E+01
n-Pentane	3.99E+01
2,2 Dimethylbutane	1.44E+00
Cyclopentane	0.00E+00
2,3 Dimethylbutane	2.09E+00
2 Methylpentane	1.11E+01
3 Methylpentane	6.62E+00
n-Hexane	1.45E+01
Methylcyclopentane	1.05E+00
Benzene	2.48E-01
Cyclohexane	1.50E+00
2-Methylhexane	3.21E+00
3-Methylhexane	3.16E+00
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.00E+00
Other C7's	3.00E+00
n-Heptane	4.64E+00
Methylcyclohexane	2.89E+00
Toluene	5.65E-01
Other C8's	4.72E+00
n-Octane	1.57E+00
Ethylbenzene	3.45E-02
M & P Xylenes	4.07E-01
O-Xylene	5.51E-02
Other C9's	1.96E+00
n-Nonane	4.69E-01
Other C10's	7.37E-01
n-Decane	9.65E-02
Undecanes (11)	1.03E-01

 E_{TOT} Sum of C3+

Flash Emission Calculations - Produced Water

Using Gas-Water Ratio Method

Un-Controlled

Site specific data

Gas-Water-ratio = 4.06 scf/bbl Using GOW from comparable well pad

Throughput = 1,400 bbl/yr Stock tank gas molecular weight = 39.56 g/mole

Conversions

1 lb = 453.6 g 1 mole = 22.4 L 1 scf = 28.32 L 1 ton = 2000 lb

Equations

$$E_{TOT} = Q \frac{(bbl)}{(yr)} \times R \frac{(scf)}{(bbl)} \times \frac{28.32(L)}{1(scf)} \times \frac{1(mole)}{22.4(L)} \times MW \frac{(g)}{(mole)} \times \frac{1(lb)}{453.6(g)} \times \frac{1(ton)}{2000(lb)}$$

 E_{TOT} = Total stock tank flash emissions (TPY)

R = Measured gas-oil ratio (scf/bbl)

Q = Throughput (bbl/yr)

MW = Stock tank gas molecular weight (g/mole)

$$E_{spec} = E_{TOT} \times X_{spec}$$

 E_{spec} = Flash emission from constituent

 X_{spec} = Weight fraction of constituent in stock tank gas

Flash Emissions

Constituent	TPY	
Total	0.3134	
VOC	0.1603	
Nitrogen	5.21E-03	
Carbon Dioxide	4.72E-03	
Methane	9.27E-02	
Ethane	5.04E-02	
Propane	3.60E-02	
Isobutane	9.00E-03	
n-Butane	2.54E-02	
2,2 Dimethylpropane	3.98E-04	
Isopentane	1.28E-02	
n-Pentane	1.77E-02	
2,2 Dimethylbutane	6.61E-04	
Cyclopentane	0.00E+00	
2,3 Dimethylbutane	1.28E-03	
2 Methylpentane	7.11E-03	
3 Methylpentane	4.58E-03	
n-Hexane	1.24E-02	HAP
Methylcyclopentane	1.15E-03	
Benzene	2.26E-04	HAP
Cyclohexane	1.59E-03	
2-Methylhexane	3.45E-03	
3-Methylhexane	3.59E-03	
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.00E+00	
Other C7's	3.30E-03	
n-Heptane	6.02E-03	
Methylcyclohexane	3.19E-03	
Toluene	4.95E-04	HAP
Other C8's	5.47E-03	
n-Octane	1.72E-03	
Ethylbenzene	3.45E-05	HAP
M & P Xylenes	2.82E-04	HAP
O-Xylene	3.13E-05	HAP
Other C9's	1.66E-03	
n-Nonane	3.10E-04	
Other C10's	3.64E-04	
n-Decane	6.27E-05	
Undecanes (11)	5.95E-05	

 E_{TOT} Sum of C3+

Condensate Truck Loading Lost Emissions Per AP-42

Per AP-42, Chapter 5.2.2.1.1, the uncontrolled loading loss emission factor L_L can be estimated as follows:

 $L_L = 12.46[SPM/T]$

Where:

L_L = uncontrolled loading loss in pounds per 1000 gallons of liquid loaded

S = saturation factor (0.6)

P=true vapor pressure of liquid loaded: 7.45 psia

M= Molecular weight of vapor in lb/lb-mole (66.6 From Lab Report)

T= temperature of bulk liquid loaded in deg R or 460+deg F (60 Deg F)

Thus, $L_L = 12.46[0.6 \text{ x } 7.45 \text{ x } 66.6]/[460+60]$ $L_L = 7.13 \text{ lb/}1000 \text{ gallons loaded}$

Based on sample data of breathing vapor (attached), these emissions are 99.6% VOCs. It is assumed that vapor composition from truck loading is the same as that from the tank breathing vapors.

Given a maximum loading of 200 BBL (8400 gallons) a day, uncontrolled VOC emissions are estimated at 59.65 lb of VOC per day [8.4 x 7.13 x .996]. With all daily loading taking place within 1 hour, the hourly uncontrolled emission rate is estimated at 59.65 lb/hr. NSPS certified trucks will be used for condensate transportation. Thus, a 98.7% capture efficiency can be claimed. Accordingly, potential un-captured VOC emissions are estimated at 0.76 lb/hr.

Maximum annual throughput is 25,000 BBL (1,050,000 gallons) per year. Thus, un-captured VOC emissions are conservatively estimated at 96.9 pounds per year [1050 x 7.13 x .996 x 1.3%] or 0.05 tons per year.

Based on the attached analysis of a representative tank's breathing emissions, HAPs represent 6.8 percent of the emissions. Thus, hourly un-captured HAPs emissions equals 0.05 lb/hr [8.4 x 7.13 x 1.3% x 6.8%]. Annual maximum uncaptured HAPs emissions are estimated at 6.6 lb/yr [1050 x 7.13 x 1.3% x 6.8%] or <0.01 tpy.

Loading to Combustor from Truck Loading

Captured emissions are 98.7% of total emissions or 59.11 lb/Hr during loading [8.4 x 7.13 x 98.7%]. Using the composition of the measured condensate breathing vapors from a well that will be sending condensate to this facility (a heat content of 3921 BTU/scf and a density of 0.186 lb/scf) total hourly load to the combustor from truck loading will be 59.11/0.186 or 318 scf/hr. Heat loading to the combustor will be 1.25 MMBTU/Hr.

Annual loading to the combustor will be 7389 lbs $[1050 \times 7.13 \times .987]$ or 39,727 scf and 155.77 MMBTU/Hr.

Using a combustion efficiency of 98%, captured/controlled VOC emissions are 1.18 lb/hr [8.4 x $7.13 \times 98.7\% \times 0.02$] and 148 lb/yr [$1050 \times 7.13 \times 98.7\% \times 2\%$] or 0.07 tpy.

NGL Truck Loading Lost Emissions

As noted in the project overview, NGL will be produced and accumulated in a pressure vessel at this facility. NGL loading to a transport truck will be accomplished by simply connecting the tank truck to the pressurized storage vessel and allowing it to fill to the point where it equalizes with the pressure of the bulk storage tank or brought to the maximum pressure of the transport truck, depending upon the pressure rating of the transport truck and the operating pressure of the bulk storage tank. Thus, the only emissions are the small amount of NGL left in the connection line at the time of disconnection.

The gap between the valve for the tank truck and the valve for the bulk storage tank is estimated at 0.029 cubic feet. Using liquid propane as a surrogate for NGL, this represents a release of 0.90 lb of VOCs during each disconnect [31.12 lb/cf x 0.029 cf].

NGL will be loaded at a maximum rate of 16,000 BBL/yr. With an estimated 200 BBL/tank truck, this represents a maximum of 80 truckloads or 80 disconnects per year. Thus, annual VOC emissions from NGL loading will be 72 pounds [0.90 x 80] or 0.04 tpy.

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC North Liquids Management Facility Total Loading to Combustor

Three waste gas streams are being routed to the combustor: Tank Emissions, Truck Loading Emissions and the Dehydration Unit's still vent gases. The following is a summary of the hourly and annual loading to the combustor from these three sources:

	SCF/Hr	MMBTU/Hr	MMSCF/Yr	MMBTU/Yr
Tanks Emissions	1413.4	3.22	0.7063	1,612
Truck Loading	318	1.25	0.0397	156
Dehy Still Vent	11,700	4.84	102.492	42,398
TOTAL	13,431	9.31	103.238	44,166

These values were entered into the Combustor Work Sheet in the preceding calculations spreadsheet.

The facility will be equipped with two Hy-Bon CH 10.0 enclosed combustors. The combined capacity of these two units is 20.0 MMBTU/Hr. Thus, there is sufficient capacity to control emissions during day to day variations in flow, even at maximum throughput. A conservative 98% control efficiency is claimed.

From the Tank Emissions calculations sheet, the Condensate Truck Loading calculations sheet and the GRI-GLYCalc report, the following <u>controlled potential emissions</u> are estimated (note that the tanks emit to the combustor a maximum of 500 hrs per year):

	Tai	nks	Truck Loading		Dehy S	till Vent	Total	
	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
VOC	2.21	0.55	1.18	0.07	2.46	10.77	5.85	11.39
n-Hexane	0.07	0.02	0.04	< 0.01	0.14	0.60	0.25	0.62
Benzene	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.12	0.54	0.12	0.54
Toluene	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.21	0.92	0.21	0.92
Ethylbenzene	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.35	1.52	0.35	1.52
Xylenes	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.47	2.05	0.47	2.05

These values have been inserted into the enclosed combustor emissions sheet in the preceding Excel spreadsheet.

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM UNPAVED HAULROADS

UNPAVED HAULROADS (including all equipment traffic involved in process, haul trucks, endloaders, etc.)

		PM	PM-10
k =	Particle size multiplier	0.80	0.36
s =	Silt content of road surface material (%)	10	3
p =	Number of days per year with precipitation >0.01 in.	157	157

Item Number	Description	Number of Wheels	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Mean Vehicle Speed (mph)	Miles per Trip	Maximum Trips per Hour	Maximum Trips per Year	Control Device ID Number	Control Efficiency (%)
1	Produced Water Tanker Trucks	10	27	10	0.6	1	18	None	0
2	Condensate Truck	18	27	10	0.6	1	125	None	0
3	NGL Trucks	18	27	10	0.6	1	75	None	0
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									

Source: AP-42 Fifth Edition – 13.2.2 Unpaved Roads

 $E = k \times 5.9 \times (s \div 12) \times (S \div 30) \times (W \div 3)^{0.7} \times (w \div 4)^{0.5} \times ((365 - p) \div 365) =$ lb/Vehicle Mile Traveled (VMT)

Where:

		PM	PM-10
k =	Particle size multiplier	0.80	0.36
s =	Silt content of road surface material (%)	10	3
S =	Mean vehicle speed (mph)	10	10
W =	Mean vehicle weight (tons)	27	27
w =	Mean number of wheels per vehicle	18	18
p =	Number of days per year with precipitation >0.01 in.	157	157

For lb/hr: $[lb \div VMT] \times [VMT \div trip] \times [Trips \div Hour] = lb/hr$

For TPY: $[lb \div VMT] \times [VMT \div trip] \times [Trips \div Hour] \times [Ton \div 2000 lb] = Tons/year$

SUMMARY OF UNPAVED HAULROAD EMISSIONS

	PM				PM-10				
Item No.	Uncontrolled Conf			rolled	Uncon	trolled Cor		ntrolled	
	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	
1	3.0	0.03	3.0	0.03	0.4	< 0.01	0.4	< 0.01	
2	3.8	0.24	3.8	0.24	0.51	0.03	0.51	0.03	
3	3.8	0.14	3.8	0.14	0.51	0.02	0.51	0.02	
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
TOTALS	10.6	0.41	10.6	0.41	1.42	0.05	1.42	0.05	

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM PAVED HAULROADS

INDUSTRIAL PAVED HAULROADS (including all equipment traffic involved in process, haul trucks, endloaders, etc.)

l =	Industrial augmentation factor (dimensionless)	
n =	Number of traffic lanes	
s =	Surface material silt content (%)	
L=	Surface dust loading (lb/mile)	

Item Number	Description	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Miles per Trip	Maximum Trips per Hour	Maximum Trips per Year	Control Device ID Number	Control Efficiency (%)
1	None						
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							

Source: AP-42 Fifth Edition – 11.2.6 Industrial Paved Roads

 $E = 0.077 \times I \times (4 \div n) \times (s \div 10) \times (L \div 1000) \times (W \div 3)^{0.7} =$

lb/Vehicle Mile Traveled (VMT)

Where:

I =	= Industrial augmentation factor (dimensionless)	
n =	Number of traffic lanes	
s =	Surface meterial silt content (%)	
L=	Surface dust loading (lb/mile)	
W =	Average vehicle weight (tons)	

For lb/hr: $[lb \div VMT] \times [VMT \div trip] \times [Trips \div Hour] = lb/hr$

For TPY: $[lb \div VMT] \times [VMT \div trip] \times [Trips \div Hour] \times [Ton \div 2000 lb] = Tons/year$

SUMMARY OF PAVED HAULROAD EMISSIONS

Item No.	Uncontrolled		Controlled		
item No.	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY	
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
TOTALS					



Gas Analytical

Report Date: Mar 9, 2016 9:09a

Client:

Jay-Bee Oil & Gas

Site:

Sleepy 3H

Field No:

Meter:

Source Laboratory

Clarksburg (Bridgeport), WV

Lab File No:

X_CH1-10062.CHR

Sample Type:

Spot

Reviewed By:

Date Sampled:

Feb 25, 2016

Analysis Date:

Mar 8, 2016 1:05p

Collected By:

Justin Whipkey

Date Effective:

Mar 1, 2016 12:00a

Sample Pressure (PSI):

1,235.0

Sample Temp (°F):

97

Field H2O:

No Test

Field H2S:

No Test

Component	Mol %	Gal/MSCF
Methane	77.6248	
Ethane	14.4188	3.83
Propane	3.3306	0.92
I-Butane	0.6710	0.22
N-Butane	1.2759	0.40
I-Pentane	0.3729	0.14
N-Pentane	0.3483	0.13
Nitrogen	0.3808	ns He
Oxygen	<mdl< td=""><td></td></mdl<>	
Carbon Dioxide	0.1622	
Hexanes+	1.4147	0.58
TOTAL	100.0000	6.21

Analytical Results at Base Conditions (Real)		
BTU/SCF (Dry):	1,295.3098 BTU/ft ³	
BTU/SCF (Saturated):	1,273.6435 BTU/ft ³	
PSIA:	14.730 PSI	
Temperature (°F):	60.00 °F	
Z Factor (Dry):	0.99622	
Z Factor (Saturated): 0.99579		

Analytical Results at Contract Conditions (Real)		
BTU/SCF (Dry):	1,295.3098 BTU/ft ³	
BTU/SCF (Saturated):	1,273.6435 BTU/ft ³	
PSIA:	14.730 PSI	
Temperature (°F):	60.00 °F	
Z Factor (Dry):	0.99622	
Z Factor (Saturated):	0.99579	

Calculated Specific Gravities			
Ideal Gravity:	0.7391	Real Gravity:	0.7416
Molecular Wt: 21.4055 lb/lbmol			

Gross Heating Values are Based on: GPA 2145-09, 2186 Compressibility is Calculated using AGA-8.

Source	Date	Notes
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Attachment O Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plan

ATTACHMENT O

Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC

North Liquids Management Facility

Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting and Testing Plan

I. Monitoring

Engines

Icon Midstream (Icon) will monitor and record engine hours of operation on a daily basis. Additionally, Icon will monitor the amount of gas managed by the station on a daily basis as well as gas consumed in operating the compressor engines on a daily basis. Together, this information will allow the company to determine emissions for each engine, utilizing the catalyst manufacturer's warranted emission factors.

The air to fuel ratio will be monitored on a weekly basis to ensure proper operation of the catalytic converters. Additionally, the catalytic converters will be inspected and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

Condensate/NGL and Produced Water Tanks

Icon will monitor and record the volume of produced water and condensate being loading out on a monthly basis.

Dehydration Unit

Icon Midstream will monitor and record daily gas throughput and glycol recirculation rate.

II. Recordkeeping

Icon will maintain accurate operating records of both engines and the facility throughput for each year on a 12-month rolling average. Records will include monthly fuel consumption (facility-wide), hours of operation for each engine, a total gas consumed by the heaters (a total for both heaters) and the amount of gas and each liquid managed by the facility. These records will be signed and dated by an authorized representative.

All inspections, preventive maintenance, failures, duration of failure events, replacements and/or repair of catalytic converters will be recorded, signed and dated by an authorized representative.

All inspections, maintenance, failures, replacements and/or repair of valves and non-welded connections will be recorded, signed and dated by an authorized representative.

All records will be kept either on site or at the nearest office location for a period of at least five (5) years.

III. Testing

Within 180 days of achieving the maximum facility throughput, Icon will conduct emissions testing of the VRU Driver engine as stipulated under Subpart JJJJ to demonstrate compliance with the emission rates set forth in the permit application. Due to its size, subsequent testing of the VRU compressor engine is not required. The Flash Gas compressor driver engine does not require testing.

IV. Reporting

Icon will submit certified emission statements on an annual basis in accordance with WVDEP, Division of Air Quality requirements.

Attachment P Public Notice Affidavit

Affidavit Notice Will Be Submitted Upon Receipt

AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE Notice of Application

Notice is given that Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for a Construction Permit for its North Liquids Management Facility located off of Piney Fork Road near the community of Galmish, in Wetzel County., West Virginia (Lat.39.56173, Long. -80.698581)

The applicant estimates the increase in potential to discharge the following regulated air pollutants:

4.86 tons of Nitrogen Oxides per year

13.36 tons of Carbon Monoxide per year

46.69 tons of Volatile Organics per year

0.01 tons of Sulfur Dioxide per year

3.08 tons of Particulate Matter per year

0.55 tons of Benzene

1.52 tons of Ethylbenzene

1.37 tons of n-Hexane

0.92 tons of Toluene

2.05 tons of Xylenes

0.14 tons of formaldehyde

5,632 tons of CO_{2e} per year

Startup of the modified operation is planned to begin on or about the 30th day of July, 2016. Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57th Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1250, during normal business hours.

Dated this the (Day) day of (Month), (Year).

By: Mr. Shane Dowell
Operations Manager
Icon Midstream Pipeline, LLC