

# Permit to Construct



**R13-2964-D-R-A-F-T**

*This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45 C.S.R. 13 — Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation. The permittee identified at the facility listed below is authorized to construct the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.*

Issued to:  
**Ohio River Aggregate Inc.**  
**Moundsville, West Virginia**  
**051-00147**

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*John A. Benedict*  
*Director*

Issued: **D-R-A-F-T** • Effective: **D-R-A-F-T**

Facility Location: Moundsville, Marshall County, West Virginia  
Mailing Address: PO Box 871, 1601 Lafayette Ave., Moundsville, WV 26041  
Facility Description: Aggregate Loading/Unloading  
SIC Codes: 5032 (Brick, Stone and Related Construction Material Merchant Wholesalers)  
UTM Coordinates: 521.095 km Easting • 4417.637 km Northing • Zone 17  
Permit Type: Construction  
Description of Change: This is an *after-the-fact* permit to construct an aggregate loading and unloading facility. Application states that the facility has been in operation since January 01, 1995.

*Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [ §§ 22B-1-1 et seq. ], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.*

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*The source is not subject to 45CSR30.*

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## 1.0 Emission Units

Equipment ID No.	Date of Manufacture	Description	Maximum Capacity		Control Equipment <sup>1</sup>
			TPH	TPY	
OS-1	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 6" - 9" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-1. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-2	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 3" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-2. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-3	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 2.5" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-3. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-4	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 2" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-4. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-5	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 1.5" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-5. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-6	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 1" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-6. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-7	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 3/4" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-7. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-8	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 1/2" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-8. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-9	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 1/4" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-9. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-10	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives 1/8" limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-10. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-11	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives run of mill limestone from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-11. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-12	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives limestone gravel from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-12. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-13	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives limestone fines+ from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-13. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N
OS-14	1995	7,000 ft <sup>2</sup> Raw Limestone Stockpile - receives limestone fines from barges, front endloader will place the limestone in open stockpile OS-14. Limestone will be loaded out to trucks via front endloader.	----	62,500	N

<sup>1</sup> FE - Full Enclosure; PE - Partial Enclosure; WS - Water Spray; N - None.

## 2.0 General Conditions

### 2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the “West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act” or the “Air Pollution Control Act” mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The “Clean Air Act” means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary’s designated representative for the purposes of this permit.

### 2.2. Acronyms

<b>CAAA</b>	Clean Air Act Amendments	<b>NOX</b>	Nitrogen Oxides
<b>CBI</b>	Confidential Business Information	<b>NSPS</b>	New Source Performance Standards
<b>CEM</b>	Continuous Emission Monitor	<b>PM</b>	Particulate Matter
<b>CES</b>	Certified Emission Statement	<b>PM2.5</b>	Particulate Matter less than 2.5 µm in diameter
<b>C.F.R. or CFR</b>	Code of Federal Regulations	<b>PM10</b>	Particulate Matter less than 10µm in diameter
<b>CO</b>	Carbon Monoxide	<b>Ppb</b>	Pounds per Batch
<b>C.S.R. or CSR</b>	Codes of State Rules	<b>Pph</b>	Pounds per Hour
<b>DAQ</b>	Division of Air Quality	<b>Ppm</b>	Parts per Million
<b>DEP</b>	Department of Environmental Protection	<b>PpmV or ppmv</b>	Parts per Million by Volume
<b>dscm</b>	Dry Standard Cubic Meter	<b>PSD</b>	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
<b>FOIA</b>	Freedom of Information Act	<b>Psi</b>	Pounds per Square Inch
<b>HAP</b>	Hazardous Air Pollutant	<b>SIC</b>	Standard Industrial Classification
<b>HON</b>	Hazardous Organic NESHAP	<b>SIP</b>	State Implementation Plan
<b>HP</b>	Horsepower	<b>SO2</b>	Sulfur Dioxide
<b>lbs/hr</b>	Pounds per Hour	<b>TAP</b>	Toxic Air Pollutant
<b>LDAR</b>	Leak Detection and Repair	<b>TPY</b>	Tons per Year
<b>M</b>	Thousand	<b>TRS</b>	Total Reduced Sulfur
<b>MACT</b>	Maximum Achievable Control Technology	<b>TSP</b>	Total Suspended Particulate
<b>MDHI</b>	Maximum Design Heat Input	<b>USEPA</b>	United States Environmental Protection Agency
<b>MM</b>	Million	<b>UTM</b>	Universal Transverse Mercator
<b>MMBtu/hr or mmbtu/hr</b>	Million British Thermal Units per Hour	<b>VEE</b>	Visual Emissions Evaluation
<b>MMCF/hr or mmcf/hr</b>	Million Cubic Feet per Hour	<b>VOC</b>	Volatile Organic Compounds
<b>NA</b>	Not Applicable	<b>VOL</b>	Volatile Organic Liquids
<b>NAAQS</b>	National Ambient Air Quality Standards		
<b>NESHAPS</b>	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants		

### **2.3. Authority**

This permit is issued in accordance with West Virginia air pollution control law W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1. et seq. and the following Legislative Rules promulgated thereunder:

- 2.3.1. 45CSR13 – *Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation;*

### **2.4. Term and Renewal**

- 2.4.1. This Permit shall remain valid, continuous and in effect unless it is revised, suspended, revoked or otherwise changed under an applicable provision of 45CSR13 or any other applicable legislative rule;

### **2.5. Duty to Comply**

- 2.5.1. The permitted facility shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the plans and specifications filed in Permit Application R13-2964, and any modifications, administrative updates, or amendments thereto. The Secretary may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to;  
**[45CSR§§13-5.11 and -10.3.]**
- 2.5.2. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA;
- 2.5.3. Violations of any of the conditions contained in this permit, or incorporated herein by reference, may subject the permittee to civil and/or criminal penalties for each violation and further action or remedies as provided by West Virginia Code 22-5-6 and 22-5-7;
- 2.5.4. Approval of this permit does not relieve the permittee herein of the responsibility to apply for and obtain all other permits, licenses, and/or approvals from other agencies; i.e., local, state, and federal, which may have jurisdiction over the construction and/or operation of the source(s) and/or facility herein permitted.

### **2.6. Duty to Provide Information**

The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for administratively updating, modifying, revoking, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

### **2.7. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information**

Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts

or corrected information.

## **2.8. Administrative Update**

The permittee may request an administrative update to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13.

[45CSR§13-4.]

## **2.9. Permit Modification**

The permittee may request a minor modification to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13.

[45CSR§13-5.4.]

## **2.10 Major Permit Modification**

The permittee may request a major modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR14 or 45CSR19, as appropriate.

[45CSR§13-5.1]

## **2.11. Inspection and Entry**

The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

- a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

## **2.12. Emergency**

2.12.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonable unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

2.12.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of Section 2.12.3 are met.

- 2.12.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
- a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
  - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
  - c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
  - d. The permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- 2.12.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- 2.12.5 The provisions of this section are in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

### **2.13. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense**

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it should have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

### **2.14. Suspension of Activities**

In the event the permittee should deem it necessary to suspend, for a period in excess of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days, the operations authorized by this permit, the permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, within two (2) calendar weeks of the passing of the sixtieth (60) day of the suspension period.

### **2.15. Property Rights**

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

### **2.16. Severability**

The provisions of this permit are severable and should any provision(s) be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, all other provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

### **2.17. Transferability**

This permit is transferable in accordance with the requirements outlined in Section 10.1 of 45CSR13. [45CSR§13-10.1.]

## 2.18. Notification Requirements

The permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the actual startup of the operations authorized under this permit.

## 2.19. Credible Evidence

Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defense otherwise available to the permittee including, but not limited to, any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

## 3.0. Facility-Wide Requirements

### 3.1. Limitations and Standards

- 3.1.1. **Open burning.** The open burning of refuse by any person, firm, corporation, association or public agency is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1.  
[45CSR§6-3.1.]
- 3.1.2. **Open burning exemptions.** The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible.  
[45CSR§6-3.2.]
- 3.1.3. **Asbestos.** The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management, and the Bureau for Public Health - Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them.  
[40CFR§61.145(b) and 45CSR§34]
- 3.1.4. **Odor.** No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.  
[45CSR§4-3.1] [State Enforceable Only]
- 3.1.5. **Permanent shutdown.** A source which has not operated at least 500 hours in one 12-month period within the previous five (5) year time period may be considered permanently shutdown, unless such source can provide to the Secretary, with reasonable specificity, information to the contrary. All permits may be modified or revoked and/or re-application or application for new permits may be required for any source determined to be permanently shutdown.  
[45CSR§13-10.5.]

- 3.1.6. **Standby plan for reducing emissions.** When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11.  
[45CSR§11-5.2.]

### 3.2. **Monitoring Requirements**

*[Reserved]*

### 3.3. **Testing Requirements**

- 3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:
- a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63 in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4. or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
  - b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4. or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
  - c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.  
[WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(15)]

- d. The permittee shall submit a report of the results of the stack test within sixty (60) days of completion of the test. The test report shall provide the information necessary to document the objectives of the test and to determine whether proper procedures were used to accomplish these objectives. The report shall include the following: the certification described in paragraph 3.5.1.; a statement of compliance status, also signed by a responsible official; and, a summary of conditions which form the basis for the compliance status evaluation. The summary of conditions shall include the following:
  1. The permit or rule evaluated, with the citation number and language;
  2. The result of the test for each permit or rule condition; and,
  3. A statement of compliance or noncompliance with each permit or rule condition.

[WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(14-15) and 45CSR13]

### 3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 3.4.1. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall maintain records of all information (including monitoring data, support information, reports, and notifications) required by this permit recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation. The files shall be maintained for at least five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two (2) years of data shall be maintained on site. The remaining three (3) years of data may be maintained off site, but must remain accessible within a reasonable time. Where appropriate, the permittee may maintain records electronically (on a computer, on computer floppy disks, CDs, DVDs, or magnetic tape disks), on microfilm, or on microfiche.
- 3.4.2. **Odors.** For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.  
[45CSR§4. *State Enforceable Only.*]

### 3.5. Reporting Requirements

- 3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- 3.5.2. **Confidential information.** A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required by this permit pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.
- 3.5.3. **Correspondence.** All notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, or mailed first class with postage prepaid to the address(es) set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

**If to the DAQ:**  
Director  
WVDEP  
Division of Air Quality  
601 57th Street  
Charleston, WV 25304-2345

**If to the US EPA:**  
Associate Director  
Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance  
Assistance  
(3AP20)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region III  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

#### 3.5.4. **Operating Fee**

- 3.5.4.1. In accordance with 45CSR22 – Air Quality Management Fee Program, the permittee shall not operate nor cause to operate the permitted facility or other associated facilities on the same or contiguous sites comprising the plant without first obtaining and having in current effect a Certificate to Operate (CTO). Such Certificate to Operate (CTO) shall be renewed annually, shall be maintained on the premises for which the certificate has been issued, and shall be made immediately available for inspection by the Secretary or his/her duly authorized representative.
- 3.5.4.2 In accordance with 45CSR22 – Air Quality Management Fee Program, enclosed with this permit is an Application for a Certificate to Operate (CTO). The CTO will cover the time period beginning with the date of initial startup through the following June 30. Said application and the appropriate fee shall be submitted to this office prior to the date of initial startup. For any startup date other than July 1, the permittee shall pay a fee or prorated fee in accordance with Section 4.5 of 45CSR22. A copy of this schedule may be found on the reverse side of the CTO application.
- 3.5.5. **Emission inventory.** At such time(s) as the Secretary may designate, the permittee herein shall prepare and submit an emission inventory for the previous year, addressing the emissions from the facility and/or process(es) authorized herein, in accordance with the emission inventory submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. After the initial submittal, the Secretary may, based upon the type and quantity of the pollutants emitted, establish a frequency other than on an annual basis.

## 4.0. **Source-Specific Requirements**

### 4.1. **Limitations and Standards**

- 4.1.1 The maximum hourly throughput (tons per hour) of aggregate material to be unloaded, transferred into storage or loaded out to truck shall not exceed 100 TPH.
- 4.1.2. The maximum yearly throughput (tons per year) of aggregate material to be unloaded, transferred into storage or loaded out to truck shall not exceed 1,000,000 TPY.
- 4.1.3 Fugitive particulate dust control systems shall be properly designed, installed, operated and maintained in such a manner so as to minimize the generation and atmospheric entrainment of fugitive particulate emissions. Opacity resulting from fugitive emissions shall not exceed 10 percent as determined by USEPA Method 9 visible emission monitoring procedures. Such systems for fugitive emission control shall, at a minimum, include, but not be limited to:

#### 4.1.3.1. **Minimization of Fugitive Emissions, Methods and Required Systems**

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit fugitive particulate matter to be discharged beyond the boundary lines of the property on which the discharge originates or at any public or residential location, which causes or contributes to statutory air pollution.

**[45CSR§17-3.1]**

- A. Fugitive Dust Control of Premises: The registrant shall adequately maintain and operate on-site: (1) a water truck, or (2) a fixed system of water sprays, or (3) a combination of a water truck and a fixed system of water sprays to minimize the emission of particulate matter generated from access roads, haulroads, open storage piles and work areas. Any fixed water spray system shall be no less effective than a water truck in minimizing fugitive particulate emissions from the area under control. The water truck and/or fixed water spray system shall be operated at all times when fugitive particulate emissions from access roads, haulroads, open storage piles and work areas are generated as a result of vehicular traffic, operational activity or wind. All water trucks and fixed water sprays shall be equipped with a pump and spraybars to apply water or a mixture of water and an environmentally acceptable dust control additive (solution) to access roads, haulroads, open storage piles and work areas where mobile equipment is used. Spraybars shall be equipped with commercially available spray nozzles of sufficient size and number so as to provide adequate coverage to the area being treated. The pump and piping system used to deliver the water or solution shall be of sufficient size and capacity to deliver an adequate quantity of water or solution to the spray nozzles at a sufficient pressure to provide an effective spray. All water trucks and water sprays shall employ properly designed, installed, and maintained winterization systems in such a manner so that all fugitive particulate dust control systems remain functional when ambient temperatures are below 32 degrees Fahrenheit;
- B. Haulroad Maintenance: All haulroads, access roads, open storage piles and work areas shall be kept clean and in good condition by replacing base material and/or grading as required;
- C. All trucks hauling sand, lime dust or aggregate equivalent from the facility must be tarped;
- D. Vehicular Tracking: If tracking of solids by vehicular traffic from access and/or haulroads onto any public road or highway occurs and generates or has the potential to generate fugitive particulate emissions, the registrant shall properly operate and maintain an underbody truck wash, rumble strips or employ other suitable measures to maintain effective fugitive dust control of the premises and minimize the emission of particulate matter;
- E. Load-outs: All railcar, barge and truck load-outs shall be equipped with a device and/or employ a specific operating method which minimizes drop height during load-out in order to minimize the emission of particulate matter;
- F. Open Storage Pile Loading: All loading of open storage piles shall: (1) be accomplished with a device and/or employ a specific operating method which minimizes drop height during load-in; or (2) utilize a stacking tube to effectively minimize the emission of particulate matter. All ports shall remain covered at all times with the exception of the discharging port to ensure minimization of fugitive particulate emissions;
- G. High-wall Truck and Conveyor Dumps: All high-wall truck and conveyor dumps with a maximum vertical elevation differential between the discharge of the dump bin and the top of the collected material below (process drop height) greater than 20 feet shall incorporate a stacking tube or full enclosure. The stacking tube or full enclosure shall be properly designed, functional and operated in such a manner to minimize drop height while in operation. All ports shall remain covered at all times with the exception of the discharging port to ensure minimization of fugitive particulate emissions; and

#### **4.1.3.2. Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.**

All air pollution control equipment, water trucks, winterizing systems, baghouses or fugitive dust control systems shall be maintained regularly in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer. If no such recommendations are available, such equipment shall be properly maintained to ensure effective and proper operation of the equipment and/or systems.

### **4.2. Monitoring Requirements**

- 4.2.1. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity limits of 4.1.3. the registrant shall conduct visible emission checks and/or opacity monitoring and recordkeeping for all emission sources subject to an opacity limit.

The visible emission check shall determine the presence or absence of visible emissions. At a minimum, the observer must be trained and knowledgeable regarding the effects of background contrast, ambient lighting, observer position relative to lighting, wind, and the presence of uncombined water (condensing water vapor) on the visibility of emissions. This training may be obtained from written materials found in the References 1 and 2 from 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 or from the lecture portion of the 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 certification course.

Visible emission checks shall be conducted at least once per calendar month with a maximum of forty-five (45) days between consecutive readings. These checks shall be performed at each source (stack, transfer point, fugitive emission source, etc.) for a sufficient time interval, but no less than one (1) minute, to determine if any visible emissions are present. Visible emission checks shall be performed during periods of normal facility operation and appropriate weather conditions.

If visible emissions are present at a source(s) for four (4) consecutive weekly checks, the registrant shall conduct an opacity reading at that source(s) using the procedures and requirements of Method 9 as soon as practicable, but within seventy-two (72) hours of the final visual emission check. A Method 9 observation at a source(s) restarts the count of the number of consecutive readings with the presence of visible emissions.

### **4.3. Testing Requirements**

- 4.3.1. See Facility-Wide Testing Requirements Section 3.3.

### **4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements**

- 4.4.1. To demonstrate compliance with section 4.1.1, and 4.1.2, the registrant shall maintain records of the amount and type of raw material and the hours of operation. Said records shall be maintained on site for a period of five (5) years. Said records shall be readily available to the Director of the Division of Air Quality or his/her duly authorized representative for expeditious inspection and review. Any records submitted to the agency pursuant to a requirement of this permit or upon request by the Director shall be certified by a responsible official.

#### **4.4.2. Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.**

- a. The registrant shall maintain maintenance records relating to failure and/or repair of air pollution control devices and fugitive dust control systems. In the event of air pollution control equipment, fugitive dust control system or system failure, these records shall document the registrant's effort to maintain proper and effective operation of such equipment and/or systems.

- b. Air pollution control equipment maintenance records shall be retained on-site for a period of five (5) years. Said records shall be readily available to the Director of the Division of Air Quality or his/her duly authorized representative for expeditious inspection and review. Any records submitted to the agency pursuant to a requirement of this permit or upon request by the Director shall be certified by a responsible official.
- 4.4.3. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity limits of Section 4.1.3., for registrants that are not subject to 40CFR60 Subpart OOO, the registrant shall maintain records of all monitoring data required by Section 4.1.3. documenting the date and time of each visible emission check, the emission point or equipment/source identification number, the name or means of identification of the observer, the results of the check(s), whether the visible emissions are normal for the process, and, if applicable, all corrective measures taken or planned. The registrant shall also record the general weather conditions (i.e. sunny, approximately 80°F, 6 - 10 mph NE wind) during the visual emission check(s). Should a visible emission observation be required to be performed per the requirements specified in METHOD 9, the data records of each observation shall be maintained per the requirements of METHOD 9. For an emission unit out of service during the normal monthly evaluation, the record of observation may note "out of service" (O/S) or equivalent.

**4.5. Reporting Requirements**

- 4.5.1. See Facility-Wide Reporting Requirements Section 3.5.
- 4.5.2. Any violation(s) of the allowable visible emission requirement for any emission source discovered during observations using Method 9 must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

APPENDIX A <sup>1</sup>

Certified Daily and Monthly Amount of Aggregate Material Unloaded, Transferred and Loaded

Month \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_

Day of Month	Material unloaded by barge (in tons)	Material transferred to stockpile (in tons)	Material loaded onto trucks (in tons)	Initials
1				
2				

3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
<b>Monthly Total</b>				
<b>12 Month Rolling Total <sup>2</sup></b>				

- (1) The CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY statement appearing on the reverse side shall be completed within fifteen (15) days of the end of the reporting period. All records shall be kept on site for a period of no less than five (5) years and shall be made available to the Secretary or his or her duly authorized representative upon request.
- (2) The 12 Month Rolling Total shall mean, for example, the sum of aggregate loaded onto trucks at any given time during the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months. The maximum permitted 12 Month Rolling Totals are as follows: Aggregate material loaded onto trucks shall not exceed 1,000,000 Tons.

APPENDIX B <sup>1</sup>

Certified Daily and Monthly Water Usage by the Pressurized Water Truck

Month \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_

Day of Month	Water Truck Used (Y/N)	Quantity of water used <sup>2</sup> (gallons)	Comments <sup>3</sup>	Initials
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				

- (1) The CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY statement appearing on the reverse side shall be completed within fifteen (15) days of the end of the reporting period. All records shall be kept on site for a period of no less than five (5) years and shall be made available to the Secretary or his or her duly authorized representative upon request.
- (2) The quantity of water used may be estimated based on the volume of the tank and number of times the water truck was refilled.
- (3) Use the comment section to explain why the water spray system was not used or was used sparingly.



CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all information contained in the attached \_\_\_\_\_, representing the period beginning \_\_\_\_\_ and ending \_\_\_\_\_, and any supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete.

Signature<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
(please use blue ink) Responsible Official or Authorized Representative

Name and Title \_\_\_\_\_ Title \_\_\_\_\_  
(please print or type) Name

Telephone No. \_\_\_\_\_ Fax No. \_\_\_\_\_

- <sup>1</sup> This form shall be signed by a "Responsible Official." "Responsible Official" means one of the following:
- a. For a corporation: The president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities applying for or subject to a permit and either:
    - (i) the facilities employ more than 250 persons or have a gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars), or
    - (ii) the delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Director;
  - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively;
  - c. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public entity: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of USEPA); or
  - d. The designated representative delegated with such authority and approved in advance by the Director.