

Order Ephemeroptera

	<p>Family Heptageniidae Flatheaded mayfly (5-20 mm)</p> <p>Body, head and legs are flattened (femora); gills present on abdominal segments one through seven; usually three caudal filaments, but some have two. Common in riffles where they attach to rocks, logs and leaves.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Scraper</p>		<p>Family Heptageniidae Flatheaded mayfly (5-20 mm)</p> <p>Body, head and legs are flattened (femora); gills present on abdominal segments one through seven; usually three caudal filaments, but some have two. Common in riffles where they attach to rocks, logs and leaves.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Scraper</p>
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	<p>Family Baetidae Small minnow mayfly (3-12 mm)</p> <p>Antennae two times longer than the width of the head; gills variable in shape and attached at abdominal segments one through seven; two or three caudal (tail) filaments. Found in a variety of aquatic habitats from the riffles of rivers and streams to lakes and wetlands.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Swimmer Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>		<p>Family Baetidae Small minnow mayfly (3-12 mm)</p> <p>Antennae two times longer than the width of the head; gills variable in shape and attached at abdominal segments one through seven; two or three caudal (tail) filaments. Found in a variety of aquatic habitats from the riffles of rivers and streams to lakes and wetlands.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Swimmer Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>
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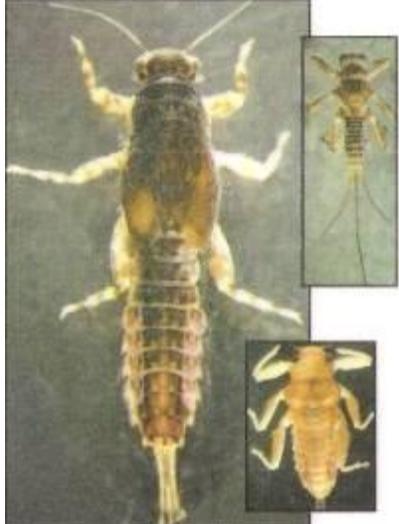
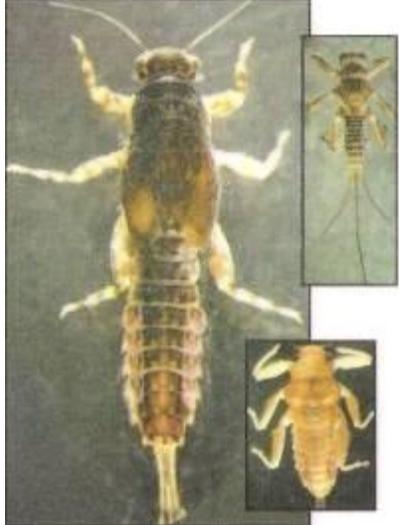
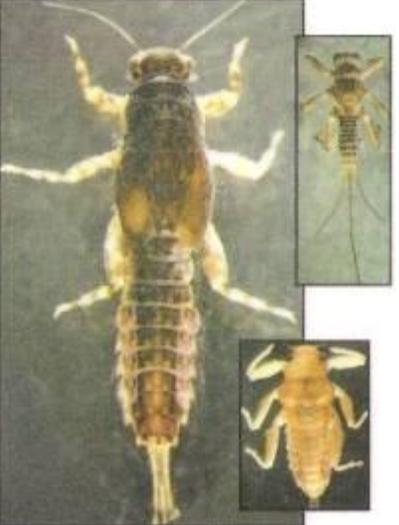
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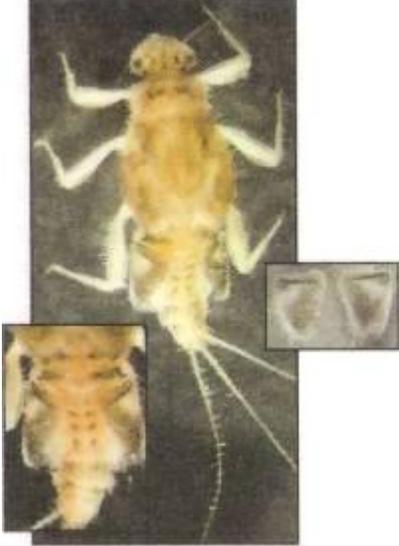
	<p>Family Isonychiidae Brushlegged mayfly (8-17 mm)</p> <p>Forelegs have a double row of setae (hairs); gills oval shaped and present on abdominal segments one through seven; long hairs on the margins of the caudal filaments. Common in streams and rivers in moderate current areas often associated with rocks and tangles of vegetation.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Swimmer (clinger) Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>		<p>Family Isonychiidae Brushlegged mayfly (8-17 mm)</p> <p>Forelegs have a double row of setae (hairs); gills oval shaped and present on abdominal segments one through seven; long hairs on the margins of the caudal filaments. Common in streams and rivers in moderate current areas often associated with rocks and tangles of vegetation.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Swimmer (clinger) Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>
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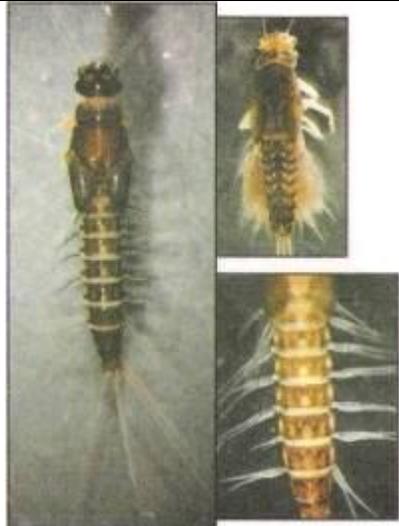
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	<p>Family Ephemerellidae Spiny crawler mayfly (4-15 mm)</p> <p>Gills present of the first abdominal segment but absent from the second; gills usually present on the remaining segments; two or three caudal filaments. Occur in a wide variety of aquatic habitats but much more common in swift rocky areas of streams and rivers.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>		<p>Family Ephemerellidae Spiny crawler mayfly (4-15 mm)</p> <p>Gills present of the first abdominal segment but absent from the second; gills usually present on the remaining segments; two or three caudal filaments. Occur in a wide variety of aquatic habitats but much more common in swift rocky areas of streams and rivers.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>
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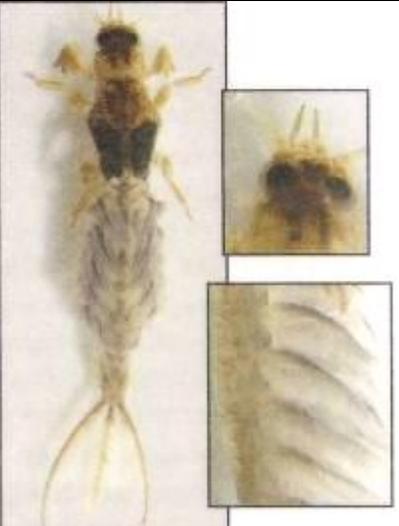
	<p>Family Tricorythidae Stout crawler mayfly (3-10 mm)</p> <p>Gills absent from abdominal segment one; gills on segment two are (operculate), plate-like triangular or oval shaped and conceals gills on segments three through six; similar in appearance to Caenidae. Occur in streams and rivers in a variety of habitats and also sometimes found at the margins of lakes and in wetlands.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Scraper</p>		<p>Family Tricorythidae Stout crawler mayfly (3-10 mm)</p> <p>Gills absent from abdominal segment one; gills on segment two are (operculate), plate-like triangular or oval shaped and conceals gills on segments three through six; similar in appearance to Caenidae. Occur in streams and rivers in a variety of habitats and also sometimes found at the margins of lakes and in wetlands.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Clinger Feeding: Scraper</p>
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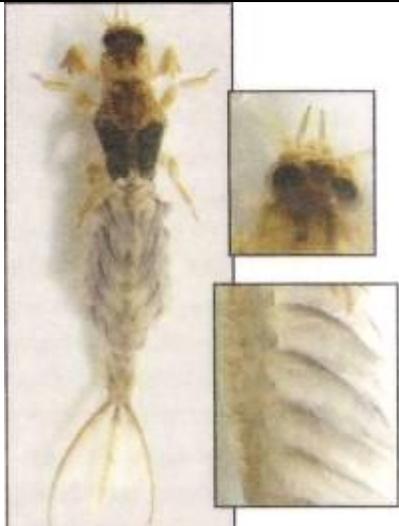
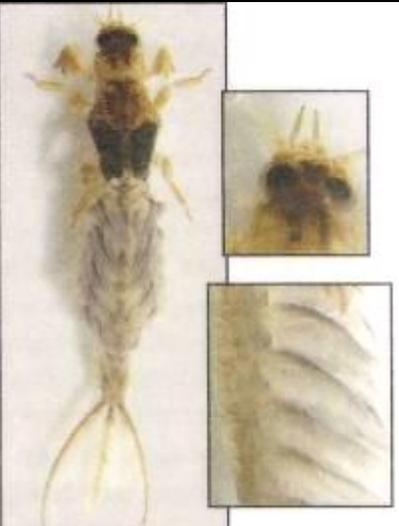
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	<p>Family Leptophlebiidae Pronggill mayfly (4-15 mm)</p> <p>May show a variety of gill types such as elongated, forked, rounded or oval shape, in double layers, and may or may not having fringes; large head and eyes compared to the rest of the body.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger (swimmer) Feeding: Scraper</p>		<p>Family Leptophlebiidae Pronggill mayfly (4-15 mm)</p> <p>May show a variety of gill types such as elongated, forked, rounded or oval shape, in double layers, and may or may not having fringes; large head and eyes compared to the rest of the body.</p> <p>Tolerance: Low Behavior: Clinger (swimmer) Feeding: Scraper</p>
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	<p>Family Ephemeridae Burrowing mayfly (10-32 mm)</p> <p>Has upturned mandibular tusks; head and front legs slightly widened and are used for burrowing; gills on the upper abdominal segments are small and the remaining gills are forked with fringed margins (feathered) and held over the top and sides of the abdomen. Usually found in soft sands of streams, rivers and lakes.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Burrower Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>		<p>Family Ephemeridae Burrowing mayfly (10-32 mm)</p> <p>Has upturned mandibular tusks; head and front legs slightly widened and are used for burrowing; gills on the upper abdominal segments are small and the remaining gills are forked with fringed margins (feathered) and held over the top and sides of the abdomen. Usually found in soft sands of streams, rivers and lakes.</p> <p>Tolerance: Moderate Behavior: Burrower Feeding: Collector (gatherer)</p>
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